



```
#importing libraries
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
```

```
from google.colab import drive
drive.mount('/content/drive')
```

 Mounted at /content/drive

```
data= pd.read_csv("/content/dataset_traffic_accident_prediction1.csv")
```

```
data.head(15)
```



	Weather	Road_Type	Time_of_Day	Traffic_Density	Speed_Limit	Number_of_Vehicles
0	Rainy	City Road	Morning	1.0	100.0	5.0
1	Clear	Rural Road	Night	NaN	120.0	3.0
2	Rainy	Highway	Evening	1.0	60.0	4.0
3	Clear	City Road	Afternoon	2.0	60.0	3.0
4	Rainy	Highway	Morning	1.0	195.0	11.0
5	Clear	Rural Road	Night	0.0	120.0	3.0
6	Foggy	Highway	Afternoon	0.0	60.0	4.0
7	Rainy	City Road	Afternoon	0.0	60.0	4.0
8	Stormy	Highway	Morning	1.0	60.0	2.0
9	Rainy	City Road	Afternoon	2.0	30.0	2.0
10	Foggy	NaN	Evening	NaN	60.0	2.0
11	Clear	Mountain Road	Night	2.0	100.0	5.0
12	NaN	Rural Road	Afternoon	0.0	60.0	4.0
13	Rainy	City Road	Night	0.0	30.0	1.0
14	Clear	Rural Road	Morning	0.0	NaN	1.0

```
data.drop_duplicates(inplace=True)
```

data



	Weather	Road_Type	Time_of_Day	Traffic_Density	Speed_Limit	Number_of_Vehicle
0	Rainy	City Road	Morning	1.0	100.0	5.
1	Clear	Rural Road	Night	NaN	120.0	3.
2	Rainy	Highway	Evening	1.0	60.0	4.
3	Clear	City Road	Afternoon	2.0	60.0	3.
4	Rainy	Highway	Morning	1.0	195.0	11.
...	...	...	...	...	...	.
835	Clear	Highway	Night	2.0	30.0	4.
836	Rainy	Rural Road	Evening	2.0	60.0	4.
837	Foggy	Highway	Evening	NaN	30.0	4.
838	Foggy	Highway	Afternoon	2.0	60.0	3.
839	Clear	Highway	Afternoon	1.0	60.0	4.

826 rows × 14 columns

data.columns



```
Index(['Weather', 'Road_Type', 'Time_of_Day', 'Traffic_Density', 'Speed_Limit',
      'Number_of_Vehicles', 'Driver_Alcohol', 'Accident_Severity',
      'Road_Condition', 'Vehicle_Type', 'Driver_Age', 'Driver_Experience',
      'Road_Light_Condition', 'Accident'],
      dtype='object')
```


data.info()



```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
Index: 826 entries, 0 to 839
Data columns (total 14 columns):
#   Column                      Non-Null Count  Dtype
---  -
0   Weather                     784 non-null    object
1   Road_Type                   784 non-null    object
2   Time_of_Day                 785 non-null    object
3   Traffic_Density             784 non-null    float64
4   Speed_Limit                 784 non-null    float64
5   Number_of_Vehicles          784 non-null    float64
6   Driver_Alcohol              784 non-null    float64
7   Accident_Severity           785 non-null    object
8   Road_Condition              784 non-null    object
9   Vehicle_Type                784 non-null    object
10  Driver_Age                  784 non-null    float64
11  Driver_Experience            784 non-null    float64
```

```
12 Road_Light_Condition 784 non-null object
13 Accident 784 non-null float64
dtypes: float64(7), object(7)
memory usage: 96.8+ KB
```


```
#finding missing values
data.isnull().sum()
```



	0
<b>Weather</b>	42
<b>Road_Type</b>	42
<b>Time_of_Day</b>	41
<b>Traffic_Density</b>	42
<b>Speed_Limit</b>	42
<b>Number_of_Vehicles</b>	42
<b>Driver_Alcohol</b>	42
<b>Accident_Severity</b>	41
<b>Road_Condition</b>	42
<b>Vehicle_Type</b>	42
<b>Driver_Age</b>	42
<b>Driver_Experience</b>	42
<b>Road_Light_Condition</b>	42
<b>Accident</b>	42

```
dtype: int64
```

```
data.duplicated().sum()
```



```
np.int64(0)
```

```
#dropping missing values
data.dropna()
```



Weather	Road_Type	Time_of_Day	Traffic_Density	Speed_Limit	Number_of_Vehicles
Rainy	Highway	Evening	1.0	60.0	4.0
Clear	City Road	Afternoon	2.0	60.0	3.0
Rainy	Highway	Morning	1.0	195.0	11.0
Foggy	Highway	Afternoon	0.0	60.0	4.0
Rainy	City Road	Afternoon	0.0	60.0	4.0
...	...	...	...	...	...
Clear	Highway	Morning	1.0	100.0	2.0
Clear	Highway	Night	2.0	30.0	4.0
Rainy	Rural Road	Evening	2.0	60.0	4.0
Foggy	Highway	Afternoon	2.0	60.0	3.0
Clear	Highway	Afternoon	1.0	60.0	4.0

rows × 14 columns

#filling the null values

```
data["Traffic_Density"].fillna(data["Traffic_Density"].mean(), inplace=True)
data["Speed_Limit"].fillna(data["Speed_Limit"].mean(), inplace=True)
data["Number_of_Vehicles"].fillna(data["Number_of_Vehicles"].mean(), inplace=True)
data["Driver_Alcohol"].fillna(data["Driver_Alcohol"].mean(), inplace=True)
data["Accident_Severity"].fillna(data["Accident_Severity"].mode()[0], inplace=True)
data["Road_Condition"].fillna(data["Road_Condition"].mode()[0], inplace=True)
data["Vehicle_Type"].fillna(data["Vehicle_Type"].mode()[0], inplace=True)
data["Driver_Age"].fillna(data["Driver_Age"].mean(), inplace=True)
data["Driver_Experience"].fillna(data["Driver_Experience"].mean(), inplace=True)
data["Road_Light_Condition"].fillna(data["Road_Light_Condition"].mode()[0], inplace=True)
data["Accident"].fillna(data["Accident"].mean(), inplace=True)
data["Weather"].fillna(data["Weather"].mode()[0], inplace=True)
data["Road_Type"].fillna(data["Road_Type"].mode()[0], inplace=True)
data["Time_of_Day"].fillna(data["Time_of_Day"].mode()[0], inplace=True)
```



