# Lab:1

Aim: Practice basic program of Prolog and try different goals.

**Task1:** Write a prolog program for the following facts.

- Colour of b1 is red
- Colour of b2 is blue
- Colour of b3 is yellow
- Shape of b1 is square
- Shape of b2 is circle
- Shape of b3 is square
- Size of b1 is small
- Size of b2 is small
- Size of b3 is large

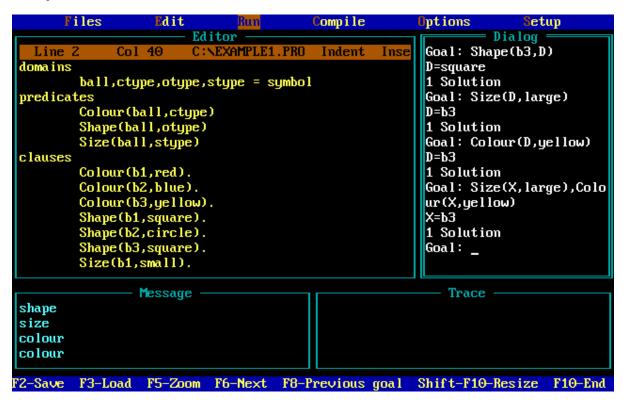
What will be the outcome of each of the following queries?

- What is the shape of b3?
- Which component is having large size and yellow colour?

# Code:

```
domains
     ball,ctype,otype,stype = symbol
predicates
     Colour(ball,ctype)
     Shape(ball,otype)
     Size(ball, stype)
clauses
     Colour(b1,red).
     Colour(b2,blue).
     Colour(b3,yellow).
     Shape(b1,square).
     Shape(b2,circle).
     Shape(b3,square).
     Size(b1,small).
     Size(b2,small).
     Size(b3,large).
```

# **Output:**



```
Task 2: The following queries yield the specified answers
| ?- likes(mary,food).

yes.
| ?- likes(john,wine).

yes.
| ?- likes(john,food).

no.

How can you answer following questions?

1. John likes anything that Mary likes

2. John likes anyone who likes wine

Code:

domains

name, name2 = symbol
```

predicates

clauses

likes(name,name2)

likes(name,name)

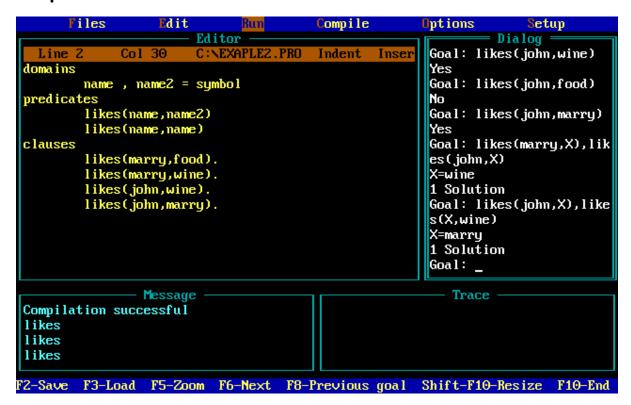
likes(marry,food).

likes(marry, wine).

likes(john,wine).

likes(john,marry).

#### **Output:**



```
Task 3: Here are some simple clauses.
has(jack,apples).
has(ann,plums).
has(dan,money).
fruit(apples).
fruit(plums).
How can you answer following questions?
1. what Jack has?
2. Does Jack have something?
3. Who has apples and Who has plums?
4. Does someone have apples and plums?
5. Has Dan fruits?
Code:
     domains
          name, f =symbol
     predicates
          has(name,f)
          fruit(f)
     clauses
          has(jack,apples).
          has(ann,plums).
          has(dan,money).
          fruit(apples).
```

fruit(plums).

# **Output:**

