1

Math Document Template

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Abstract—This is a simple document explaining how to get the area of a parallelogram with the given adjacent sides that are vectors.

Download all and latex-tikz codes from

svn co https://github.com/gadepall/school/trunk/ncert/geometry/figs

1 Problem

Find the area of a parallelogram whose adjacent sides are given by the vectors $(3\ 1\ 4)^T$ and $(1\ -1\ 1)^T$

2 Construction

2.1. The figure for the parallelogram obtained in the question looks like Fig. 2.1. with with vectors **a** and **b**.

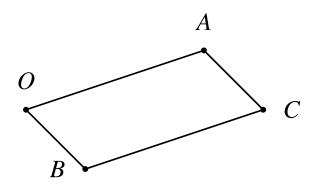


Fig. 2.1: Parallelogram by Latex-Tikz

- 2.2. List the design parameters for construction **Solution:** See Table. 2.2.
- 2.3. Find the various values in Fig. 2.1 **Solution:** From the given information,

$$\mathbf{a} = \begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ 1 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix} \tag{2.3.1}$$

$$\mathbf{b} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}, \tag{2.3.2}$$

| Parameters | Values |
|-----------------|--|
| OA (a) | $\begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ 1 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix}$ |
| OB (b) | $\begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$ |

TABLE 2.2: To construct the Parallelogram OACB

The vector **a** can also be written as:

$$\mathbf{a} = 3\hat{\mathbf{i}} + \hat{\mathbf{j}} + 4\hat{\mathbf{k}} ,$$

And the vector **b** can also be written as:

$$\mathbf{b} = \hat{\mathbf{i}} - \hat{\mathbf{j}} + \hat{\mathbf{k}}$$

The values are listed in Table. 2.4

2.4. List the derived values.

Solution: See Table. 2.4

2.5. Draw Fig. 2.1.

Solution: The following Python code generates Fig. 2.5

The following Python code verifies the cross-product value.

and the equivalent latex-tikz code generating Fig. 2.1 is

figs/parallelo.tex

3 Solution

The area of a parallelogram can be defined as: $Area = |\mathbf{a} \times \mathbf{b}|$

$$\mathbf{a} \times \mathbf{b} = \begin{vmatrix} \hat{\mathbf{i}} & \hat{\mathbf{j}} & \hat{\mathbf{k}} \\ 3 & 1 & 4 \\ 1 & -1 & 1 \end{vmatrix}$$
 (5.1)

| Derived Values. | |
|-----------------|--|
| О | $\begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$ |
| A | $\begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ 1 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix}$ |
| В | $\begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$ |
| С | $\begin{pmatrix} 4 \\ 0 \\ 5 \end{pmatrix}$ |

TABLE 2.4: To get the vertices of the Parallelogram *OACB*

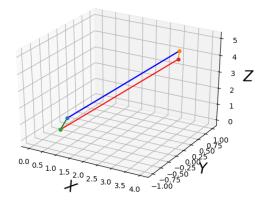


Fig. 2.5: Parallelogram generated using python 3D-plot

So,
$$\mathbf{a} \times \mathbf{b} = 5\hat{\imath} + \hat{\jmath} - 4\hat{k}$$
.

Now,
$$|\mathbf{a} \times \mathbf{b}| = \sqrt{5^2 + 1^2 + (-1)^2}$$

or, $|\mathbf{a} \times \mathbf{b}| = \sqrt{27}$
or, $Area = \sqrt{27}$

Hence, the area of the parallelogram in the above problem statement is $\sqrt{27}$.

The cross-product can also be calculated as:

 $\mathbf{a} \times \mathbf{b} = [\mathbf{a}]_x \mathbf{b}$ where $[\mathbf{a}]_x = \mathbf{a} \times \hat{\mathbf{e}}$ and $\hat{\mathbf{e}}$ is the unit vector.

If **a** can be expressed as:

$$\mathbf{a} = \begin{pmatrix} a_1 \\ a_2 \\ a_3 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ 1 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix} \tag{5.2}$$

and

$$\mathbf{b} = \begin{pmatrix} b_1 \\ b_2 \\ b_3 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} \tag{5.3}$$

Then $[\mathbf{a}]_x$ can be expressed as: $[\mathbf{a}]_x = [\mathbf{a} \times \hat{\mathbf{i}} \quad \mathbf{a} \times \hat{\mathbf{j}} \quad \mathbf{a} \times \hat{\mathbf{k}}]$

or,
$$[\mathbf{a}]_x = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & -a_3 & a_2 \\ a_3 & 0 & -a_1 \\ -a_2 & a_1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & -4 & 1 \\ 4 & 0 & -3 \\ -1 & 3 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$
 (5.4)

So, the $[\mathbf{a}]_x \mathbf{b}$ can be calculated as:

$$[\mathbf{a}]_{x}\mathbf{b} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & -4 & 1 \\ 4 & 0 & -3 \\ -1 & 3 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 5 \\ 1 \\ -4 \end{pmatrix}$$
 (5.5)

or,
$$[\mathbf{a}]_x \mathbf{b} = 5\hat{\mathbf{i}} + \hat{\mathbf{j}} - 4\hat{\mathbf{k}}$$
.
Now, $|[\mathbf{a}]_x \mathbf{b}| = \sqrt{5^2 + 1^2 + (-1)^2}$
or, $|[\mathbf{a}]_x \mathbf{b}| = \sqrt{27}$
or, $Area = |\mathbf{a} \times \mathbf{b}| = |[\mathbf{a}]_x \mathbf{b}| = \sqrt{27}$

Hence, the area of the parallelogram in the above problem statement is $\sqrt{27}$.