

Ex.No.11
.05.25

TRIGGERS

AIM

To implement and demonstrate the use of database triggers to perform and control INSERT, UPDATE, and DELETE function.

CREATE TABLE

```
SQL>CREATE TABLE stu (student_id NUMBER PRIMARY KEY, name VARCHAR2(50),  
department VARCHAR2(30));
```

Table created.

INSERT VALUES TO TABLE

```
SQL> INSERT INTO stu (student_id, name, department) VALUES (1, 'Jai', 'IT');
```

1 row created.

```
SQL> INSERT INTO stu (student_id, name, department) VALUES (2, 'Kavin', 'AI');
```

1 row created.

```
SQL> INSERT INTO stu (student_id, name, department) VALUES (3, 'Jegan', 'EEE');
```

1 row created.

```
SQL> CREATE TABLE student_audit_log (student_id NUMBER, action_time DATE,  
action_type VARCHAR2(10));
```

Table created.

```
SQL> CREATE OR REPLACE TRIGGER trg_insert_student
```

```
AFTER INSERT ON stu
```

```
FOR EACH ROW
```

```
BEGIN
```

```
    INSERT INTO student_audit_log(student_id, action_time, action_type)
```

```
    VALUES(:NEW.student_id, SYSDATE, 'INSERT');
```

```
END;
```

/

Trigger created.

```
SQL> INSERT INTO stu (student_id, name, department) VALUES (4, 'kharthik', 'FT');
```

1 row created.

```
SQL> SELECT * FROM student_audit_log;
```

STUDENT_ID	ACTION_TI	ACTION_TYP
-----	-----	-----
4	06-MAY-25	INSERT

```
SQL> CREATE OR REPLACE TRIGGER trg_update_student
```

```
AFTER UPDATE ON stu
```

```
FOR EACH ROW
```

```
BEGIN
```

```
    INSERT INTO student_audit_log(student_id, action_time, action_type)
```

```
    VALUES(:NEW.student_id, SYSDATE, 'UPDATE');
```

```
END;
```

/

Trigger created.

```
SQL> UPDATE stu SET department = 'ECE' WHERE student_id = 2;
```

1 row updated.

```
SQL> SELECT * FROM student_audit_log;
```

STUDENT_ID	ACTION_TI	ACTION_TYP
-----	-----	-----
4	06-MAY-25	INSERT

```
SQL> CREATE OR REPLACE TRIGGER trg_delete_student
AFTER DELETE ON stu
FOR EACH ROW
BEGIN
    INSERT INTO student_audit_log(student_id, action_time, action_type)
    VALUES(:OLD.student_id, SYSDATE, 'DELETE');
END;
/
```

Trigger created.

```
SQL> DELETE FROM stu WHERE student_id = 3;
1 row deleted.
```

```
SQL> SELECT * FROM student_audit_log;
```

STUDENT_ID	ACTION_TI	ACTION_TYP
-----	-----	-----
4	06-MAY-25	INSERT
2	06-MAY-25	UPDATE
3	06-MAY-25	DELETE

EXAMPLE 1

INSERT, UPDATE, DELETE ON STU TABLE

```
SQL> CREATE OR REPLACE TRIGGER trg_student_all_actions
AFTER INSERT OR UPDATE OR DELETE ON stu
FOR EACH ROW
```

```

BEGIN
    IF INSERTING THEN
        INSERT INTO student_audit_log(student_id, action_time, action_type)
        VALUES(:NEW.student_id, SYSDATE, 'INSERT');
    ELSIF UPDATING THEN
        INSERT INTO student_audit_log(student_id, action_time, action_type)
        VALUES(:NEW.student_id, SYSDATE, 'UPDATE');
    ELSIF DELETING THEN
        INSERT INTO student_audit_log(student_id, action_time, action_type)
        VALUES(:OLD.student_id, SYSDATE, 'DELETE');
    END IF;
END;
/

```

Trigger created.

```
SQL>INSERT INTO stu (student_id, name, department) VALUES (5, 'Kavin', 'ECE');
```

1 row created.

```
SQL>UPDATE stu SET department = 'EEE' WHERE student_id = 1;
```

1 row created.

```
SQL>DELETE FROM stu WHERE student_id = 2;
```

1 row deleted.

```
SQL> SELECT * FROM student_audit_log;
```

STUDENT_ID	ACTION_TI	ACTION_TYP
-----	-----	-----
4	06-MAY-25	INSERT
2	06-MAY-25	UPDATE
3	06-MAY-25	DELETE

5	06-MAY-25	INSERT
5	06-MAY-25	INSERT
1	06-MAY-25	UPDATE
1	06-MAY-25	UPDATE
2	06-MAY-25	DELETE
2	06-MAY-25	DELETE

9 rows selected.

EXAMPLE 2

PREVENT NULL VALUE FOR DEPARTMENT

```
SQL> CREATE OR REPLACE TRIGGER trg_prevent_null_dept
BEFORE UPDATE ON stu
FOR EACH ROW
BEGIN
```

```
    IF :NEW.department IS NULL THEN
```

```
        RAISE_APPLICATION_ERROR(-20002, 'Department cannot be set to NULL.');
```

```
    END IF;
```

```
END;
```

```
/
```

Trigger created

```
UPDATE stu SET department = NULL WHERE student_id = 1;
```

ERROR at line 1:

ORA-20002: Department cannot be set to NULL.

ORA-06512: at "SYSTEM.TRG_PREVENT_NULL_DEPT", line 3

ORA-04088: error during execution of trigger 'SYSTEM.TRG_PREVENT_NULL_DEPT'

CONTENTS	MARKS ALLOTTED	MARKS OBTAINED
Aim,Algorithm,SQL,PL/SQL	30	
Execution and Result	20	
Viva	10	
Total	60	

RESULT

The experiment effectively demonstrated the use of database triggers in enforcing business rules and automatically maintaining audit trails.