# Walmart sales forcasting Jayaprakash (prakashjz121@gmail.com)

# Walmart Retail Business Use case

### **Problem Statement**

A retail store that has multiple outlets across the country are facing issues in managing the
inventory - to match the demand with respect to supply. You are a data scientist, who has to
come up with useful insights using the data and make prediction models to forecast the sales for
X number of months/years.

## **Project Objective**

- Find out useful insights from given dataset for each stores to improve various areas,
- Understand the dataset and features, and
- Use suitable Data Preprocessing and Feature Selection/Engineering Methods

## **Data Description**

- Given dataset contains 6435 rows and 8 columns,
- Primary key is Store ,

## Data Pre-processing Steps and Inspiration

#### **Data Exploration**

- During data analysis, it is observed that there are NO null values in the given dataset.
- There are few unique records / rows observed for each features.

```
df.nunique().sort_values()

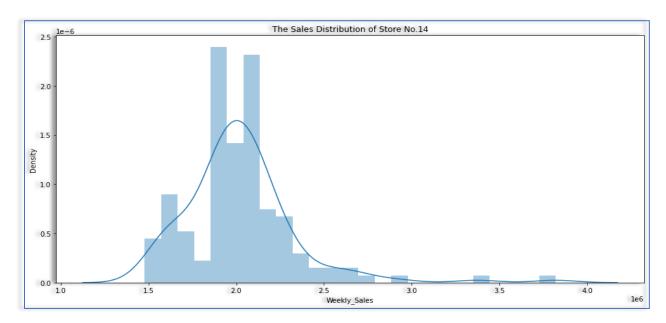
Holiday_Flag 2
Store 45
Date 143
Unemployment 349
Fuel_Price 892
CPI 2145
Temperature 3528
Weekly_Sales 6435
dtype: int64

Date 45
Date 45
Date 45
Date 45
Date 6435
Date 6
```

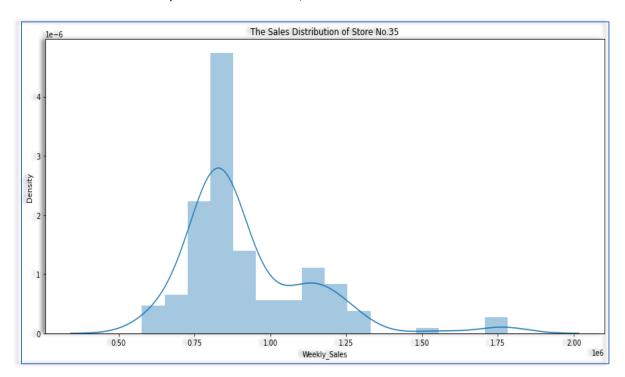
- Split the data into features and target variable & date column into day, month, year for better data analysis, and
- Give dataset has 6 numerical & 5 categorical features.

# Exploratory Data Analysis (EDA)

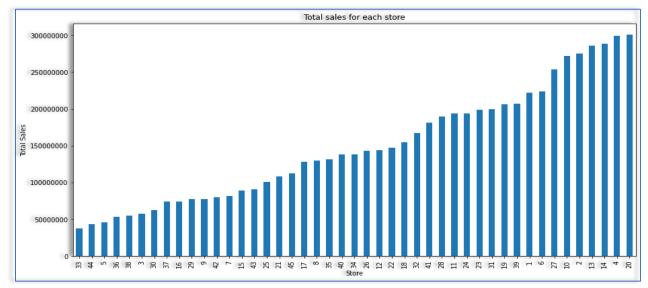
• In given dataset, target Variable (weekly Sales) seems to be normally distributed, averaging around 20 units,



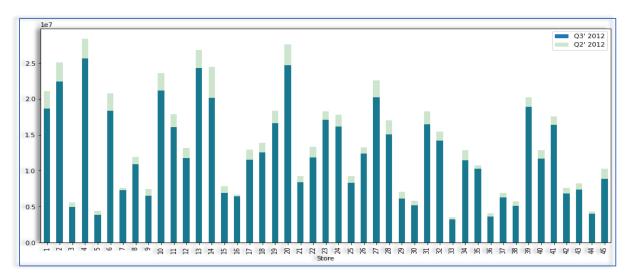
• Store-35 has maximum coefficient of mean to standard deviation , hence sales variation in that store is more compared to other stores ,



- Sales analysis Max/ min sales stores :
  - o Store-20 has maximum sales and Store-33 has minimum sales,
  - o Store-14 has maximum standard deviation, thus it has sales more sales variation,



