ClinicalTrials.gov: metabolite | Last update posted in the last 7 days

	NCT Number	Title	Other Names	Status	Conditions	Interventions	Characteristics	Population	Sponsor/Collaborators	Dates
1	NCT0553 2644	Correlation of P-glycoprotein Polymorphisms With Microbial Metabolites in Patients With Alzheimer's Disease on Medication Study Documents:	Title Acronym: Other Ids: MicroGeneAD	Not yet recruiting	Alzheimer Disease	Other: AD drugs AD drugs	Study Type: Observational Phase: Study Design: Observational Model: Case-Crossover Time Perspective: Prospective Primary Outcome Measures: Same as current Secondary Outcome Measures: Same as current	Actual Enrollment: Estimated Enrollment: 135 Original Estimated Enrollment: Same as current Age: 50 Years to 85 Years (Adult, Older Adult) Sex: All	Study Sponsors: Same as current Collaborators: Not Provided	Study Start: September 2022 Primary Completion: December 2023 (Final data collection date for primary outcome measure) Study Completion: September 2024 First Posted: September 8, 2022 Results First Posted: Last Update Posted: September 8, 2022
2	NCT0306 5335	Neuropharmacol ogic Imaging and Biomarker Assessments of Response to Acute and Repeated-Dosed Ketamine Infusions in Major Depressive Disorder Study Documents:	Title Acronym: Other Ids: 170060 17-M-0060	Recruiting	 Healthy Volunteer Major Depressive Disorder Depression 	 Drug: Ketamine N-methyl-D-aspartate (NMDA) glutamate receptor (NMDA-R) antagonist Other: Placebo Placebo comparator Device: Cobot TS MV robotic arm for TMS TMS-Cobot TS MV [Axilum Robotics] robotic arm for spatial positioning and orientation of the TMS coil Device: NeurOptics PLRTM-30000 Pupillometer The Neu-rOptics PLRTM-3000 Pupillometer will use quantitative infrared technology to objectively and accurately measure pupil size and dynamics. 	Phase: Phase 1 Study Design: Allocation: Randomized Intervention Model: Crossover Assignment Masking: Double (Participant, Investigator) Primary Purpose: Treatment Primary Outcome Measures: To demonstrate more robust neuropharmacodynamic effects measured by neuropharmacodynamic imaging (fMRI+EEG and MEG) of ketamine 0.5 mg/kg as compared to placebo administered over 40 minutes. [Time Frame: baseline; w/ drug] Secondary Outcome Measures: • To determine if increases in synaptic plasticity, using electrophysiological measures in response to TMS and in association with sleep (i.e. slow wave sleep EEG activity) are associated with better antidepressant response to 0.5 mg/kg [Time Frame: baseline and postdrug] • To demonstrate enhanced efficacy, as measured by the MADRS, of IV ketamine 0.5 mg/kg in participants with MDD using a psychophysiological technique (i.e. NPU-threat test). [Time Frame: baseline and post-drug] • To identify baseline peripheral measures associated with response to the administration of ketamine 0.5 mg/kg, as potential biomarkers of acute (24 hour) treatment response. [Time Frame: baseline and post-drug]	Actual Enrollment: Estimated Enrollment: 150 Original Estimated Enrollment: 100 Age: 18 Years to 65 Years (Adult, Older Adult) Sex: All	Study Sponsors: Same as current Collaborators: Not Provided	Study Start: May 25, 2017 Primary Completion: January 1, 2025 (Final data collection date for primary outcome measure) Study Completion: January 1, 2028 First Posted: February 27, 2017 Results First Posted: Last Update Posted: September 9, 2022

	NCT Number	Title	Other Names	Status	Conditions	Interventions	Characteristics	Population	Sponsor/Collaborat	Dates
3	NCT0541 4409	The Gut Microbiome in Type 1 Diabetes and Mechanism of Metformin Action Study Documents:	Title Acronym: Other Ids: 15498	Not yet recruiting	 Type 1 Diabetes Obesity 	Drug: Metformin is an oral medication that improves insulin sensitivity.	Study Design: Allocation: Non-Randomized Intervention Model: Sequential Assignment Intervention Model Description: The investigators will examine the differences in the gut microbiome between lean and obese youth with type 1 diabetes and then enroll the obese youth with type 1 diabetes into the clinical trial to receive metformin as an intervention. Masking: None (Open Label) Primary Purpose: Treatment Primary Outcome Measures: Same as current Secondary Outcome Measures: Same as current	Actual Enrollment: Estimated Enrollment: 114 Original Estimated Enrollment: Same as current Age: 11 Years to 18 Years (Child, Adult) Sex: All	Study Sponsors: Same as current Collaborators: Not Provided	Study Start: October 2022 Primary Completion: August 2025 (Final data collection date for primary outcome measure) Study Completion: August 2026 First Posted: June 10, 2022 Results First Posted: Last Update Posted: September 9, 2022
4	NCT0496 6520	Accelerated Neuromodulatio n to Alleviate Cognitive Deficits Due to Cancer Therapy Study Documents:	Title Acronym: Other Ids: 202101546	Recruiting	Cancer	Other: Accelerated repetitive intermittent theta-burst transcranial stimulation (iTBS) Accelerated iTBS will be used to stimulate the regions of interest of mPFC and L-DLPFC nodes in cancer survivors or patients. Accelerated iTBS will be administered in a single half-day period to allow for a 50minutes interval between any two treatments to minimize interference effects between treatments. Thus, there will be ~10 minute sessions of stimulation x 2 applications per node x 2 nodes (L-DLPFC, mPFC) = 40 total minutes of daily stimulation - each session delivers 1800 pulses in a 5 Hz triplet burst frequency, 2 second trains with intertrain interval of 8 seconds; triplets occur with 50 Hz frequency, as per standard iTBS protocols for depression treatment. The treatment will be offered for five consecutive days.	Study Type: Interventional Phase: Not Applicable Study Design: Allocation: N/A Intervention Model: Single Group Assignment Masking: None (Open Label) Primary Purpose: Treatment Primary Outcome Measures: Same as current Secondary Outcome Measures: Not Provided	Actual Enrollment: Estimated Enrollment: 15 Original Estimated Enrollment: Same as current Age: 18 Years to 99 Years (Adult, Older Adult) Sex: All	Study Sponsors: Same as current Collaborators: American Cancer Society- Holden Comprehe nsive Cancer Society Fraternal Order of Eagles (Iowa)	Study Start: June 1, 2021 Primary Completion: September 30, 2023 (Final data collection date for primary outcome measure) Study Completion: September 30, 2023 First Posted: July 19, 2021 Results First Posted: Last Update Posted: September 6, 2022

