

with(plots) :

#Calculations

$$Inveps := 1 - \frac{es - 1}{es + 1} \cdot \exp(-2 \cdot h \cdot k);$$

$$Inveps := 1 - \frac{(es - 1) e^{-2 h k}}{es + 1} \quad (1)$$

$$K := \frac{2 \cdot \text{Pi} \cdot n0}{v^2 - \text{alpha}};$$

$$K := \frac{2 \pi n0}{v^2 - \alpha} \quad (2)$$

$$L := \frac{2 \cdot \text{Pi} \cdot n0}{\text{alpha}};$$

$$L := \frac{2 \pi n0}{\alpha} \quad (3)$$

assume(KK > 0);

assume(hh > 0) :

assume(ees > 1);

$$\text{solve}\left(1 - \frac{ees - 1}{ees + 1} \cdot \exp(-2 \cdot hh \cdot k) - \frac{k}{KK}, k\right);$$

$$\frac{2 KK \sim hh \sim + \text{LambertW}\left(-\frac{2 KK \sim hh \sim (ees \sim - 1) e^{-2 KK \sim hh \sim}}{ees \sim + 1}\right)}{2 hh \sim} \quad (4)$$

$$kc := \frac{2 \cdot K \cdot h + \text{LambertW}\left(-\frac{2 \cdot K \cdot h \cdot (es - 1) \cdot e^{-2 \cdot K \cdot h}}{es + 1}\right)}{2 \cdot h};$$

$$kc := \frac{\frac{4 \pi n0 h}{v^2 - \alpha} + \text{LambertW}\left(-\frac{4 \pi n0 h (es - 1) e^{-\frac{4 \pi n0 h}{v^2 - \alpha}}}{(v^2 - \alpha) (es + 1)}\right)}{2 h} \quad (5)$$

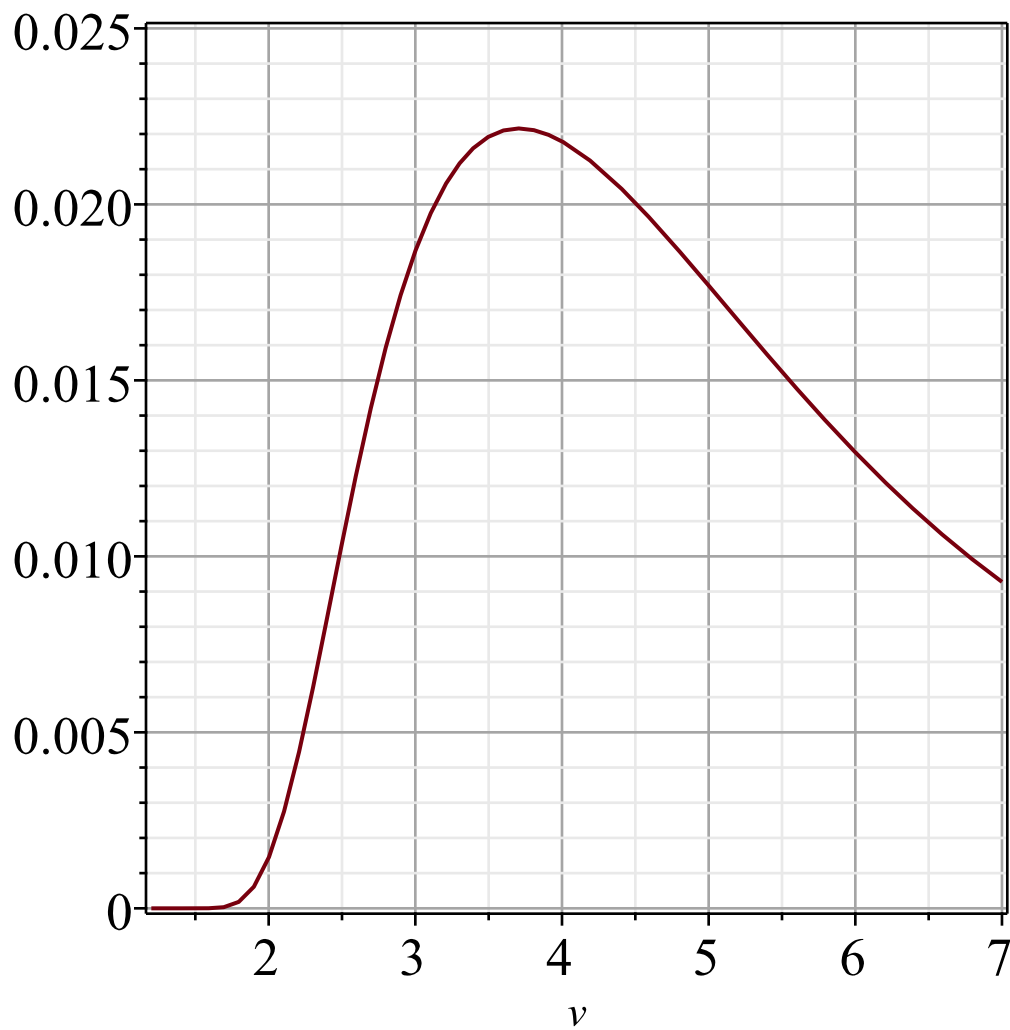
$$Fs := K \cdot \text{sqrt}\left(1 - \frac{\text{alpha}}{v^2}\right) \cdot \text{Heaviside}(v - \text{sqrt}(\text{alpha})) \cdot \text{Int}\left(Inveps^2 \cdot \exp(-2 \cdot k \cdot z0)\right. \\ \left. \cdot \text{sqrt}\left(\frac{k}{k - K \cdot Inveps}\right), k = kc \dots \text{infinity}\right);$$

