Spring MVC CRUD Example

CRUD (Create, Read, Update and Delete) application is the most important application for creating any project. It provides an idea to develop a large project. In spring MVC, we can develop a simple CRUD application.

Here, we are using **JdbcTemplate** for database interaction.

Create a table

Here, we are using emp99 table present in the MySQL database. It has 4 fields: id, name, salary, and designation. Here, id is auto incremented which is generated by the sequence.

Column Name	Data Type	Nullable	Default	Primary Key
ID	NUMBER	No	-	1
NAME	VARCHAR2(4000)	Yes	-	-
SALARY	NUMBER	Yes	-	-
DESIGNATION	VARCHAR2(4000)	Yes	-	-
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Spring MVC CRUD Example

1. Add dependencies to pom.xml file.

pom.xml

```
<artifactId>tomcat-jasper</artifactId>
  <version>9.0.12</version>
</dependency>
  <!-- https://mvnrepository.com/artifact/javax.servlet/javax.servlet-api -->
<dependency>
  <groupId>javax.servlet
  <artifactId>servlet-api</artifactId>
  <version>3.0-alpha-1</version>
</dependency>
<!-- https://mvnrepository.com/artifact/javax.servlet/jstl -->
<dependency>
  <groupId>javax.servlet
  <artifactId>jstl</artifactId>
  <version>1.2</version>
</dependency>
  <!-- https://mvnrepository.com/artifact/mysql/mysql-connector-java -->
<dependency>
  <groupId>mysql</groupId>
  <artifactId>mysql-connector-java</artifactId>
  <version>8.0.11</version>
</dependency>
  <!-- https://mvnrepository.com/artifact/org.springframework/spring-jdbc -->
<dependency>
  <groupId>org.springframework
  <artifactId>spring-jdbc</artifactId>
  <version>5.1.1.RELEASE
</dependency>
```

2. Create the bean class

Here, the bean class contains the variables (along setter and getter methods) corresponding to the fields exist in the database.

Emp.java

package com.javatpoint.beans;

```
public class Emp {
private int id;
private String name;
private float salary;
private String designation;
public int getId() {
  return id;
}
public void setId(int id) {
  this.id = id;
public String getName() {
  return name;
public void setName(String name) {
  this.name = name;
public float getSalary() {
  return salary;
public void setSalary(float salary) {
  this.salary = salary;
}
public String getDesignation() {
  return designation;
public void setDesignation(String designation) {
  this.designation = designation;
}
}
```

3. Create the controller class

EmpController.java

```
package com.javatpoint.controllers;
import java.util.List;
import org.springframework.beans.factory.annotation.Autowired;
import org.springframework.stereotype.Controller;
import org.springframework.ui.Model;
import org.springframework.web.bind.annotation.ModelAttribute;
import org.springframework.web.bind.annotation.PathVariable;
import org.springframework.web.bind.annotation.RequestMapping;
import org.springframework.web.bind.annotation.RequestMethod;
import com.javatpoint.beans.Emp;
import com.javatpoint.dao.EmpDao;
@Controller
public class EmpController {
  @Autowired
  EmpDao dao;//will inject dao from XML file
  /*It displays a form to input data, here "command" is a reserved request attribute
   *which is used to display object data into form
  */
  @RequestMapping("/empform")
  public String showform(Model m){
    m.addAttribute("command", new Emp());
    return "empform";
  }
  /*It saves object into database. The @ModelAttribute puts request data
  * into model object. You need to mention RequestMethod.POST method
  * because default request is GET*/
  @RequestMapping(value="/save",method = RequestMethod.POST)
  public String save(@ModelAttribute("emp") Emp emp){
    dao.save(emp);
    return "redirect:/viewemp";//will redirect to viewemp request mapping
  /* It provides list of employees in model object */
  @RequestMapping("/viewemp")
  public String viewemp(Model m){
    List<Emp> list=dao.getEmployees();
```

```
m.addAttribute("list",list);
    return "viewemp";
  }
  /* It displays object data into form for the given id.
   * The @PathVariable puts URL data into variable.*/
  @RequestMapping(value="/editemp/{id}")
  public String edit(@PathVariable int id, Model m){
    Emp emp=dao.getEmpByld(id);
    m.addAttribute("command",emp);
    return "empeditform";
  }
  /* It updates model object. */
  @RequestMapping(value="/editsave",method = RequestMethod.POST)
  public String editsave(@ModelAttribute("emp") Emp emp){
    dao.update(emp);
    return "redirect:/viewemp";
  }
  /* It deletes record for the given id in URL and redirects to /viewemp */
  @RequestMapping(value="/deleteemp/{id}",method = RequestMethod.GET)
  public String delete(@PathVariable int id){
    dao.delete(id);
    return "redirect:/viewemp";
  }
}
```

