

Impact of
outside food
on people
around
Kolkata

Sangbartta
Banerjee
(22214110026),
Jayita
Karmakar
(22214270021),
Upasak
Chattejee
(22214111005)

Impact of outside food on people around Kolkata

Sangbartta Banerjee (22214110026), Jayita Karmakar
(22214270021), Upasak Chattejee (22214111005)

Presidency University, Kolkata

June, 2024

Introduction

Impact of
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- Kolkata, the “City of Joy”, the city where the nights are busy as the mornings, is a place where people, regardless of whether they are a student studying or a salaryman or a healthcare and sanitation worker, struggle tirelessly for a better future.

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- Kolkata, the “City of Joy”, the city where the nights are busy as the mornings, is a place where people, regardless of whether they are a student studying or a salaryman or a healthcare and sanitation worker, struggle tirelessly for a better future.
- Food will always be the most important necessity regardless of who they are, no matter how rich or famous or poor they are. At the end of the day people need to eat.

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- Food will always be the most important necessity regardless of who they are, no matter how rich or famous or poor they are. At the end of the day people need to eat.
- Nowadays with the huge development in the hospitality industry getting access to not only the basic amenities but also to the recreational food has become easier than ever.

Contd.

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- People unlike the older times can access the facilities on a much easier level.

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- People unlike the older times can access the facilities on a much easier level.
- Online food delivery services have revolutionized the entire culture of consuming outside food. People earlier could only consume outside food by physically going to the location of the shops selling those services. But now people have the option of ordering and enjoying outside food from the comfort of their homes which has undeniably increased the consumption of outside food in general.

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- Our objective is to find the impact of consumption of outside food on the people of Kolkata.

Objectives

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outside food
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Through the survey, we wanted to answer the following questions:

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- Correlation between no. of times outside food consumed to no of times gastric problems faced.

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Through the survey, we wanted to answer the following questions:

- Correlation between no. of times outside food consumed to no of times gastric problems faced.
- Testing on percentage of student's pocket money spent on food.

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- Testing if students consume more outside food.

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Through the survey, we wanted to answer the following questions:

- Correlation between no. of times outside food consumed to no of times gastric problems faced.
- Testing on percentage of student's pocket money spent on food.
- Testing if students consume more outside food.
- Checking if people who consume more outside food have higher BMI compared to those who do not.

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- Testing if students consume more outside food.
- Checking if people who consume more outside food have higher BMI compared to those who do not.
- Checking if people who reside away from home consume more outside food

Data Collection Method

Choice of Data Collection method:

Our method of collection of data was through an online questionnaire survey through google forms. We opted for the online survey method for the following reasons:

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- **Wide Reach:** Online surveys can reach a large and diverse audience, regardless of geographic location. This allows researchers to gather data from a broader population, which can lead to more generalizable results.

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- **Wide Reach:** Online surveys can reach a large and diverse audience, regardless of geographic location. This allows researchers to gather data from a broader population, which can lead to more generalizable results.
- **Convenience for Respondents:** Participants can complete surveys at their convenience, using their own devices, and at a time that suits them. This flexibility can lead to higher response rates and more accurate data.

Data Collection Method

Choice of Data Collection method (contd.):

- **Quick Data Collection:** Online surveys enable rapid data collection. Responses can be gathered in a fraction of the time it would take using traditional methods, and researchers can often see the results in real-time.

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outside food
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- **Quick Data Collection:** Online surveys enable rapid data collection. Responses can be gathered in a fraction of the time it would take using traditional methods, and researchers can often see the results in real-time.
- **Easy to Design and Modify:** Online survey platforms often provide user-friendly interfaces and tools for designing surveys. They also allow for easy modifications and updates to the survey if needed. Personalization and Customization: Surveys can be customized to tailor questions based on previous responses, creating a more engaging experience for the respondent and ensuring relevant data is collected.

Data Collection Method

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We were also aware of the problems that came with using the method of online questionnaire method, which will be discussed later, but we still chose to use it since the pros out-weighed the cons.

Data Collection Method

Target Population, Sampling frame and Sample Sampling Scheme

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- We chose the population for our project to be the entire population of Kolkata that knows how to operate a smartphone.

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- We sent out a link to all the possible different whatsapp groups and facebook groups that we could avail.

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- We chose the population for our project to be the entire population of Kolkata that knows how to operate a smartphone.
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- Besides, we sent it out to our friends and relatives and asking them to spread it in their respective social circles and so-forth.

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- We sent out a link to all the possible different whatsapp groups and facebook groups that we could avail.
- Besides, we sent it out to our friends and relatives and asking them to spread it in their respective social circles and so-forth.
- We followed the Simple Random Sampling Without Replacement (SRSWOR) scheme.

Data Collection Method

Design of the Questionnaire

- We first determined the essential questions that we were needed the data on for our project. Then after we came to terms with each other, we decided that we will divide our questionnaire into three pages with each pages asking questions related to the topic of the page so to avoid cross-questions and confusion for the respondents.

Impact of
outside food
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- We made the questionnaire to be attractive to the respondents by using some warm and comforting colors and pictures.

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- We made the questionnaire to be attractive to the respondents by using some warm and comforting colors and pictures.
- Our survey started with a brief introduction of who we were and what was our motive for conducting the survey.

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- We made the questionnaire to be attractive to the respondents by using some warm and comforting colors and pictures.
- Our survey started with a brief introduction of who we were and what was our motive for conducting the survey.
- We also clearly stated that their personal information would only be used for our academic purposes and nothing else.

Data Collection Method

Design of the Questionnaire (contd.)