$$Fs := \frac{1}{v^2 - \alpha} \left(2 \pi n0 \sqrt{1 - \frac{\alpha}{v^2}} \operatorname{Heaviside}(v - \sqrt{\alpha}) \right. \\ \left. \int_0^\infty \left(1 - \frac{\frac{4 \pi n0 h}{v^2 - \alpha} + \operatorname{LambertW}\left(-\frac{4 \pi n0 h (es - 1) e^{-\frac{4 \pi n0 h}{v^2 - \alpha}}}{(v^2 - \alpha)(es + 1)}\right)}{2 h} \right. \right. \\ \left. \left. - \frac{(es - 1) e^{-2 h k}}{es + 1} \right)^2 e^{-2 k z0} \sqrt{\frac{k}{-\frac{2 \left(1 - \frac{(es - 1) e^{-2 h k}}{es + 1}\right) \pi n0}{v^2 - \alpha} + k}} dk \right) \quad (6)$$

$$\operatorname{evalf}(\operatorname{subs}(v = 4, z0 = 3, es = 3.9, h = 0.1, \alpha = \operatorname{Pi} \cdot n0, n0 = 0.428, Fs)); \\ 0.005753723325 \quad (7)$$

$$vthr := \operatorname{evalf}(\operatorname{sqrt}(\operatorname{Pi} \cdot 0.428)); \\ vthr := 1.159569599 \quad (8)$$

$$\operatorname{plot}(\operatorname{subs}(z0 = 3, es = 3.9, h = 10, \alpha = \operatorname{Pi} \cdot n0, n0 = 0.428, Fs), v = 1.2 .. 7, 0 .. 0.025, \operatorname{axes} = \operatorname{boxed}, \\ \operatorname{numpoints} = 30);$$



$$Fup := \frac{1}{4 \cdot (z0 + h)^2} \cdot \frac{es - 1}{es + 1} + \text{Heaviside}(v - \text{sqrt}(\alpha)) \\ \cdot \text{Int} \left(\frac{k \cdot \text{Inveps}^2 \cdot \exp(-2 \cdot k \cdot z0)}{\text{sqrt} \left(\text{Inveps} - \frac{k}{K} \right) \cdot \text{sqrt} \left(\text{Inveps} + \frac{k}{L} \right)}, k = 0 .. kc \right);$$

$$Fup := \frac{es - 1}{4 (z0 + h)^2 (es + 1)} + \text{Heaviside}(v - \sqrt{\alpha})$$

(9)

$$\left[\frac{\frac{4 \pi n0 h}{v^2 - \alpha} + \text{LambertW}\left(-\frac{4 \pi n0 h (es - 1) e^{-\frac{4 \pi n0 h}{v^2 - \alpha}}}{(v^2 - \alpha) (es + 1)}\right)}{2 h} \right]_0^{\infty} \left[\frac{4 k \left(1 - \frac{(es - 1) e^{-2 h k}}{es + 1}\right)^2 e^{-2 k z0}}{\sqrt{4 - \frac{4 (es - 1) e^{-2 h k}}{es + 1} - \frac{2 k (v^2 - \alpha)}{\pi n0}} \sqrt{4 - \frac{4 (es - 1) e^{-2 h k}}{es + 1} + \frac{2 k \alpha}{\pi n0}}} dk \right]$$

`evalf(subs(v=4, z0=3, es=3.9, h=0.1, alpha=Pi*n0, n0=0.428, Fup));`

`0.01759576092`

(10)

`pup := plot(subs(z0=3, es=3.9, h=10, alpha=Pi*n0, n0=0.428, Fup), v=1.2..7, axes=boxed, numpoints=20):`

