## **NEW MEXICO CROP PROGRESS**



## United States Department of Agriculture NATIONAL AGRICULTURAL STATISTICS SERVICE NEW MEXICO FIELD OFFICE

PO Box 1809, Las Cruces, NM 88004 Cooperating with the New Mexico Department of Agriculture



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## CROP PROGRESS AND CONDITION WEEK ENDING NOVEMBER 21, 2021

AGRICULTURAL SUMMARY: Dry, windy weather continued to dominate much of New Mexico, leading to worsening soil moisture levels and drought conditions, according to the Mountain Regional Field Office of the National Agricultural Statistics Service, USDA. With virtually all of the 2022 winter wheat crop emerged, 57 percent of the crop was reported in good to excellent condition, compared with 10 percent last year and a 5-year average of 48 percent. Reports from Union County noted that where water was available, the wheat crop looked good; however, fields without water were on the verge of failing if beneficial moisture did not arrive soon. Statewide, growers used nearly a full week of days suitable for fieldwork to harvest 20 percent of the cotton crop. At 51 percent complete, cotton harvest was approximately 2 weeks behind last year's pace. Reporter comments indicated that ranchers were still evaluating the availability of their normal winter grazing grounds against herd size, with many opting to cull additional animals. Statewide, 41 percent of the State's pastures and rangelands were reported in very poor or poor condition, compared with 54 percent last year, and a 5-year average of 37 percent. During the past week, converted moisture totals – accounting for any precipitation received as snow – remained extremely limited, with measurable moisture confined to portions of counties along the western border. Accumulations were reported at 0.01 inch or less. Average temperatures continued to be warmer than normal for much of the State. Overnight lows were warmer than last week for most locations, although much of Rio Arriba and Taos Counties continued to record low temperatures that were well below freezing. Additionally, a hard freeze was noted in Union County. According to the United States Drought Monitor for November 16, drought-free conditions were virtually non-existent, with only a very small area in southern Otero County rated in the category. The persistently dry weather led to worsening conditions, with a noticeable reduction in abnormally dry area (D0), to 17.1 percent, and an increase in moderate drought (D1), to 31.2 percent. Severe drought (D2) and extreme drought (D3) were unchanged, covering 40.3 and 11.2 percent of New Mexico, respectively. The State remained free of exceptional drought (D4). Topsoil moisture levels were reported as 81 percent short to very short, compared with 81 percent last year, and a 5-year average of 60 percent. Hail damage in all crops was reported as 1 percent light and 1 percent moderate. Wind damage in all crops was reported as 11 percent light and 4 percent moderate. Hay and roughage supplies were reported as 9 percent very short, 32 percent short, 54 percent adequate, and 5 percent surplus, compared with 20 percent very short, 48 percent short, and 32 percent adequate last year. Stock water supplies were reported as 18 percent very short, 35 percent short, 46 percent adequate, and 1 percent surplus, compared with 24 percent very short, 47 percent short, and 29 percent adequate last year.

CROP AND LIVESTOCK PROGRESS						
Commodity	Current week	Previous week	Previous year	5-year average		
	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)		
Alfalfa hay						
6 <sup>th</sup> cutting harvested	91	80	93	NA		
Chile						
Red harvested	87	82	90	84		
Corn						
Harvested for grain	75	60	84	73		
Cotton						
Bolls opening	98	94	NA	NA		
Harvested	51	31	71	69		
Peanuts						
Harvested	95	86	94	NA		
Pecans						
Harvested	25	22	5	18		
Winter wheat						
Emerged	96	93	91	NA		
Cattle and calves	4.0					
Receiving supplemental feed	42	34	82	57		
Sheep and lambs						
Receiving supplemental feed	53	50	85	62		

NA – not available

(--) - zero

## DAYS SUITABLE FOR FIELDWORK AND SOIL MOISTURE CONDITION

	Current week	Previous week	Previous year	5-year average
Days suitable for fieldwork	6.8	6.5	6.6	6.3
Topsoil moisture	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)
Very short	41	42	32	17
Short	40	37	49	43
Adequate	16	19	16	38
Surplus	3	2	3	2
Subsoil moisture				
Very short	42	41	40	20
Short	41	39	45	39
Adequate	16	19	13	40
Surplus	1	1	2	1

NA – not available

(--) – zero

CROP, LIVESTOCK, PASTURE AND RANGE CONDITION

Commodity	Current week	Previous week	Previous year	5-year average
	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)
Cotton				
Very poor			NA	NA
Poor	17	15	NA	NA
Fair	37	39	NA	NA
Good	43	45	NA	NA
Excellent	3	1	NA	NA
Pasture and range				
Very poor	20	21	24	11
Poor	21	20	30	26
Fair	35	33	39	41
Good	20	20	6	19
Excellent	4	6	1	3
Pecans				
Very poor	15	13		
Poor	17	18	6	3
Fair	8	10	32	12
Good	53	57	62	55
Excellent	7	2		30
Winter wheat		_		
Very poor	7	4	1	1
Poor	14	11	66	24
Fair	22	19	23	27
Good	32	37	4	33
Excellent	25	29	6	15
Cattle and calves				
Very poor	4	4	9	3
Poor	9	8	13	8
Fair	29	25	44	34
Good	38	40	26	44
Excellent	20	23	8	11
Sheep and lambs				
Very poor	11	9	2	6
Poor	6	9	18	12
Fair	40	32	45	34
Good	41	47	35	45
Excellent	2	3		3

NA – not available

(--) – zero