For example, when doing 'df[col].method(value, inplace=True)', try using 'df.method

```
data["Road_Condition"].fillna(data["Road_Condition"].mode()[0], inplace=True)
<ipython-input-24-230c89790859>:8: FutureWarning: A value is trying to be set on a
The behavior will change in pandas 3.0. This inplace method will never work because
```

For example, when doing 'df[col].method(value, inplace=True)', try using 'df.method

```
data["Vehicle_Type"].fillna(data["Vehicle_Type"].mode()[0], inplace=True)
<ipython-input-24-230c89790859>:9: FutureWarning: A value is trying to be set on a
The behavior will change in pandas 3.0. This inplace method will never work because
```

For example, when doing 'df[col].method(value, inplace=True)', try using 'df.method

```
data["Driver_Age"].fillna(data["Driver_Age"].mean(), inplace=True)
<ipython-input-24-230c89790859>:10: FutureWarning: A value is trying to be set on
The behavior will change in pandas 3.0. This inplace method will never work because
```

For example, when doing 'df[col].method(value, inplace=True)', try using 'df.method

```
data["Driver_Experience"].fillna(data["Driver_Experience"].mean(), inplace=True)
<ipython-input-24-230c89790859>:11: FutureWarning: A value is trying to be set on
The behavior will change in pandas 3.0. This inplace method will never work because
```

For example, when doing 'df[col].method(value, inplace=True)', try using 'df.method

```
data["Road_Light_Condition"].fillna(data["Road_Light_Condition"].mode()[0], inpl
<ipython-input-24-230c89790859>:12: FutureWarning: A value is trying to be set on
The behavior will change in pandas 3.0. This inplace method will never work because
```

For example, when doing 'df[col].method(value, inplace=True)', try using 'df.method

```
data["Accident"].fillna(data["Accident"].mean(), inplace=True)
<ipython-input-24-230c89790859>:15: FutureWarning: A value is trying to be set on
The behavior will change in pandas 3.0. This inplace method will never work because
```

For example, when doing 'df[col].method(value, inplace=True)', try using 'df.method

```
data["Time of Dav"].fillna(data["Time of Dav"].mode()[0], inplace=True)
```

data



	Weather	Road_Type	Time_of_Day	Traffic_Density	Speed_Limit	Number_of_Vehicle
<b>0</b>	Rainy	City Road	Morning	1.000000	100.0	5.
<b>1</b>	Clear	Rural Road	Night	0.998724	120.0	3.
<b>2</b>	Rainy	Highway	Evening	1.000000	60.0	4.
<b>3</b>	Clear	City Road	Afternoon	2.000000	60.0	3.
<b>4</b>	Rainy	Highway	Morning	1.000000	195.0	11.
...	...	...	...	...	...	.
<b>835</b>	Clear	Highway	Night	2.000000	30.0	4.
<b>836</b>	Rainy	Rural Road	Evening	2.000000	60.0	4.
<b>837</b>	Foggy	Highway	Evening	0.998724	30.0	4.
<b>838</b>	Foggy	Highway	Afternoon	2.000000	60.0	3.
<b>839</b>	Clear	Highway	Afternoon	1.000000	60.0	4.

826 rows × 14 columns

```
data.isnull().sum()
```



	0
Weather	0
Road_Type	0
Time_of_Day	0
Traffic_Density	0
Speed_Limit	0
Number_of_Vehicles	0
Driver_Alcohol	0
Accident_Severity	0
Road_Condition	0
Vehicle_Type	0
Driver_Age	0
Driver_Experience	0
Road_Light_Condition	0
Accident	0

dtype: int64

```
#categorical data
data["Road_Light_Condition"].fillna(data["Road_Light_Condition"].mode()[0], inplace = True)
```



<ipython-input-26-8de2997c5d88>:2: FutureWarning: A value is trying to be set on a copy of an array. This behavior will change in pandas 3.0. This inplace method will never work because t

For example, when doing 'df[col].method(value, inplace=True)', try using 'df.method({

data["Road\_Light\_Condition"].fillna(data["Road\_Light\_Condition"].mode()[0], inplace



data



	Weather	Road_Type	Time_of_Day	Traffic_Density	Speed_Limit	Number_of_Vehicle
0	Rainy	City Road	Morning	1.000000	100.0	5.
1	Clear	Rural Road	Night	0.998724	120.0	3.
2	Rainy	Highway	Evening	1.000000	60.0	4.
3	Clear	City Road	Afternoon	2.000000	60.0	3.
4	Rainy	Highway	Morning	1.000000	195.0	11.
...	...	...	...	...	...	.
835	Clear	Highway	Night	2.000000	30.0	4.
836	Rainy	Rural Road	Evening	2.000000	60.0	4.
837	Foggy	Highway	Evening	0.998724	30.0	4.
838	Foggy	Highway	Afternoon	2.000000	60.0	3.
839	Clear	Highway	Afternoon	1.000000	60.0	4.