4. Create the DAO class

Let's create a DAO class to access the required data from the database.

EmpDao.java

```
package com.javatpoint.dao;
import java.sql.ResultSet;
import java.sql.SQLException;
import java.util.List;
import org.springframework.jdbc.core.BeanPropertyRowMapper;
import org.springframework.jdbc.core.JdbcTemplate;
import org.springframework.jdbc.core.RowMapper;
```

```
import com.javatpoint.beans.Emp;
public class EmpDao {
JdbcTemplate template;
public void setTemplate(JdbcTemplate template) {
  this.template = template;
}
public int save(Emp p){
  String sql="insert into Emp99(name, salary, designation) values(""+p.getName()+"',"
+p.getSalary()+",""+p.getDesignation()+"')";
  return template.update(sql);
}
public int update(Emp p){
  String sql="update Emp99 set name=""+p.getName()+"', salary="+p.getSalary()+",designation=""
+p.getDesignation()+"' where id="+p.getId()+"";
  return template.update(sql);
}
public int delete(int id){
  String sql="delete from Emp99 where id="+id+"";
  return template.update(sql);
}
public Emp getEmpById(int id){
  String sql="select * from Emp99 where id=?";
  return template.queryForObject(sql, new Object[]{id},new
BeanPropertyRowMapper<Emp>(Emp.class));
public List<Emp> getEmployees(){
  return template.query("select * from Emp99",new RowMapper<Emp>(){
    public Emp mapRow(ResultSet rs, int row) throws SQLException {
       Emp e=new Emp();
       e.setId(rs.getInt(1));
       e.setName(rs.getString(2));
       e.setSalary(rs.getFloat(3));
       e.setDesignation(rs.getString(4));
       return e;
```

```
});
}
```

5. Provide the entry of controller in the web.xml file

web.xml

6. Define the bean in the xml file

spring-servlet.xml

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<beans xmlns="http://www.springframework.org/schema/beans"
   xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance"
   xmlns:context="http://www.springframework.org/schema/context"
   xmlns:mvc="http://www.springframework.org/schema/mvc"
   xsi:schemaLocation="
    http://www.springframework.org/schema/beans
   http://www.springframework.org/schema/beans/spring-beans.xsd
   http://www.springframework.org/schema/context</pre>
```

```
http://www.springframework.org/schema/context/spring-context.xsd
    http://www.springframework.org/schema/mvc
    http://www.springframework.org/schema/mvc/spring-mvc.xsd">
<context:component-scan base-package="com.javatpoint.controllers"></context:component-scan>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
dass="org.springframework.web.servlet.view.InternalResourceViewResolver">
coperty name="prefix" value="/WEB-INF/jsp/">
cproperty name="suffix" value=".jsp"></property>
</bean>
<br/>
bean id="ds" class="org.springframework.jdbc.datasource.DriverManagerDataSource">
roperty name="driverClassName" value="com.mysql.jdbc.Driver">
cproperty name="url" value="jdbc:mysql://localhost:3306/test"></property>
roperty name="username" value=""></property>
roperty name="password" value=""></property>
</bean>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
d="jt" class="org.springframework.jdbc.core.JdbcTemplate">
roperty name="dataSource" ref="ds"></property>
</bean>
<br/>
bean id="dao" class="com.javatpoint.dao.EmpDao">
roperty name="template" ref="jt">
</bean>
</beans>
7. Create the requested page
index.jsp
<a href="empform">Add Employee</a>
<a href="viewemp">View Employees</a>
8. Create the other view components
empform.jsp
```

<%@ taglib uri="http://www.springframework.org/tags/form" prefix="form"%>

