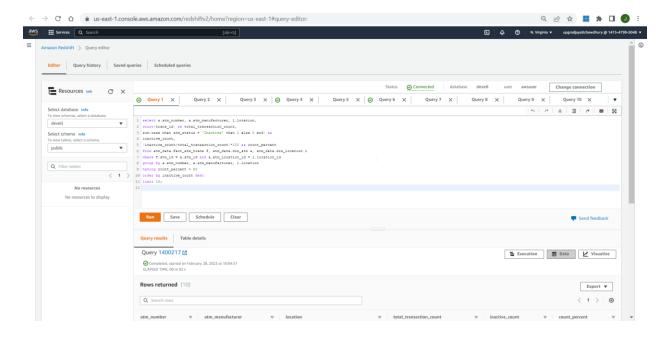
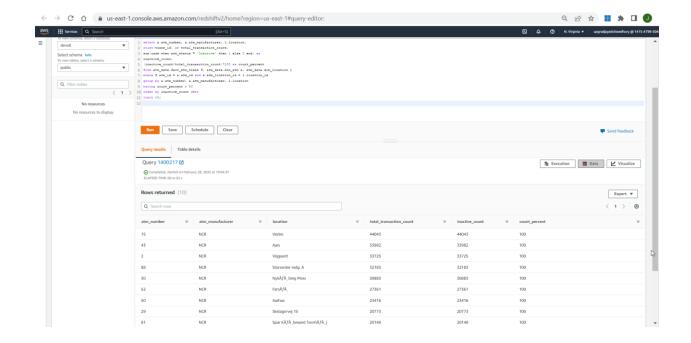
## Solving analytical queries on Redshift Cluster

Here, you have to write the query used for solving the question and the screenshots of the table which is outputted after the query is run on the AWS Redshift Query editor UI.

#### 1. Top 10 ATMs where most transactions are in the 'inactive' state

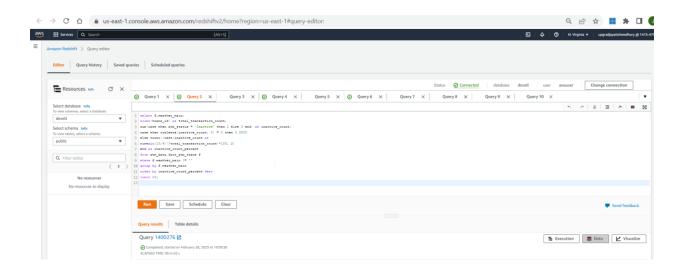
select a.atm\_number, a.atm\_manufacturer, l.location, count(trans\_id) as total\_transaction\_count, sum(case when atm\_status = 'Inactive' then 1 else 0 end) as inactive\_count, (inactive\_count/total\_transaction\_count)\*100 as count\_percent from atm\_data.fact\_atm\_trans f, atm\_data.dim\_atm a, atm\_data.dim\_location I where f.atm\_id = a.atm\_id and a.atm\_location\_id = l.location\_id group by a.atm\_number, a.atm\_manufacturer, l.location having count\_percent > 50 order by inactive\_count desc limit 10;