Figure: Introduction to the Questionnaire



Survey on consumption of outside food

Hello to you! We are 2nd year undergraduate students of the department of Statistics in Presidency University. We are conducting a survey to analyse the impact of outside food on the current residents of Kolkata. Your cooperation is highly appreciated. Please provide us with the best answers to your knowledge. Your data is secured and safe with us and won't be used for any other research other than ours.

 [Switch account](#)



 Not shared

* Indicates required question

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Design of the Questionnaire (contd.)

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- The first page of our questionnaire asks for their names, age, weight and job/profession alongwith their monthly income.
- It also asks about the information of their residence and whether they live away from their family.
- The information about their profession gives us a crucial insight on the lifestyle on the respondent. As our target population was the entire population of people currently residing in Kolkata, it includes people who have come to Kolkata from a different region for either study or work related issues.
- This piece of information is crucial to us as we have a feeling that the people staying away from their homes tend to consume more outside food compared to the people staying in Kolkata with their families.

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Figure: First page of Questionnaire

The image shows a digital questionnaire form with a light yellow background. It is organized into several sections with white input boxes. The first section contains 'Name' and 'Weight(in kgs)' with text input fields. The second section contains 'Age' and 'Pin code of present residence' with text input fields. The third section contains 'Sex' with radio buttons for 'Male', 'Female', and 'Prefer not to say'. The fourth section contains 'Height(in ft)' with a text input field. The fifth section contains 'Profession' with radio buttons for 'Student/Researcher', 'IT professional', 'Other Private Employee', 'Government Employee', 'Self Employed', and 'Others'. The sixth section contains 'Do you reside away from your family?' with radio buttons for 'Yes' and 'No'. The seventh section contains 'What is your average monthly income?' with a text input field. At the bottom, there is a 'Next' button, a progress bar, and the text 'Page 1 of 3'. There is also a 'Clear form' link.

Name *

Your answer

Weight(in kgs) *

Your answer

Age *

Your answer

Pin code of present residence *

Your answer

Sex *

☐ Male

☐ Female

☐ Prefer not to say

Height(in ft) *

Your answer

Profession *

☐ Student/Researcher

☐ IT professional

☐ Other Private Employee

☐ Government Employee

☐ Self Employed

☐ Others

Do you reside away from your family? *

☐ Yes

☐ No

What is your average monthly income? (Your pocket money in case you are student) *

Your answer

Next

Page 1 of 3

Clear form

Data Collection Method

Design of the Questionnaire (contd.)

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outside food
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around
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- The second page of our questionnaire focused on the type of food that is consumed by the responder.

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Impact of
outside food
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Kolkata

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- The second page of our questionnaire focused on the type of food that is consumed by the responder.
- How many times does the responder engage in the consumption of outside food.

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Impact of
outside food
on people
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- The second page of our questionnaire focused on the type of food that is consumed by the responder.
- How many times does the responder engage in the consumption of outside food.
- The data obtained here will provide us with the information of the general trends in eating habits of people.

Data Collection Method

Design of the Questionnaire (contd.)

Figure: Second page of questionnaire

Which type of food do you primarily consume? *

☐ Vegetarian

☐ Non-vegetarian

On an average, how many times a month do you consume outside food? *

Your answer _____

How do you prefer to consume outside food? *

☐ Through food delivery apps(like Zomato, Swiggy, etc.)

☐ To dine-in

On an average how many times do you consume from street vendors in a month? *

Your answer _____

What is your preferred choice of cuisine? *

☐ Chinese

☐ North Indian

☐ South Indian

☐ Bengali

☐ Others

☐ No such preference.

What is your preferred choice of dessert? *

☐ Ice cream

☐ Sweets

☐ Cake/Pastries

☐ Cookies

☐ Other: _____

How many times a month do you consume outside food as a meal? *

Your answer _____

How many times a month do you consume outside food as a meal? *

Your answer _____

What is the most likely reason you consume outside food? *

☐ For breakfast/lunch in workplace

☐ During long commute hours

☐ Personal Choice

☐ For dinner

☐ Other

Back Next Page 2 of 3 Clear form

Data Collection Method

Design of the Questionnaire (contd.)

- The third page contains questions regarding the recent gastrointestinal issues the responder may have faced in a couple of days.

Impact of
outside food
on people
around
Kolkata

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- The third page contains questions regarding the recent gastrointestinal issues the responder may have faced in a couple of days.
- We are also asking for an average amount of time the responder has reached out for medical service regarding the gastrointestinal issues.

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- The third page contains questions regarding the recent gastrointestinal issues the responder may have faced in a couple of days.
- We are also asking for an average amount of time the responder has reached out for medical service regarding the gastrointestinal issues.
- Plus we have specifically asked for the method they use for the treatment since in India people generally tend to avoid visiting a doctor and try to solve the problem using their traditional remedies.

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- We are also asking for an average amount of time the responder has reached out for medical service regarding the gastrointestinal issues.
- Plus we have specifically asked for the method they use for the treatment since in India people generally tend to avoid visiting a doctor and try to solve the problem using their traditional remedies.
- Finally we end our questionnaire with by asking the amount of money the responder spends on outside food in a month.

Data Collection Method

Design of the Questionnaire (contd.)

Figure: Third page of the questionnaire

The image shows a digital questionnaire interface with a light yellow background. It contains six questions arranged in two columns. Each question is followed by radio button options or a text input field. The questions are:

- Question 1:** "Have you faced any gastric problems(gas/acidity/stomach upset etc) in past 15 days?" with options "Yes" and "No".
- Question 2:** "On an average how many times a month do you face gastric problems as mentioned above?" with a text input field labeled "Your answer".
- Question 3:** "When you face gastric problems what remedy do you opt for?" with options "Allogopathic medicine", "Homoeopathic medicine", "Home remedies", "Do nothing", and "Other:" followed by a text input field.
- Question 4:** "How regularly do you have to consult a medical professional for your gastric problems? (On a scale of 1 to 5)" with a scale from 1 to 5 and the label "Every time".
- Question 5:** "Do you have a health-checkup on a regular interval?" with options "Yes" and "No".
- Question 6:** "How many hours do you spend daily on fitness?" with options "0", "Less than 1", "1-2", and "More than 2".
- Question 7:** "Approximately how much money do you spend on outside food in a month?" with a text input field labeled "Your answer".

