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	NCT Number	Title	Other Names	Status	Conditions	Interventions	Characteristics	Population	Sponsor/Collaborators	Dates
1	NCT0484 7531	REVEAL-CKD: Prevalence and Consequences of Undiagnosed Chronic Kidney Disease Study Documents:	Title Acronym: Other Ids: D169AR00003	Recruiting	Chronic Kidney Disease	Not Provided	Study Type: Observational Phase: Study Design: Observational Model: Cohort Time Perspective: Retrospective Primary Outcome Measures: Same as current Secondary Outcome Measures: Same as current	Actual Enrollment: Estimated Enrollment: 1000000 Original Estimated Enrollment: 99999 Age: 18 Years and older (Adult, Older Adult) Sex: All	Study Sponsors: Same as current Collaborators: Not Provided	Study Start: December 15, 2020 Primary Completion: October 31, 2022 (Final data collection date for primary outcome measure) Study Completion: October 31, 2022 First Posted: April 19, 2021 Results First Posted: Last Update Posted: September 10, 2022

	NCT Number	Title	Other Names	Status	Conditions	Interventions	Characteristics	Population	Sponsor/Collaborators	Dates
2	NCT0409 9992	Mindfulness in Chronic Kidney Disease Study Documents:	Title Acronym: Other Ids: IRB00110956 5R61AT010457 (U.S. NIH Grant/Contract)	Recruiting	Chronic Kidney Diseases	Behavioral: Mindfulness-based stress reduction (MBSR) Mindfulness-based stress reduction (MBSR) is delivered in 8 weekly 2.5-hour group sessions and one day-long retreat that occurs after the 6th session. MBSR teaches to become more aware of thoughts, feelings, and sensations, and to skillfully respond to stressors. Each of the sessions includes education about mindfulness and stress; experiential mindfulness practice, and discussion of participants' experiences with mindfulness practice. Participants learn formal mindfulness practice, e.g., meditation, yoga, body scan, body scan) as well as informal such as awareness of breath, thoughts, or emotions, and mindfulness of daily activities. Participants will receive digital audio (MP3) downloads with guided MM practices, a home practice manual, and handouts with each week's assignments. Daily home practice will consist of 40-45 minutes of recorded practice. Participants will log their daily practice. If a participant misses a class, it is possible to make up the class on a different day. Behavioral: Health enhancement program (HEP) 8-week health enhancement program (HEP) is designed to provide a structurally parallel, active control intervention to MBSR with health benefits in their own right, while omitting any components of mindfulness. HEP matches MBSR in structure and content, and in parallel to MBSR, consists of music therapy, nutritional education, posture and balance movements, walking and stretching. Work with all practices with group discussion and exercises during an all-day "spa day" will match the all-day retreat in MBSR. HEP participants will meet with a health educator in a group setting for 8 weekly 2.5-hour sessions. Participants will receive MP3 downloads on an MP3 player with recordings of health education topics, a home listening manual, and weekly handouts with each week's listening assignments. Participants will listen to these MP3 recordings daily for 40-45 minutes and log their daily adherence. Device: Transcutaneous Vagus Nerve Stimulati	Phase: Not Applicable Study Design: Allocation: Randomized Intervention Model: Parallel Assignment Intervention Model: Description: Protocol 1 (R61): 50 CKD participants will be randomized to MBSR (N=25) versus an active control intervention (health enhancement program, HEP; N=25). Protocol 2 (R33): 75 CKD participants will be randomized to MBSR+tVNS (n=25), MBSR+sham-tVNS (n=25), HEP+tVNS (n=25), and HEP+sham-tVNS (n=25), HEP+tVNS (n=25), and HEP+sham-tVNS (n=25). Masking: Triple (Participant, Investigator, Outcomes Assessor) Masking Description: A third-party investigator outside of the research team will label both real and sham devices with a coded number so that both participants and investigators can remain double-masked during the clinical trial. Primary Purpose: Treatment Primary Outcome Measures: Same as current Secondary Outcome Measures: Same as current	Actual Enrollment: Estimated Enrollment: 150 Original Estimated Enrollment: 125 Age: 40 Years to 80 Years (Adult, Older Adult) Sex: All	Study Sponsors: Same as current Collaborators: National Center for Complementary and Integrative Health (NCCIH)	Study Start: September 20, 2019 Primary Completion: August 2025 (Final data collection date for primary outcome measure) Study Completion: August 2025 First Posted: September 23, 2019 Results First Posted: Last Update Posted: September 14, 2022

NCT Numb	er Title	Other Names	Status	Conditions	Interventions	Characteristics	Population	Sponsor/Collaborators	Dates
3 NCT0550 4850	Multicultural Healthy Diet in Chronic Kidney Disease Study Documents:	Title Acronym: Other Ids: 2021-12753	Recruiting	Chronic Kidney Disease	Other: Multicultural Health Diet The food-based components will be similar to the anti- inflammatory diet of the ongoing MHD study (NCT03240406), which emphasizes limiting animal and high saturated fat foods with focus on anti-inflammatory foods/food components specific to the cultural context of the participant. The diet will also be tailored to needs of the CKD population including a focus on lowering sodium intake. The intervention (dietary counseling) will be delivered by experienced kidney disease nutritionist.	Study Type: Interventional Phase: Not Applicable Study Design: Allocation: N/A Intervention Model: Single Group Assignment Masking: None (Open Label) Primary Purpose: Other Primary Outcome Measures: Same as current Secondary Outcome Measures: Not Provided	Actual Enrollment: Estimated Enrollment: 20 Original Estimated Enrollment: Same as current Age: 18 Years to 85 Years (Adult, Older Adult) Sex: All	Study Sponsors: Same as current Collaborators: Not Provided	Study Start: September 30, 2022 Primary Completion: November 2023 (Final data collection date for primary outcome measure) Study Completion: February 2024 First Posted: August 17, 2022 Results First Posted: Last Update Posted: September 13, 2022