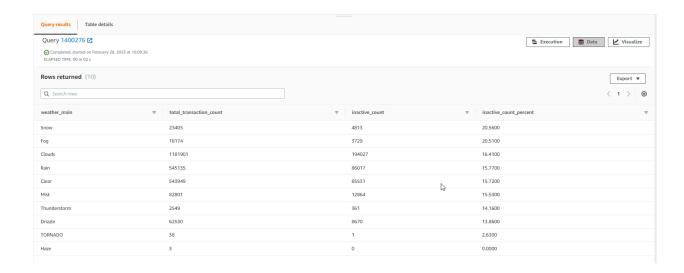




# 2. Number of ATM failures corresponding to the different weather conditions recorded at the time of the transactions

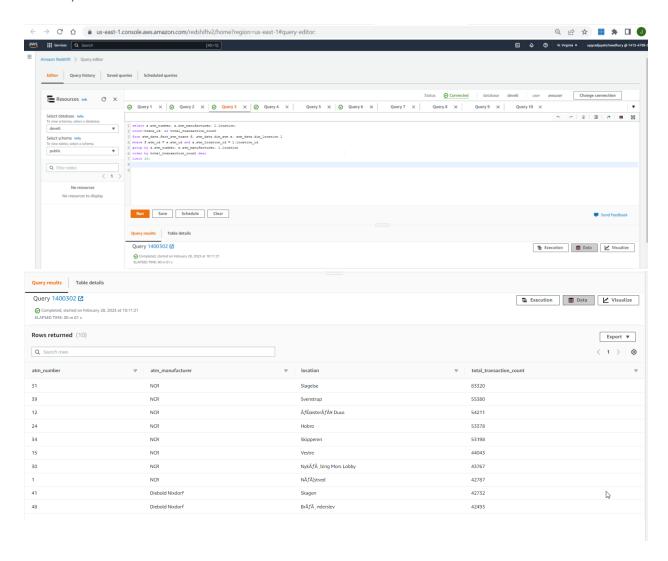
select f.weather\_main,
count(trans\_id) as total\_transaction\_count,
sum(case when atm\_status = 'Inactive' then 1 else 0 end) as inactive\_count,
case when coalesce(inactive\_count, 0) = 0 then 0.0000
else trunc((cast(inactive\_count as
numeric(10,4))/total\_transaction\_count)\*100, 2)
end as inactive\_count\_percent
from atm\_data.fact\_atm\_trans f
where f.weather\_main != "
group by f.weather\_main
order by inactive\_count\_percent desc
limit 10;





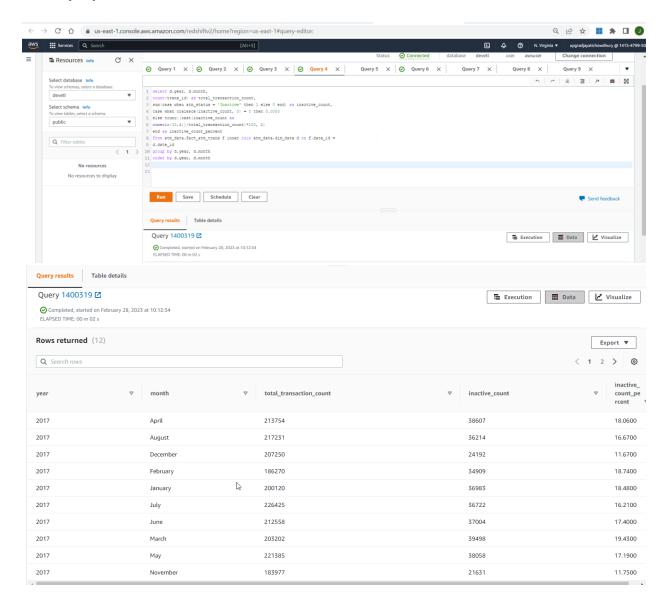
### 3. Top 10 ATMs with the most number of transactions throughout the year

select a.atm\_number, a.atm\_manufacturer, l.location, count(trans\_id) as total\_transaction\_count from atm\_data.fact\_atm\_trans f, atm\_data.dim\_atm a, atm\_data.dim\_location l where f.atm\_id = a.atm\_id and a.atm\_location\_id = l.location\_id group by a.atm\_number, a.atm\_manufacturer, l.location order by total\_transaction\_count desc limit 10;



