

Ex: NO: 2

DATE: 28/07/24

Study of different network cables.

Aim:

Study of different types of Network cables.

Successfully

| Cable Type | Category | Max data Transmission | Advantages | Applications |
|------------|----------|-----------------------|------------|--------------|
|------------|----------|-----------------------|------------|--------------|

| | | | | |
|-----|----|---------------|----------------|-------------------|
| UTP | 3 | 10 bps | • cheaper | 10base-T ethernet |
| | 5 | up to 100mbps | | Fast ethernet |
| | 5e | 1 Gbps | • Provides EMI | Fast ethernet |

| | | | | |
|-----|-------|---------|------------|------------------|
| STP | 6, 6a | 10 Gbps | • Shielded | Optical ethernet |
|-----|-------|---------|------------|------------------|

| | | | | |
|------|---|---------|-------------|------------------|
| SSTP | 7 | 10 Gbps | • Expensive | Optical ethernet |
|------|---|---------|-------------|------------------|

RG-6

RG-5A

RG-11

10-100 Mbps

- High bandwidth
- Immune to interference

Television Network

Fiber optic

Single mode
Multimode

100 Gbps

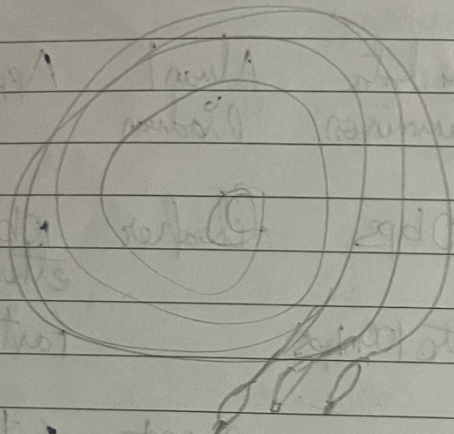
- High speed
- Expensive

Max distance is 100 meters

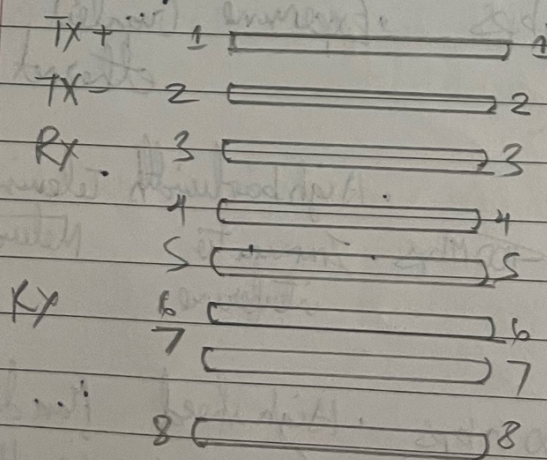
Coaxial Cable:



Fiber optic cable:



b) Make two RJ 45 plugs



Student does:

- 1) Straight cables are used for connecting different devices.
- 2) Coaxial cable
- 3) Straight
- 4) Cat 5e, Cat 6, Cat 6A

RESULT:

Thus the different types of cables and making of them was studied.

8/11
23/7/24