	NCT Number	Title	Other Names	Status	Conditions	Interventions	Characteristics	Population	Sponsor/Collabora ors	t Dates
4	NCT0241 1773	Sympatholysis in Chronic	Title Acronym: Other Ids:	Recruiting	Chronic Kidney Disease	Drug: Sodium Bicarbonate Sodium bicarbonate tablet is 650 mg for one tablet.	Study Type: Interventional Phase: Phase 2	Actual Enrollment:	Study Sponsors: Same as current	Study Start: May 2015
		Study	IRB00078214 2R01HL135183			Oral sodium bicarbonate will be given out as 1300mg-2600mg (2-4 pills) prior to each exercise or stretching session. Serum bicarbonate measurements will be	Study Design: Allocation: Randomized Intervention Model: Factorial Assignment	Estimated Enrollment: 110	Collaborators: National Heart,	Primary Completion:
		Documents:	(U.S. NIH Grant/Contract)			monitored throughout the study (at 2 weeks, then every 2-4 weeks thereafter), and bicarbonate dosages	Masking: None (Open Label) Primary Purpose: Treatment	Original Estimated	Lung, and Blood Institute (NHLBI)	November 2023 (Final data collection
						will be adjusted to avoid metabolic alkalosis (serum HCO3 > 30).	Primary Outcome Measures: Same as current	Enrollment: Same as current		date for primary outcome
						Drug: Placebo 2-4 placebo pills will be given out prior to each exercise or stretching session	Secondary Outcome Measures: Same as current	Age: 18 Years to 75 Years (Adult, Older Adult)		study Completion: November 2023
						• Other: Exercise Training Exercise training consists of riding a stationary bicycle for 20-45 minutes, 3 times per week, supervised by trained exercise specialists, for 6-12 weeks. The exercise program will follow the guidelines provided by the American College of Sports Medicine (ACSM) for optimizing cardiovascular fitness. Exercise intensity will begin at low levels (50 percent of resting heart rate) and increase to no greater than 80 percent of resting heart rate. Exercise time will progress, depending on subject's progress, from 20 minutes per session at first, to a maximum of 45 minutes. Trained staff members will give instructions throughout each exercise session. Before beginning each exercise session, subjects will be instructed on a warm-up focusing on preparing the legs for activity.		Sex: All		First Posted: April 8, 2015 Results First Posted: Last Update Posted: September 14, 2022
						• Other: Stretching Stretching exercise will consist of muscle stretching and toning for 20-45 minutes, 3 times per week, supervised by trained exercise specialists, for 6-12 weeks. Trained staff members will guide subjects with the stretching exercises, and activities are designed to increase flexibility and range of motion. Before beginning each stretching exercise session, subjects will be instructed to warm-up.				

	NCT Number	Title	Other Names	Status	Conditions	Interventions	Characteristics	Population	Sponsor/Collaborat	Dates
5	NCT0552 6157	An Observational Study, Called FINEGUST, to Learn More About How People With Chronic Kidney Disease and Type 2 Diabetes Are Treated and How the Introduction of New Treatment Options, Like Finerenone, Impacts Clinical Practice Study Documents:	Title Acronym: Other Ids: 21956	Not yet recruiting	Chronic Kidney Disease Type 2 Diabetes Mellitus	 Drug: Finerenone (Kerendia, BAY 948862) Retrospective analysis using secondary data collection from various sources Drug: Sodium-glucose cotransporter 2 inhibitors (SGLT2i) Retrospective analysis using secondary data collection from various sources Drug: Glucagon-like peptide-1 receptor agonists (GLP 1 RA) Retrospective analysis using secondary data collection from various sources Drug: Steroidal mineral corticoid receptor antagonists (sMRA) Retrospective analysis using secondary data collection from various sources Drug: Non-steroidal mineral corticoid receptor antagonists (nsMRA) Retrospective analysis using secondary data collection from various sources 	Study Design: Observational Model: Cohort Time Perspective: Retrospective Primary Outcome Measures: Same as current Secondary Outcome Measures: Same as current	Actual Enrollment: Estimated Enrollment: 50000 Original Estimated Enrollment: Same as current Age: 18 Years and older (Adult, Older Adult) Sex: All	Study Sponsors: Same as current Collaborators: Not Provided	Study Start: October 1, 2022 Primary Completion: September 30, 2024 (Final data collection date for primary outcome measure) Study Completion: September 30, 2024 First Posted: September 2, 2022 Results First Posted: Last Update Posted: September 14, 2022
6	NCT0180 6610	Study of Safety and Tolerability of BPS804 in Patients With Late-stage Chronic Kidney Disease Study Documents:	Title Acronym: Other Ids: CBPS804A2204 2012-003348-63 (EudraCT Number)	Withdrawn	Chronic-kidney Disease Stage 5D on Stable Hemodialysis	 Drug: BPS804 Single dose BPS804 administration. Other Name: Active BPS804. Drug: Placebo Single dose placebo administration. Other Name: BPS804 placebo. 	Study Type: Interventional Phase: Phase 2 Study Design: Allocation: Randomized Intervention Model: Parallel Assignment Masking: Double (Participant, Investigator) Primary Purpose: Treatment Primary Outcome Measures: Same as current Secondary Outcome Measures: Same as current	Actual Enrollment: 0 Estimated Enrollment: Original Estimated Enrollment: 10 Age: 18 Years to 80 Years (Adult, Older Adult) Sex: All	Study Sponsors: Novartis Pharmaceuticals Collaborators: • Mereo BioPharm a • Novartis	Study Start: August 2013 Primary Completion: April 2014 (Final data collection date for primary outcome measure) Study Completion: April 2014 First Posted: March 7, 2013 Results First Posted: Last Update Posted: September 14, 2022

	NCT Number	Title	Other Names	Status	Conditions	Interventions	Characteristics	Population	Sponsor/Collaborators	t Dates
7	NCT0411 5345	A Study of a Renal Autologous Cell Therapy (REACT®) in Patients With Chronic Kidney Disease (CKD) From Congenital Anomalies of the Kidney and Urinary Tract (CAKUT). Study Documents:	Title Acronym: Other Ids: REGEN-004	Recruiting	Chronic Kidney Disease Congenital Anomalies of Kidney and Urinary Tract Congenital Anomalies of Kidney and Urinary Tract	Biological: Renal Autologous Cell Therapy (REACT®) Autologous selected renal cells (SRC)	Phase: Phase 1 Study Design: Allocation: N/A Intervention Model: Single Group Assignment Intervention Model Description: Open-label Masking: None (Open Label) Primary Purpose: Treatment Primary Outcome Measures: Assess change in eGFR and observe incidence of renal-specific procedure and/or product related adverse events (AEs) through 24 months following two Renal Autologous Cell Therapy (REACT) injections [Safety]. [Time Frame: 12 months following last REACT injection] The primary objective is to assess the safety and optimal delivery of Renal Autologous Cell Therapy (REACT) injected at one site in a recipient kidney as measured by procedure-and/or product related adverse events (AEs) through 12 months post-treatment. Secondary Outcome Measures: Number of subjects with renal-specific adverse events over a 24-month period following injection of Renal Autologous Cell Therapy (REACT). [Time Frame: 24 months following last REACT injection] The number of subjects with renal-specific adverse events over a 24-month period following injection of Renal Autologous Cell Therapy (REACT) will be observed utilizing renal-specific laboratory assessments. The secondary objective will compare the results of laboratory tests from baseline through 12 months following REACT injection, followed by an additional observational period of 18 months for a total of 24 months of observation. Each subject's baseline rate of CKD disease progression serves as his/her own "control" to monitor for changes in renal insufficiency over time.	Actual Enrollment: Estimated Enrollment: 15 Original Estimated Enrollment: Same as current Age: 18 Years to 65 Years (Adult, Older Adult) Sex: All	Study Sponsors: Same as current Collaborators: CTI Clinical Trial and Consulting Services	Study Start: August 13, 2019 Primary Completion: March 31, 2023 (Final data collection date for primary outcome measure) Study Completion: May 30, 2023 First Posted: October 4, 2019 Results First Posted: Last Update Posted: September 10, 2022
8	NCT0453 8157	Comprehensive Geriatric Assessment for Frail Older People With Chronic Kidney Disease - The GOAL Trial Study Documents:	Title Acronym: Other Ids: AKTN 20.01	Recruiting	Frailty Chronic Kidney Diseases	Other: Comprehensive Geriatric Assessment A CGA is a diagnostic and therapeutic intervention which initially identifies an older person's medical, functional, psychosocial problems and then tailors coordinated management plans to address them. Other Name: CGA	Study Type: Interventional Phase: Not Applicable Study Design: Allocation: Randomized Intervention Model: Parallel Assignment Masking: Single (Outcomes Assessor) Primary Purpose: Supportive Care Primary Outcome Measures: Same as current Secondary Outcome Measures: Same as current	Actual Enrollment: Estimated Enrollment: 500 Original Estimated Enrollment: Same as current Age: 55 Years and older (Adult, Older Adult) Sex: All	Study Sponsors: Same as current Collaborators: National Health and Medical Research Council, Australia	Study Start: March 15, 2021 Primary Completion: March 30, 2023 (Final data collection date for primary outcome measure) Study Completion: December 31, 2023 First Posted: September 3, 2020 Results First Posted: Last Update Posted: September 14, 2022