We have tried to make sure that our questionnaire isn't too big otherwise the responders will generally not reach the end of the questionnaire. But we made sure that we can extract all the necessary information.

Data Collection Method

Follow-up of the Process

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After the first 80 or so entries the inflow of data was slowing down. We re-circulated the forms to the best of our abilities. We noticed that a huge portion of our entries were by the people of years 18-25, which is to be expected since young adults are generally more accustomed to these kind of services than the elderly section of the population.

Data Collection Method

Data Description

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```
## 'data.frame': 145 obs. of 25 variables:
## $ Timestamp : chr "04/09/2024 22:08" "04/08/2024 21:26" "04/09/2024 23:20" "04/08/2024
## $ Name : chr "Suparna chakraborty " "Arindam Nath" "Sejuty mondal" "Shampa Pathak
## $ Age : int 32 30 30 26 26 24 24 22 22 22 ...
## $ Sex : chr "Female" "Male" "Female" "Female" ...
## $ Height.in.m. : num 1.52 1.83 1.52 1.53 1.54 ...
## $ Weight.in.kgs.: num 56 81 62 52 62 82 65 53 79 69 ...
## $ Pin : num 7.12e+05 7.43e+05 7.41e+05 7.43e+05 7.06e+09 ...
## $ Profession : chr "Student/Researcher" "Student/Researcher" "Student/Researcher" "Stude
## $ Q8 : chr "No" "Yes" "Yes" "Yes" ...
## $ Q9 : int 2000 35000 40000 500 500 2500 10000 5500 10000 5000 ...
## $ Q10 : chr "Non-vegetarian" "Non-vegetarian" "Non-vegetarian" "Vegetarian" ...
## $ Q11 : int 5 1 10 1 3 4 25 7 30 30 ...
## $ Q12 : chr "To dine-in" "Through food delivery apps(like Zomato, Swiggy, etc.)"
## $ Q13 : int 4 7 2 3 30 0 10 25 30 30 ...
## $ Q14 : chr "Chinese" "North Indian" "Chinese" "Chinese" ...
## $ Q15 : chr "Sweets" "Cake/Pastries" "Cake/Pastries" "Ice cream" ...
## $ Q16 : int 3 2 1 1 0 4 15 7 15 30 ...
## $ Q17 : chr "Personal Choice" "For breakfast/lunch in workplace" "For breakfast/l
## $ Q18 : chr "Yes" "No" "No" "No" ...
## $ Q19 : int 3 0 1 3 15 20 1 1 1 0 ...
## $ Q20 : chr "Allopathic medicine" "Do nothing" "Do nothing" "Home remedies" ...
## $ Q21 : int 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
## $ Q22 : chr "No" "No" "No" "No" ...
## $ Q23 : chr "0" "More than 2" "Less than 1" "0" ...
## $ Q24 : int 200 2000 2000 100 300 2000 6000 1500 3000 4000 ...
```

Data Collection Method

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The data we received are categorized in the above data summary where:

- Q8 stands for the question 'Do you reside away from your family?'
- Q9 stands for the question 'What is your average monthly income? (Your pocket money in case you are student)'
- Q10 stands for the question 'Which type of food do you primarily consume?'
- Q11 stands for the question 'On an average, how many times a month do you consume outside food?'
- Q12 stands for the question 'How do you prefer to consume outside food?'
- Q13 stands for the question 'On an average how many times do you consume from street vendors in a month?'
- Q14 stands for the question 'What is your preferred choice of cuisine?'

Data Collection Method

Data Description (contd.)

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- Q15 stands for the question 'What is your preferred choice of dessert?'
- Q16 stands for the question 'How many times a month do you consume outside food as a meal?'
- Q17 stands for the question 'What is the most likely reason you consume outside food?'
- Q18 stands for the question 'Have you faced any gastric problems(gas/acidity/stomach upset etc) in past 15 days?'
- Q19 stands for the question 'On an average how many times a month do you face gastric problems as mentioned above?'
- Q20 stands for the question 'When you face gastric problems what remedy do you opt for?'
- Q21 stands for the question 'How regularly do you have to consult a medical professional for your gastric problems? (On a scale of 1 to 5)'

Data Collection Method

Data Description (contd.)

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- Q22 stands for the question 'Do you have a health-checkup on a regular interval?'
- Q23 stands for the question 'How many hours do you spend daily on fitness?'
- Q24 stands for the question 'Approximately how much money do you spend on outside food in a month?'

Statistical Methodology

Scrutiny of data

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After we collected the data we found out that our answers that some of the answers were not according to the desired formats, and a few absurd answers, like absurd height and weight.

