Epochs = 15

```
Learning Rate = 0.001
        Optimizer = Adam
        Batch Size = 64
In [ ]: # Mount Google Drive
         from google.colab import drive
        drive.mount('/content/drive')
         import torch
         from torch.utils.data import DataLoader, random_split
         from torchvision import datasets, transforms
         import torch.nn as nn
         import torch.optim as optim
         import torch.nn.functional as F
         import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
         import numpy as np
         # Define transformations
         transform = transforms.Compose([
            transforms.Resize((128, 128)),
            transforms.Grayscale(num_output_channels=1), # If images are RGB, remove this line
            transforms.ToTensor(),
            transforms.Normalize((0.5,), (0.5,)) # Normalize for grayscale images
         ])
         # Load dataset
         dataset = datasets.ImageFolder('/content/drive/My Drive/A-3_and_numbers/', transform=transform)
         # Calculate dataset sizes for train, validation, and test splits
        train_size = int(0.7 * len(dataset))
         val_size = int(0.15 * len(dataset))
        test_size = len(dataset) - train_size - val_size
         # Split dataset
         train_dataset, val_dataset, test_dataset = random_split(dataset, [train_size, val_size, test_size])
        # Create data Loaders
         train_loader = DataLoader(train_dataset, batch_size=64, shuffle=True)
         val_loader = DataLoader(val_dataset, batch_size=64, shuffle=False)
        test_loader = DataLoader(test_dataset, batch_size=64, shuffle=False)
        Drive already mounted at /content/drive; to attempt to forcibly remount, call drive.mount("/content/drive", for
        ce_remount=True).
In [ ]: # Define the CNN Model
         class SimpleCNN(nn.Module):
            def __init__(self):
                super(SimpleCNN, self).__init__()
                 self.conv1 = nn.Conv2d(1, 64, kernel_size=3, padding=1)
                self.bn1 = nn.BatchNorm2d(64)
                self.pool1 = nn.MaxPool2d(2, 2)
                self.conv2 = nn.Conv2d(64, 128, kernel_size=3, padding=1)
                self.bn2 = nn.BatchNorm2d(128)
                self.pool2 = nn.MaxPool2d(2, 2)
                self.fc1 = nn.Linear(128 * 32 * 32, 256) # Adjusted input size
                self.fc2 = nn.Linear(256, 128)
                self.fc3 = nn.Linear(128, 64)
                self.fc4 = nn.Linear(64, len(dataset.classes))
            def forward(self, x):
                x = self.pool1(F.relu(self.bn1(self.conv1(x))))
                x = self.pool2(F.relu(self.bn2(self.conv2(x))))
                x = x.view(x.size(0), -1) # Flatten the output
                x = F.relu(self.fc1(x))
                x = F.relu(self.fc2(x))
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x = F.relu(self.fc3(x))
x = self.fc4(x)
return x

model = SimpleCNN()
```

```
In [ ]: # Loss and optimizer
         criterion = nn.CrossEntropyLoss()
         optimizer = optim.Adam(model.parameters(), lr=0.001)
         # Lists to store loss and accuracy values
        train_losses = []
         val_losses = []
         val_accuracies = []
        # Training Loop
         num_epochs = 15
        for epoch in range(num_epochs):
            model.train()
            train_loss = 0.0
            correct_train = 0
            total_train = 0
            for inputs, labels in train_loader:
                 # Zero the parameter gradients
                optimizer.zero_grad()
                # Forward pass
                outputs = model(inputs)
                loss = criterion(outputs, labels)
