NEW MEXICO CROP PROGRESS



United States Department of Agriculture
NATIONAL AGRICULTURAL STATISTICS SERVICE
NEW MEXICO FIELD OFFICE

PO Box 1809, Las Cruces, NM 88004 Cooperating with the New Mexico Department of Agriculture



FOR IMMEDIATE RELEASE June 26, 2017

Contact: Longino Bustillos (800) 530-8810

CROP PROGRESS AND CONDITION WEEK ENDING JUNE 25, 2017

AGRICULTURAL SUMMARY: With year-to-date precipitation totals at or below normal at 20 of the 45 reporting weather stations and totals at the remaining 25 falling quickly, scorching temperatures continued to dominate the State during the week, according to the Mountain Regional Field Office of the National Agricultural Statistical Service, USDA. While measurable moisture was recorded in most northeastern and southern locations, rainfall totals were short when compared with average, and did little to help alleviate the prolonged dryness evident in some areas. Comments from Grant and Luna Counties indicated that moisture was widespread; however, it immediately soaked into dry soils, and without a considerable amount of precipitation over the next few months, pastures will not provide adequate feed during the winter. Lake Roberts, at 1.37 inches, reported the largest moisture accumulation during the week. Triple-digit temperatures were recorded at 29 of the 45 reporting weather stations, with daytime highs ranging from 81 degrees at Angel Fire to 111 degrees at Acme. Reports from Dona Ana County indicated that milk production at several dairies declined as a result of the extremely hot conditions. Average temperatures ranged from normal to 11 degrees above average. Overnight lows varied from 34 degrees at Ocate to 69 degrees at Carlsbad. Statewide, topsoil moisture levels were reported as 37 percent adequate to surplus, compared with 38 percent last week, 28 percent last year, and a 5-year average of 23 percent. As the onion harvest surpassed the halfway point during the week, 84 percent of the crop was reported in good to excellent condition, compared with 92 percent last year. Hail ranging from pea-size to approximately 1 inch in diameter was noted in portions of the northeast. Hail damage in all crops was reported as 5 percent light, compared with 1 percent light last week. Wind damage in all crops was reported as 3 percent moderate and 14 percent light, compared with 2 percent moderate and 23 percent light last week. Stock water supplies were reported as 14 percent very short, 34 percent short, and 52 percent adequate, compared with 9 percent very short, 31 percent short, and 60 percent adequate last week.

CROP AND LIVESTOCK PROGRESS					
Commodity	Current week	Previous week	Previous year	5-year average	
	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	
Alfalfa hay					
1 st cutting harvested	96	94	96	98	
2 nd cutting harvested	56	46	57	66	
3 rd cutting harvested	24	13	3	19	
Corn					
Emerged	93	76	81	84	
Cotton					
Planted	96	93	95	99	
Emerged	83	75	87	NA	
Squaring	7		9	23	
Onions					
Harvested	55	48	39	56	
Peanuts					
Planted	93	85	86	96	
Emerged	82	73	60	NA	
Sorghum					
Planted	73	64	82	78	
Emerged	32	27	54	NA	
Winter wheat					
Harvested for grain	77	48	61	49	

NA – not available

(--) – zero

DAYS SUITABLE FOR FIELDWORK AND SOIL MOISTURE CONDITION						
Commodity	Current week	Previous week	Previous year	5-year average		
Days suitable for fieldwork	6.6	7.0	6.7	6.4		
Topsoil moisture	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)		
Very short	22	16	12	44		
Short	41	46	60	33		
Adequate	36	37	27	23		
Surplus	1	1	1			
Subsoil moisture						
Very short	18	13	10	NA		
Short	51	49	40	NA		
Adequate	30	37	50	NA		
Surplus	1	1		NA		

NA – not available

(--) – zero

CROF, LIVEST	/ESTOCK, AND PASTURE AND RANGE CONDITION Current week Previous week Previous year 5-year average provided by the condition of the condition o				
	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	
Alfalfa hay	(percent)	(регеспі)	(percent)	(percent)	
Very poor				1	
Poor	1	9	4	5	
Fair	26	22	46	32	
Good	69	68	42	48	
Excellent	4	1	8	14	
Chile	·	1	Ü	1.	
Very poor			3	NA	
Poor	3	2	12	NA	
Fair	54	55	16	NA NA	
Good	40	35	48	NA	
Excellent	3	8	21	NA NA	
Corn	3	O	21	IVA	
	1	1		2	
Very poor	3	1		3	
Poor	40	1 41	21		
Fair		41	31	33	
Good	38	30	51	40	
Excellent	18	27	18	22	
Cotton			_		
Very poor			2	2	
Poor	7	6	27	13	
Fair	59	53	29	36	
Good	32	35	33	31	
Excellent	2	6	9	18	
Onion					
Very poor				NA	
Poor				NA	
Fair	16	16	8	NA	
Good	69	55	45	NA	
Excellent	15	29	47	NA	
	13	29	47	IVA	
Pasture and range condition	7	4	2	22	
Very poor	7	4	2	32	
Poor	24	29	18	26	
Fair	45	40	48	24	
Good	19	23	29	15	
Excellent	5	4	3	3	
Peanuts					
Very poor				NA	
Poor	2			NA	
Fair	61	61	100	NA	
Good	37	39		NA	
Excellent				NA	
Pecan					
Very poor					
Poor				1	
Fair	4	3	9	19	
	71	80	54		
Good			-	65	
Excellent	25	17	37	15	
orghum				1.5	
Very poor				15	
Poor	7	9		10	
Fair	58	60	72	34	
Good	35	31	28	40	
Excellent				1	
Vinter wheat					
Very poor	10	7	2	NA	
Poor	15	14	16	NA	
Fair	31	35	35	NA	
Good	26	32	42	NA	
Excellent	18	12	5	NA NA	
Cattle and calves	-0	'	J		
Very poor	1		2	NA	
Poor	4	1	3	NA NA	
	•	_	-		
Fair	45 46	39	33 54	NA NA	
Good	46	52	54	NA NA	
Excellent	4	8	8	NA	
Sheep and lambs					
Very poor	3	6	12	NA	
Poor	8	9	11	NA	
Fair	25	16	18	NA	
C 1	64	69	57	NA	
Good	UT				

New Mexico's weather data can be accessed at the following: http://www.nass.usda.gov/Statistics_by_State/New_Mexico/Publications/Crop_Progress_&_Condition/2017/NM_Weather_06252017.pdf

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