`Flow := \frac{1}{4 \cdot (z0 + h)^2} \cdot \frac{es - 1}{es + 1} + \text{Heaviside}(-v + \text{sqrt}(\alpha))`
`\cdot \text{Int}\left(\frac{k \cdot \text{Inveps}^2 \cdot \exp(-2 \cdot k \cdot z0)}{\text{sqrt}\left(\text{Inveps} - \frac{k}{K}\right) \cdot \text{sqrt}\left(\text{Inveps} + \frac{k}{L}\right)}, k=0.. \text{infinity}\right);`

$$\text{Flow} := \frac{es - 1}{4 (z0 + h)^2 (es + 1)} + \text{Heaviside}(-v + \sqrt{\alpha}) \left[\int_0^{\infty} \frac{4 k \left(1 - \frac{(es - 1) e^{-2 h k}}{es + 1}\right)^2 e^{-2 k z0}}{\sqrt{4 - \frac{4 (es - 1) e^{-2 h k}}{es + 1} - \frac{2 k (v^2 - \alpha)}{\pi n0}} \sqrt{4 - \frac{4 (es - 1) e^{-2 h k}}{es + 1} + \frac{2 k \alpha}{\pi n0}}} dk \right]$$

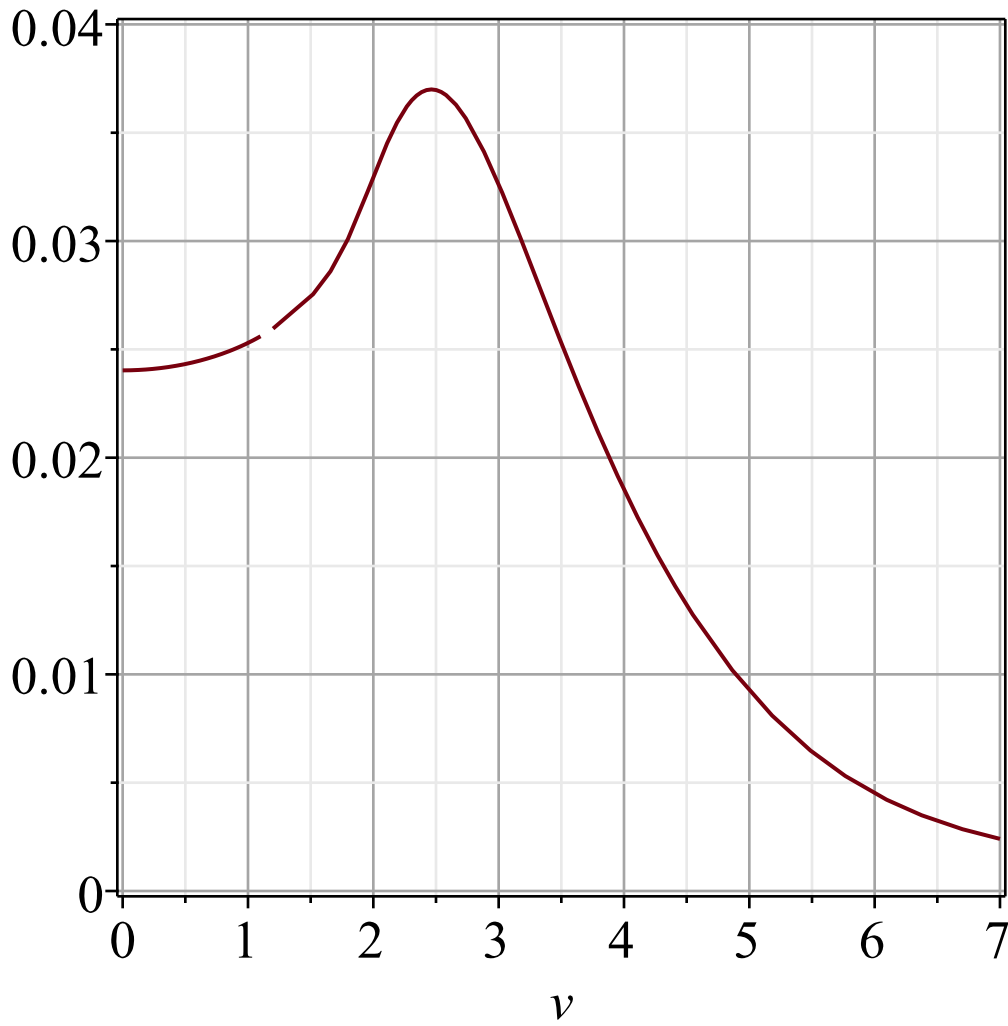
`evalf(subs(v=0, z0=3, es=3.9, h=0.1, alpha=Pi*n0, n0=0.428, Flow));`

`0.02465049890`

(12)

`plo := plot(subs(z0=3, es=3.9, h=10, alpha=Pi*n0, n0=0.428, Flow), v=0..1.1, axes=boxed, numpoints=10):`

