NEW MEXICO CROP PROGRESS



United States Department of Agriculture NATIONAL AGRICULTURAL STATISTICS SERVICE NEW MEXICO FIELD OFFICE

PO Box 1809, Las Cruces, NM 88004
Cooperating with the New Mexico Department of Agriculture



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Contact: Bill Meyer (800) 392-3202

CROP PROGRESS AND CONDITION WEEK ENDING JULY 31, 2022

AGRICULTURAL SUMMARY: Seasonal monsoonal precipitation continued to fall across several counties in New Mexico and a few drier areas picked up more moisture this week compared to last, according to the Mountain Regional Field Office of the National Agricultural Statistics Service, USDA. Improvements to soil moisture levels were noted again this week. Statewide, topsoil moisture was reported as 61 percent very short to short, compared with 81 percent last week, 55 percent last year, and a 5-year average of 62 percent. Alfalfa hay harvest continued to progress with limited reports of the fourth cutting getting underway. Winter wheat harvest was virtually complete with 96 percent of the crop harvested. Green chile harvest was also off to a quick start this week. Comments from Union County indicated several inches of heavy rain delayed fieldwork but will greatly improve pasture and range conditions. Pasture conditions across the State ranged from very poor to excellent but improvements were noted from the prior week. Reports from Roosevelt County noted that conditions remained dry. Statewide, 39 percent of the pastures and ranges were reported in very poor or poor condition, compared with 50 percent last week, 33 percent last year, and a 5-year average of 44 percent. Supplemental feeding needs remained high. Converted moisture totals during the past week ranged from approximately 3 to 3.5 inches in a few isolated locations across the State to only a trace or none in some areas. Southeastern New Mexico remained extremely dry, but northwestern counties received varying amounts of precipitation this week. The steady monsoon has improved yearly precipitation in many northcentral and western counties, although total accumulations for most counties remained below average. The driest areas remained in portions of Chaves, Eddy, and Lea Counties, where precipitation has totaled 25 percent of normal or less, affecting large acreages of cotton, dry hay, and haylage, as well as large percentages of the cattle and sheep herds. According to the United States Drought Monitor for July 26, drought conditions continued to show some slight improvement during the week. Roughly 33 percent of the State remained categorized in the exceptional (D4) or extreme (D3) drought categories - 11.1 and 21.5 percent, respectively. Severe drought (D2) decreased to cover 43.7 percent of New Mexico, while moderate drought (D1) increased its presence to 22.3 percent. The area noted in abnormal dryness was unchanged, at 0.8 percent of the State. Drought-free conditions maintained their hold in Dona Ana and Otero Counties, at 0.7 percent. No hail damage was reported during the week. Wind damage in all crops was reported as 6 percent light, 6 percent moderate, and 1 percent severe. Hay and roughage supplies were reported as 9 percent very short, 35 percent short, and 56 percent adequate, compared with 10 percent very short, 34 percent short, 55 percent adequate, and 1 percent surplus last year. Stock water supplies were reported as 38 percent very short, 21 percent short, and 41 percent adequate, compared with 15 percent very short, 22 percent short, 62 percent adequate, and 1 percent surplus last year.

CROP AND LIVESTOCK PROGRESS					
Commodity	Current week	Previous week	Previous year	5-year average	
	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	
Alfalfa hay					
2 nd cutting harvested	93	90	NA	NA	
3 rd cutting harvested	35	23	51	61	
4 th cutting harvested	1	NA	8	26	
Chile					
Green harvested	10		8	12	
Corn					
Silked	54	30	44	47	
Cotton					
Squaring	64	56	72	76	
Setting bolls	10	1	24	30	
Onions	. •	·			
Harvested	85	81	92	NA	
Peanuts					
Pegging	91	84	84	62	
Winter wheat	0.		01	02	
Harvested for grain	96	91	NA	NA	
Trait vootod for grain			14/1	101	
Cattle and calves					
Receiving supplemental feed	72	72	60	NA	
Sheep and lambs	'2	12	00	INA	
Receiving supplemental feed	35	65	74	NA	

NA – not available

(--) – zero

DAYS SUITABLE FOR FIELDWORK AND SOIL MOISTURE CONDITION Current week Previous week Previous year 5-year average Days suitable for fieldwork 5.8 6.3 6.8 6.4 Topsoil moisture Very short..... (percent) (percent) (percent) (percent) 35 46 24 31 25 37 17 44 Short 37 35 3 42

19

39

43

18

30

37

32

30

39

30

Surplus. NA – not available

Adequate.....

Short

Adequate.....

Very short.....

(--) – zero

26

53

21

CROP, LIVESTOCK, PASTURE AND RANGE CONDITION							
Commodity	Current week	Previous week	Previous year	5-year average			
	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)			
Alfalfa hay							
Very poor		3		4			
Poor	6	7	3	5			
Fair	38	29	28	23			
Good	44	52	39	54			
Excellent	12	9	30	14			
Chile							
Very poor		7		1			
Poor	11	13	10	6			
Fair	24	25	22	31			
	44	52	37	_			
Good		_	_	47			
Excellent	21	3	31	15			
Corn		_					
Very poor	1	7		2			
Poor	13	20	4	4			
Fair	45	31	40	38			
Good	7	14	35	35			
Excellent	34	28	21	21			
Cotton	-						
Very poor		6		2			
Poor	19	20	19	15			
Fair	38	50	40	45			
			_				
Good	28	24	31	30			
Excellent	15		10	8			
Pasture and range		_					
Very poor	4	9	16	16			
Poor	35	41	17	28			
Fair	42	41	37	36			
Good	15	7	20	15			
Excellent	4	2	10	5			
Peanuts							
Very poor	5	5		2			
Poor	7	7	9	10			
Fair	, 75	75	46	56			
	13	13		32			
Good	13	13	45	32			
Excellent							
Pecans							
Very poor		2					
Poor	5	5					
Fair	22	22	10	10			
Good	33	38	90	72			
Excellent	40	33		18			
Cattle and calves							
	4	4	E	2			
Very poor	1	1	5	3			
Poor	13	18	8	10			
Fair	32	38	26	39			
Good	41	27	51	41			
Excellent	13	16	10	7			
Sheep and lambs							
Very poor			17	12			
Poor	1	10	14	10			
Fair	34	36	19	30			
Good	59	51	40	44			
Excellent	6	3	10	4			

Excellent......

NA – not available

(--) – zero