	NCT Number	Title	Other Names	Status	Conditions	Interventions	Characteristics	Population	Sponsor/Collabora ors	Dates
5	NCT0551 5588	A Study in Healthy Men to Test How BI 690517 is Taken up and Handled by the Body Study Documents:	Title Acronym: Other Ids: 1378- 0013 2022-001818-18 (EudraCT Number)	Not yet recruiting	Healthy	Drug: BI 690517 (C-14) BI 690517 (C-14) Drug: BI 690517 BI 690517	Study Type: Interventional Phase: Phase 1 Study Design: Allocation: Non-Randomized Intervention Model: Single Group Assignment Masking: None (Open Label) Primary Purpose: Treatment Primary Outcome Measures: Same as current Secondary Outcome Measures: Same as current	Actual Enrollment: Estimated Enrollment: 14 Original Estimated Enrollment: Same as current Age: 18 Years to 55 Years (Adult) Sex: Male	Study Sponsors: Same as current Collaborators: Not Provided	Study Start: September 21, 2022 Primary Completion: November 8, 2022 (Final data collection date for primary outcome measure) Study Completion: November 8, 2022 First Posted: August 25, 2022 Results First Posted: Last Update Posted: September 8, 2022
6	NCT0007 8078	Clinical and Laboratory Study of Methylmalonic Acidemia Study Documents:	Title Acronym: Other Ids: 040127 04-HG-0127	Recruiting	Organic Acidemia Methylmal onic Acidemia Inborn Errors of Metabolis m	Not Provided	Study Type: Observational Phase: Study Design: Observational Model: Cohort Time Perspective: Prospective Primary Outcome Measures: Not Provided Secondary Outcome Measures: Not Provided	Actual Enrollment: Estimated Enrollment: 2275 Original Estimated Enrollment: Age: 1 Month and older (Child, Adult, Older Adult) Sex: All	Study Sponsors: Same as current Collaborators: Not Provided	Study Start: June 7, 2004 Primary Completion: Not Provided Study Completion: Not Provided First Posted: February 19, 2004 Results First Posted: Last Update Posted: September 8, 2022

	NCT Number	Title	Other Names	Status	Conditions	Interventions	Characteristics	Population	Sponsor/Collaborators	t Dates
7	NCT0538 6758	A Study to Evaluate Molnupiravir (MK-4482; MOV) in Participants With Severe Renal Impairment (MK-4482-003) Study Documents:	Title Acronym: Other Ids: 4482- 003 MK-4482-003 (Other Identifier: Merck)	Recruiting	Renal Impairment	Drug: Molnupiravir Four 200 mg capsules administered orally as a single dose Other Name: MK-4482; MOV; EIDD-2801	Study Type: Interventional Phase: Phase 1 Study Design: Allocation: Non-Randomized Intervention Model: Parallel Assignment Masking: None (Open Label) Primary Purpose: Treatment Primary Outcome Measures: Same as current Secondary Outcome Measures: Same as current	Actual Enrollment: Estimated Enrollment: 18 Original Estimated Enrollment: Same as current Age: 18 Years to 75 Years (Adult, Older Adult) Sex: All	Study Sponsors: Same as current Collaborators: Not Provided	Study Start: June 29, 2022 Primary Completion: November 7, 2022 (Final data collection date for primary outcome measure) Study Completion: November 18, 2022 First Posted: May 23, 2022 Results First Posted: Last Update Posted: September 6, 2022

	NCT Number	Title	Other Names	Status	Conditions	Interventions	Characteristics	Population	Sponsor/Collaborators	Dates
8	NCT0390	Low Energy	Title Acronym:	Recruiting	Lipodystro	Dietary Supplement: Total Dietary Replacement	Study Type: Interventional	Actual	Study Sponsors:	Study Start:
	0286	Diet and Familial Partial	Other Ids:		phy	Total Dietary Replacement	Phase: Not Applicable	Enrollment:	Same as current	January 16, 2020
		Study Documents:	A095183		DiabetesDiet Modificati on		Study Design: Allocation: N/A Intervention Model: Single Group Assignment Masking: None (Open Label) Primary Purpose: Treatment	Estimated Enrollment: 20 Original Estimated	Collaborators: Not Provided	Primary Completion: April 2023 (Final data
							Primary Outcome Measures: Same as current	Enrollment: Same as current		collection date for primary
							Secondary Outcome Measures: • A change from baseline in HbA1c [Time Frame: 1 year]	Age: 18 Years to 99 Years		outcome measure)
							mmol/mol	(Adult, Older Adult)		Study Completion:
							• A change from baseline in fasting glucose [Time Frame: 12 weeks, 1 year]	Sex: All		May 2023
							mmol/l			First Posted: April 3, 2019
							• A change from baseline in triglycerides [Time Frame: 12 weeks, 1 year]			Results First
							mmol/l			Posted:
							• A change from baseline in liver fat [Time Frame: 12 weeks, 1 year]			Last Update Posted:
							% liver fat on MRI			September 8, 2022
							• A change from baseline in pancreatic fat [Time Frame: 12 weeks, 1 year]			
							% pancreatic fat on MRI			
							• A change from baseline in insulin sensitivity [Time Frame: 12 weeks, 1 year]			
							Insulin pmol/l values during oral glucose tolerance test			
							• A change from baseline in quality of life scores [Time Frame: 12 weeks, 1 year]			
							Change in scores of EQ-5D-3LQOL from baseline.			
							• A change from baseline in anxiety scores [Time Frame: 12 weeks, 1 year]			
							Change in scores of GAD7 from baseline.			
							• A change from baseline in depression scores [Time Frame: 12 weeks, 1 year]			
							Change in scores of PHQ9, from baseline.			
							• A change from baseline in antidiabetic medication use [Time Frame: 12 weeks, 1 year]			
							A change in the amount of antidiabetic drugs taken and/or a change in dose.			