I	NCT Number Ti	tle	Other Names	Status	Conditions	Interventions	Characteristics	Population	Sponsor/Collaborators	Dates
9	0431	Evaluation of Protective Effect of Activated Charcoal and Probiotic Against Progression of Chronic Kidney Disease Study Documents:	Title Acronym: Other Ids: Uremic toxin in CKD	Not yet recruiting	Uremic Toxin	 Drug: Activated Charcoal RCT Dietary Supplement: Probiotic RCT Other: No intervention RCT 	Study Type: Interventional Phase: Phase 2 Phase 3 Study Design: Allocation: Randomized Intervention Model: Parallel Assignment Intervention Model Description: Interventional (clinical trial) Masking: None (Open Label) Masking Description: None (Open Label) Primary Purpose: Prevention Primary Outcome Measures: Same as current Secondary Outcome Measures: Same as current	Actual Enrollment: Estimated Enrollment: 60 Original Estimated Enrollment: Same as current Age: 18 Years to 90 Years (Adult, Older Adult) Sex: All	Study Sponsors: Same as current Collaborators: Not Provided	Study Start: September 25, 2022 Primary Completion: September 20, 2023 (Final data collection date for primary outcome measure) Study Completion: December 20, 2023 First Posted: September 14, 2022 Results First Posted: Last Update Posted: September 14, 2022

NCT Number Title	Other Names	Status	Conditions	Interventions	Characteristics	Population	Sponsor/Collabora ors	t Dates
NCT0329 9816 Five, Plus Nuts and Beans for Kidneys Study Documents:	Title Acronym: Other Ids: IRB00122943 1U01MD010550 -01 (U.S. NIH Grant/Contract)	Completed	Chronic Kidney Disease Hypertensi on	Behavioral: Coaching DASH group (C-DASH) Participants assigned to the C-DASH diet advice group will be provided \$30/week worth of fruits, vegetables, nuts and beans ordered through the study coach and delivered to a community location to reach a certain goal of potassium intake (months 0-4). During phase 2 of the study (months 5-12), a study coach will continue telephonic contact with the participants to set goals for following a DASH-like diet without the weekly food allowance. Other Name: Coaching DASH diet advice group (C-DASH) Behavioral: Self-Shopping DASH group (S-DASH) Participants will be given a brochure containing information about the DASH diet which will be reviewed with a study team member. In months 1-4, participants will receive a gift card equivalent to a weekly allowance of \$30 to Klein's ShopRite stores of Maryland for purchases of food and beverages of their choice. During phase two (months 5-12), they will be asked to continue following a DASH-like diet but will not receive a gift card for purchases. Other Name: Self-Shopping DASH diet advice Group (S-DASH)	Study Type: Interventional Phase: Not Applicable Study Design: Allocation: Randomized Intervention Model: Parallel Assignment Intervention Model Description: Single center, randomized controlled trial with two parallel arms. Masking: Single (Outcomes Assessor) Primary Purpose: Treatment Primary Outcome Measures: Change in Albuminuria from Baseline to 1 month [Time Frame: Baseline, 1 month] Urine samples will be collected for ACR (albumin-to- creatinine ratio). Albuminuria is defined as an ACR 30 mg/g. Change in Albuminuria from Baseline to 4 months [Time Frame: Baseline, 4 months] Urine samples will be collected for ACR (albumin-to- creatinine ratio). Albuminuria is defined as an ACR 30 mg/g. Change in Albuminuria from Baseline to end of study [Time Frame: Baseline, end of study (approximately 12 months)] Urine samples will be collected for ACR (albumin-to- creatinine ratio). Albuminuria is defined as an ACR 30 mg/g. Secondary Outcome Measures: Change in Systolic Blood Pressure [Time Frame: Baseline, 1 month] Daytime systolic blood pressure monitoring will be determined using OMRON 907-xl Change in Systolic Blood Pressure [Time Frame: Baseline, 4 months] Daytime systolic blood pressure monitoring will be determined using OMRON 907-xl Change in Systolic Blood Pressure [Time Frame: Baseline, end of study (approximately 12 months)] Daytime systolic blood pressure monitoring will be determined using OMRON 907-xl	Actual Enrollment: 142 Estimated Enrollment: Original Estimated Enrollment: 150 Age: 21 Years to 100 Years (Adult, Older Adult) Sex: All	Study Sponsors: Same as current Collaborators: National Institute on Minority Health and Health Disparities (NIMHD)	Study Start: February 22, 2018 Primary Completion: November 22, 2021 (Final data collection date for primary outcome measure) Study Completion: December 8, 2021 First Posted: October 3, 2017 Results First Posted: Last Update Posted: September 15, 2022