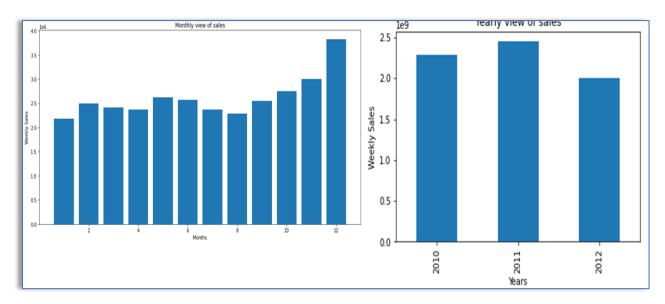
Data analysis - 2012 Q3&Q4 : Store 4 has maximum sales in Q3'2012,



 Holidays impact on Sales: from the given dataset, looks like sales was Higher in thanks giving day compared to other Holidays,

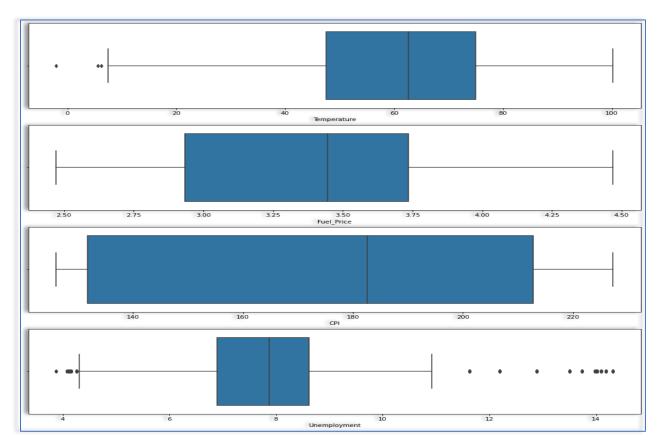
```
{'Super_Bowl_Sales': 1079127.9877037038,
  'Labour_Day_Sales': 1042427.293925926,
  'Thanksgiving_Sales': 1471273.427777778,
  'Christmas_Sales': 960833.1115555555,
  'Non_Holiday_Sales': 1041256.3802088555}
```

Monthly & Yearly Sales: Overall monthly sales are higher in the month of December while
the yearly sales in the year 2011 are the highest.

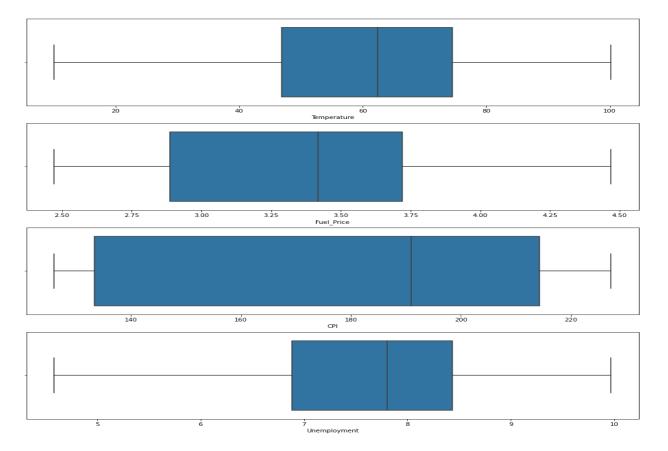


# Choosing the Algorithm for the Project

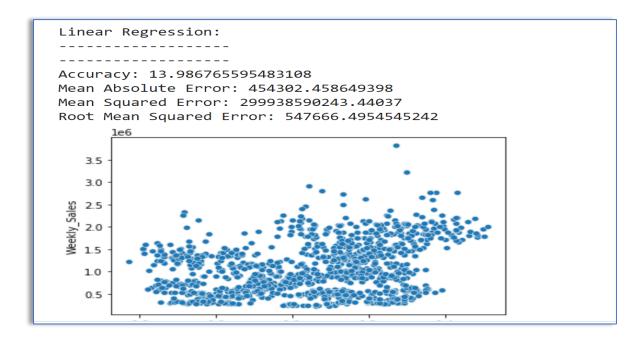
• Look at the outliers and remove them for better data analysis,