```
<%@ taglib uri="http://java.sun.com/jsp/jstl/core" prefix="c"%>
   <h1>Add New Employee</h1>
  <form:form method="post" action="save">
   Name : 
   <form:input path="name" />
   Salary :
   <form:input path="salary" />
   Designation :
   <form:input path="designation" />

   <input type="submit" value="Save" />
   </form:form>
```

empeditform.jsp

Here "/SpringMVCCRUDSimple" is the project name, change this if you have different project name live application, you can provide full URL.

```
Name : 
   <form:input path="name" />
   Salary :
   <form:input path="salary" />
   Designation :
   <form:input path="designation" />

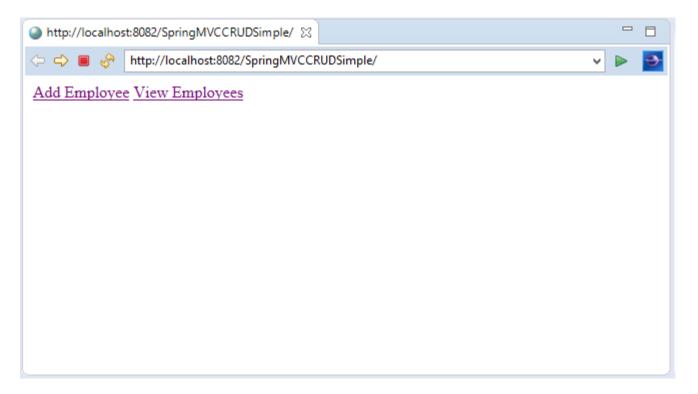
   <input type="submit" value="Edit Save" />
   </form:form>
viewemp.jsp
 <%@ taglib uri="http://www.springframework.org/tags/form" prefix="form"%>
 <%@ taglib uri="http://java.sun.com/jsp/jstl/core" prefix="c"%>
<h1>Employees List</h1>
IdNameSalaryDesignation
EditDelete
 <c:forEach var="emp" items="${list}">
 ${emp.id}
 ${emp.name}
 ${emp.salary}
 ${emp.designation}
 <a href="editemp/${emp.id}">Edit</a>
```