	NCT Number	Title	Other Names	Status	Conditions	Interventions	Characteristics	Population	Sponsor/Collaborat	Dates
11	NCT0545 7283	A Study to Learn More About How Safe the Study Treatment Finerenone is in Long-term Use When Taken With an ACE Inhibitor or Angiotensin Receptor Blocker Over 18 Months of Use in Children and Young Adults From 1 to 18 Years of Age With Chronic Kidney Disease and Proteinuria Study Documents:	Title Acronym: Other Ids: 20186 2021-002905-89 (EudraCT Number)	Not yet recruiting	Chronic Kidney Disease Proteinuria Children	Drug: Finerenone (Kerendia, BAY94-8862) Finerenone in different doses, treatment duration will be 540 ±7 days.	Study Type: Interventional Phase: Phase 3 Study Design: Allocation: N/A Intervention Model: Single Group Assignment Masking: None (Open Label) Primary Purpose: Treatment Primary Outcome Measures: Same as current Secondary Outcome Measures: Same as current	Actual Enrollment: Estimated Enrollment: 100 Original Estimated Enrollment: Same as current Age: 1 Year to 18 Years (Child, Adult) Sex: All	Study Sponsors: Same as current Collaborators: Not Provided	Study Start: November 2, 2022 Primary Completion: February 11, 2028 (Final data collection date for primary outcome measure) Study Completion: March 12, 2028 First Posted: July 13, 2022 Results First Posted: Last Update Posted: September 13, 2022
12	NCT0553 6804	A Study of Tirzepatide (LY3298176) in Participants With Overweight or Obesity and Chronic Kidney Disease With or Without Type 2 Diabetes Study Documents:	Title Acronym: Other Ids: 17217 I8F-MC-GPIG (Other Identifier: Eli Lilly and Company) 2021-005273-47 (EudraCT Number)	Not yet recruiting	 Overweigh t Obesity Chronic Kidney Disease Type 2 Diabetes T2D 	Drug: Tirzepatide Administered SC Drug: Placebo Administered SC	Study Type: Interventional Phase: Phase 2 Study Design: Allocation: Randomized Intervention Model: Parallel Assignment Masking: Double (Participant, Investigator) Primary Purpose: Treatment Primary Outcome Measures: Same as current Secondary Outcome Measures: Same as current	Actual Enrollment: Estimated Enrollment: 140 Original Estimated Enrollment: Same as current Age: 18 Years and older (Adult, Older Adult) Sex: All	Study Sponsors: Same as current Collaborators: Not Provided	Study Start: October 14, 2022 Primary Completion: October 10, 2025 (Final data collection date for primary outcome measure) Study Completion: November 7, 2025 First Posted: September 13, 2022 Results First Posted: Last Update Posted: September 13, 2022

	NCT Number	Title	Other Names	Status	Conditions	Interventions	Characteristics	Population	Sponsor/Collaborators	Dates
13	NCT0525 4002	A Study to Learn How Well the Treatment Combination of Finerenone and Empagliflozin Works and How Safe it is Compared to Each Treatment Alone in Adult Participants With Long-term Kidney Disease (Chronic Kidney Disease) and Type 2 Diabetes Study Documents:	Title Acronym: Other Ids: 21839 2021-003037-11 (EudraCT Number)	Recruiting	Type 2 Diabetes Mellitus Chronic Kidney Disease	 Drug: Finerenone (Kerendia, BAY94-8862) oral administration, once daily Drug: Empagliflozin oral administration, once daily Drug: Placebo oral administration, once daily Other Name: Placebo to finerenone, and placebo to empagliflozin 	Study Type: Interventional Phase: Phase 2 Study Design: Allocation: Randomized Intervention Model: Parallel Assignment Masking: Quadruple (Participant, Care Provider, Investigator, Outcomes Assessor) Primary Purpose: Treatment Primary Outcome Measures: Same as current Secondary Outcome Measures: Same as current	Actual Enrollment: Estimated Enrollment: 807 Original Estimated Enrollment: Same as current Age: 18 Years and older (Adult, Older Adult) Sex: All	Study Sponsors: Same as current Collaborators: Not Provided	Study Start: June 23, 2022 Primary Completion: December 15, 2023 (Final data collection date for primary outcome measure) Study Completion: January 12, 2024 First Posted: February 24, 2022 Results First Posted: Last Update Posted: September 13, 2022
14	NCT0553 1214	Creating A Cardiorenal Multidisciplinary Team for Management HF and CKD Patients Study Documents:	Title Acronym: Other Ids: NCR224155	Recruiting	Heart Failure Chronic Kidney Diseases	Behavioral: Multidisciplinary Care Coordination Team The intervention group will be patients whose primary care clinicians will be receiving guidance and recommendations from the multidisciplinary team consisting of cardiologists, nephrologists, and specialty pharmacists.	Phase: Not Applicable Study Design: Allocation: Randomized Intervention Model: Parallel Assignment Intervention Model Description: Our pragmatic randomized controlled trial will firstly identify primary care clinicians (PCCs) currently working at the George Washington University Medical Faculty Associates (GW-MFA) who care for adult patients diagnosed with both heart failure with a reduced ejection fraction (HFrEF) and chronic kidney disease (CKD). 164 patients who meet our inclusion criteria will be first identified via their respective PCCs at the GW-MFA. These PCCs will be randomized to the control and intervention arms, and the intervention arm will be receiving recommendations from a multidisciplinary team of cardiologists and nephrologists. Masking: Single (Participant) Masking Description: These primary care clinicians will then be block randomized using a 1:1 ratio to either arm of treatment utilizing random number generation. Primary care clinicians will be stratified by the size of their individual practices, and patients will be stratified by EF prior to their enrollment to balance the representation of patients with HFrEF (EF < 50%) and heart failure with mildly reduced ejection fraction (HFmrEF) (EF 41-49%), respectively. Primary Purpose: Other Primary Outcome Measures: Same as current Secondary Outcome Measures: Same as current	Actual Enrollment: Estimated Enrollment: 160 Original Estimated Enrollment: Same as current Age: 18 Years and older (Adult, Older Adult) Sex: All	Study Sponsors: Same as current Collaborators: Not Provided	Study Start: June 1, 2022 Primary Completion: January 1, 2023 (Final data collection date for primary outcome measure) Study Completion: June 1, 2023 First Posted: September 7, 2022 Results First Posted: Last Update Posted: September 13, 2022

	NCT Number Ti	itle	Other Names	Status	Conditions	Interventions	Characteristics	Population	Sponsor/Collaborat ors	Dates
15	4837	Zibotentan and Dapagliflozin for the Treatment of CKD (ZENITH-CKD Trial) Study Documents:	Title Acronym: Other Ids: D4325C00001 2020-004101-32 (EudraCT Number)	Recruiting	Chronic Kidney Disease	Drug: Zibotentan Participants will receive zibotentan as per the arms they are randomized. Drug: Dapagliflozin Participants will receive dapagliflozin as per the arms they are randomized. Drug: Placebo Participants will receive placebo as per the arms they are randomized to.	Study Type: Interventional Phase: Phase 2 Study Design: Allocation: Randomized Intervention Model: Parallel Assignment Masking: Triple (Participant, Care Provider, Investigator) Primary Purpose: Treatment Primary Outcome Measures: Change in Log-transformed Urinary Albumin to Creatinine Ratio (UACR) from baseline to Week 12 [Time Frame: From baseline (Week 0 [Day 1]) until Week 12 (Day 84)] Integrated data from Part A and B will be used for assessment of effect of zibotentan and dapagliflozin in combination and alone versus placebo on UACR. Secondary Outcome Measures: • Change in Log-transformed UACR from baseline to Week 12 [Time Frame: From baseline (Week 0 [Day 1]) until Week 12 (Day 84)] Integrated data from Part A and B will be used for assessment of the change in UACR for doses of zibotentan combined with 10 mg dapagliflozin versus 10 mg dapagliflozin alone. • Change in Blood Pressure from baseline to Week 12 [Time Frame: From baseline (Week 0 [Day 1]) until Week 12 (Day 84)] Integrated data from Part A and B will be used for assessment of the change in office systolic and diastolic blood pressure (BP) for doses of zibotentan combined with 10 mg dapagliflozin and for zibotentan and 10 mg dapagliflozin alone versus placebo. Integrated data from Part A and B • Least Squares Mean Change of UACR at Week 12 for Zibotentan and Dapagliflozin in Combination and Dapagliflozin alone [Time Frame: At Week 12 (Day 84)] Integrated data from Part A and B will be used for assessment of dose-response significance and relationship across different dose of zibotentan/dapagliflozin and dapagliflozin alone on UACR reduction. Integrated data from Part A and B. • Change in eGFR from Baseline to Week 1, Week 12 and Week 14 [Time Frame: From baseline (Week 0 [Day 1]) until Week 1, Week 12, and Week 14 [Integrated data from Part A and B will be used for assessment of the effect of ranging doses of zibotentan and dapagliflozin in combination and alone on eGFR. • Change in eGFR from Part A and B will be used for assess	Actual Enrollment: Estimated Enrollment: 495 Original Estimated Enrollment: 660 Age: 18 Years to 130 Years (Adult, Older Adult) Sex: All	Study Sponsors: Same as current Collaborators: Not Provided	Study Start: April 28, 2021 Primary Completion: March 10, 2023 (Final data collection date for primary outcome measure) Study Completion: March 10, 2023 First Posted: January 26, 2021 Results First Posted: Last Update Posted: September 13, 2022