What is your average monthly income? (Your pocket money in case you are student)

Student / 3000 rupees pocket money per month

Statistical Methodology

Data Preprocessing

Throughout the data there was a need to preprocess it, a lot of the entries were not in the form that we expected them to be. For example, In the answers for the Height(in fts) and Weight(in kgs) question, we were expecting to get only numerical data, but what we got in a large portion of answers were alpha-numeric values.

| Height(in fts) | Weight(in kgs) | What is your preferred choice of dessert? | How many times a month do you consume outside food as a meal? |
|-----------------|---------------------|---|---|
| 5.06 | 67 Ice cream | | 18 |
| 6 | 76 Sweets | | 25 |
| 6 | 52 Sweets | Once | |
| 5 | 55 Ice cream | | 1 |
| 6'3" | 78 Crème brûlée | 5-10 | |
| 5.88 | 54kg Ice cream | 50% of a month | |
| 5 feet 7 inches | 68 kg Ice cream | 20 times | |
| 5.3 | 36 Ice cream | 4 to 5 | |
| 6 | 75 Ice cream | | 20 |
| 5.1 | 47 Sweets | 20 to 25 times | |
| 5 | 37 Cake/Pastries | | 10 |
| 5.42 | 60 Ice cream | | 4 |
| 5'2 ft | 62 kg Ice cream | 2-3 | |
| 5 ft 11 inch | 80 Sweets | | 4 |
| 5.8 | 55 Ice cream | | 10 |
| 5'4" | 65 Ice cream | Very rare | |
| 5'8" | 90 Sweets | | 2 |
| 5.1 | 53 All four options | Daily | |
| 5.1 | 49 Ice cream | | 15 |
| 5ft 3 inch | 63 Chop, Singara | never | |
| 5.3 | 70 Sweets | | 10 |
| 5.8 | 60 All of the above | | 0 |
| 5.7 | 74 Ice cream | | 2 |
| 5 ft | 72 Snacks | | 1 |
| 5'4" | 43 Ice cream | | 30 |
| 5'2" | 57 Cake/Pastries | 0 or 1 time | |

Statistical Methodology

Data Preprocessing

- So not only did we have to convert the height data to feet but also we had to again transform it into metres, whereas in weight column we only had to change the alphanumeric values into just numeric values, viz, removing the 'kg' in the answer.

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around
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Statistical Methodology

Data Preprocessing

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- So not only did we have to convert the height data to feet but also we had to again transform it into metres, whereas in weight column we only had to change the alphanumeric values into just numeric values, viz, removing the 'kg' in the answer.
- Another similar type of problem we faced in the following column asking the monthly income of the responders and how many times do the responder consume outside food.

Statistical Methodology

Data Preprocessing

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around
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- So not only did we have to convert the height data to feet but also we had to again transform it into metres, whereas in weight column we only had to change the alphanumeric values into just numeric values, viz, removing the 'kg' in the answer.
- Another similar type of problem we faced in the following column asking the monthly income of the responders and how many times do the responder consume outside food.
- This introduced a new set of problems. We got answers that were very different from one another.

Statistical Methodology

Data Preprocessing

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- So not only did we have to convert the height data to feet but also we had to again transform it into metres, whereas in weight column we only had to change the alphanumeric values into just numeric values, viz, removing the 'kg' in the answer.
- Another similar type of problem we faced in the following column asking the monthly income of the responders and how many times do the responder consume outside food.
- This introduced a new set of problems. We got answers that were very different from one another.
- This made grouping the data into categories a nightmare.

Statistical Methodology

Data Preprocessing

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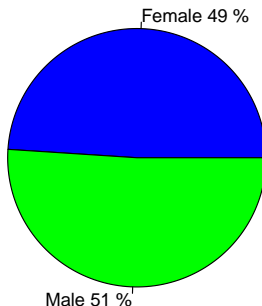
- So not only did we have to convert the height data to feet but also we had to again transform it into metres, whereas in weight column we only had to change the alphanumeric values into just numeric values, viz, removing the 'kg' in the answer.
- Another similar type of problem we faced in the following column asking the monthly income of the responders and how many times do the responder consume outside food.