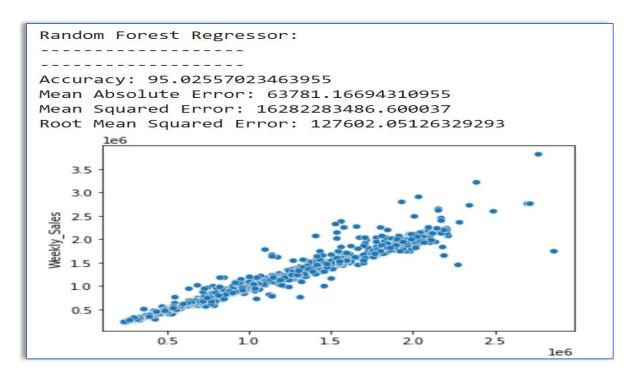


• There were outliers w/ few variable which can be removed for better analysis,



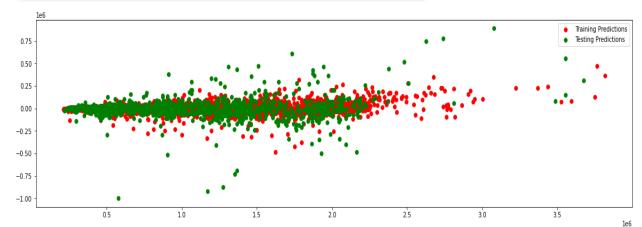
- Have tried Linear Regression & Random Forest Model for the given problem and dataset,
   and
- Linear Regression is not an appropriate model to use which is clear from it's low accuracy (14%). However, Random Forest Regression gives accuracy of over 98%, so, it is the best model to forecast.





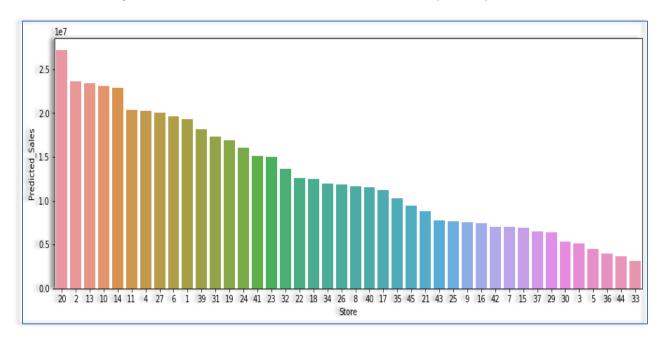
- From the above chart, accuracy for random forest mode is 95 % when compared to Linear regression (13%), so let's use Random forest for further analysis,
- Fine tune the selected mode w/ hyper parameters ,

For Training Data MAE: 23200.58232336495 1858452353.8690917 MSE: 0.9944019291484907 RMSE: 43109.77097908422 For Test Data MAE: 62368.5441530919 MSE: 14000771193.26318 0.9581931281303442 RMSE: 118324.8545034524

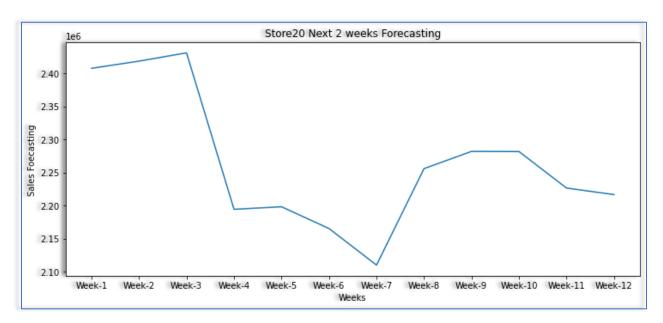


## Forecasting the Sales for next 12 weeks

• Forecasting shows the store-20 and 33 have max, min sales respectively.



• Let's look at the forecasting for Store-20, it is evident that week-3 will have max sales and week-7 will have low sales.



# Motivation and Reasons For Choosing the Algorithm

- Given dataset was labelled and our problem statement was of prediction, hence we have used different supervised learning algorithms used for prediction,
- All the algorithms used in this project are :
  - 1. Linear Regression

- 2. Decision Tree
- 3. Random Forest

## Assumptions

NA

## Model Evaluation and Techniques

## Inferences from the Same

- Best insight to focus is that both Thanks Giving and Christmas has a lot of impact on sales,
- It is possible to notice that some variables like temperature and IsHolliday have the biggest sales accumulated at some ranges, but not much of linear relationships.
- The low selling stores should look forward to increasing their size and capacity to store more items and consumer products,
- January sales are significantly less than other months. This is the result of November and December high sales. After two high sales month, people prefer to pay less on January.
- The low selling stores should look forward to increasing their size and capacity to store more items and consumer products.
- Special discount coupons can be distributed during low selling periods to attract more customers
- CPI, temperature, unemployment rate and fuel price have no pattern on weekly sales, and
- Data analysis shows that Christmas, Thanksgiving and Super Bowel are very important than other weeks for sales and 5<sup>th</sup> important time is 22<sup>nd</sup> week of the year and it is end of the May, when schools are closed. Most probably, people are preparing for holiday at the end of the May.

## Future Possibilities of the Project

- Special discount coupons can be distributed during low selling periods to attract more customers,
- Sales are likely to fluctuate during holidays. Special offers can be given during festive season accompanied with suitable marketing to keep the sales high during holidays as well,
- To check into the store that have poor sales and check deep what makes those bad,
- To further improve the predictive model using the ensembling method to combine models and come with better model, and
- Take the data to Store level and to predict the store level sales which would help to solve the inventory management issues and supply chain management.