	NCT Number	Title	Other Names	Status	Conditions	Interventions	Characteristics	Population	Sponsor/Collaborators	Dates
16	NCT0383 2595	Kidney Coordinated Health Management Partnership Study Documents:	Title Acronym: Other Ids: PRO18070620 R18DK118460 (U.S. NIH Grant/Contract) 1R01DK116957- 01A1 (U.S. NIH Grant/Contract)	Enrolling by invitation	Chronic Kidney Diseases	 Other: Intervention Arm An EHR in-basket message will be sent to the patient's PCP which identifies the patient's high-risk CKD status and indicates that the patient will receive: 1. Nephrologist led electronic consultation: review of the patient's EHR with recommendations sent to the PCP every ~6 months, 2. Medication therapy management: PharmD led telephonic medication therapy management with the patient every ~6 months, 3. and Nurse led CKD patient education, every ~6-12 months unless the PCP opts the patient out of the interventions (by responding to the EHR in-basket message and providing an opt-out reason or requesting an office consultation with nephrology). Other: Usual Care Patients in the usual care arm will continue to receive CKD care guided by their PCPs as per usual care practices (i.e., specialty consultation, pharmacotherapy, nurse education, etc. may be ordered by the PCP according to their usual practice). 	Phase: Not Applicable Study Design: Allocation: Randomized Intervention Model: Parallel Assignment Intervention Model: Parallel Assignment Intervention Model Description: Cluster randomized controlled trial with randomization occurring at the Primary Care Physician practice level Masking: Single (Outcomes Assessor) Masking Description: outcomes are ascertained by data programmers who are blinded to study arm assignment Primary Purpose: Treatment Primary Outcome Measures: Decline in estimated Glomerular Filtration Rate (eGFR) or End Stage Renal Disease (ESRD) [Time Frame: Through study completion, an average of 24 months] A less than or equal to 40% decline in eGFR or ESRD. eGFR decline will be adjudicated based on the baseline creatinine and eGFR determined from the CKD-epidemiology (CKD-EPI) equation and measured routinely in clinical practice. ESRD will be defined as an eGFR less than or equal to 10ml/min to account for patients with markedly reduced baseline eGFR values (i.e., 16-20ml/min). Secondary Outcome Measures: Same as current	Actual Enrollment: Estimated Enrollment: 1650 Original Estimated Enrollment: Same as current Age: 18 Years to 85 Years (Adult, Older Adult) Sex: All	Study Sponsors: Same as current Collaborators: Vanderbilt University Medical Center National Institute of Diabetes and Digestive and Kidney Diseases (NIDDK)	Study Start: May 1, 2019 Primary Completion: July 31, 2022 (Final data collection date for primary outcome measure) Study Completion: August 2024 First Posted: February 6, 2019 Results First Posted: Last Update Posted: September 13, 2022
17	NCT0534 8733	A Study Called FINE-REAL to Learn More About the Use of the Drug Finerenone in a Routine Medical Care Setting Study Documents:	Title Acronym: Other Ids: 21785	Recruiting	Chronic Kidney Disease Type 2 Diabetes Mellitus	Drug: Kerendia (Finerenone, BAY94-8862) Decision will taken by the treating physician to initiate treatment with finerenone.	Phase: Study Design: Observational Model: Cohort Time Perspective: Prospective Primary Outcome Measures: • Descriptive analysis of clinical characteristics of patients with chronic kidney disease (CKD) and with type 2 diabetes(T2D). [Time Frame: Approximately 42 months] • Descriptive summary of reasons for introducing finerenone. [Time Frame: Approximately 42 months] • Descriptive summary of reasons for discontinuation of finerenone. [Time Frame: Approximately 42 months] • Planned and actual duration of treatment with finerenone [Time Frame: Approximately 42 months] • Descriptive summary of dose of finerenone treatment [Time Frame: Approximately 42 months] • Descriptive summary of frequency of finerenone treatment [Time Frame: Approximately 42 months] • Descriptive summary of concomitant medication used in patients with CKD and T2D. [Time Frame: Approximately 42 months] Secondary Outcome Measures: • Occurrence of adverse events (AEs) and serious adverse events (SAEs) [Time Frame: Approximately 42 months] • Occurrence of hyperkalemia [Time Frame: Approximately 42 months] • Occurrence of study drug discontinuation, dialysis or hospitalization	Actual Enrollment: Estimated Enrollment: 4000 Original Estimated Enrollment: Same as current Age: 18 Years and older (Adult, Older Adult) Sex: All	Study Sponsors: Same as current Collaborators: Not Provided	Study Start: June 13, 2022 Primary Completion: November 15, 2025 (Final data collection date for primary outcome measure) Study Completion: March 15, 2026 First Posted: April 27, 2022 Results First Posted: Last Update Posted: September 14, 2022

