## **NEW MEXICO CROP PROGRESS**



# United States Department of Agriculture NATIONAL AGRICULTURAL STATISTICS SERVICE NEW MEXICO FIELD OFFICE

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Cooperating with the New Mexico Department of Agriculture



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## CROP PROGRESS AND CONDITION WEEK ENDING SEPTEMBER 18, 2022

AGRICULTURAL SUMMARY: Despite rainfall that covered a wider portion of the State during the week, producers stayed active in their fields harvesting chile and hay, and seeding winter wheat acreage, according to the Mountain Regional Field Office of the National Agricultural Statistics Service, USDA. Total moisture accumulations were on the lower side for many areas which allowed nearly a full week of days suitable for fieldwork. With lesser rainfall amounts, soil moisture levels and pasture conditions declined when compared with recent weeks. Statewide, topsoil moisture was reported as 45 percent adequate to surplus, compared with 51 percent last week, 32 percent last year, and a 5-year average of 40 percent, while 30 percent of the pastures and ranges were reported in good to excellent condition, compared with 39 percent last week, 19 percent last year, and a 5-year average of 24 percent. Reports from Union County indicated both wide-ranging rainfall totals and temperature swings during the week, as growers were busy harvesting hay grazer. Overall, this year's green chile harvest was nearing completion well ahead of both last year and the 5-year average. A limited amount of red chile was harvested by week's end. Converted moisture totals during the past week ranged from over 2 inches to only a trace or none across large portions of eastern New Mexico. Widespread portions of many southwestern counties saw accumulations between 1 and 2 inches during the week. Despite an active monsoon that has delivered more than 10 inches of rainfall to large a large percentage of the State, year-to-date precipitation totals remained well below average for much of New Mexico, with moisture totals across several southeastern counties at or below 50 percent of normal. Additionally, there were isolated areas in several counties where yearly rainfall was at or below 25 percent of normal. According to the United States Drought Monitor for September 13, drought conditions continued to show some week-to-week improvement. The State remained free of exceptional drought (D4), while the area affected by extreme drought (D3) was reduced to 7.1 percent. Severe drought (D2) was categorized across 39.7 percent of New Mexico, a decrease of 9.5 percentage points from last week. Moderate drought (D1) was increased to 37.4 percent, and abnormal dryness (D0) accounted for 14.9 percent. Drought-free conditions, at 0.9 percent, maintained their hold in Dona Ana and Otero Counties. Hail damage in all crops was reported as 1 percent moderate. Wind damage in all crops was reported as 4 percent light, 4 percent moderate, and 3 percent severe. Pecan nut set was reported as 99 percent moderate and 1 percent light. Hay and roughage supplies were reported as 15 percent very short, 37 percent short, 46 percent adequate, and 2 percent surplus, compared with 12 percent very short, 32 percent short, 44 percent adequate, and 12 percent surplus last year. Stock water supplies were reported as 19 percent very short, 34 percent short, 46 percent adequate, and 1 percent surplus, compared with 17 percent very short, 25 percent short, 56 percent adequate, and 2 percent surplus last year.

### **CROP AND LIVESTOCK PROGRESS** Current week Previous week Commodity Previous year 5-year average (percent) (percent) (percent) (percent) Alfalfa hay 4th cutting harvested ..... 88 95 NA 5<sup>th</sup> cutting harvested ..... 34 20 38 52 Chile 77 Green harvested..... 94 86 78 Red harvested ..... 9 NA NA Doughed..... 77 86 87 94 Dented..... 36 21 78 69 Mature ..... NA 39 38 Harvested for silage..... 13 8 60 60 Setting bolls ..... 93 87 97 NA Bolls opening ..... 18 6 10 26 Winter wheat Planted ..... 24 19 43 53 Emerged ..... 26 Cattle and calves Receiving supplemental feed..... 48 50 35 NA Sheep and lambs

Receiving supplemental feed.
NA – not available
(--) – zero

DAYS SUITABLE FOR FIELDWORK AND SOIL MOISTURE CONDITION

15

45

NA

25

DATS SUITABLE FOR FIELDWORK AND SOIL WOISTONE CONDITION					
	Current week	Previous week	Previous year	5-year average	
Days suitable for fieldwork	6.9	6.8	6.6	6.5	
Topsoil moisture	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	
Very short	12	10	33	23	
Short	43	39	35	37	
Adequate	43	49	26	37	
Surplus	2	2	6	3	
Subsoil moisture					
Very short	23	18	38	29	
Short	53	49	36	36	
Adequate	23	32	22	33	
Surplus	1	1	4	2	

NA - not available

(--) – zero

### CROP, LIVESTOCK, PASTURE AND RANGE CONDITION

Commodity	Current week	Previous week	Previous year	5-year average
-	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)
Alfalfa hay	,	, ,	,	
Very poor	2	1	4	4
Poor	9	6	12	9
Fair	25	29	30	24
Good	45	50	30	50
Excellent	19	14	24	13
Corn	.0		'	10
Very poor	4	3		1
Poor	6	4	1	3
Fair	18	25	45	37
Good	27	23	26	33
Excellent	45	45	28	26
_	40	45	20	20
Cotton	_	4		2
Very poor	5	4	40	2
Poor	31	27	18	13
Fair	38	34	43	43
Good	22	25	32	35
Excellent	4	10	7	7
Pasture and range				
Very poor	4	3	9	11
Poor	30	26	24	27
Fair	36	32	48	38
Good	20	29	18	19
Excellent	10	10	1	5
Peanuts				
Very poor	5	5		1
Poor	7	7	9	12
Fair	75	75	32	50
Good	13	13	59	37
Excellent				
Pecans				
Very poor	1	1		
Poor	5	5	9	3
Fair	10	15	12	10
Good	44	38	78	71
Excellent	40	41	1	16
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Cattle and calves				
Very poor	2	2	4	3
Poor	6	5	5	8
Fair	36	30	30	37
Good	36	40	40	39
Excellent	20	23	21	13
Sheep and lambs	_0			10
Very poor			7	7
Poor	2	1	10	8
Fair	35	30	40	32
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Good	57	60	40	48
Excellent	6	9	3	5

NA – not available (--) – zero