	NCT Number	Title	Other Names	Status	Conditions	Interventions	Characteristics	Population	Sponsor/Collaborators	t Dates
9	NCT0479 1969	Intermittent Oral Naltrexone Enhanced With an Ecological Momentary Intervention for Methamphetami ne-using MSM Study Documents:	Title Acronym: Other Ids: 20- 32912 DA053171- 01A1 (Other Grant/Funding Number: National Institute on Drug Abuse (NIDA))	Recruiting	Methamphetami ne Use Disorder	 Drug: Naltrexone Hydrochloride Intermittent Oral Naltrexone, 50 mg Other Name: ReVia Drug: Placebo Intermittent Oral Placebo Behavioral: Ecological Momentary Intervention Receive ecological momentary intervention if ecological momentary assessment reports meth craving, stress, not taking study drug, or antecedents detected for "high risk" meth use. Other Name: EMI 	Study Type: Interventional Phase: Phase 2 Study Design: Allocation: Randomized Intervention Model: Parallel Assignment Intervention Model Description: 2:1 Naltrexone with EMI vs. Placebo with EMI Masking: Triple (Participant, Care Provider, Investigator) Masking Description: Double-blind, placebo controlled 2b clinical trial Primary Purpose: Treatment Primary Outcome Measures: Mean Change in meth-positive sweat patches from baseline to week 12 between Intermittent Oral Naltrexone vs. placebo groups [Time Frame: Every two weeks from enrollment to the end of treatment at 12 weeks] As measured by the proportion of meth-positive sweat patch tests. Secondary Outcome Measures: Same as current	Actual Enrollment: Estimated Enrollment: 54 Original Estimated Enrollment: 150 Age: 18 Years to 70 Years (Adult, Older Adult) Sex: Male	Study Sponsors: University of California, San Francisco Collaborators: National Institute on Drug Abuse (NIDA)	Study Start: December 14, 2021 Primary Completion: April 1, 2024 (Final data collection date for primary outcome measure) Study Completion: July 1, 2024 First Posted: March 10, 2021 Results First Posted: Last Update Posted: September 9, 2022
10	NCT0553 1357	Physiologic Mechanisms Underlying Ovarian Follicular Waves During the Menstrual Cycle Study Documents:	Title Acronym: Other Ids: Bio 2080	Recruiting	Reproductive Issues	Diagnostic Test: Transvaginal ultrasound scans Transvaginal ultrasound scans to map ovarian follicle growth and ovulation, finger-prick blood sampling for dried blood spot (DBS) hormonal assays and urine sampling for hormone metabolites, every consecutive day for an interovulatory interval. Weekly venipuncture samples will be taken for standard ELISA hormonal assays. The hormones of interest are FSH, LH, estradiol, progesterone, AMH, inhibins A and B, GDF- 9 and BMP-15. Other Names: • Finger-prick blood sampling for dried blood spots • Urine sampling • Venipunctures	Study Type: Observational Phase: Study Design: Observational Model: Cohort Time Perspective: Prospective Primary Outcome Measures: Same as current Secondary Outcome Measures: Not Provided	Actual Enrollment: Estimated Enrollment: 50 Original Estimated Enrollment: Same as current Age: 18 Years to 40 Years (Adult) Sex: Female	Study Sponsors: Same as current Collaborators: Ansh Labs	Study Start: September 2022 Primary Completion: December 2024 (Final data collection date for primary outcome measure) Study Completion: June 2025 First Posted: September 7, 2022 Results First Posted: Last Update Posted: September 7, 2022

NCT Number	Title	Other Names	Status	Conditions	Interventions	Characteristics	Population	Sponsor/Collaborators	Dates
NCT0413 3376	Electronic Hookah and	Title Acronym:	Recruiting	• Smoking	Other: Electronic Hookah Inhalation (+ nicotine)	Study Type: Interventional	Actual Enrollment:	Study Sponsors:	Study Start: November 1,
33/0	Endothelial Cell	Other Ids:		• Endothelia	Participants will be instructed to inhale a typical 30- minute session of e-hookah containing nicotine	Phase: Not Applicable		Same as current	2019
	<u>Function</u> Study	T30IP1013		Dysfunctio	Other: Electronic Hookah Inhalation (- nicotine)	Study Design: Allocation: Randomized Intervention Model: Crossover Assignment	Estimated Enrollment: 18	Collaborators: Tobacco Related Disease	Primary Completion:
	Documents:			п	Participants will be instructed to inhale a typical 30- minute session of e-hookah not containing nicotine	Masking: None (Open Label) Primary Purpose: Other	Original Estimated	Research Program	April 27, 2023 (Final data
					Other: Sham Inhalation Participants will be instructed to inhale a 30-minute	Primary Outcome Measures:	Enrollment: Same as current		collection date for primary
					sham session	• Acute effects of e-hookah bowl inhalation on endothelial function. [Time Frame: 30 minutes]	Age: 21 Years to 39 Years		outcome measure)
						Flow-Mediated Dilation (FMD), % from pre- to post- cuff occlusion performed before and after each exposure	(Adult)		Study
						experiment.	Sex: All		Completion: April 27, 2023
						 Acute effects of e-hookah bowl inhalation on biomarkers of oxidative stress and inflammation. [Time Frame: 30 minutes] 			First Posted: October 21,
						plasma 8-iso-prostaglandin F2 before and after each exposure experiment.			2019 Results First
						 Acute effects of e-hookah bowl inhalation on biomarkers of oxidative stress and inflammation. [Time Frame: 30 			Posted:
						minutes]			Last Update Posted:
						plasma fibrinogen before and after each exposure experiment.			September 6, 2022
						 Acute effects of e-hookah bowl inhalation on biomarkers of oxidative stress and inflammation. [Time Frame: 30 minutes] 			
						plasma oxidized LDL before and after each exposure experiment.			
						• Acute effects of e-hookah bowl inhalation on endothelial cells [Time Frame: 30 minutes]			
						nitric oxide bioavailability (DAF-2DA) before and after each exposure experiment.			
						• Acute effects of e-hookah bowl inhalation on endothelial cells [Time Frame: 30 minutes]			
						nuclear factor-B activation before and after each exposure experiment.			
						• Acute effects of e-hookah bowl inhalation on endothelial cells [Time Frame: 30 minutes]			
						nitrotyrosine before and after each exposure experiment.			
						Secondary Outcome Measures: Not Provided	-		