	NCT Number	Title	Other Names	Status	Conditions	Interventions	Characteristics	Population	Sponsor/Collaborat	Dates
18	NCT0034 5839	E.V.O.L.V.E. TrialTM: EValuation Of Cinacalcet Hydrochloride (HCl) Therapy to Lower CardioVascular Events Study Documents:	Title Acronym: Other Ids: 20050182	Completed	Secondary Hyperpara thyroidism Chronic Kidney Disease	 Drug: Cinacalcet Possible doses: 30, 60, 90, 120, and 180 mg using tablet strengths of 30, 60, or 90 mg. Sequential titration starting at 30 mg daily (QD), once every 4 weeks for the first 20 weeks and once every 8 weeks after Week 20. Titration increases or decreases based on PTH values, serum calcium, and safety. Daily dosing unless temporary hold criteria or withdrawal criteria is met, or until study completion; estimated 2.5 to 4 years of intervention. Drug: Placebo Possible doses: 30, 60, 90, 120, and 180 mg using tablet strengths of 30, 60, or 90 mg. Sequential titration starting at 30 mg QD, once every 4 weeks for the first 20 weeks and once every 8 weeks after Week 20. Titration increases or decreases based on PTH values, serum calcium, and safety. Daily dosing unless temporary hold criteria or withdrawal criteria is met, or until study completion; estimated 2.5 to 4 years of intervention. 	Study Type: Interventional Phase: Phase 3 Study Design: Allocation: Randomized Intervention Model: Parallel Assignment Masking: Double (Participant, Investigator) Primary Purpose: Treatment Primary Outcome Measures: Time to the composite event comprising all-cause mortality or non-fatal cardiovascular events (MI, hospitalization for unstable angina, HF, or peripheral vascular event) Secondary Outcome Measures: • Time to all-cause mortality • Time to cardiovascular mortality • Time to fatal and non-fatal MI • Time to fatal and non-fatal hospitalization for unstable angina • Time to fatal and non-fatal HF event • Time to fatal and non-fatal stroke • Time to bone fracture • Time to parathyroidectomy	Actual Enrollment: 3883 Estimated Enrollment: Original Estimated Enrollment: Age: 18 Years and older (Adult, Older Adult) Sex: All	Study Sponsors: Same as current Collaborators: Not Provided	Study Start: August 22, 2006 Primary Completion: April 10, 2012 (Final data collection date for primary outcome measure) Study Completion: April 10, 2012 First Posted: January 22, 2014 Results First Posted: January 22, 2014 Last Update Posted: September 10, 2022
19	NCT0338 6539	Tacrolimus/Ever olimus vs. Tacrolimus/MM F in Pediatric Heart Transplant Recipients Using the MATE Score Study Documents:	Title Acronym: Other Ids: P00025970 PR160574 (Other Grant/Funding Number: U.S. Department of Defense) IND 127980 (Other Identifier: Food and Drug Administration)	Active, not recruiting	Pediatric Heart Transplant ation Immunosu ppression Chronic Kidney Diseases Cardiac Allograft Vasculopa thy Heart Transplant Failure and Rejection Post- transplant Lymphopr oliferative Disorder Heart Transplant Infection	 Drug: Everolimus Everolimus tablet Other Name: Zortress Drug: Tacrolimus Tacrolimus capsule or liquid suspension Other Name: Prograf Drug: Mycophenolate Mofetil Mycophenolate Mofetil capsule or liquid suspension Other Name: Cellcept 	Study Design: Allocation: Randomized Intervention Model: Parallel Assignment Intervention Model Description: Multicenter open-label randomized clinical trial with randomization within 4 strata, defined by donor-specific antibody status and center annual transplant volume. There are 2 parallel groups of equal sizes for randomization: everolimus/low-dose tacrolimus and tacrolimus/mycophenolate mofetil. Masking: Single (Outcomes Assessor) Masking Description: The Coronary Angiography Core Laboratory readers will be blinded to treatment assignment and time point (study visit). The Adjudication Committee members will be blinded to treatment assignment. Primary Purpose: Treatment Primary Outcome Measures: Same as current Secondary Outcome Measures: Same as current	Actual Enrollment: 211 Estimated Enrollment: Original Estimated Enrollment: 210 Age: up to 21 Years (Child, Adult) Sex: All	Study Sponsors: Same as current Collaborators: Stanford University United States Departmen t of Defense	Study Start: January 29, 2018 Primary Completion: February 2023 (Final data collection date for primary outcome measure) Study Completion: February 2023 First Posted: December 29, 2017 Results First Posted: Last Update Posted: September 9, 2022

	NCT Number	Title	Other Names	Status	Conditions	Interventions	Characteristics	Population	Sponsor/Collaborat	Dates
20	NCT0546 5317	Evaluating Comparative Effectiveness of Empagliflozin in Type 2 Diabetes Population With and Without Chronic Kidney Disease Study Documents:	Title Acronym: Other Ids: 1245-0228	Active, not recruiting	Diabetes Mellitus, Type 2	 Drug: Empagliflozin Empagliflozin Drug: Dipeptidyl Peptidate-4 inhibitors Dipeptidyl Peptidate-4 inhibitors Drug: Sodium glucose co-transporter-2 inhibitors Sodium glucose co-transporter-2 inhibitors Drug: Glucagon-like Peptide-1 Receptor Agonists Glucagon-like Peptide-1 Receptor Agonists 	Study Design: Observational Model: Cohort Time Perspective: Retrospective Primary Outcome Measures: Same as current Secondary Outcome Measures: Same as current	Actual Enrollment: 30400 Estimated Enrollment: Original Estimated Enrollment: Same as current Age: 18 Years and older (Adult, Older Adult) Sex: All	Study Sponsors: <u>Same as current</u> Collaborators: Not Provided	Study Start: August 8, 2022 Primary Completion: September 17, 2022 (Final data collection date for primary outcome measure) Study Completion: September 17, 2022 First Posted: July 19, 2022 Results First Posted: Last Update Posted: September 9, 2022
21	NCT0514 2501	Observation of the Immune Response After COVID-19 Additional Vaccine Doses in Chronic Patients in Hemodialysis Therapy Study Documents:	Title Acronym: Other Ids: HD-COVID-IR-EU	Terminated	Chronic Kidney Diseases COVID-19 Hemodialy sis	Other: Blood samples Four consecutive blood sampling throughout the overall follow-up period of 12 months.	Study Design: Observational Model: Other Time Perspective: Prospective Primary Outcome Measures: Humoral immune response [Time Frame: 12 months after start of study] The humoral immune response will be assessed at four different timepoints (Sample 1: prior to the third vaccine dose; sample 2: 1 months after the third vaccine dose; sample 4: 12 months after the third vaccine dose or max. 4 weeks prior to the fourth vaccine dose, whichever comes first) through the measurement of the titers of Bioplex IgG antibody panel in study participant's blood samples. Secondary Outcome Measures: Not Provided	Actual Enrollment: 23 Estimated Enrollment: Original Estimated Enrollment: 340 Age: 18 Years and older (Adult, Older Adult) Sex: All	Study Sponsors: Same as current Collaborators: Not Provided	Study Start: April 25, 2022 Primary Completion: September 2, 2022 (Final data collection date for primary outcome measure) Study Completion: September 2, 2022 First Posted: December 2, 2021 Results First Posted: Last Update Posted: September 15, 2022