- This introduced a new set of problems. We got answers that were very different from one another.
- This made grouping the data into categories a nightmare.
- We kept the option for open-answers to as less as possible but in some of the questions it was necessary otherwise the answers of the respondents would've become a bit too forced.

Statistical Methodology

Exploratory Data Analysis

Next, we made a pie chart showing the gender ratio male : female:

Gender Ratio

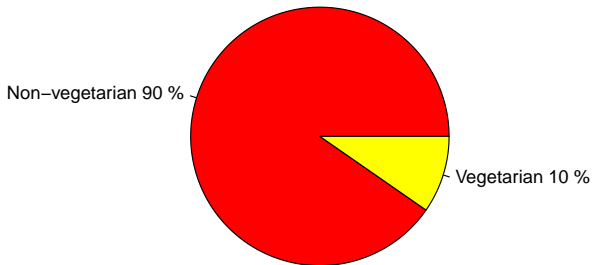


Statistical Methodology

Exploratory Data Analysis

Here, we created a pie-chart showing the ratio of non-vegeterians : vegetarians

Type of Food

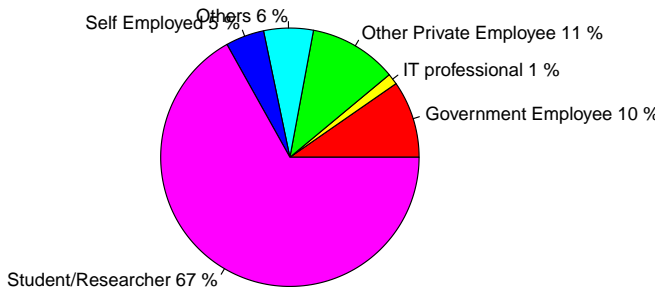


Statistical Methodology

Exploratory Data Analysis

Now, we view the profession of the respondents:

Types of profession



Statistical Methodology

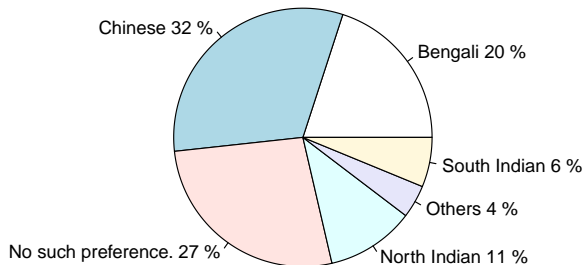
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We created a pie chart representing the choice of cuisines among the respondents:

Pie-Chart of Different Types of Cuisines Consumed By People

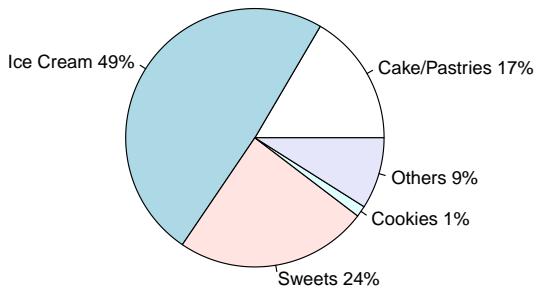


Statistical Methodology

Exploratory Data Analysis

Next, we add another pie chart showing the preferred choice of desserts

Pie chart of the preferences of different dessert type



Statistical Methodology

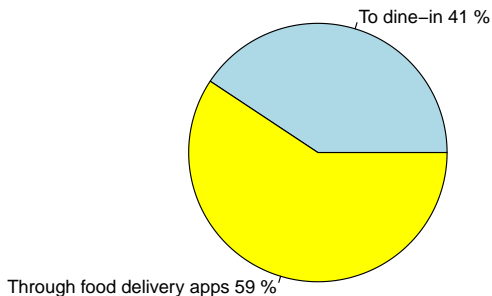
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Next, we created a pie chart showing the preferred mode of consumption of outside food, viz. through dine in or food delivery apps.

Pie chart representing the different preference of cuisines



Statistical Methodology

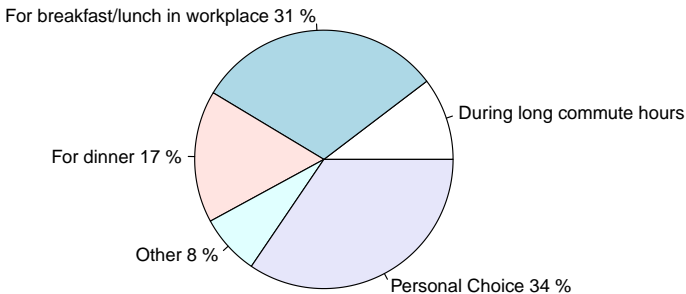
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Now we will see most likely reason to consume outside food i.e for lunch , breakfast, party etc

Reasons for consumption of outside food

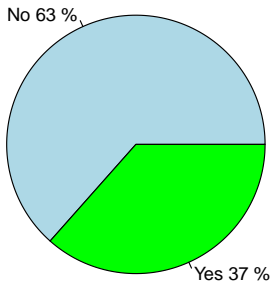


Statistical Methodology

Exploratory Data Analysis

Next, we created a pie chart showing the number of people who reside away from home and who do not:

Do You Reside away from your family

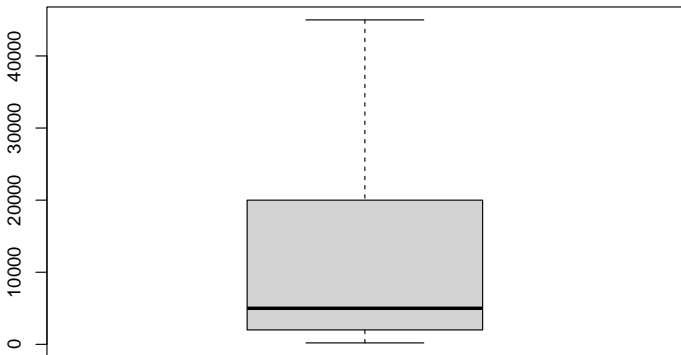


Statistical Methodology

Exploratory Data Analysis

Now, we view the distribution of income of the respondents through boxplot , and the summary is also given

Boxplot representing the income distribution across the respondents



Statistical Methodology

Exploratory Data Analysis

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| ## | Min. | 1st Qu. | Median | Mean | 3rd Qu. | Max. |
|----|------|---------|--------|-------|---------|--------|
| ## | 200 | 2000 | 5000 | 17215 | 20000 | 200000 |

Statistical Methodology

Exploratory Data Analysis

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on people
around
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Now we will visualize the pattern of outside food consumption i.e how many times they consume outside food in a month via stem leaf plot along with the summary

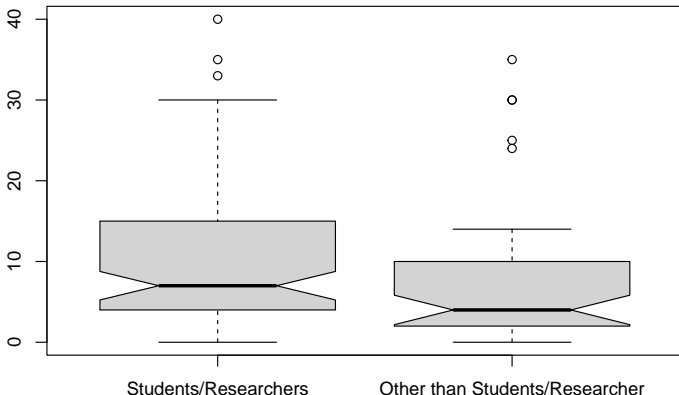
```
##
## The decimal point is 1 digit(s) to the right of the |
##
## 0 | 00000111111111111122222222222222333333333333334444444444
## 0 | 555555555555555555556666667788889
## 1 | 00000000000000000122223444
## 1 | 5555557
## 2 | 00344
## 2 | 5555556
## 3 | 00000000003
## 3 | 55
## 4 | 0
##      Min. 1st Qu.  Median      Mean 3rd Qu.     Max.
##      0.000   3.000   5.000   9.917  14.000  40.000
```

Statistical Methodology

Exploratory Data Analysis

Now we will compare the pattern of food consumption among students and non students

Boxplot comparing the outside food consumption among students vs other than students

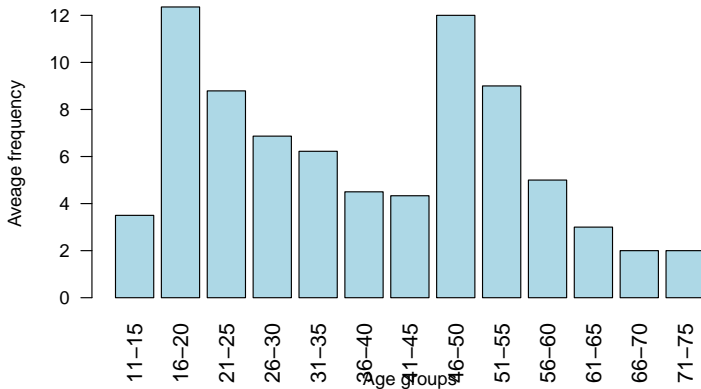


Statistical Methodology

Exploratory Data Analysis

Now we will see the food consumption pattern with respect to age

Average no of times outside food consumed in different age groups

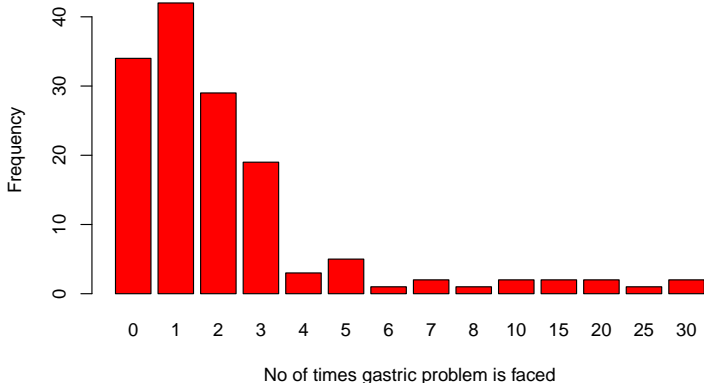


Statistical Methodology

Exploratory Data Analysis

Now we will see how many times in a month gastric problem is faced by respondents

Barplot to show The frequency of gastric problems in a month



Inferential Analysis

Testing on correlation no of times outside food consumed and no of times gastric problems faced:

We will try to find if there is any correlation between gastric problem and consumption of outside food. We have used three different methods to find the sample correlation between the two variables. -

- Pearson's product-moment correlation coefficient,
- Kendall's τ ,
- Spearman's ρ

