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TENSORFLOW EXAMPLE: CONVOLUTIONAL NEURAL NETWORK
In [1]: import numpy as np
        import tensorflow as tf
        import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
In [2]: # Read in data
        from tensorflow.examples.tutorials.mnist import input_data
        mnist = input_data.read_data_sets('MNIST_data', one_hot=True)
        Extracting MNIST_data\train-images-idx3-ubyte.gz
        Extracting MNIST_data\train-labels-idx1-ubyte.gz
        Extracting MNIST_data\t10k-images-idx3-ubyte.gz
        Extracting MNIST_data\t10k-labels-idx1-ubyte.gz
In [3]: def TRAIN SIZE(num):
            print ('Total Training Images in Dataset = ' + str(mnist.train.images.shape))
            print ('-----')
            x_train = mnist.train.images[:num,:]
print ('x_train Examples Loaded = ' + str(x_train.shape))
            y_train = mnist.train.labels[:num,:]
            print ('y_train Examples Loaded = ' + str(y_train.shape))
print('')
            return x_train, y_train
        def TEST_SIZE(num):
            print ('Total Test Examples in Dataset = ' + str(mnist.test.images.shape))
            print ('----')
            x_test = mnist.test.images[:num,:]
            print ('x_test Examples Loaded = ' + str(x_test.shape))
            y_test = mnist.test.labels[:num,:]
print ('y_test Examples Loaded = ' + str(y_test.shape))
            return x_test, y_test
        def display_train_digit(num):
            print(Y_train[num])
            label = Y_train[num].argmax(axis=0)
            image = X_train[num].reshape([28,28])
            plt.title('TRAINING Example: %d Label: %d' % (num, label))
            plt.imshow(image, cmap=plt.get_cmap('gray_r'))
            plt.show()
        def display_test_digit(num):
            print(Y test[num])
            label = Y_test[num].argmax(axis=0)
            image = X_test[num].reshape([28,28])
            plt.title('TESTING Example: %d Label: %d' % (num, label))
            plt.imshow(image, cmap=plt.get_cmap('gray_r'))
            plt.show()
        X_train, Y_train = TRAIN_SIZE(5500)
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In [4]: # Establish the training dataset and the testing dataset
        X_test, Y_test = TEST_SIZE(1000)
        Total Training Images in Dataset = (55000, 784)
        x_train Examples Loaded = (5500, 784)
        y_train Examples Loaded = (5500, 10)
        Total Test Examples in Dataset = (10000, 784)
        x_test Examples Loaded = (1000, 784)
        y_test Examples Loaded = (1000, 10)
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In [5]: # input X and target ouput y
        X = tf.placeholder(tf.float32, [None, 784])
        y = tf.placeholder(tf.float32, [None, 10])
        # the model
        # Input layer : note that MNIST data has grayscale images, i.e. single channel
        input_layer = tf.reshape(X/255, [-1, 28, 28, 1])
        # Convolutional layer #1 : will produce [batch size, 28, 28, 4] because of "same"
        conv1 = tf.layers.conv2d(
            inputs=input_layer,
            filters=4,
            kernel_size=[5,5],
            padding="same",
            activation=tf.nn.relu)
        # Pooling Layer #1 : will produce [batch size, 14, 14, 4]
        pool1 = tf.layers.max_pooling2d(
             inputs=conv1,
             pool_size=[2,2],
             strides=2)
        # Convolutional layer #2 : will produce [batch size, 14, 14, 8] because of "same"
        conv2 = tf.layers.conv2d(
            inputs=pool1,
            filters=8,
            kernel_size=[5,5],
            padding="same",
            activation=tf.nn.relu)
        # Pooling Layer #2 : will produce [batch size, 7, 7, 8]
        pool2 = tf.layers.max_pooling2d(
            inputs=conv2,
             pool_size=[2,2],
             strides=2)
        # Dense layer : [batch size, 10]
        pool2_flat = tf.reshape(pool2, [-1, 7*7*8])
        probabilities = tf.layers.dense(inputs=pool2_flat, activation=tf.nn.softmax, units=10)
        # for training: loss and trainer
        loss = tf.losses.softmax_cross_entropy(y, probabilities)
        train_step = tf.train.GradientDescentOptimizer(0.01).minimize(loss)
        # for testing: accuracy
        predictions = tf.argmax(probabilities, axis=1)
        correct_prediction = tf.equal(predictions, tf.argmax(y, axis=1))
        accuracy = tf.reduce_mean(tf.cast(correct_prediction, tf.float32))
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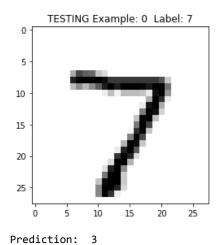
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In [6]: # Launch the graph
    sess = tf.Session()
    sess.run(tf.global_variables_initializer())

# train the model and check the accuracy on the test data at intervals
    for i in range(1000):
        sess.run(train_step, feed_dict={X: X_train, y: Y_train})
        if ((i+1)%100 == 0):
            print('After training step : ', i+1)
            print('Accuracy : ', sess.run(accuracy, feed_dict={X: X_test, y: Y_test}))
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After training step: 100 Accuracy : 0.086 After training step : 200 Accuracy : 0.107 After training step : 300 : 0.107 Accuracy After training step : 400 Accuracy 0.107 After training step : 500 Accuracy : 0.107 After training step : 600 Accuracy 0.107 After training step : 0.107 Accuracy After training step : 800 : 0.107 Accuracy After training step: 900 Accuracy : 0.107 After training step : 1000 : 0.107 Accuracy

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In [7]: Prediction = sess.run(predictions, feed_dict={X: X_test, y: Y_test})
for i in range(10):
    display_test_digit(i)
    print('Prediction: ', Prediction[i])
    print('==========')
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In [8]: sess.close()