NCT	T Number	Γitle	Other Names	Status	Conditions	Interventions	Characteristics	Population	Sponsor/Collaborators	Dates
22 NC 446	CT0552 467	Cross-sectional Study to Assess Prevalence and Burden of CKD- associated Pruritus in Haemodialysis Patients Study Documents:	Title Acronym: Other Ids: CS-DFK-2021-0712	Not yet recruiting	Chronic Kidney Disease- associated Pruritus	Not Provided	Study Design: Observational Model: Cohort Time Perspective: Cross-Sectional Primary Outcome Measures: Same as current Secondary Outcome Measures: Same as current	Actual Enrollment: Estimated Enrollment: 4810 Original Estimated Enrollment: Same as current Age: 18 Years and older (Adult, Older Adult) Sex: All	Study Sponsors: Same as current Collaborators: Not Provided	Study Start: November 2022 Primary Completion: September 2023 (Final data collection date for primary outcome measure) Study Completion: December 2023 First Posted: September 1, 2022 Results First Posted: Last Update Posted: September 13, 2022
23 NC 136	CT0532 368	A Cardiometabolic Health Program Linked With Clinical- Community Support and Mobile Health Telemonitoring to Reduce Health Disparities Study Documents:	Title Acronym: Other Ids: IRB00311760	Not yet recruiting	Hypertensi on High Blood Pressure Diabetes Chronic Kidney Diseases	Behavioral: LINKED-HEARTS Program The intervention arm will include training on home blood pressure monitoring, Sphygmo blood pressure telemonitoring app, Community Health Worker visit for education, counseling on lifestyles modification and Pharmacist to collaborate with other providers to optimize pharmacologic therapy to improve hypertension outcomes and with payors to ensure consistent access to drug therapy.	Study Type: Interventional Phase: Not Applicable Study Design: Allocation: Randomized Intervention Model: Parallel Assignment Masking: None (Open Label) Primary Purpose: Prevention Primary Outcome Measures: Same as current Secondary Outcome Measures: Same as current	Actual Enrollment: Estimated Enrollment: 600 Original Estimated Enrollment: Same as current Age: 18 Years and older (Adult, Older Adult) Sex: All	Study Sponsors: Same as current Collaborators: National Institute on Minority Health and Health Disparities (NIMHD)	Study Start: October 31, 2022 Primary Completion: October 1, 2024 (Final data collection date for primary outcome measure) Study Completion: September 1, 2026 First Posted: April 11, 2022 Results First Posted: Last Update Posted: September 9, 2022

	NCT Number	Title	Other Names	Status	Conditions	Interventions	Characteristics	Population	Sponsor/Collaborators	Dates
24	NCT0528 8452	Food Delivery, Remote Monitoring, and Coaching- Enhanced Education for Optimized Diabetes Management (FREEDOM) Study Documents:	Title Acronym: Other Ids: IRB-300008387	Not yet recruiting	Diabetes Mellitus, Type 2	 Behavioral: Digital Health Coaching The digital health coaching intervention program involves an evidence-based curriculum and one-onone support to promote positive health behaviors and patient self-management of diabetes. Dietary Supplement: Food Box Delivery The food box intervention component will consist of biweekly food boxes delivered directly to participants over the course of 6 months. The food boxes will contain shelf-stable groceries that adhere to ADA nutritional guidelines for individuals with T2DM. Behavioral: Remote Patient Monitoring (RPM) The RPM team will instruct the participants to monitor blood glucose levels 4 times daily. Glucose levels will be monitored 8 a.m. to 5 p.m.Monday to Friday. Data summaries will be reviewed bi-monthly with RNs and pharmacists. Participants will be provided with a glucometer, test strips, and mobile divide to record their blood glucose levels. Behavioral: Core Intervention: Diabetes Self-Management Education and Support (DSMES) Program DSMES program is certified by the American Diabetes Association (ADA) and provided by an ADA-certified diabetes educator. DSMES includes 4-6 hours of interactive group classes covering topics related to diabetes management. 	Phase: Not Applicable Study Design: Allocation: Randomized Intervention Model: Factorial Assignment Intervention Model Description: We used the multiphase optimization strategy (MOST) as the ideal approach for the proposed study as, with the three proposed intervention components, identifying an optimal intervention through a single randomized controlled trial (RCT) with multiple arms or through multiple RCTs would be methodologically inefficient and resource-intensive. Given this, we rely on the eloquent and rigorous MOST-based optimization design, which leverages factorial experimentation to identify an optimal set of intervention component(s). In a factorial experiment, the goal is not to compare individual experimental conditions (in this case, eight conditions), but to use combinations of conditions to estimate the main and interaction effects of the intervention components. Thus, numerous intervention components can be evaluated simultaneously while utilizing the entire randomized sample. Masking: Single (Investigator) Primary Purpose: Supportive Care Primary Outcome Measures: Same as current Secondary Outcome Measures: Not Provided	Actual Enrollment: Estimated Enrollment: 304 Original Estimated Enrollment: Same as current Age: 18 Years and older (Adult, Older Adult) Sex: All	Study Sponsors: Same as current Collaborators: University of Mississipp i Medical Center Cooper Green Mercy Health Systems Pack Health	Study Start: November 15, 2022 Primary Completion: December 1, 2024 (Final data collection date for primary outcome measure) Study Completion: December 1, 2026 First Posted: March 21, 2022 Results First Posted: Last Update Posted: September 10, 2022
25	NCT0373 6005	Skeletal Muscle Wasting and Renal Dysfunction After Critical Illness Trauma - Outcomes Study Study Documents:	Title Acronym: Other Ids: KRATOSProtoc olv1.2	Completed	Critical Illness Acute Kidney Injury Muscle Loss Major Trauma Quality of Life Chronic Kidney Diseases	Other: Exposure of significant critical illness Exposure. Observational study with all patients invited to follow-up clinic for kidney, muscle and functional assessments.	Study Design: Observational Model: Cohort Time Perspective: Prospective Primary Outcome Measures: Same as current Secondary Outcome Measures: Same as current	Actual Enrollment: 40 Estimated Enrollment: Original Estimated Enrollment: 62 Age: 18 Years and older (Adult, Older Adult) Sex: All	Study Sponsors: Same as current Collaborators: Not Provided	Study Start: December 19, 2018 Primary Completion: December 1, 2021 (Final data collection date for primary outcome measure) Study Completion: January 1, 2022 First Posted: November 8, 2018 Results First Posted: Last Update Posted: September 14, 2022