```
<a href="deleteemp/${emp.id}">Delete</a>

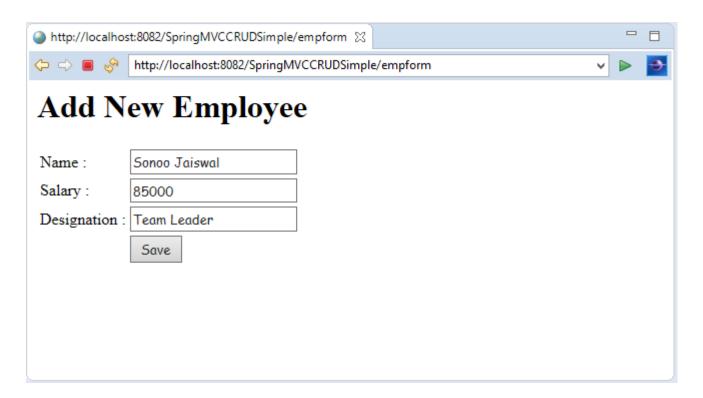
</c:forEach>

<br/>
<br/>
<a href="empform">Add New Employee</a>
```

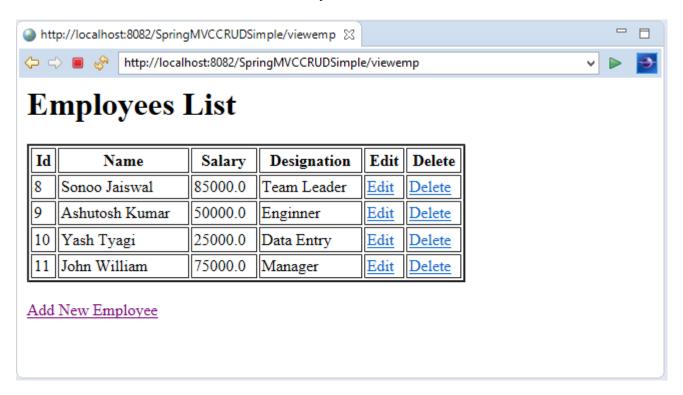
Output:



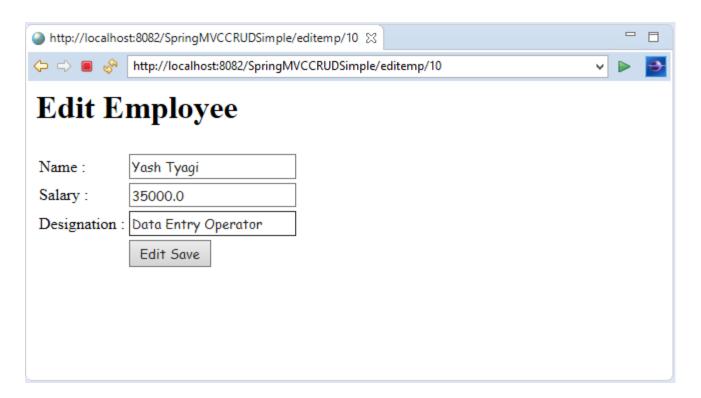
On clicking **Add Employee**, you will see the following form.



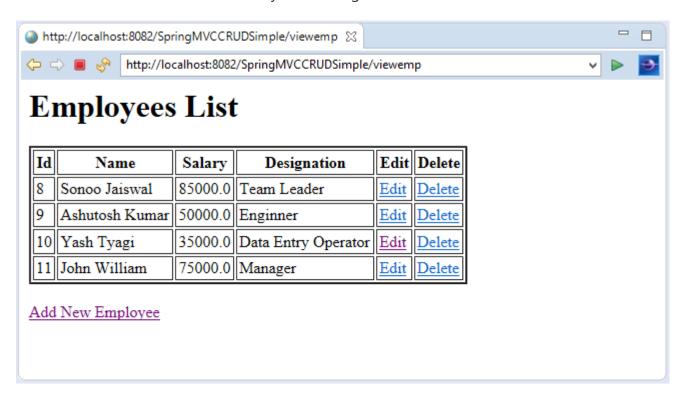
Fill the form and **click Save** to add the entry into the database.



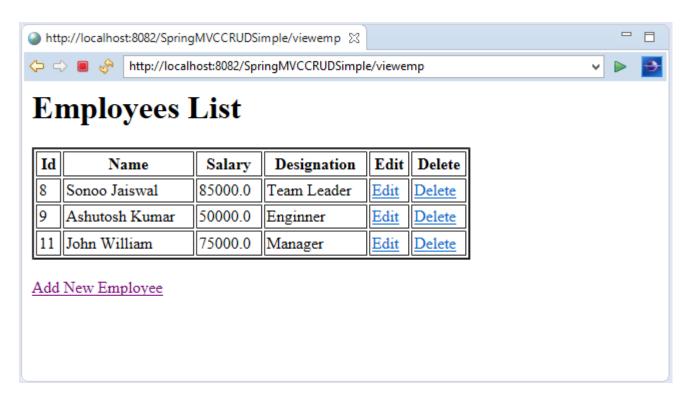
Now, click **Edit** to make some changes in the provided data.



Now, click **Edit Save** to add the entry with changes into the database.



Now, click **Delete** to delete the entry from the database.



Download this example (developed using Eclipse)