826 rows × 14 columns

```
#removing duplicates
data.drop_duplicates(inplace=True)
```

data

```
from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
scaler = StandardScaler()
data_scaled = data.copy()
data_scaled[["Traffic_Density","Speed_Limit"]] =scaler.fit_transform(data[["Traffic_Densi
data_scaled
```





	Weather	Road_Type	Time_of_Day	Traffic_Density	Speed_Limit	Number_of_Vehicle
<b>0</b>	Rainy	City Road	Morning	0.001672	0.918165	5.
<b>1</b>	Clear	Rural Road	Night	0.000002	1.555111	3.
<b>2</b>	Rainy	Highway	Evening	0.001672	-0.355726	4.
<b>3</b>	Clear	City Road	Afternoon	1.311322	-0.355726	3.
<b>4</b>	Rainy	Highway	Morning	0.001672	3.943656	11.
...	...	...	...	...	...	.
<b>835</b>	Clear	Highway	Night	1.311322	-1.311144	4.
<b>836</b>	Rainy	Rural Road	Evening	1.311322	-0.355726	4.
<b>837</b>	Foggy	Highway	Evening	0.000002	-1.311144	4.
<b>838</b>	Foggy	Highway	Afternoon	1.311322	-0.355726	3.
<b>839</b>	Clear	Highway	Afternoon	0.001672	-0.355726	4.

825 rows × 14 columns

```
from sklearn.preprocessing import MinMaxScaler
scaler = MinMaxScaler()
```

```
data_scaled[["Traffic_Density","Speed_Limit"]] =scaler.fit_transform(data[["Traffic_Densi
data_scaled
```



	Weather	Road_Type	Time_of_Day	Traffic_Density	Speed_Limit	Number_of_Vehicle
0	Rainy	City Road	Morning	0.500000	0.382514	5.
1	Clear	Rural Road	Night	0.499362	0.491803	3.
2	Rainy	Highway	Evening	0.500000	0.163934	4.
3	Clear	City Road	Afternoon	1.000000	0.163934	3.
4	Rainy	Highway	Morning	0.500000	0.901639	11.
...	...	...	...	...	...	.
835	Clear	Highway	Night	1.000000	0.000000	4.
836	Rainy	Rural Road	Evening	1.000000	0.163934	4.
837	Foggy	Highway	Evening	0.499362	0.000000	4.
838	Foggy	Highway	Afternoon	1.000000	0.163934	3.
839	Clear	Highway	Afternoon	0.500000	0.163934	4.

825 rows × 14 columns

```
data_encoded = pd.get_dummies(data, columns=["Road_Light_Condition"],drop_first=True)
print(data_encoded)
```



	Weather	Road_Type	Time_of_Day	Traffic_Density	Speed_Limit	\
0	Rainy	City Road	Morning	1.000000	100.0	
1	Clear	Rural Road	Night	0.998724	120.0	
2	Rainy	Highway	Evening	1.000000	60.0	
3	Clear	City Road	Afternoon	2.000000	60.0	
4	Rainy	Highway	Morning	1.000000	195.0	
..	...	...	...	...	...	
835	Clear	Highway	Night	2.000000	30.0	
836	Rainy	Rural Road	Evening	2.000000	60.0	
837	Foggy	Highway	Evening	0.998724	30.0	
838	Foggy	Highway	Afternoon	2.000000	60.0	
839	Clear	Highway	Afternoon	1.000000	60.0	
	Number_of_Vehicles	Driver_Alcohol	Accident_Severity		Road_Condition	\
0	5.0	0.0	Low		Wet	
1	3.0	0.0	Moderate		Wet	
2	4.0	0.0	Low		Icy	
3	3.0	0.0	Low	Under Construction		
4	11.0	0.0	Low		Dry	
..	...	...	...		...	
835	4.0	0.0	Low		Dry	
836	4.0	0.0	Low		Dry	
837	4.0	1.0	High		Dry	
838	3.0	0.0	Low		Dry	
839	4.0	0.0	Low		Dry	

Vehicle\_Type Driver\_Age Driver\_Experience Accident \

0	Car	51.000000	48.0	0.000000
1	Truck	49.000000	43.0	0.000000
2	Car	54.000000	52.0	0.000000
3	Bus	34.000000	31.0	0.000000
4	Car	62.000000	55.0	1.000000
..	...	...	...	...
835	Car	23.000000	15.0	0.000000
836	Motorcycle	52.000000	46.0	1.000000
837	Car	43.153061	34.0	0.298469
838	Car	25.000000	19.0	0.000000
839	Motorcycle	29.000000	21.0	0.000000

	Road_Light_Condition_Daylight	Road_Light_Condition_No	Light
0	False		False
1	False		False
2	False		False
3	True		False
4	False		False
..	...		...
835	True		False
836	True		False
837	False		False
838	False		False
839	False		False

[825 rows x 15 columns]

```
from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelEncoder
encoder = LabelEncoder()
data["Road_Light_Condition"] = encoder.fit_transform(data["Road_Light_Condition"])
```

```
def performance_category(Speed_Limit):
    if Speed_Limit >= 10:
        return "High"
    elif Speed_Limit >= 5:
        return "Medium"
    else:
        return "Low"
```

```
data["Performance"] = data["Speed_Limit"].apply(performance_category)
print(data)
```

	Weather	Road_Type	Time_of_Day	Traffic_Density	Speed_Limit	\
0	Rainy	City Road	Morning	1.000000	100.0	
1	Clear	Rural Road	Night	0.998724	120.0	
2	Rainy	Highway	Evening	1.000000	60.0	
3	Clear	City Road	Afternoon	2.000000	60.0	
4	Rainy	Highway	Morning	1.000000	195.0	
..	...	...	...	...	...	
835	Clear	Highway	Night	2.000000	30.0	
836	Rainy	Rural Road	Evening	2.000000	60.0	
837	Foggy	Highway	Evening	0.998724	30.0	
838	Foggy	Highway	Afternoon	2.000000	60.0	
839	Clear	Highway	Afternoon	1.000000	60.0	