NCT Number	Title	Other Names	Status	Conditions	Interventions	Characteristics	Population	Sponsor/Collaborat	Dates
NCT Number NCT0485 2120	Compound Sodium Picosulfate Granules for Bowel Preparation in Chinese Population Study Documents:	Title Acronym: Other Ids: 000373	Recruiting	Bowel Cleansing	Other: No intervention Compound Sodium Picosulfate Granules administered by the patient prior to X-ray examination, endoscopy or surgery when judged clinically necessary in accordance to usual practice consistent with the local prescribing information.	Phase: Study Design: Observational Model: Cohort Time Perspective: Prospective Primary Outcome Measures: • Incidence and seriousness of known and unexpected adverse events (AEs)/adverse drug reactions (ADRs) [Time Frame: Up to 37(+2) hours after drug administration] • Incidence, seriousness and relatedness of adverse events of special interest (AESIs) [Time Frame: Up to 37(+2) hours after drug administration] • Incidence of serious adverse events (SAEs)/serious adverse drug reactions (SADRs) [Time Frame: Up to 37(+2) hours after drug administration] • Patients with risk factors for known AEs/ADRs, unexpected AEs/ADRs, AESI, and SAEs/SADRs [Time Frame: Up to 37(+2) hours after drug administration] Number of patients with relevant risk factors for known AEs/ADRs, unexpected AEs/ADRs, AESI, and SAEs/SADRs will be presented. Secondary Outcome Measures: • Number of patients with compliance to drug administration and liquid intake [Time Frame: On Day 1, at time of drug administration] Number of patients with compliance to drug administration and liquid intake will be reported. Noncompliance of drug administration was defined per label as having taken a total amount of medication less than 1.5 sachets. Non-compliance of liquid intake defined per label as having taken less than 5 cups of clear liquid (250mL per cup after the first dose or less than 3 cups of clear liquid (250mL per cup) after the second dose. • Percentage of patients with compliance to drug administration and liquid intake [Time Frame: On Day 1, at time of drug administration] Percentage of patients with compliance to drug administration and liquid intake [Time Frame: On Day 1, at time of drug administration was defined per label as having taken a total amount of medication less than 1.5 sachets. Non-compliance of liquid intake will be reported. Noncompliance of drug administration was defined per label as having taken a total amount of medication less than 1.5 sachets. Non-compliance of liquid intake will be reported. Noncompliance of	Actual Enrollment: Estimated Enrollment: 3000 Original Estimated Enrollment: Same as current Age: Child, Adult, Older Adult Sex: All	Study Sponsors: Same as current Collaborators: DeltaMed	Study Start: September 14, 2021 Primary Completion: December 2022 (Final data collection date for primary outcome measure) Study Completion: December 2022 First Posted: April 21, 2021 Results First Posted: Last Update Posted: September 9, 2022
						administration and liquid intake will be reported. Non- compliance of drug administration was defined per label as having taken a total amount of medication less than 1.5 sachets. Non-compliance of liquid intake defined per label as having taken less than 5 cups of clear liquid (250mL per cup after the first dose or less than 3 cups of clear liquid (250mL per cup) after the second dose. • Patient drug satisfaction [Time Frame: Up to 37(+2) hours after drug administration] A self-satisfaction evaluation will be collected on the electronic Patient Reported Outcomes (ePRO) database: ease of consuming, cleansing level of the colon as reaching the clear yellow liquid poop stage, overall experience as well as willingness and acceptance to use for future bowel preparation. • Number of patients with risk factors associated with drug use, package and distribution [Time Frame: Up to 37(+2) hours after drug administration] This information or any risk will be collected in ePRO database (adverse event part). This information will be sent to Pharmacovigilance department for assessment. • Percentage of patients with risk factors associated with drug use, package and distribution [Time Frame: Up to 37(+2) hours after drug administration]			
	NCT0485	Sodium Picosulfate Granules for Bowel Preparation in Chinese Population Study	NCT0485 2120 Compound Sodium Picosulfate Granules for Bowel Preparation in Chinese Population Study Title Acronym: Other Ids: 000373	NCT0485 2120 Compound Sodium Picosulfate Granules for Bowel Preparation in Chinese Population Study Title Acronym: Other Ids: 000373 Recruiting	NCT0485 2120 Compound Sodium Picosulfate Granules for Bowel Preparation in Chinese Population Study Recruiting Bowel Cleansing Bowel Cleansing Bowel Cleansing	NCT0485 2120 Compound Sodium Picosulfate Granules for Bowel Preparation in Chinese Population Study Compound Sodium Picosulfate Granules for Bowel Preparation in Chinese Population Study Title Acronym: Other Ids: 000373 Recruiting Bowel Cleansing Other: No intervention Compound Sodium Picosulfate Granules administered by the patient prior to X-ray examination, endoscopy or surgery when judged clinically necessary in accordance to usual practice consistent with the local prescribing information.	NCTORS Compound Scales Character Ch	NOTIONS Concerned Proceedings Contents of the	No. Titled Description Descri

	NCT Number	Title	Other Names	Status	Conditions	Interventions	Characteristics	Population	Sponsor/Collaborators	Dates
13	NCT0461 3596	Phase 2 Trial of MRTX849 Monotherapy and in Combination With Pembrolizumab for NSCLC With KRAS G12C Mutation KRYSTAL-7 Study Documents:	Title Acronym: Other Ids: 849- 007	Recruiting	Advanced Non-Small Cell Lung Cancer Metastatic Non-Small Cell Lung Cancer	 Drug: MRTX849 Monotherapy MRTX849 Inhibitor will be administered orally twice daily in a continuous regimen (Cohort 1b). Other Name: Adagrasib Drug: MRTX849 in Combination with Pembrolizumab MRTX849 Inhibitor will be administered orally twice daily in a continuous regimen. Pembrolizumab is administered as an intravenous infusion once every 3 weeks (Cohort 2). Other Name: Adagrasib Drug: MRTX849 in Combination with Pembrolizumab MRTX849 Inhibitor will be administered orally twice daily in a continuous regimen. Pembrolizumab is administered as an intravenous infusion once every 3 weeks (Cohort 1a). Other Name: Adagrasib 	Study Type: Interventional Phase: Phase 2 Study Design: Allocation: Randomized Intervention Model: Sequential Assignment Intervention Model Description: MRTX849 Monotherapy and in Combination with Pembrolizumab Masking: None (Open Label) Primary Purpose: Treatment Primary Outcome Measures: Evaluate the clinical activity of MRTX849 in combination with pembrolizumab [Time Frame: 11 months] Objective Response Rate (ORR) RECIST 1.1 Secondary Outcome Measures: • To characterize the safety and tolerability of the combination regimen in the selected population. [Time Frame: 11 months] • Safety characterized by type, incidence, severity, timing, seriousness and relationship to study treatment of adverse events and laboratory abnormalities. • Duration of Response (DOR) [Time Frame: 11 months] MRTX849 in combination with pembrolizumab	Actual Enrollment: Estimated Enrollment: 250 Original Estimated Enrollment: 120 Age: 18 Years and older (Adult, Older Adult) Sex: All	Study Sponsors: Same as current Collaborators: Not Provided	Study Start: December 2, 2020 Primary Completion: October 30, 2023 (Final data collection date for primary outcome measure) Study Completion: November 30, 2024 First Posted: November 3, 2020 Results First Posted: Last Update Posted: September 8, 2022
14	NCT0546 3120	Minipuberty of Infancy and the Timing of Pubertal Development in Adolescence: a Follow-up of the Infant Feeding and Early Development (IFED) Cohort Study Documents:	Title Acronym: Other Ids: 10000945 000945-E	Enrolling by invitation	Puberty	Not Provided	Study Type: Observational Phase: Study Design: Observational Model: Cohort Time Perspective: Prospective Primary Outcome Measures: Same as current Secondary Outcome Measures: Not Provided	Actual Enrollment: Estimated Enrollment: 566 Original Estimated Enrollment: Same as current Age: 8 Years and older (Child, Adult, Older Adult) Sex: All	Study Sponsors: Same as current Collaborators: Not Provided	Study Start: September 14, 2022 Primary Completion: March 1, 2024 (Final data collection date for primary outcome measure) Study Completion: March 1, 2024 First Posted: July 18, 2022 Results First Posted: Last Update Posted: September 9, 2022