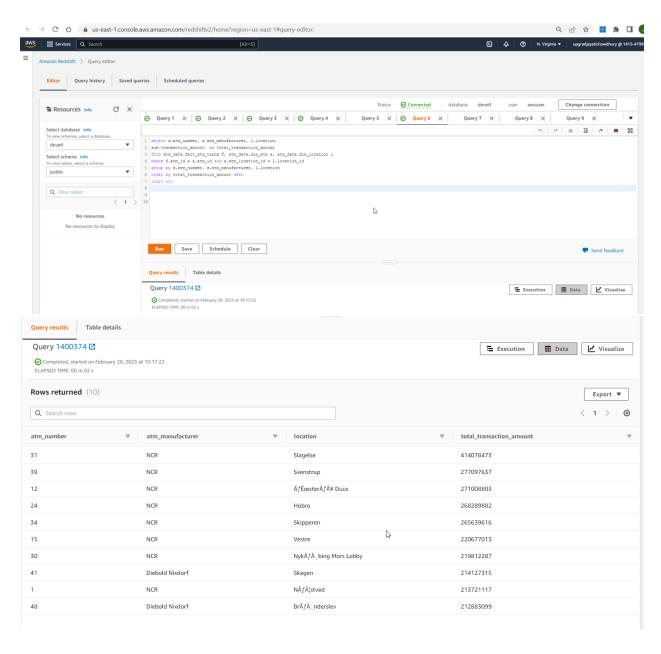
#### 4. Number of overall ATM transactions going inactive per month for each month

select d.year, d.month,
count(trans\_id) as total\_transaction\_count,
sum(case when atm\_status = 'Inactive' then 1 else 0 end) as inactive\_count,
case when coalesce(inactive\_count, 0) = 0 then 0.0000
else trunc((cast(inactive\_count as
numeric(10,4))/total\_transaction\_count)\*100, 2)
end as inactive\_count\_percent
from atm\_data.fact\_atm\_trans f inner join atm\_data.dim\_date d on f.date\_id
group by d.year, d.month
order by d.year, d.month



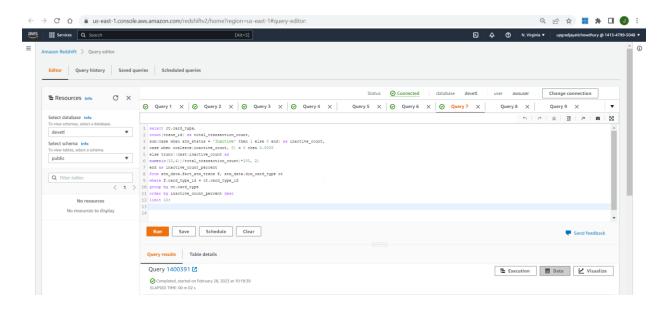
#### 5. Top 10 ATMs with the highest total withdrawn amount throughout the year

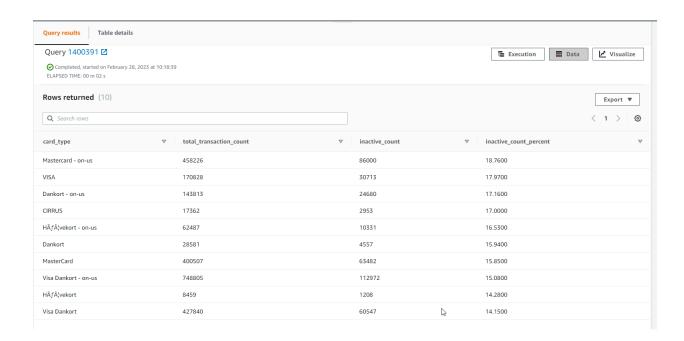
select a.atm\_number, a.atm\_manufacturer, l.location, sum(transaction\_amount) as total\_transaction\_amount from atm\_data.fact\_atm\_trans f, atm\_data.dim\_atm a, atm\_data.dim\_location l where f.atm\_id = a.atm\_id and a.atm\_location\_id = l.location\_id group by a.atm\_number, a.atm\_manufacturer, l.location order by total\_transaction\_amount desc limit 10;