	NCT Number	Title	Other Names	Status	Conditions	Interventions	Characteristics	Population	Sponsor/Collabora ors	Dates Dates
26	NCT0353 4141	Mild Hypothermia and Acute Kidney Injury in Liver Transplantation Study Documents:	Title Acronym: Other Ids: 17- 22384	Recruiting	Cirrhosis End Stage Liver Disease Acute Kidney Injury Liver Transplant ; Complicati ons Chronic Kidney Diseases Hepatitis c Hepatitis B NASH - Nonalcoho lic Steatohepa titis Alcoholic Cirrhosis Hepatocell ular Carcinoma	 Device: Esophageal cooling/warming device The EnsoETM (formerly known as Esophageal Cooling Device) is a non-sterile multilumen silicone tube placed in the esophagus for the purpose of cooling or warming a patient while allowing gastric decompression and drainage. It is placed in a manner identical to a standard orogastric tube, which is standard equipment for liver transplant surgery. It is removed at the end of surgery. Control of the patient's temperature is achieved by connecting the EnsoETM to an external heat exchanger (Gaymar Medi-Therm III or similar system). The Medi-Therm III is a standard device used in operating rooms for warming patients with a conductive table warming pad. The Medi-Therm III circulates temperature-controlled water through a closed-loop system via the two outer lumens of the EnsoETM. Water temperature ranges from 4°C - 42°C. Other Names: EnsoETM ECD - Esophageal Cooling Device Other: Mild hypothermia Cooling will be initiated after induction of anesthesia and maintained throughout the anhepatic phase of liver transplantation. In all feasible cases the surgeon will cover the peritoneal surface over the right kidney , which is exposed during the operation, with ice-cold sponges to enhance cooling of the renal parenchyma. After blood flow is completely restored to the liver, the esophageal cooling device and other standard measures (forced-air, fluid, and table warmers, plus a heated anesthesia circuit) will be used to actively re- warm the patient (expected warming rate 1 deg C/hour). The goal is to achieve normothermia by case end. Other: Normothermia After induction of anesthesia, the esophageal cooling/warming device and standard warming measures will be used to maintain normothermia throughout the operation. 	Phase: Not Applicable Study Design: Allocation: Randomized Intervention Model: Parallel Assignment Masking: Double (Participant, Outcomes Assessor) Primary Purpose: Prevention Primary Outcome Measures: Same as current Secondary Outcome Measures: Same as current	Actual Enrollment: Estimated Enrollment: 230 Original Estimated Enrollment: Same as current Age: 18 Years and older (Adult, Older Adult) Sex: All	Study Sponsors: Same as current Collaborators: University of Colorado, Denver The Methodist Hospital Research Institute	Study Start: July 7, 2018 Primary Completion: June 30, 2023 (Final data collection date for primary outcome measure) Study Completion: December 31, 2023 First Posted: May 23, 2018 Results First Posted: Last Update Posted: September 14, 2022

	NCT Number	Title	Other Names	Status	Conditions	Interventions	Characteristics	Population	Sponsor/Collabora ors	Dates		
27	NCT0348 7913	The ELiSA Study -	Title Acronym:	Completed	Autosomal Dominant	Drug: Lixivaptan Oral vasopressin V2 receptor antagonist	Study Type: Interventional	Actual Enrollment: 31	Study Sponsors: Same as current	Study Start: September 14,		
		Evaluation of Lixivaptan in Subjects With	Other Ids: PA- 102		Polycystic Kidney Disease	Other Name: VPA-985	Phase: Phase 2 Study Design: Allocation: Non-Randomized	Estimated Enrollment:	Collaborators: Not Provided	2018 Primary		
		Autosomal Dominant Polycystic					Intervention Model: Parallel Assignment Masking: None (Open Label) Primary Purpose: Treatment	Original Estimated		Completion: December 2, 2019 (Final		
		Kidney Disease Study					Primary Outcome Measures: Number of study participants with treatment-emerging adverse events [Time Frame: 35 days]	Age: 18 Years to 65 Years		data collection date for primary outcome		
		Documents:					The number of study participants who experience treatment- emerging adverse events during the study will be measured.	(Adult, Older Adult)		Study Completion:		
							Secondary Outcome Measures:	Sex: All		February 11,		
							 Evaluation of the maximum observed plasma concentration of Lixivaptan in ADPKD patients [Time Frame: 10 days] 			First Posted: April 4, 2018		
							The pharmacokinetic parameter Cmax will be used to measure the highest concentration of Lixivaptan in plasma after multiple doses of drug					Results First Posted:
							• Evaluation of the area under the concentration-time curve from time 0 until the last quantifiable concentration of Lixivaptan in ADPKD patients [Time Frame: 10 days]					Last Update Posted: September 9, 2022
							The pharmacokinetic parameter AUC0-last for Lixivaptan, calculated using the linear trapezoidal rule for increasing values and the log trapezoidal rule for decreasing values, will be measured and summarized by dose					
							 Mean change from baseline in trough urine osmolality after 7 days of treatment with Lixivaptan in ADPKD patients [Time Frame: 7 days] 					
							Spot urine osmolality at trough (mOsm/kg) will be determined for urine samples collected immediately prior to morning dosing for Day 1 (Baseline) and Day 7.					
							 Mean change from baseline in serum creatinine after 7 days of treatment with Lixivaptan in ADPKD patients [Time Frame: 7 days] 					
							Serum creatinine (mg/dL) will be determined from plasma samples collected immediately prior to morning dosing for Day 1 (Baseline) and Day 7.					

	NCT Number	Title	Other Names	Status	Conditions	Interventions	Characteristics	Population	Sponsor/Collaborat	Dates
28	NCT0009 3015	Trial to Reduce Cardiovascular Events With Aranesp® Therapy (TREAT) Study Documents:	Title Acronym: Other Ids: 20010184 TREAT	Completed	 Kidney Disease Diabetes Mellitus Anemia 	Drug: Placebo Volume and dose frequency changes resembling dosing in the active treatment group Drug: darbepoetin alfa Starting dose: 0.75 mcg/kg subcutaneous (SC) every two weeks (Q2W); subsequent doses titrated to achieve hemoglobin (Hb) target of 13.0 g/dL	Study Type: Interventional Phase: Phase 3 Study Design: Allocation: Randomized Intervention Model: Parallel Assignment Masking: Quadruple (Participant, Care Provider, Investigator, Outcomes Assessor) Primary Purpose: Treatment Primary Outcome Measures: Not Provided Secondary Outcome Measures: Not Provided	Actual Enrollment: 4038 Estimated Enrollment: Original Estimated Enrollment: Age: 18 Years and older (Adult, Older Adult) Sex: All	Study Sponsors: Same as current Collaborators: Not Provided	Study Start: August 1, 2004 Primary Completion: March 1, 2009 (Final data collection date for primary outcome measure) Study Completion: July 1, 2009 First Posted: September 2, 2010 Results First Posted: September 2, 2010 Last Update Posted: September 10, 2022
29	NCT0553 3645	Food Frequency Questionnaire to Assess Sodium Intake Study Documents:	Title Acronym: Other Ids: 2021_0523 2022-A00241- 42 (Other Identifier: ID-RCB number, ANSM)	Not yet recruiting	Hypertensi on Renal Insufficien cy	Other: Questionnaire These patients complete the food frequency questionnaire in order to validate it for lower sodium consumptions. The experimental group has already received dietary advices regarding salt consumption during during their recent consultations.	Study Type: Interventional Phase: Not Applicable Study Design: Allocation: N/A Intervention Model: Single Group Assignment Masking: None (Open Label) Primary Purpose: Diagnostic Primary Outcome Measures: Same as current Secondary Outcome Measures: Not Provided	Actual Enrollment: Estimated Enrollment: 99 Original Estimated Enrollment: Same as current Age: 18 Years and older (Adult, Older Adult) Sex: All	Study Sponsors: Same as current Collaborators: Not Provided	Study Start: February 2023 Primary Completion: August 2024 (Final data collection date for primary outcome measure) Study Completion: August 2024 First Posted: September 9, 2022 Results First Posted: Last Update Posted: September 9, 2022