                # Backward pass and optimize
                loss.backward()
                optimizer.step()
                train_loss += loss.item() * inputs.size(0)
                _, predicted = torch.max(outputs, 1)
                total_train += labels.size(0)
                correct_train += (predicted == labels).sum().item()
            # Validation
            model.eval()
            val_loss = 0.0
            correct_val = 0
            total val = 0
            with torch.no_grad():
                for inputs, labels in val_loader:
                     outputs = model(inputs)
                     loss = criterion(outputs, labels)
                     val_loss += loss.item() * inputs.size(0)
                     _, predicted = torch.max(outputs, 1)
                    total_val += labels.size(0)
                    correct_val += (predicted == labels).sum().item()
            train_loss /= len(train_loader.dataset)
            val_loss /= len(val_loader.dataset)
            val_accuracy = 100 * correct_val / total_val
            train_losses.append(train_loss)
            val losses.append(val loss)
            val_accuracies.append(val_accuracy)
            print(f'Epoch [{epoch+1}/{num_epochs}], Train Loss: {train_loss:.4f}, Val Loss: {val_loss:.4f}, Val Accuracy
         # Plotting the loss and accuracy curves
         plt.figure(figsize=(12, 5))
         plt.subplot(1, 2, 1)
         plt.plot(range(1, num_epochs+1), train_losses, label='Train Loss')
         plt.plot(range(1, num_epochs+1), val_losses, label='Validation Loss')
         plt.xlabel('Epoch')
        plt.ylabel('Loss')
```

```
plt.title('Loss Curve')
plt.legend()
plt.subplot(1, 2, 2)
plt.plot(range(1, num_epochs+1), val_accuracies, label='Validation Accuracy')
plt.xlabel('Epoch')
plt.ylabel('Accuracy')
plt.title('Accuracy Curve')
plt.legend()
plt.show()
# Function to display images and predictions
def imshow(img, title):
    npimg = img.numpy()
    plt.imshow(np.transpose(npimg, (1, 2, 0)), cmap='gray')
    plt.title(title)
    plt.show()
# Predict and display results on all images from the test set
model.eval()
with torch.no_grad():
    for inputs, labels in test_loader: # Using the test_loader instead of creating a new DataLoader
        outputs = model(inputs)
        _, predicted = torch.max(outputs, 1)
        for i in range(inputs.size(0)):
            predicted_label = dataset.classes[predicted[i].item()]
            imshow(inputs[i], f'Predicted: {predicted_label}')
Epoch [1/15], Train Loss: 1.8712, Val Loss: 0.3912, Val Accuracy: 89.12%
Epoch [2/15], Train Loss: 0.2115, Val Loss: 0.1346, Val Accuracy: 95.26%
Epoch [3/15], Train Loss: 0.0782, Val Loss: 0.1016, Val Accuracy: 97.06%
```

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Epoch [4/15], Train Loss: 0.0290, Val Loss: 0.0589, Val Accuracy: 98.56%
Epoch [5/15], Train Loss: 0.0234, Val Loss: 0.0787, Val Accuracy: 97.68%
Epoch [6/15], Train Loss: 0.0353, Val Loss: 0.1114, Val Accuracy: 97.27%
Epoch [7/15], Train Loss: 0.0647, Val Loss: 0.1013, Val Accuracy: 97.58%
Epoch [8/15], Train Loss: 0.0236, Val Loss: 0.1570, Val Accuracy: 95.87%
Epoch [9/15], Train Loss: 0.0426, Val Loss: 0.0974, Val Accuracy: 97.58%
Epoch [10/15], Train Loss: 0.0426, Val Loss: 0.0974, Val Accuracy: 98.09%
Epoch [11/15], Train Loss: 0.00430, Val Loss: 0.0643, Val Accuracy: 98.71%
Epoch [12/15], Train Loss: 0.0003, Val Loss: 0.0643, Val Accuracy: 98.87%
Epoch [13/15], Train Loss: 0.0001, Val Loss: 0.0570, Val Accuracy: 98.87%
Epoch [14/15], Train Loss: 0.0001, Val Loss: 0.0569, Val Accuracy: 98.81%
Epoch [15/15], Train Loss: 0.0001, Val Loss: 0.0566, Val Accuracy: 98.81%







