Big Data Hadoop—Real Time Project—Retail

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Analyze monthly retail trade report for the US market

- A US-based online retailer wants to launch a new product category and wants to understand the potential growth areas and areas that have stagnated over a period of time.
- It wants to use this information to ensure its product focus is aligned to opportunities that will grow over the next 5–7years.
- The customer has also provided pointers to the data set you can use.

Project goals:

- 1) Analyze the entire data set and arrive at products that have experienced a consolidated **yearly growth of 10% or more** in sales since 2000.
- 2) Analyze the entire data set and arrive at products that have experienced a consolidated **yearly drop of 5% or less** since 2000.
- 3) Arrive at products that have experienced a **growth of 10% or more in sales** from 2000 to 2005, and then subsequently experienced a **drop of at least 2% in sales** from 2006 to 2013.

Data set in xls format from the URL:

http://www.census.gov/retail/index.html

Hadoop Architecture

- Vmware
- Linux Ubuntu 16.04 Lts
- Hadoop 2.7.2

```
admin@poorvi-HP-Pavilion-dv4-Notebook-PC:~$ hadoop version
Hadoop 2.7.2
Subversion https://git-wip-us.apache.org/repos/asf/hadoop.git -r b165c4fe8a74265c792ce23f546c64604acf0e41
Compiled by jenkins on 2016-01-26T00:08Z
Compiled with protoc 2.5.0
From source with checksum d0fda26633fa762bff87ec759ebe689c
This command was run using /home/admin/hadoop/share/hadoop/common/hadoop-common-2.7.2.jar
admin@poorvi-HP-Pavilion-dv4-Notebook-PC:~$ jps
4040 NodeManager
4410 Jps
3579 DataNode
3917 ResourceManager
3759 SecondaryNameNode
admin@poorvi-HP-Pavilion-dv4-Notebook-PC:~$
```

Approach

- Referred lesson 3 to load the dataset in HDFS
- Referred lesson 7 Hive to arrive at the below results detailed in following pages

Download dataset

Get the "Retail and food services sales" dataset from "Monthly retail trade report tab

Refer image below

```
admin@poorvi-HP-Pavilion-dv4-Notebook-PC:~/Documents/SimpliLearn/Python$ ls -l total 848
drwxrwxr-x 4 admin admin 4096 Oct 18 13:12 Books
drwxrwxr-x 3 admin admin 4096 Oct 14 14:40 Download
-rw-rw-r-- 1 admin admin 421376 Oct 12 21:58 mrtssales92-present.xls
drwxrwxr-x 5 admin admin 4096 Oct 24 12:07 Project
-rw-rw-r-- 1 admin admin 3260 Oct 14 14:33 Read_SheetName_Back.py
-rw-rw-r-- 1 admin admin 3094 Oct 20 15:23 Read_SheetName.py
-rw-rw-r-- 1 admin admin 421376 Oct 12 21:58 TestData.xls
-rw-rw-r-- 1 admin admin 3443 Oct 14 12:47 Test.py
admin@poorvi-HP-Pavilion-dv4-Notebook-PC:~/Documents/SimpliLearn/Python$
```

Conversion xls to csv files

For conversion linux gnumeric was used Note: I have renamed the mrtssales92-present.xls to Test Data.xls

ssconvert -S Test Data.xls Test Data.csv

ssconvert created one csv per sheet. Hence 0 to 23 csv files were created for each year 1992 to 2015.

Refer the image below

Cleaning csv files

Using sed command csv files were cleaned.

Listed all the commands for reference

```
sed -i '74,150d' *.csv.*
sed -i '56,58d' *.csv.*
sed -i '28,28d' *.csv.*
sed -i '6,11d' *.csv.*
sed -i '1.4d' *.csv.*
```

Additional step performed:

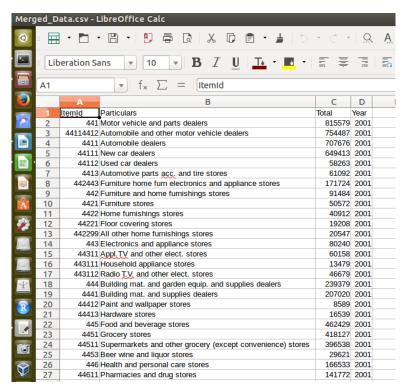
I was experience too many timeouts while loading the data to hive. Hence decided to merge the all the required files into one csv with year as new column.

- Upload the merged data csv file to cloudlab
- Create a generic table tran_generic

- Load the data to generic table
- load respective year data to specific tables to meet the project requirement.

These above steps helped me to speed up the processing. And also provided me an opportunity to enhance my python skills.

Sample Merged Data



To merge the files Read_SheetName.py was created

SimpliLearn/Python/Project/Data\$ python ../../Read_SheetName.py

Started Processing files..

Append Year To CSV Called...

Merging files started..