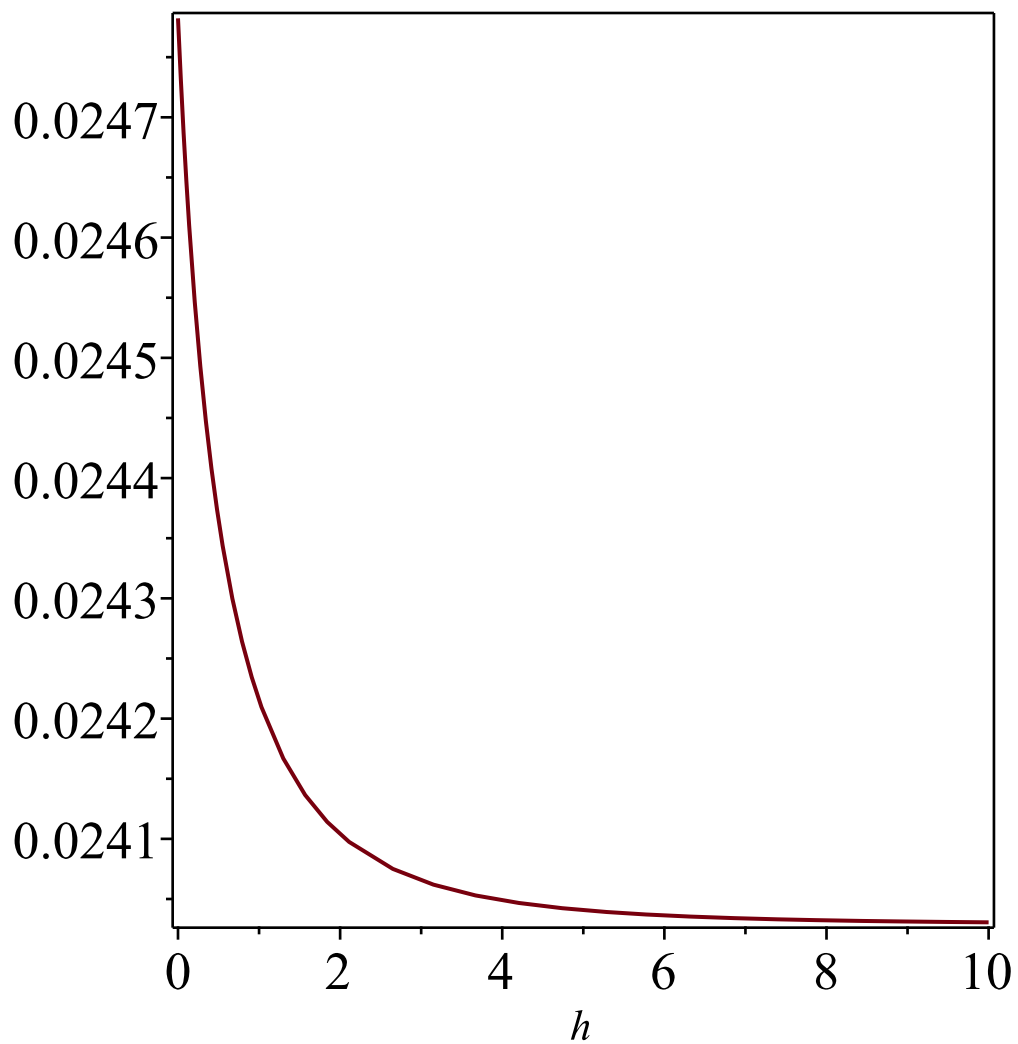
`plots[display]({pup, plo}, axes=boxed, view=[0..7, 0..0.04]);`



$$Fimstat := \text{Int} \left(k \cdot \exp(-2 \cdot k \cdot z0) \cdot \left(\frac{1}{\frac{1}{1 - \frac{es-1}{es+1} \cdot \exp(-2 \cdot h \cdot k)} + \frac{L}{k}} - 1 \right), k=0 \dots \text{infinity} \right);$$

$$Fimstat := \int_0^{\infty} k e^{-2 k z0} \left(\frac{1}{\frac{1}{1 - \frac{(es-1) e^{-2 h k}}{es+1}} + \frac{2 \pi n0}{\alpha k}} - 1 \right) dk \quad (13)$$

`plot(subs(z0=3, es=3.9, alpha=Pi*n0, n0=0.428, -Fimstat), h=0..10, axes=boxed, numpoints=20);`



$$\text{evalf}\left(\text{subs}\left(z0=3, es=3.9, h=0.1, \text{alpha}=\text{Pi}\cdot n0, n0=0.428, \frac{es-1}{4(z0+h)^2(es+1)}\right)\right);$$

0.01539637707

(14)