	Number_of_Vehicles	Driver_Alcohol	Accident_Severity	Road_Condition	\
0	5.0	0.0	Low	Wet	

1	3.0	0.0	Moderate	Wet
2	4.0	0.0	Low	Icy
3	3.0	0.0	Low	Under Construction
4	11.0	0.0	Low	Dry
..	...	...	...	...
835	4.0	0.0	Low	Dry
836	4.0	0.0	Low	Dry
837	4.0	1.0	High	Dry
838	3.0	0.0	Low	Dry
839	4.0	0.0	Low	Dry

	Vehicle_Type	Driver_Age	Driver_Experience	Road_Light_Condition	\
0	Car	51.000000	48.0	0	
1	Truck	49.000000	43.0	0	
2	Car	54.000000	52.0	0	
3	Bus	34.000000	31.0	1	
4	Car	62.000000	55.0	0	
..	...	...	...	...	
835	Car	23.000000	15.0	1	
836	Motorcycle	52.000000	46.0	1	
837	Car	43.153061	34.0	0	
838	Car	25.000000	19.0	0	
839	Motorcycle	29.000000	21.0	0	

	Accident	Performance
0	0.000000	High
1	0.000000	High
2	0.000000	High
3	0.000000	High
4	1.000000	High
..	...	...
835	0.000000	High
836	1.000000	High
837	0.298469	High
838	0.000000	High
839	0.000000	High

[825 rows x 15 columns]

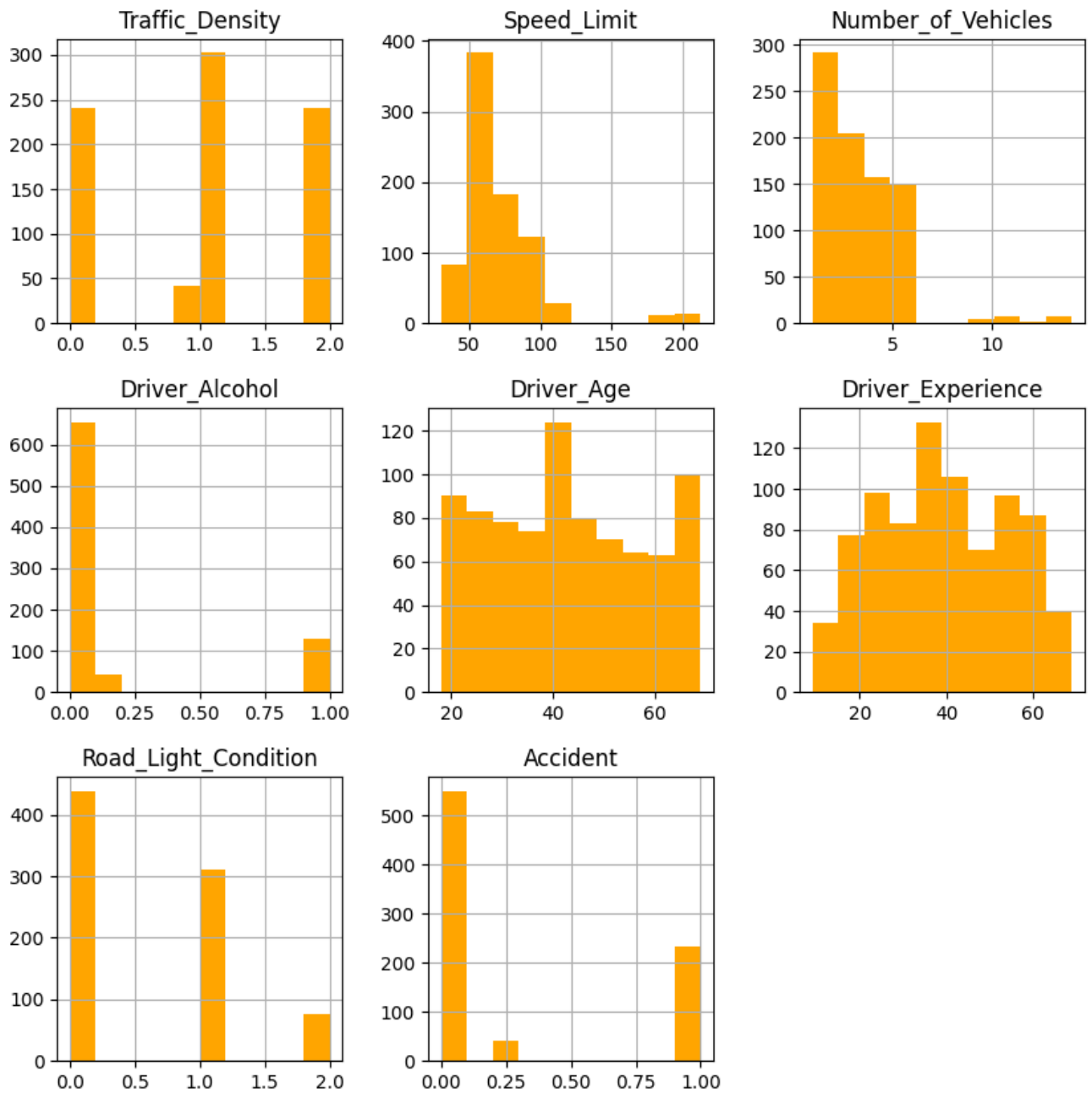
data



	Weather	Road_Type	Time_of_Day	Traffic_Density	Speed_Limit	Number_of_Vehicle
<b>0</b>	Rainy	City Road	Morning	1.000000	100.0	5.
<b>1</b>	Clear	Rural Road	Night	0.998724	120.0	3.
<b>2</b>	Rainy	Highway	Evening	1.000000	60.0	4.
<b>3</b>	Clear	City Road	Afternoon	2.000000	60.0	3.
<b>4</b>	Rainy	Highway	Morning	1.000000	195.0	11.
...	...	...	...	...	...	.
<b>835</b>	Clear	Highway	Night	2.000000	30.0	4.
<b>836</b>	Rainy	Rural Road	Evening	2.000000	60.0	4.
<b>837</b>	Foggy	Highway	Evening	0.998724	30.0	4.
<b>838</b>	Foggy	Highway	Afternoon	2.000000	60.0	3.
<b>839</b>	Clear	Highway	Afternoon	1.000000	60.0	4.