	NCT Number	Title	Other Names	Status	Conditions	Interventions	Characteristics	Population	Sponsor/Collaborators	Dates
15	NCT0253 5702	Development Of Neuroimaging Methods To Assess The Neurobiology Of Addiction Study Documents:	Title Acronym: Other Ids: 150186 15-AA-0186	Recruiting	Normal Physiology	 Other: In vivo MRS 1H MR spectroscopy to assess brain metabolites. Other: fMRI Three fMRI sessions to assess test-retest reliability of functional connectivity (FC) measures at rest and during task performance. Other: EEG/EOG Electroencephalography or electrooculography (EEG/EOG) sessions to record electrical activity of the brain or measure corneo-retinal standing potentials. Other: Stimulation tasks To be used in the context of fMRI to study blood-oxygenation-level dependent responses in the brain to sensory stimulation. Other: NSPRD To be used in conjunction with pupillometry in the context of fMRI to study blood-oxygenation-level-dependent responses to selective neurostimulation of pain fibers. 	Study Type: Interventional Phase: Not Applicable Study Design: Allocation: N/A Intervention Model: Single Group Assignment Masking: None (Open Label) Primary Purpose: Basic Science Primary Outcome Measures: • To develop novel neuroimaging techniques with greater sensitivity for future studies on the neurobiology of reward and SUD. [Time Frame: 6 years] • To obtain pilot data to be used for estimating sample sizes in future studies aimed at specifically applying the new tools for studying SUD. [Time Frame: 6 years] Secondary Outcome Measures: Autonomic response data. [Time Frame: Ongoing]	Actual Enrollment: Estimated Enrollment: 360 Original Estimated Enrollment: Same as current Age: 18 Years and older (Adult, Older Adult) Sex: All	Study Sponsors: Same as current Collaborators: Not Provided	Study Start: June 28, 2016 Primary Completion: December 31, 2025 (Final data collection date for primary outcome measure) Study Completion: December 31, 2026 First Posted: August 31, 2015 Results First Posted: Last Update Posted: September 8, 2022

	NCT Number 7	Γitle	Other Names	Status	Conditions	Interventions	Characteristics	Population	Sponsor/Collaborators	Dates
16	NCT Number 7 NCT0443 1453	Study to Evaluate the Safety, Tolerability, Pharmacokinetic s, and Efficacy of Remdesivir (GS-5734 TM) in Participants From Birth to Study Documents:	Other Names Title Acronym: Other Ids: GS-US-540-5823 2020-001803-17 (EudraCT Number)	Status Recruiting	Conditions COVID-19	Interventions Drug: Remdesivir Administered as an intravenous infusion Other Names: ■ GS-5734™ ■ Veklury®	Phase: Phase 2 Phase 3 Study Design: Allocation: N/A Intervention Model: Single Group Assignment Masking: None (Open Label) Primary Purpose: Treatment Primary Outcome Measures: • Proportion of Participants Experiencing any Treatment- Emergent Adverse Events [Time Frame: First dose date up to Day 30 Follow-up Assessment] • Proportion of Participants Experiencing any Treatment- Emergent Graded Laboratory Abnormalities [Time Frame: First dose date up to Day 30 Follow-up Assessment] • Plasma Concentrations of Remdesivir (RDV) and Metabolites [Time Frame: Day 2: end of infusion and 4 hours post end of infusion, Day 3: pre-infusion and 2 hours post end of infusion, and Day 5: middle of infusion and 6 hours post end of infusion; infusion duration: 30 minutes to 2 hours] Plasma concentrations will be drawn as follows: (1) for cohorts 1-4 on Day 2, and Day 3, Day 5 is optional; (2) for cohorts 5-7 on Day 2 or Day 3.	Population Actual Enrollment: Estimated Enrollment: 62 Original Estimated Enrollment: 52 Age: up to 18 Years (Child, Adult) Sex: All	Sponsor/Collaborators Study Sponsors: Same as current Collaborators: Not Provided	Study Start: July 21, 2020 Primary Completion: February 2023 (Final data collection date for primary outcome measure) Study Completion: February 2023 First Posted: June 16, 2020 Results First Posted: Last Update Posted: September 7, 2022
							 Change From Baseline in Oxygenation Use [Time Frame: Baseline, up to Day 30 Follow-up Assessment] Change From Baseline in the Use of Mechanical Ventilation or Extracorporeal Membrane Oxygenation (ECMO) [Time Frame: Baseline, up to Day 30 Follow-up Assessment] Clinical Improvement on a 7-point Ordinal Scale [Time Frame: First dose date up to 10 days] The ordinal scale is an assessment of the clinical status at a given day. Each day, the worst score from the previous day will be recorded. The scale is as follows: 1.) Death 2.) Hospitalized, on invasive mechanical ventilation or Extracorporeal Membrane Oxygenation (ECMO) 3.) Hospitalized, on non-invasive ventilation or high flow oxygen devices 4.) Hospitalized, requiring low flow supplemental oxygen 5.) Hospitalized, not requiring supplemental oxygen - requiring ongoing medical care (coronavirus (COVID-19) related or otherwise) 6.) Hospitalized, not requiring supplemental oxygen - no longer required ongoing medical care (other than per protocol Remdesivir administration) 7.) Not hospitalized. Time (days) to Discharge From Hospital [Time Frame: First dose date up to Day 30 Follow-up Assessment] Days to First Confirmed Negative Polymerase Chain Reaction (PCR) Result [Time Frame: First dose date up to 10 days] Confirmed negative PCR is defined by 2 consecutive negative PCR results. Change From Baseline in Severe Acute Respiratory Syndrome Coronavirus (SARS-CoV-2) Viral Load [Time Frame: Baseline, up to 10 days or up to the first confirmed negative PCR results (whichever comes first)] 			
							 Bilirubin Concentrations in < 14-day-old Participants [Time Frame: First dose date up to 10 days] Clinical Improvement Based on Scoring Using the Pediatric Early Warning Score (PEWS) Improvement Scale [Time Frame: First dose date up to 10 days] 			