Merged Data.csv generated

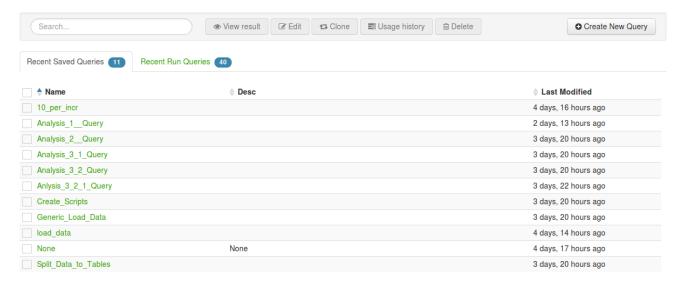
Upload this file to couldlab retril_proj folder.

CloudLab steps followed:

Created queries saved them in My Queries section. Please refer the below image



My Queries



Step1: Create_Scripts

Create all required tables cloudlab Hive Environment

```
create database if not exists jay_retail_proj;
use jay_retail_proj;
create table if not exists tran_generic(
  itemid int,
  description string,
  total double,
  year int)
  row format delimited
  fields terminated by ',';
create table if not exists tran_2000(
  itemid int,
  description string,
  total double,
  year int)
  row format delimited
  fields terminated by ',';
create table if not exists tran_2015(
  itemid int,
  description string,
  total double,
 vear int)
  row format delimited
  fields terminated by ',';
create table if not exists tran_2005(
  itemid int,
  description string,
  total double,
  year int)
  row format delimited
  fields terminated by ',';
```

```
create table if not exists tran_2006(
  itemid int,
  description string,
  total double,
  year int)
  row format delimited
  fields terminated by ',';

create table if not exists tran_2013(
  itemid int,
  description string,
  total double,
  year int)
  row format delimited
  fields terminated by ',';

show tables;
```

Query Editor: Create_Scripts

```
create database if not exists jay_retail_proj;

use jay_retail_proj;

create table if not exists tran_generic(
    itemid int,
    description string,
    total double,
    year int)

create table if not exists tran_2000(
    itemid int,
    description string,
    total double,
    year int)

row format delimited
    itemid int,
    description string,
    total double,
    year int)

row format delimited
    fields terminated by ',';

create table if not exists tran_2000(
    itemid int,
    description string,
    total double,
    year int)
    create table if not exists tran_2015(
    itemid int,
    description string,
    total double,
    year int)
    row format delimited
    fields terminated by ',';

Execute

Save Save as... Explain or create a New query
```

Step2: Generic_Load_Data

use jay_retail_proj;

load data inpath '/user/joy.tat_gmail/retail/Merged_Data.csv' overwrite into table tran_generic;

Query Editor : Generic_Load_Data

```
use jay_retail_proj;
load data inpath '/user/joy.tat_gmail/retail/Merged_Data.csv' overwrite into table tran_generic;
4
```

Step3: Split_Data_to_Tables

This steps loads data from tran_generic table to respective tables.

Query Editor: Split Data to Tables

```
use jay_retail_proj;

INSERT OVERWRITE table tran_2015 select itemid, description,total, year FROM tran_generic where year = 2015;

INSERT OVERWRITE table tran_2000 select itemid, description,total, year FROM tran_generic where year = 2000;

INSERT OVERWRITE table tran_2005 select itemid, description,total, year FROM tran_generic where year = 2005;

INSERT OVERWRITE table tran_2006 select itemid, description,total, year FROM tran_generic where year = 2006;

INSERT OVERWRITE table tran_2013 select itemid, description,total, year FROM tran_generic where year = 2013;
```

Analysis 1:

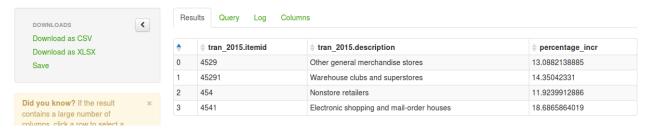
- Analyze the entire data set and arrive at products that have experienced a consolidated yearly growth of 10% or more in sales since 2000
- We have data for period 2000 to 2015
- Input the data in HDFS
- use Hive to arrive at the conclusions
- The total growth % for 15 years will be
 - ((Total 2015-Total 200)/Total 2000)*100 as percentage decrease
 - and yearly growth will be
 - percentage decrease / 15
- We want to find yearly growth over 10% or more in sales since year 2000

Query Editor : Analysis_1__Query

```
use jay_retail_proj;

SELECT tran 2015.itemid, tran 2015.description,
{ (((tran 2015.total - tran 2000.total)/ tran 2000.total)*100)/15 as percentage_incr
FROM tran 2015
LEFT JOIN tran 2000 on tran 2015.itemid = tran 2000.itemid
WHERE ((((tran 2015.total - tran 2000.total)/ tran 2000.total)*100)/15) >= 10;
```

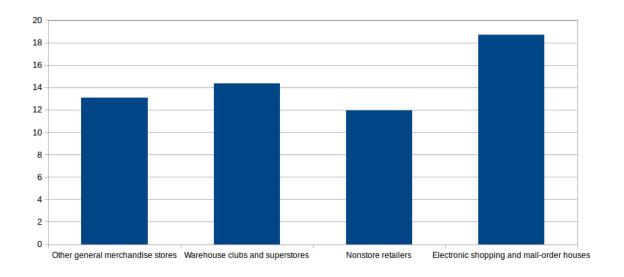
Query Results: Analysis_1_ Query



Conclusion Analysis 1:

tran_2015.description percentage_incr
Other general merchandise stores 13.0882138885
Warehouse clubs and superstores 14.35042331
Nonstore retailers 11.9239912886
Electronic shopping and mail-order houses 18.6865864019