#### 6. Number of failed ATM transactions across various card types

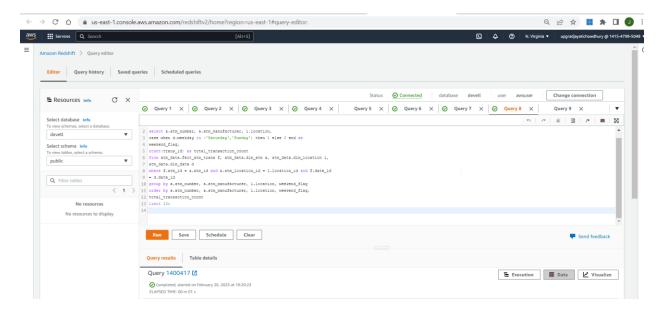
select ct.card\_type,
count(trans\_id) as total\_transaction\_count,
sum(case when atm\_status = 'Inactive' then 1 else 0 end) as inactive\_count,
case when coalesce(inactive\_count, 0) = 0 then 0.0000
else trunc((cast(inactive\_count as
numeric(10,4))/total\_transaction\_count)\*100, 2)
end as inactive\_count\_percent
from atm\_data.fact\_atm\_trans f, atm\_data.dim\_card\_type ct
where f.card\_type\_id = ct.card\_type\_id
group by ct.card\_type
order by inactive\_count\_percent desc
limit 10;

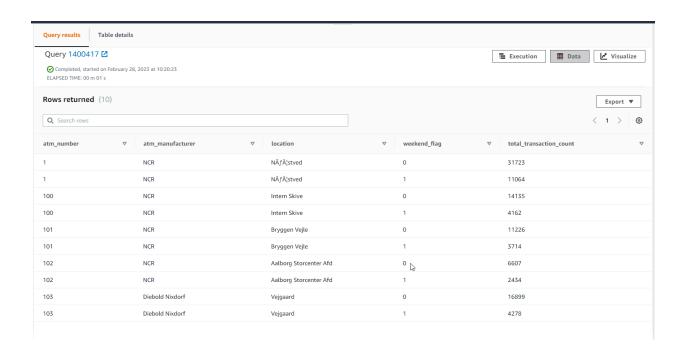




7. Number of transactions happening on an ATM on weekdays and on weekends throughout the year. Order this by the ATM\_number, ATM\_manufacturer, location, weekend\_flag and then total\_transaction\_count

select a.atm\_number, a.atm\_manufacturer, l.location, case when d.weekday in ('Saturday','Sunday') then 1 else 0 end as weekend\_flag, count(trans\_id) as total\_transaction\_count from atm\_data.fact\_atm\_trans f, atm\_data.dim\_atm a, atm\_data.dim\_location l, atm\_data.dim\_date d where f.atm\_id = a.atm\_id and a.atm\_location\_id = l.location\_id and f.date\_id = d.date\_id group by a.atm\_number, a.atm\_manufacturer, l.location, weekend\_flag order by a.atm\_number, a.atm\_manufacturer, l.location, weekend\_flag, total\_transaction\_count limit 10;





#### 8. Most active day in each ATMs from location "Vejgaard"

select a.atm number, a.atm manufacturer, l.location, d.weekday, count(trans\_id) as total\_transaction\_count from atm\_data.fact\_atm\_trans f inner join atm\_data.dim\_atm a on f.atm\_id = a.atm id inner join atm\_data.dim\_location I on a.atm\_location\_id = I.location\_id inner join atm data.dim date d on f.date id = d.date id where I.location = 'Vejgaard' and d.weekday in ( select d.weekday from atm data.fact atm trans f inner join atm data.dim date d on f.date\_id = d.date\_id inner join atm\_data.dim\_location I on f.weather\_loc\_id = I.location\_id where I.location = 'Vejgaard' group by d.weekday order by count(f.trans\_id) desc limit 1) group by a.atm\_number, a.atm\_manufacturer, l.location, d.weekday order by total\_transaction\_count;