	NCT Number	Title	Other Names	Status	Conditions	Interventions	Characteristics	Population	Sponsor/Collaborators	Dates
17	NCT0363 3227	Study of Obeticholic Acid (OCA) Evaluating Pharmacokinetic s and Safety in Participants With Primary Biliary Cholangitis (PBC) and Hepatic Impairment Study Documents:	Title Acronym: Other Ids: 747-401	Terminated	Liver Cirrhosis, Biliary	Purply: Obeticholic Acid (OCA) OCA will be administered per dose and schedule specified in the arm description. Other Names: Salpha-ethylchenodeoxycholic acid (6-ECDCA) NTT-47 Drug: Placebo OCA matching placebo will be administered per the schedule specified in the arm description.	Phase: Phase 4 Study Design: Allocation: Randomized Intervention Model: Parallel Assignment Masking: Quadruple (Participant, Care Provider, Investigator, Outcomes Assessor) Primary Purpose: Treatment Primary Outcome Measures: • Evaluate maximum concentration (Cmax) of OCA, its conjugates and total OCA (sum of OCA and its conjugates) [Time Frame: Weeks 12, 18, 24, 30 and 48: 0.5, 0.75, 1, 1.5, 2, 2.5, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, and 24 hours at] • Evaluate area under the concentration curve versus time curve from 0 to 24 hours (AUC 0-24) of OCA, its conjugates and total OCA [Time Frame: 24 hours at Day 1, and Weeks 12, 18, 24, 30, 36, and 48] Area under the concentration versus time curve from time 0 to 24 hours with measurable analyte concentration • Evaluate safety and tolerability as assessed by the incidence of treatment emergent adverse events comparing OCA to placebo [Time Frame: Baseline, Weeks 3, 6, 12, 18, 24, 30, 36, 42, 48, and every 3 months thereafter through approximately 3 years] Secondary Outcome Measures: • Evaluate the effect of OCA treatment compared to placebo on the model of end-stage liver disease (MELD) and its components [Time Frame: Baseline, Weeks 3, 6, 12, 18, 24, 30, 34, 42, 48, and every 3 months thereafter through approximately 3 years] MELD Scores range from 6 [low risk] to 40 [high risk]. The three components of MELD (total bilirubin [mg/dL], serum creatinine[mg/dL], and INR) are input into the following equation to generate a MELD Score: MELD = 3.78*h[Igtab bilirubin [mg/dL], serum creatinine[mg/dL], infine Frame: At Day 1, and Weeks 6, 12, 18, 24, 30, 36, and 48] • Evaluate the effect of OCA treatment compared to placebo on Child-Pugh score and its components [Time Frame: At Day 1, and Weeks 6, 12, 18, 24, 30, 36, and 48] • Evaluate the effect of OCA treatment compared to placebo on alkaline phosphatase (U/L), alanine aminot	Actual Enrollment: 22 Estimated Enrollment: Original Estimated Enrollment: 50 Age: 18 Years to 85 Years (Adult, Older Adult) Sex: All	Study Sponsors: Same as current Collaborators: Not Provided	Study Start: June 22, 2018 Primary Completion: July 9, 2021 (Final data collection date for primary outcome measure) Study Completion: July 9, 2021 First Posted: September 6, 2022 Results First Posted: September 6, 2022 Last Update Posted: September 6, 2022

	NCT Number	Title	Other Names	Status	Conditions	Interventions	Characteristics	Population	Sponsor/Collaborat	Dates
18	NCT0302 7388	Protein Phosphatase 2A Inhibitor, in Recurrent Glioblastoma Study Documents:	Title Acronym: Other Ids: 170037 17-C-0037	Recruiting	Astrocyto ma, Grades II, III and IV Glioblasto ma Multiform e Giant Cell Glioblasto ma Glioma Oligodend rogliomas	Drug: LB-100 LB-100 will be infused over 2 hours via IV infusion 2 to 4 hours before surgery. The dose established from a Phase I study will be 2.33 mg/m2.	Study Type: Interventional Phase: Phase 2 Study Design: Allocation: N/A Intervention Model: Single Group Assignment Masking: None (Open Label) Primary Purpose: Basic Science Primary Outcome Measures: To determine the pharmacodynamic (PD) effect of LB100 by assaying phospho- protein expression in treated glioblastoma tumor tissue compared to untreated tumor samples for comparison. [Time Frame: 8 hours following surgery] Secondary Outcome Measures: • To determine the concentration LB100 and its major metabolite, 7-oxabicyclo heptanes-2,3- dicarboxylic acid (LB100M) inglioblastoma tumor tissue when a known non-toxic dose of LB100 isdelivered intravenously over 2 hours. [Time Frame: 8 hours following surgery] • To determine the plasma concentration and calculated pharmacokinetic (PK) parameters of LB100 and LB100M (endothall) [Time Frame: 8 hours following surgery] • To determine changes in phosphoprotein expression in circulating PBMC. [Time Frame: 8 hours following surgery] • Intra-patient PD effect in PBMC and tumor tissue will be evaluated in all subjects for presence of correlation to identify potential predictive markers. [Time Frame: 8 hours following surgery]	Actual Enrollment: Estimated Enrollment: 25 Original Estimated Enrollment: 20 Age: 18 Years and older (Adult, Older Adult) Sex: All	Study Sponsors: Same as current Collaborators: Not Provided	Study Start: January 9, 2019 Primary Completion: August 31, 2023 (Final data collection date for primary outcome measure) Study Completion: August 31, 2023 First Posted: January 23, 2017 Results First Posted: Last Update Posted: September 9, 2022
19	NCT0545 5502	A Study to Evaluate the Relative Bioavailability and Food Effect of a New Tablet Formulation of VX-548 Study Documents:	Title Acronym: Other Ids: VX21-548-011	Active, not recruiting	Pain	Drug: VX-548 Tablet for oral administration.	Study Type: Interventional Phase: Phase 1 Study Design: Allocation: Randomized Intervention Model: Crossover Assignment Masking: None (Open Label) Primary Purpose: Treatment Primary Outcome Measures: Same as current Secondary Outcome Measures: Same as current	Actual Enrollment: 24 Estimated Enrollment: Original Estimated Enrollment: Same as current Age: 18 Years to 55 Years (Adult) Sex: All	Study Sponsors: Same as current Collaborators: Not Provided	Study Start: July 13, 2022 Primary Completion: September 2022 (Final data collection date for primary outcome measure) Study Completion: September 2022 First Posted: July 13, 2022 Results First Posted: Last Update Posted: September 8, 2022