Chart Analysis 1



Analysis 2:

- Analyze the entire data set and arrive at products that have experienced a consolidated yearly drop of 5% or less since 2000
- We have data for period 2000 to 2015
- Input the data in HDFS
- · use Hive to arrive at the conclusions
- The total growth % for 15 years will be
 - ((Total 2015-Total 200)/Total 2000)*100 as precentage decrease
 - and yearly growth will be
 - precentage decrease / 5
- We want to find yearly drop of 5% or less in sales since year 2000

Query Editor : Analysis_2__Query

```
use jay_retail_proj;

SELECT tran 2015.itemid, tran 2015.description,
(((tran 2015.total - tran 2000.total)/ tran 2000.total)*100)/15 as percentage_decrease
FROM tran 2015
LEFT JOIN tran 2000 ON tran 2000.description = tran 2015.description
WHERE ((((tran 2015.total - tran 2000.total)/ tran 2000.total)*100)/15) <= -5;</pre>
```

Conclusion Analysis 2:

Query Results: Analysis_2__Query



No products have experienced a consolidated yearly drop of 5% since year 2000

Analysis 3.1:

- Arrive at products that have experienced a growth of 10% or more in sales from 2000 to 2005
- We have data for period 2000 to 2005
- · use Hive to arrive at the conclusions
- The total growth % for 5 years will be
 - ((Total 2005-Total 200)/Total 2000)*100 as percentage incr
 - and yearly growth will be
 - percentage incr / 5
- We want to find yearly growth of 5% or less in sales since year 2000

Query Editor : Analysis_3_1_Query

```
use jay_retail_proj;

SELECT tran 2005.itemid, tran 2005.description,
(((tran 2005.total - tran_2000.total)/ tran_2000.total)*100)/5 as percentage_incr
FROM tran 2005
LEFT JOIN tran 2000 on tran 2000.itemid = tran 2005.itemid
Where ((((tran_2005.total - tran_2000.total)/ tran_2000.total)*100)/5) >= 10;
```

Conclusion Analysis 3.1:

Query Results: Analysis 3 1 Query

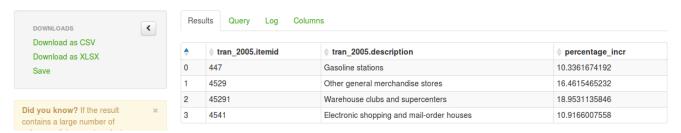
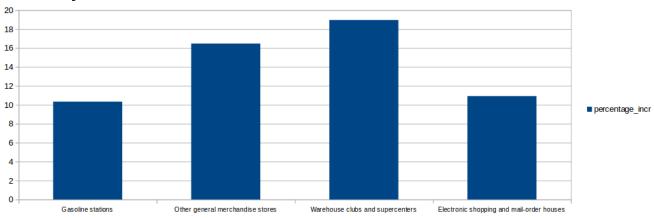


Chart Analysis 3.1:



Analysis 3.2:

- Arrive at products that have experienced a drop of at least 2% in sales from 2006 to 2013
- We have data for period 2006 to 2013
- · use Hive to arrive at the conclusions
- The total drop % for 5 years will be
 - ((Total 2013-Total 2006)/Total 2006)*100 as percentage decrease
 - and yearly drop will be
 - percentage decrease / 8
- We want to find yearly drop of 2% or less in sales since year 2006 to 2013

Query Editor : Anlysis_3_2_1_Query

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```
use jay_retail_proj;

SELECT tran 2013.itemid, tran 2013.description,
max(((tran_2013.total - tran_2006.total)/ tran_2006.total)*100)/8) as percentage_descrease
FROM tran 2013

JOIN tran_2006 ON tran_2013.itemid = tran_2006.itemid
Group by Tran 2013.itemid, tran 2013.description
HAVING percentage_descrease <=-2;</pre>
```

Conclusion Analysis 3.2:

Query Results: Anlysis_3_2_1_Query

DOWNLOADS Download as CSV Download as XLSX Save	<
Did you know? If the result contains a large number of columns, click a row to select a column to jump to. As you type into the field, a drop-down list displays column names that match the string.	×

Results Query Log Columns				
.	tran_2013.itemid		percentage_descrease	
0	4521	Department stores (excl.L.D)	-2.51935211466	
1	4532	Office supplies stationery and gift stores	-2.50877936546	
2	44221	Floor covering stores(2)	-3.45566640753	
3	45321	Office supplies and stationery stores	-3.37074337371	
4	451211	Book stores	-4.03242431382	
5	452111	Department stores(excl. discount department stores)	-3.06378195948	
6	452112	Discount dept. stores	-2.19030844962	

Chart Analysis 3.2:

