

Experiments on Packet Capture Tool: Wireshark

AIM:

Experiments on Packet Capture
Tool: Wireshark

Packet Sniffer

- * Sniffs message being sent/received from/by your computer
- * Store and display the contents of the various protocol fields in the messages
- * Passive program
 - never sends packets itself
 - no packets addressed to it
 - receives a copy of all packets (sent/received)

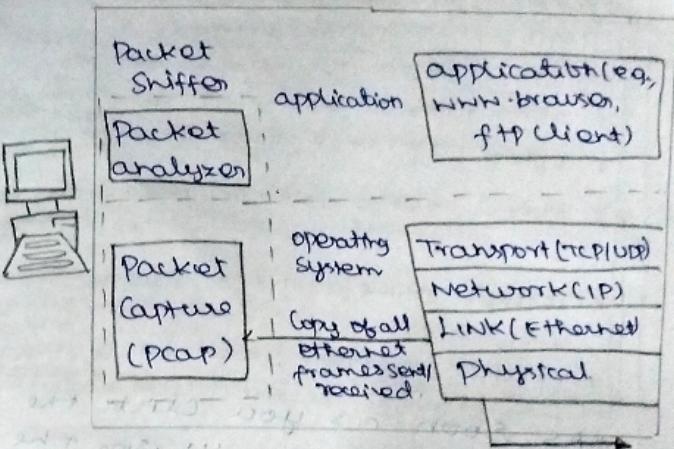
Packet Sniffer Structure Diagnostic Tools.

* Tepdump

- E.g. tepochump - Enr host
10.129.41.2-W.exe3.out

* Wireshark

- Wireshark -> exe3.out



Packet Sniffer Structure.

Wireshark

- * Network analysis tool
- * Formerly known as ethereal
- * Capture packet in real time and display in human readable form

Uses

- * Troubleshoot
- * Examine securely from

Download Wireshark

Download & install from
www.wireshark.org

Capturing Packet

Launch wireshark and double click on name of network interface.

Color leading rules

* Colours have been assigned for each packet's view → Colouring rules

Filtering Packets

- * display borderly
 - Type into filter box at top of window
- * click apply.
- TCP conversation
 - Right click on a packet → follow → TCP Stream

Inspect packet

→ click a packet to view details of packet

flow graph

- network interface → Statistics
- flowgraph.

Student Observation.

① What is promissory note?

A network interface card mode that allows it to capture all traffic on network, not just the traffic intended for its own mac address.

Q Does ARP packet has transport layer header? Explain.

No, it do not have layer header.

③ Which transport layer protocol is used by DNS

UDP (User Datagram Protocol)

④ Port number used by HTTP protocol?

The HTTP protocol typically uses port 80. For Secure HTTP, which is HTTPS, the default port is 443.

⑤ What is a broadcast IP address?

Used to send data to all devices on network. For IPv4, it is highest address in subnet.

Result:

Thus the packet capturing tool - Wireshark is installed.

Protocol not tested yet.