```
cor(data[,12],data[,20],method="pearson")
```

```
[1] 0.05598256
```

```
cor(data[,12],data[,20],method="kendall")
```

```
[1] 0.1889679
```

```
cor(data[,12],data[,20],method="spearman")
```

```
[1] 0.2444562
```

Inferential Analysis

Testing on correlation no of times outside food consumed and no of times gastric problems faced:

As we can see, the sample correlation is extremely weak for Pearson's product moment correlation coefficient, but Kendall's τ , and Spearman's ρ suggest the presence of some weak positive correlation.

Now, we perform statistical test to confirm the presence of any correlation present.

Using Pearson's product-moment correlation coefficient:

```
cor.test(data[,12],data[,20])
```

Pearson's product-moment correlation

```
data: data[, 12] and data[, 20]
```

```
t = 0.67051, df = 143, p-value = 0.5036
```

```
alternative hypothesis: true correlation is not equal to 0
```

```
95 percent confidence interval:
```

```
-0.1080124  0.2170114
```

```
sample estimates:
```

```
cor
```

```
0.05598256
```

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around
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Inferential Analysis

Testing on correlation no of times outside food consumed and no of times gastric problems faced:

Testing using the Kendall's τ :

```
cor.test(data[,12],data[,20],method="kendall1")
```

Kendall's rank correlation tau

data: data[, 12] and data[, 20]

z = 3.0129, p-value = 0.002588

alternative hypothesis: true tau is not equal to 0

sample estimates:

tau

0.1889679

Since the p-value is < 0.05 , there is evidence to believe that there is a non zero (a weak positive) correlation between the two.

Inferential Analysis

Testing on correlation no of times outside food consumed and no of times gastric problems faced:

Testing using Spearman's ρ :

```
cor.test(data[,12],data[,20],method="spearman")
```

Spearman's rank correlation rho

data: data[, 12] and data[, 20]

S = 383877, p-value = 0.003044

alternative hypothesis: true rho is not equal to 0

sample estimates:

rho

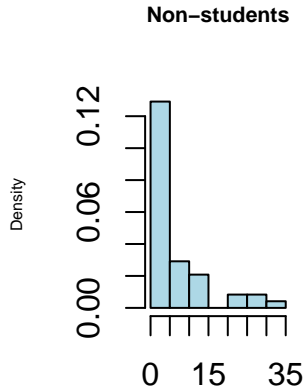
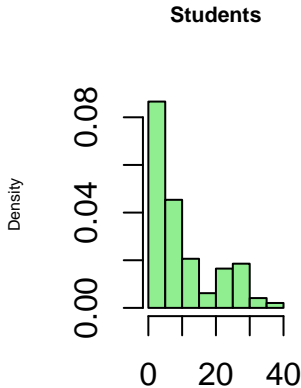
0.2444562

Since the p-value is < 0.05 , there is evidence to believe that there is a non zero (a weak positive) correlation between the two. In conclusion, since Pearson's product-moment correlation coefficient is low, there is no linear dependence between the variables. However, as Kendall's τ , and Spearman's ρ show weak positive correlation, we may conclude that they are weakly correlated in terms of monotonicity.

Inferential Analysis

Testing if students consume more outside food:

First, we try to visualise the distribution of consumption of outside food in students and non students:

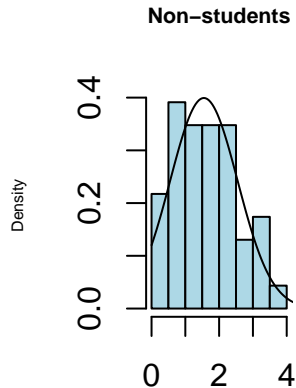
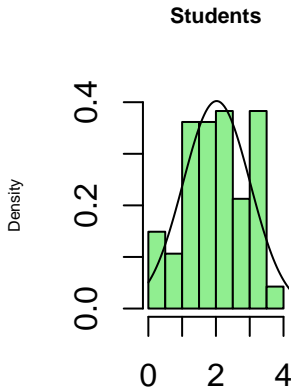


No of times outside food consumed

Inferential Analysis

Testing if students consume more outside food:

So we plot histograms of the two variables after taking log, and try to fit a normal curve:



Inferential Analysis

Testing if students consume more outside food:

However, as we know that t-test is robust to slight departures from normality, we shall still use it, to get a result:

```
t.test(a[is.finite(a)],b[is.finite(b)],"greater")
```

```
Welch Two Sample t-test
```

```
data: a[is.finite(a)] and b[is.finite(b)]
```

```
t = 2.6307, df = 88.861, p-value = 0.005021
```

```
alternative hypothesis: true difference in means is greater than 0  
95 percent confidence interval:
```

```
0.1736772      Inf
```

```
sample estimates:
```

```
mean of x mean of y
```

```
2.020538  1.548804
```

Since the p-value is < 0.05 , we will reject the $H_0 : \mu_{st} = \mu_{nst}$ against $H_1 : \mu_{st} > \mu_{nst}$, i.e. it is statistically significant that students consume more outside food than non-students.

Inferential Analysis

Testing if students consume more outside food:

Impact of
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on people
around
Kolkata

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(22214270021),
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Chattejee
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Now, we shall approach the problem in a non-parametric sense, because the t-test was not fully justified. We shall test if the number of times students consume outside food is stochastically larger than the number of times non-students consume outside food. To do that, we shall use Mann-Whitney U test:

```
wilcox.test(food_cons.st, food_cons.nst, alternative="greater")
```

Wilcoxon rank sum test with continuity correction

data: food_cons.st and food_cons.nst

W = 2947.5, p-value = 0.004539

alternative hypothesis: true location shift is greater than 0

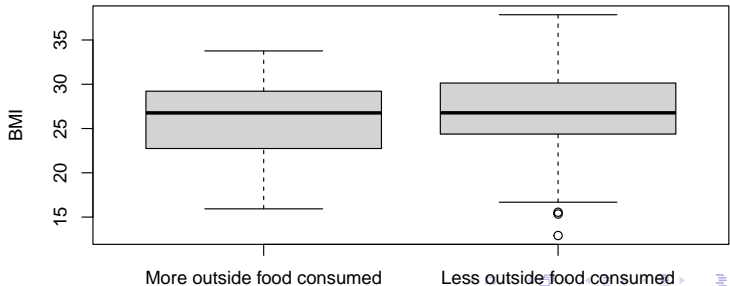
Since the p-value is < 0.05 , we will reject the $H_0 : \mu_{st} = \mu_{nst}$ against $H_1 : \mu_{st} > \mu_{nst}$, i.e. it is statistically significant that students consume more outside food than non-students.

Inferential Analysis

Testing if people who consume more outside food have higher BMI (Body Mass Index):

We need to first clearly define what do we mean by “More outside food”. Here we have taken that It is considered more outside food if no of times outside food consumed ≥ 10

Next we shall plot boxplots to get a rough compaison between the sampled data of BMI of those who consume more outside food and those who do not:

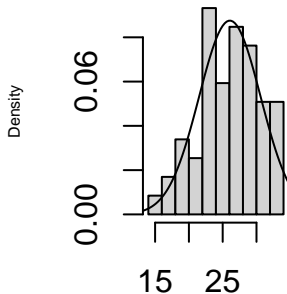


Inferential Analysis

Testing if people who consume more outside food have higher BMI (Body Mass Index):

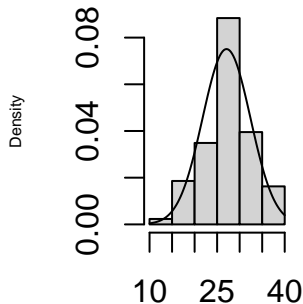
Now, we shall check the distribution of the two variables:

More outside food consumed



bmi.more

Less outside food consumed



bmi.less

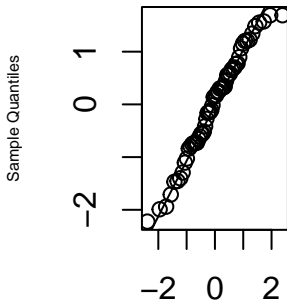
Inferential Analysis

Testing if people who consume more outside food have higher BMI (Body Mass Index):

Impact of
outside food
on people
around
Kolkata

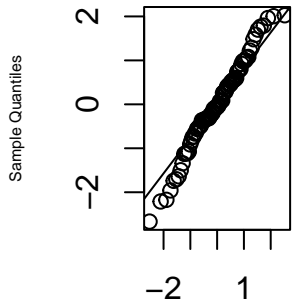
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More outside food consumed



Theoretical Quantiles

Less outside food consumed



Theoretical Quantiles

Inferential Analysis

Testing if people who consume more outside food have higher BMI (Body Mass Index):

We note that the distributions are roughly normal, so we shall use t-test owing to the robustness of the test.