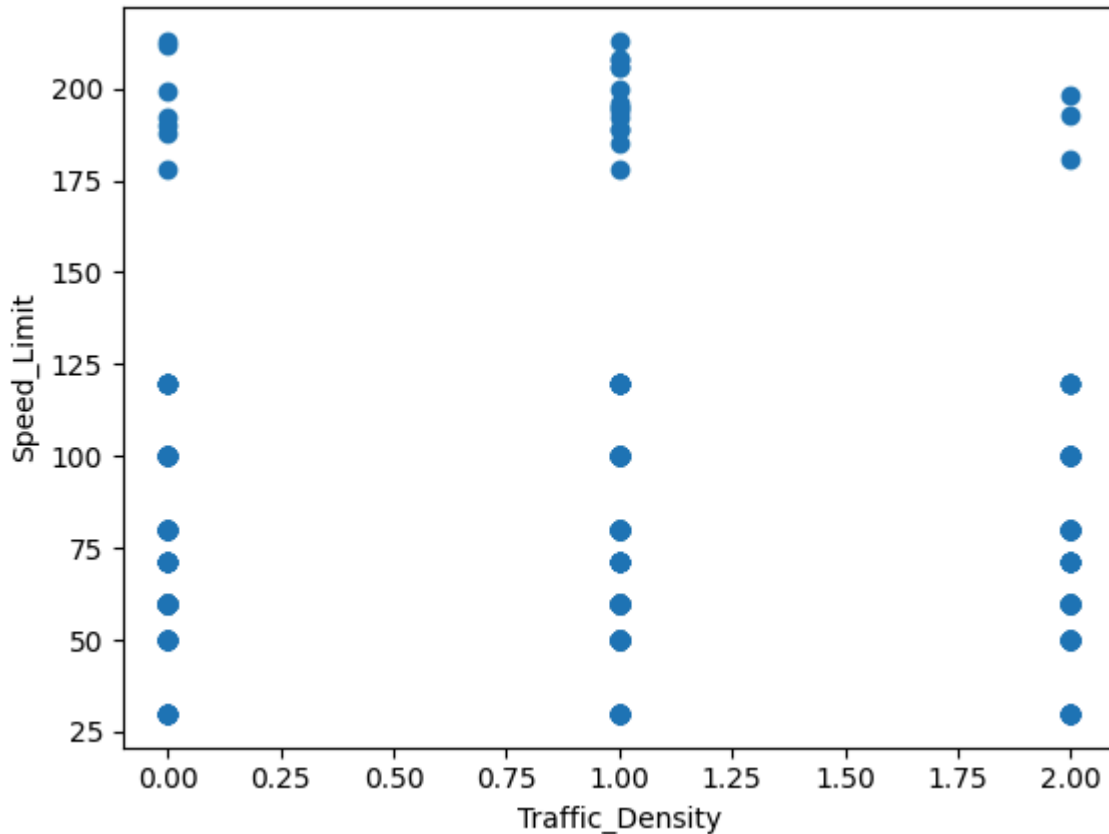
825 rows × 15 columns

```
#univariate analysis
data.hist(figsize=(10,10), color="Orange")
plt.show()
```



#scatter chart

```
plt.scatter(data["Traffic_Density"], data["Speed_Limit"])
plt.xlabel("Traffic_Density")
plt.ylabel("Speed_Limit")
plt.show()
```



```
from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelEncoder
encoder = LabelEncoder()
data["Road_Light_Condition"] = encoder.fit_transform(data["Road_Light_Condition"])
```

```
from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelEncoder
encoder = LabelEncoder()
data["Accident"] = encoder.fit_transform(data["Accident"])
data["Accident_Severity"] = encoder.fit_transform(data["Accident_Severity"])
data["Road_Condition"] = encoder.fit_transform(data["Road_Condition"])
data["Vehicle_Type"] = encoder.fit_transform(data["Vehicle_Type"])
data["Driver_Alcohol"] = encoder.fit_transform(data["Driver_Alcohol"])
data["Road_Type"] = encoder.fit_transform(data["Road_Type"])
data["Time_of_Day"] = encoder.fit_transform(data["Time_of_Day"])
data["Weather"] = encoder.fit_transform(data["Weather"])
data["Performance"] = encoder.fit_transform(data["Performance"])
```

```
#model building
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
from sklearn.linear_model import LogisticRegression
from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score, classification_report, confusion_matrix
```

```
#random forest
from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestClassifier
from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score, classification_report
```

```
#select target data
X = data.drop("Accident", axis=1)
```

```
y = data["Accident"]
```

```
x_test,x_train,y_test,y_train = train_test_split(X,y,test_size=0.2,random_state=42)
```

```
#logistic regression
model = LogisticRegression()
model.fit(x_train,y_train)
```

```
➡ /usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages/sklearn/linear_model/_logistic.py:465: Conver
STOP: TOTAL NO. OF ITERATIONS REACHED LIMIT.
```

Increase the number of iterations (`max_iter`) or scale the data as shown in:

<https://scikit-learn.org/stable/modules/preprocessing.html>

Please also refer to the documentation for alternative solver options:

[https://scikit-learn.org/stable/modules/linear\\_model.html#logistic-regression](https://scikit-learn.org/stable/modules/linear_model.html#logistic-regression)

```
n_iter_i = _check_optimize_result(
```

▼ LogisticRegression ⓘ ?

```
LogisticRegression()
```

```
#prediction
y_pred = model.predict(x_test)
print("y_pred",y_pred)
```

[illegible]

```
#random forest classifier
model = RandomForestClassifier()
model.fit(x_train,y_train)
```

▼ RandomForestClassifier ⓘ ?  
RandomForestClassifier()



```
#prediction
y_pred_random = model.predict(x_test)
print("y_pred_random",y_pred_random)
```

→ accuracy\_random 0.646969696969697  
classification\_rep\_random

precision recall f1-score support

0	0.67	0.95	0.78	438
1	0.00	0.00	0.00	37
2	0.29	0.05	0.08	185

accuracy			0.65	660
macro avg	0.32	0.33	0.29	660
weighted avg	0.52	0.65	0.54	660

confusion\_mat\_random [[418 1 19]  
[ 34 0 3]  
[176 0 9]]

#prediction analysis

```
prediction_analysis = pd.DataFrame({"Actual":y_test,"Predicted":y_pred})
print(prediction_analysis)
```

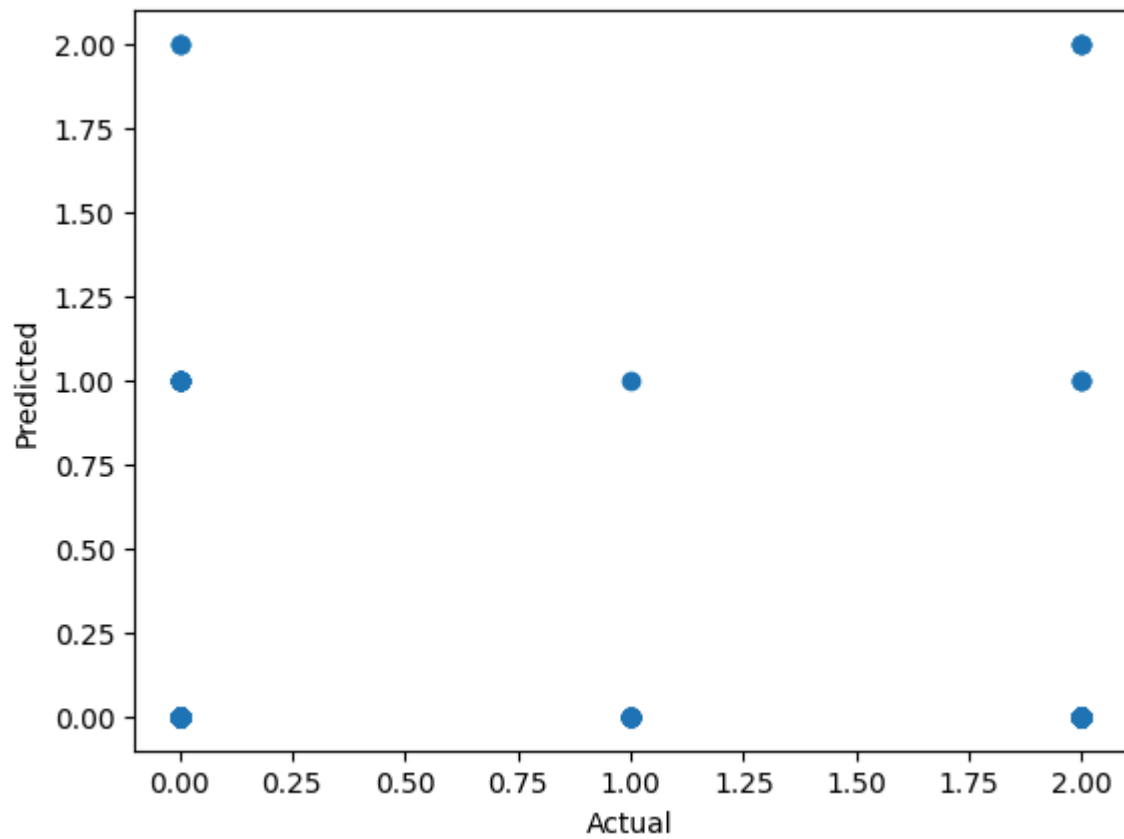
→

	Actual	Predicted
239	0	0
701	0	0
655	2	0
345	0	0
302	2	0
..	...	...
71	2	0
106	0	0
272	0	0
441	0	0
102	0	0

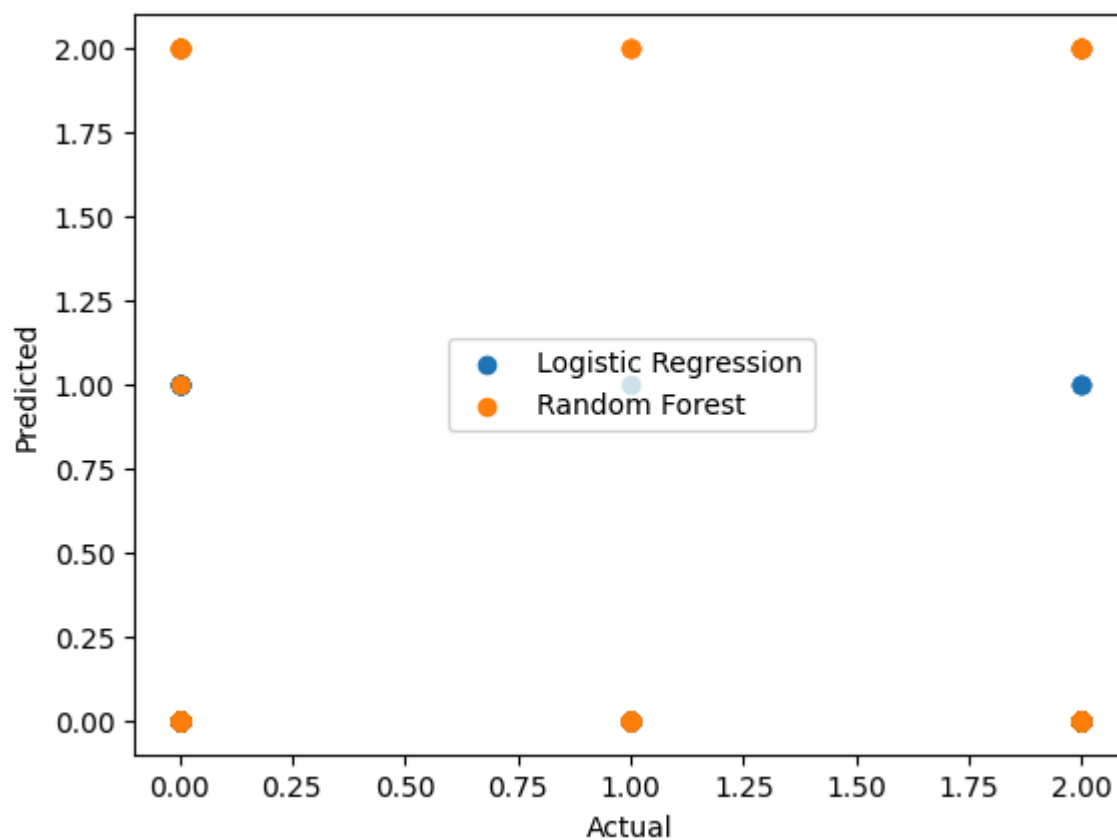
[660 rows x 2 columns]

#visualization prediction and actual value

```
plt.scatter(y_test,y_pred)
plt.xlabel("Actual")
plt.ylabel("Predicted")
plt.show()
```

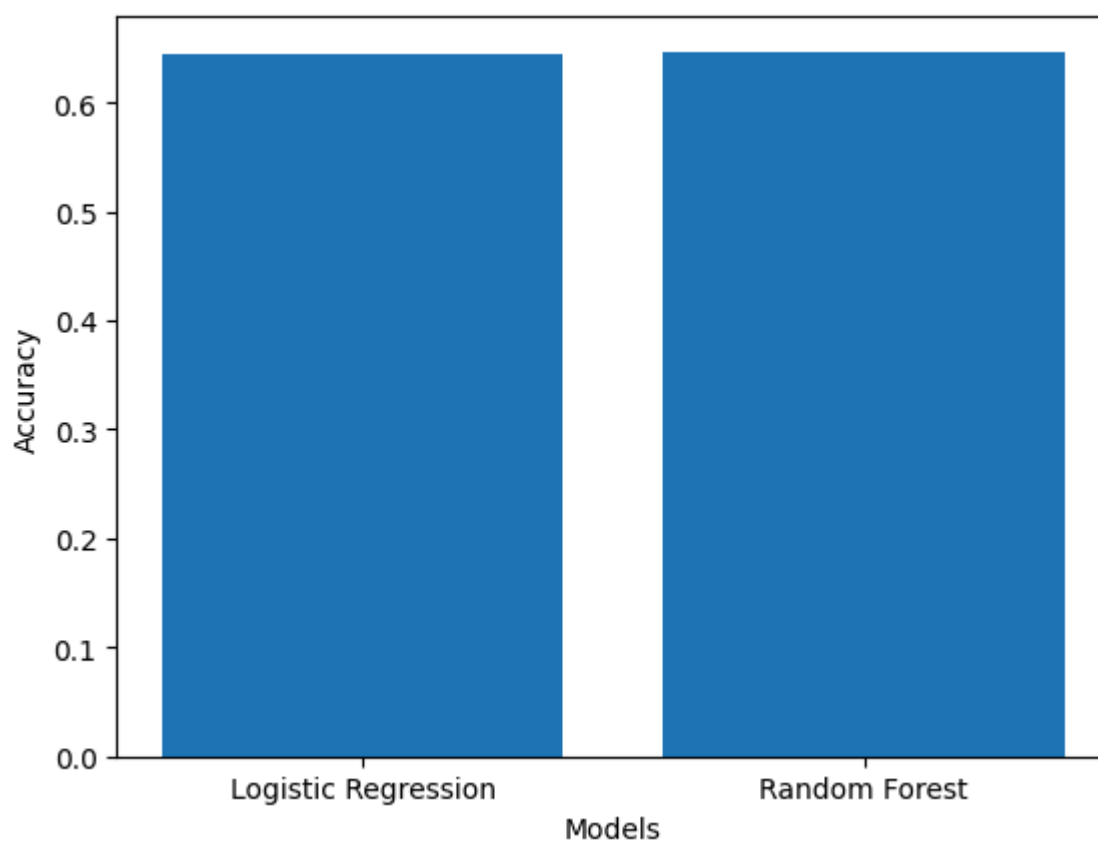


```
#visualization an two models
plt.scatter(y_test,y_pred,label="Logistic Regression")
plt.scatter(y_test,y_pred_random,label="Random Forest")
plt.xlabel("Actual")
plt.ylabel("Predicted")
plt.legend()
plt.show()
```