	NCT Number	Title	Other Names	Status	Conditions	Interventions	Characteristics	Population	Sponsor/Collaborators	^t Dates
21	NCT0553 2358	A Drug-Drug Interaction Study to Assess the CYP1A2 and CYP3A4 Interaction Potential of TEV-56286 (anle138b) Study Documents:	Title Acronym: Other Ids: anle138b-P1-03 2022-002467-30 (EudraCT Number)	Not yet recruiting	Healthy: Drug-drug Interaction	Drug: Anle138b (TEV-56286) Anle138b (TEV-56286) as perpetrator Other Names: Caffeine Midazolam Fluvoxamine Drug: Fluvoxamine 100 mg QD for 5 days Anle138b (TEV-56286) as victim Other Name: TEV-56286 150 mg QD for 14 days + 5 days of co-administation with fluvoxamine	Study Type: Interventional Phase: Phase 1 Study Design: Allocation: Non-Randomized Intervention Model: Single Group Assignment Intervention Model Description: Drug drug interaction study Masking: None (Open Label) Primary Purpose: Treatment Primary Outcome Measures: Same as current Secondary Outcome Measures: Same as current	Actual Enrollment: Estimated Enrollment: 56 Original Estimated Enrollment: Same as current Age: 18 Years to 55 Years (Adult) Sex: All	Study Sponsors: Same as current Collaborators: Aptuit (Verona) Srl, an Evotec Company Quotient Sciences Teva Pharmaceu tical Industries, Ltd.	Study Start: September 12, 2022 Primary Completion: December 2022 (Final data collection date for primary outcome measure) Study Completion: December 2022 First Posted: September 8, 2022 Results First Posted: Last Update Posted: September 8, 2022

NCT Number Title	Other Names	Status	Conditions	Interventions	Characteristics	Population	Sponsor/Collaborat	Dates
NCT0511 5110 A Study to Investigate the Safety and Efficacy of RO7204239 in Combination With Risdiplam (RO7034067) in Ambulatory Children With Spinal Muscular Atrophy Study Documents:	Title Acronym: Other Ids: BN42644	Recruiting	Spinal Muscular Atrophy (SMA)	Drug: RO7204239 RO7204239 will administered every 4 weeks (Q4W) by subcutaneous (SC) injection into the abdomen. Drug: Placebo Placebo will be administered Q4W by SC injection into the abdomen. Drug: Risdiplam Risdiplam will be administered orally once daily (QD) for the duration of the study. Other Name: RO7034067	Study Type: Interventional Phase: Phase 2 Phase 3 Study Design: Allocation: Randomized Intervention Model: Parallel Assignment Masking: Double (Participant, Investigator) Primary Purpose: Treatment Primary Outcome Measures: • Part 1 - Percentage of participants with adverse events (AEs) [Time Frame: Up to 4.5 years] • Part 1 - Incidence of relevant echocardiographic parameter z scores > 2 [Time Frame: Up to 4.5 years] • Part 1 - Serum concentration of RO7204239 [Time Frame: Through Week 96] • Part 1 - Time to maximum serum concentration (Cmax) of RO7204239 [Time Frame: Through Week 96] • Part 1 - Area under the curve (AUC) of RO7204239 [Time Frame: Through Week 96] • Part 1 - Trough concentration (Ctrough) of RO7204239 [Time Frame: Through Week 96] • Part 1 - Plasma concentration of risdiplam [Time Frame: Week 21] • Part 1 - Plasma concentration of risdiplam metabolite (M1) [Time Frame: Week 21] • Part 1 - Cax of risdiplam [Time Frame: Week 21] • Part 1 - Curough of risdiplam [Time Frame: Week 21] • Part 1 - Cax of risdiplam [Time Frame: Week 21] • Part 1 - Change from baseline in serum concentration of total myostatin [Time Frame: Through Week 85] • Part 1 - Change from baseline in serum concentration of free latent myostatin [Time Frame: Through Week 85] • Part 1 - Change from baseline in serum concentration of mature myostatin [Time Frame: Through Week 85] • Part 1 - Change from baseline in serum concentration of skeletal muscle in thigh muscles as assessed by magnetic resonance imaging (MRI) in participants aged at least 5 years [Time Frame: Week 24 of combination treatment] • Part 2 - Change from baseline in the contractile area of skeletal muscle in calf muscles as assessed by MRI in participants aged at least 5 years [Time Frame: Week 24 of combination treatment] • Part 2 - Change from baseline in Revised Hammersmith Scale (RHS) total score [Time Frame: Week 72 of combination treatment (study Week 80)]	Actual Enrollment: Estimated Enrollment: 180 Original Estimated Enrollment: Same as current Age: 2 Years to 10 Years (Child) Sex: All	Study Sponsors: Same as current Collaborators: Not Provided	Study Start: June 2, 2022 Primary Completion: December 15, 2026 (Final data collection date for primary outcome measure) Study Completion: December 15, 2026 First Posted: November 10, 2021 Results First Posted: Last Update Posted: September 8, 2022