```
t.test(bmi.more, bmi.less)
```

```
Welch Two Sample t-test
```

```
data:  bmi.more and bmi.less
```

```
t = -1.2433, df = 135.94, p-value = 0.2159
```

```
alternative hypothesis: true difference in means is not equal to 0  
95 percent confidence interval:
```

```
-2.6559698  0.6054913
```

```
sample estimates:
```

```
mean of x mean of y
```

```
26.06167  27.08691
```

Since p-value is > 0.05 we may conclude that there is no statistically significant difference between means of the two variables.

Inferential Analysis

Testing if people who consume more outside food have higher BMI (Body Mass Index):

Impact of
outside food
on people
around
Kolkata

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Karmakar
(22214270021),
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Chattejee
(22214111005)

Now, since the distribution are not perfectly normal, we shall perform a Mann-Whitney U test too:

```
wilcox.test(bmi.more, bmi.less)
```

```
Wilcoxon rank sum test with continuity correction
```

```
data:  bmi.more and bmi.less
```

```
W = 2264, p-value = 0.2727
```

```
alternative hypothesis: true location shift is not equal to 0
```

Since p-value is > 0.05 we may conclude that there is no statistically significant difference between the two variables.

Inferential Analysis

Testing if people who consume more outside food have higher BMI (Body Mass Index):

Alternatively, we can perform another test, to check the association between food consumed and BMI.

Here we shall create another categorical random variable that checks if BMI is more than $25\text{kg}/\text{m}^2$ or less, and use a Pearsonian Chi-Square test with Yate's correction, to test for independence.

We create the contingency table as:

| | More outside food consumed | Less outside food consumed |
|----------|----------------------------|----------------------------|
| More BMI | 38 | 58 |
| Less BMI | 23 | 25 |

```
chisq.test(obs.freq,correct=T)
```

Pearson's Chi-squared test with Yates' continuity correction

```
data: obs.freq
```

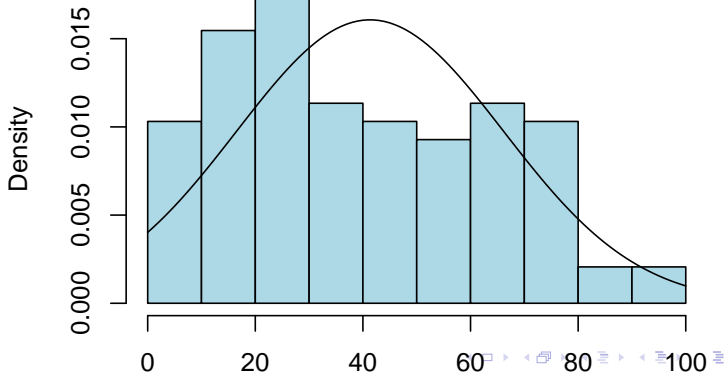
```
X-squared = 0.60083, df = 1, p-value = 0.4383
```


Inferential Analysis

Testing on what percentage of student's money is spent on outside food:

We shall first try to identify the distribution of the percentage of money spent by students/researchers on outside food:

Histogram of percentage of money spent of outside food



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on people
around
Kolkata

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Inferential Analysis

Testing on what percentage of student's money is spent on outside food:

Impact of
outside food
on people
around
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As we can see that the distribution is far from normal distribution. So, we shall perform a non-parametric single sample sign test on the median of percentage of student's money spent on outside food.

```
median(exp.out.p)
```

```
[1] 37.5
```

Let μ_e be the population median for the percentage of money spent by students/researchers on outside food.

We want to test $H_0 : \mu_e = 37.5$ against two sided alternative $H_1 : \mu_e \neq 37.5$.

Consider the test statistic:

$$T = \sum_{i=1}^n 1_{[x_i \in (37.5, \infty)]} \sim \text{Binomial}(N, 0.5)$$

Inferential Analysis

Testing on what percentage of student's money is spent on outside food:

Impact of
outside food
on people
around
Kolkata

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After omitting exact ties with the median we have

$$N = \sum_{i=1}^n 1_{[x_i \neq 37.5]}$$

So, under H_0 , $T \sim \text{Binomial}(N, 0.5)$.

So, we shall test using `binom.test()` function.

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```
T=sum(exp.out.p>37.5)
N=sum(exp.out.p!=37.5)
binom.test(T,N,0.5)
```

Exact binomial test

data: T and N

number of successes = 48, number of trials = 96, p-value = 1

alternative hypothesis: true probability of success is not equal to 0.5

95 percent confidence interval:

0.3961779 0.6038221

sample estimates:

probability of success

0.5

Since p-value is > 0.05 , we may accept the null hypothesis, that the population median is 37.5

Inferential Analysis

Testing if people who reside away from their family consume more outside food

We consider a food consumption > 10 per month to be more outside food consumption.

Hence, we have two categorical variables- "Frequency of outside food consumed" having categories "More", "Less", and "Whether a person reside away from family" having categories "Yes" and "No"

Hence, we compute the odds ratio to test for association.

$$\text{Odds ratio (OR)} = \frac{f_{AB} \cdot f_{ab}}{f_{Ab} \cdot f_{aB}}$$

- Where f_{AB} denote the cell containing people who reside away from family and consume more outside food
- f_{Ab} denote the cell containing people who reside away from family and consume less outside food
- f_{aB} denote the cell containing people who do not reside away from family and consume more outside food
- f_{ab} denote the cell containing people who reside do not away from family and consume less outside food

Inferential Analysis

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| | More outside food | Less outside food |
|-------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| Reside away from family | 22 | 33 |
| Reside with family | 24 | 67 |
| [1] 1.861111 | | |

Since the Odds ratio is 1.86111 which is > 1 , we can conclude “Staying away from family” and “More food consumption” are positively associated.

Hence, if a person is residing away from family he/she is more likely to consume outside food.