#visualization on evaluation two models

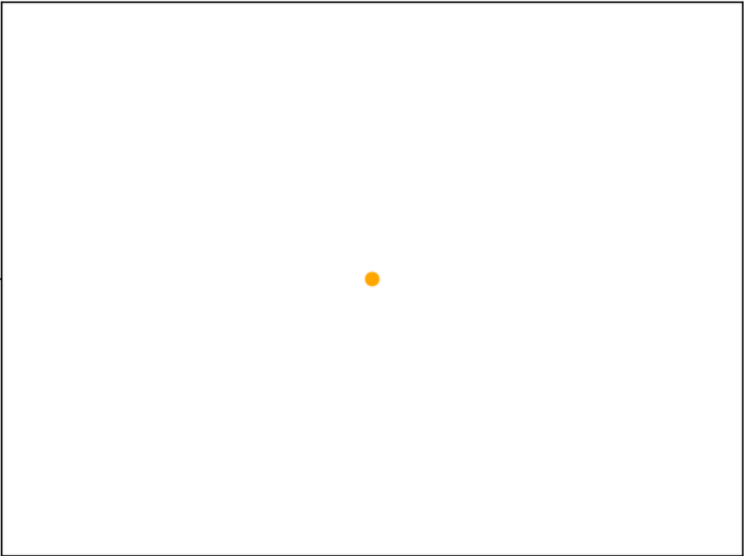
```
plt.bar(["Logistic Regression", "Random Forest"], [accuracy, accuracy_random])  
plt.xlabel("Models")  
plt.ylabel("Accuracy")  
plt.show()
```



```
#chart classification report
plt.scatter(classification_rep,classification_rep_random,color="Orange")
plt.xlabel("Classification Report")
plt.ylabel("Classification _rep_random")
plt.show()
```



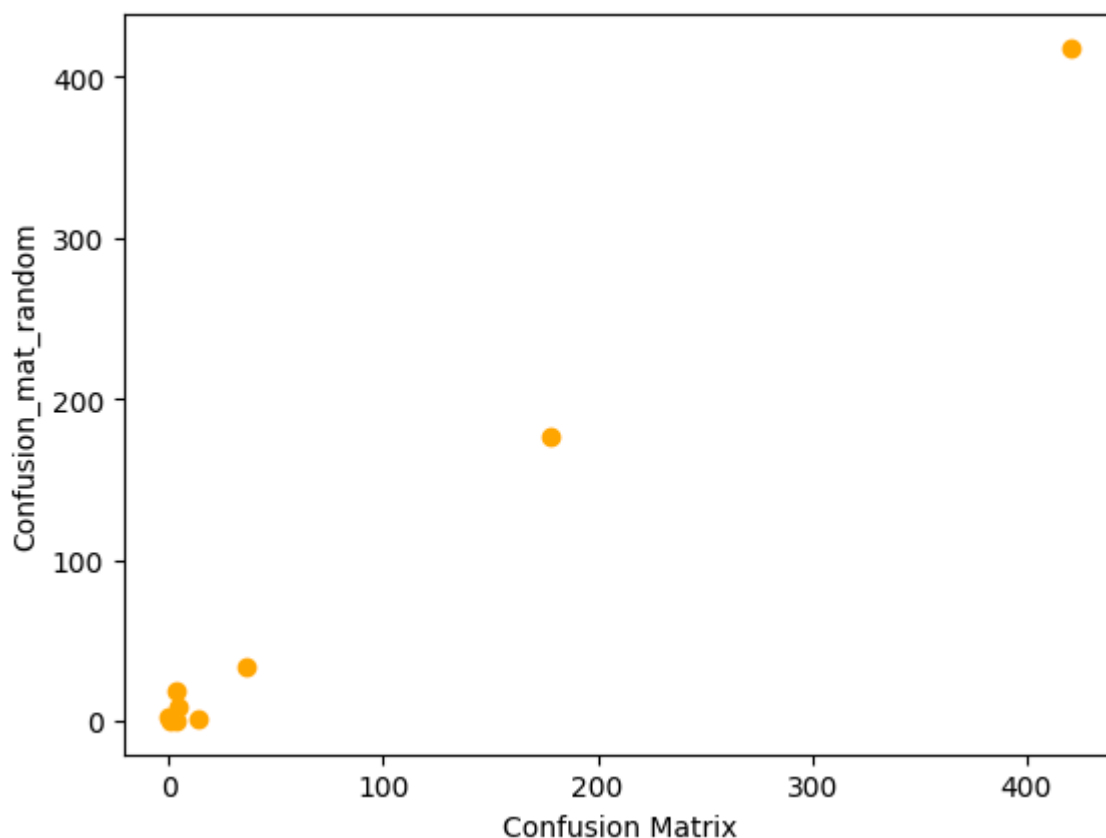
Classification_rep_random		precision	recall	f1-score	support
	0	0.67	0.95	0.78	438
	1	0.00	0.00	0.00	37
	2	0.29	0.05	0.08	185
	accuracy			0.65	660
	macro avg	0.32	0.33	0.29	660
	weighted avg	0.52	0.65	0.54	660



	precision	recall	f1-score	support
0	0.66	0.96	0.78	438
1	0.06	0.03	0.04	37
2	0.57	0.02	0.04	185
accuracy			0.65	660
macro avg	0.43	0.34	0.29	660
weighted avg	0.60	0.65	0.53	660

Classification Report

```
#confusion matrix chart
plt.scatter(confusion_mat,confusion_mat_random,color="Orange")
plt.xlabel("Confusion Matrix")
plt.ylabel("Confusion_mat_random")
plt.show()
```



#final output prediction

```
final_output = pd.DataFrame({"Actual":y_test,"Logistic Regression":y_pred,"Random Forest"
print(final_output)
```



	Actual	Logistic Regression	Random Forest
239	0	0	0
701	0	0	0
655	2	0	0
345	0	0	0
302	2	0	0
..	...	...	...
71	2	0	0
106	0	0	0
272	0	0	2
441	0	0	0
102	0	0	0

[660 rows x 3 columns]

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