NO	CT Number Title	Other Names	Status	Conditions	Interventions	Characteristics	Population	Sponsor/Collaborat	Dates
	NCT0370 A Study of Abirateron Acetate Pla Prednisone or Without Abemacic (LY28352 Participant With Prost Cancer Study Documents	Other Ids: 1659 I3Y-MC-JPCM (Other Identifier: Eli Lilly and Company) 2016-004276-2 (EudraCT Number)		Prostate Cancer	Drug: Abemaciclib Administered orally. Other Name: LY2835219 Drug: Abiraterone Acetate Administered orally. Drug: Prednisone Administered orally. Drug: Placebo Administered orally.	Study Type: Interventional Phase: Phase 2 Phase 3 Study Design: Allocation: Randomized Intervention Model: Parallel Assignment Masking: Double (Participant, Investigator) Primary Purpose: Treatment Primary Outcome Measures: • Radiographic Progression Free Survival (rPFS) [Time Frame: Baseline to Radiographic Disease Progression or Death from Any Cause (Estimated up to 21 Months)] rPFS • Time to Prostate-Specific Antigen (PSA) Progression [Time Frame: Baseline to the Date of the First Observation of PSA Progression (Estimated up to 21 Months)] Time to PSA progression Secondary Outcome Measures: • Objective Response Rate (ORR): Percentage of Participants with a Complete Response (CR) or Partial Response (PR) [Time Frame: Baseline to Radiographic Disease Progression (Estimated up to 21 Months)] ORR: Percentage of participants with a CR or PR • Duration of Response (DOR) [Time Frame: Date of First Documented CR or PR to Date of Radiographic Disease Progression or Death from Any Cause (Estimated up to 21 Months)] DOR • Overall Survival (OS) [Time Frame: Baseline to Date of Death Due to Any Cause (Estimated up to 40 Months)] OS • Time to Symptomatic Progression [Time Frame: Baseline to the Date of the First Documented Symptomatic Progression (Estimated up to 21 Months)] Time to symptomatic Progression [Time Frame: Baseline to the Date of the First Documented Symptomatic Progression (Estimated up to 21 Months)] Time to symptomatic progression [Time Frame: Baseline to the Date of the First Documented Symptomatic Progression (Estimated up to 21 Months)] Pharmacokinetics (PK): Mean Steady State Exposure of Abemacicibl [Time Frame: Postdose Cycle 1 Day 1 through Postdose Cycle 3 Day 1 (28 Day Cycles)] PK: Mean steady state exposure of abemacicibl metabolite LSN2839567 [Time Frame: Postdose Cycle 1 Day 1 through Postdose Cycle 3 Day 1 (28 Day Cycles)] PK: Mean Steady State Exposure of Abemacicibl metabolite LSN3106726 [Time Frame: Postdose Cycle 1 Day 1 through Postdose Cycle 3 Day 1	Actual Enrollment: Estimated Enrollment: 350 Original Estimated Enrollment: 180 Age: 18 Years and older (Adult, Older Adult) Sex: Male	Study Sponsors: Same as current Collaborators: Not Provided	Study Start: November 26, 2018 Primary Completion: December 13, 2023 (Final data collection date for primary outcome measure) Study Completion: June 15, 2026 First Posted: October 16, 2018 Results First Posted: Last Update Posted: September 8, 2022

NCT Number Title	Other Names	Status	Conditions	Interventions	Characteristics	Population	Sponsor/Collabora ors	t Dates
4 NCT0207 <u>A St</u> 5840 <u>Com</u>	paring	n: Active, not recruiting	Non-Small Cell Lung Cancer	Drug: Alectinib	Study Type: Interventional	Actual Enrollment: 303	Study Sponsors: Same as current	Study Start: August 19, 2014
Alec Crizz Trea Naiv Anaj Lym Kina Adva Sma Canc Parti	tinib With otinib in tment- e olastic phoma se-Positive anced Non- Il Cell Lung ser cipants		Lung Cancer	Participants will receive alectinib 600 mg orally (four 150 mg capsules) BID from Visit 0 (baseline) until disease progression, unacceptable toxicity, withdrawal of consent or death. Other Name: RO5424802 • Drug: Crizotinib Participants will receive crizotinib 250 mg capsules orally BID from Visit 0 (baseline) until disease progression, unacceptable toxicity, withdrawal of consent or death.	Study Design: Allocation: Randomized Intervention Model: Parallel Assignment Masking: None (Open Label) Primary Purpose: Treatment Primary Outcome Measures: Progression-free survival (PFS) as assessed by investigators according to response evaluation criteria in solid tumors (RECIST) v. 1.1 criteria [Time Frame: Up to 31 months] Secondary Outcome Measures: • Objective response rate (ORR) as determined by the investigators according to RECIST v. 1.1 criteria [Time Frame: Up to 31 months] • Time to central nervous system (CNS) progression as determined by IRC using RECIST v. 1.1 criteria [Time Frame: Up to 31 months] • PFS as assessed by independent review committee (IRC) according to RECIST v. 1.1 criteria\n [Time Frame: Up to 31 months] • Duration of response defined as time from when response (complete or partial [CR or PR]) was first documented until first documented disease progression or death, whichever occurs first. [Time Frame: Up to 31 months] • Overall survival, defined as the time from randomization until death from any cause [Time Frame: Up to 42 months] • Incidence of adverse events [Time Frame: 42 months] • Area under the concentration-time curve (AUC) of alectinib [Time Frame: Up to 31 months] • Patient reported time to deterioration (TTD) as measured by the European Organization for the Research and Treatment of Cancer (EORTC) Quality of Life Questionnaire C30/LC13 [Time Frame: 31 months]	Enrollment: 303 Estimated Enrollment: Original Estimated Enrollment: 286 Age: 18 Years and older (Adult, Older Adult) Sex: All	Collaborators: Not Provided	Primary Completion: February 9, 2017 (Final data collection date for primary outcome measure) Study Completion: September 29, 2022 First Posted: March 15, 2018 Results First Posted: March 15, 2018 Last Update Posted: September 9, 2022

	NCT Number	Title	Other Names	Status	Conditions	Interventions	Characteristics	Population	Sponsor/Collaborators	Dates
25	NCT0540 6115	Single and Multiple Ascending Dose Study to Evaluate AMG 786 in Healthy Participants and Participants With Obesity Study Documents:	Title Acronym: Other Ids: 20210011	Recruiting	Obesity	Drug: AMG 786 Oral tablet Other: Placebo Oral tablet	Study Type: Interventional Phase: Phase 1 Study Design: Allocation: Randomized Intervention Model: Sequential Assignment Masking: Double (Participant, Investigator) Primary Purpose: Treatment Primary Outcome Measures: Same as current Secondary Outcome Measures: Same as current	Actual Enrollment: Estimated Enrollment: 78 Original Estimated Enrollment: Same as current Age: 18 Years to 65 Years (Adult, Older Adult) Sex: All	Study Sponsors: Same as current Collaborators: Not Provided	Study Start: July 26, 2022 Primary Completion: October 24, 2023 (Final data collection date for primary outcome measure) Study Completion: October 24, 2023 First Posted: June 6, 2022 Results First Posted: Last Update Posted: September 9, 2022