

Both NumPy and Pandas have emerged to be essential libraries for any scientific computation, including machine learning, in python

```
# Program to create series
import pandas as pd # Import Panda Library
# Program to Create series with scalar values
Data =[1, 3, 4, 5, 6, 2, 9] # Numeric data
# Creating series with default index values
s = pd.Series(Data)
print(s)
# predefined index values
Index=['a', 'b', 'c', 'd', 'e', 'f', 'g']
# Create series with Data, and Index
a = pd.Series(Data, index = Index)
a
```

```
0    1
1    3
2    4
3    5
4    6
5    2
6    9
dtype: int64
a    1
b    3
c    4
d    5
e    6
f    2
g    9
dtype: int64
```

Converting Pandas Series to Python list

```
import pandas as pd
ds = pd.Series([2, 4, 6, 8, 10])
print("Pandas Series")
print(ds)
print("Convert Pandas Series to Python list")
ds.tolist()
```

```
Pandas Series
0    2
1    4
2    6
3    8
4   10
dtype: int64
Convert Pandas Series to Python list
[2, 4, 6, 8, 10]
```

Program to Create Dictionary into Series

```
dictionary ={'a':1, 'b':2, 'c':3, 'd':4, 'e':5, 'f':6}
# Creating series of Dictionary type
sd = pd.Series(dictionary)
sd
```

```
↳ a    1
   b    2
   c    3
   d    4
   e    5
   f    6
   dtype: int64
```

▼ Program to Create ndarray series

```
Data =[[2, 3, 4], [5, 6, 7]] # Defining 2darray
print(Data)
# Creating series of 2darray
snd = pd.Series(Data)
snd
```

```
↳ [[2, 3, 4], [5, 6, 7]]
   0    [2, 3, 4]
   1    [5, 6, 7]
   dtype: object
```

Program to Create DataFrame

```
import pandas as pd
# Import Library
a = pd.DataFrame(Data)
a
```

```
↳
```

	0	1	2
0	2	3	4
1	5	6	7

converting multiple dictionaries into pandas data frame

```
dict1 ={'a':35.2,'b':47,'c':77,'d':49} # Define Dictionary 1
```

```
dict2 = {'a':53, 'b':69, 'c':79, 'd':81, 'e':91} # Define Dictionary 2
dict3 = {'a':56, 'b':98, 'c':77, 'd':81, 'e':90} # Define Dictionary 3
Data = {'Maths':dict1, 'Physics':dict2, 'Chemistry': dict3} # Define Data with dict
df = pd.DataFrame(Data) # Create DataFrame
df
```

↗

	Maths	Physics	Chemistry
a	35.2	53	56
b	47.0	69	98
c	77.0	79	77
d	49.0	81	81
e	NaN	91	90

Program to create Dataframe of three series

```
import pandas as pd
s1 = pd.Series([1, 3, 4, 5, 6, 2, 9])# Define series 1
s2 = pd.Series([1.1, 3.5, 4.7, 5.8, 2.9, 9.3]) # Define series 2
s3 = pd.Series(['a', 'b', 'c', 'd', 'e'])# Define series 3
Data = {'first':s1, 'second':s2, 'third':s3} # Define Data
dfseries = pd.DataFrame(Data)# Create DataFrame
dfseries
```

↗

	first	second	third
0	1	1.1	a
1	3	3.5	b
2	4	4.7	c
3	5	5.8	d
4	6	2.9	e
5	2	9.3	NaN
6	9	NaN	NaN

Program to create DataFrame from 2D array

```
import pandas as pd # Import Library
d1 = [[2, 3, 4], [5, 6, 7]] # Define 2d array 1
d2 = [[2, 4, 8], [1, 3, 9]] # Define 2d array 2
Data = {'first': d1, 'second': d2} # Define Data
df2d = pd.DataFrame(Data)
# Create DataFrame
df2d
```

```

↳

```

	first	second
0	[2, 3, 4]	[2, 4, 8]
1	[5, 6, 7]	[1, 3, 9]

Converting Pandas Series to Python list

```

import pandas as pd
ds = pd.Series([2, 4, 6, 8, 10])
print("Pandas Series and type")
print(ds)
print(type(ds))
print("Convert Pandas Series to Python list")
print(ds.tolist())
print(type(ds.tolist()))

```

```

↳ Pandas Series and type
0      2
1      4
2      6
3      8
4     10
dtype: int64
<class 'pandas.core.series.Series'>
Convert Pandas Series to Python list
[2, 4, 6, 8, 10]
<class 'list'>

```

Write a Pandas program to add, subtract, multiple and divide two Pandas Series. Sample Series: [2, 4, 6, 8, 10], [1, 3, 5, 7, 9]

```

import pandas as pd
ds1 = pd.Series([2, 4, 6, 8, 10])
ds2 = pd.Series([1, 3, 5, 7, 9])
ds = ds1 + ds2
print("Add two Series:")
print(ds)
print("Subtract two Series:")
ds = ds1 - ds2
print(ds)
print("Multiply two Series:")
ds = ds1 * ds2
print(ds)
print("Divide Series1 by Series2:")
ds = ds1 / ds2
print(ds)

```

```

↳

```

Add two Series:

```
0    3
1    7
2   11
3   15
4   19
```

dtype: int64

Subtract two Series:

```
0    1
1    1
2    1
3    1
4    1
```

dtype: int64

Multiply two Series:

```
0    2
1   12
2   30
3   56
4   90
```

dtype: int64

Divide Series1 by Series2:

```
0    2.000000
1    1.333333
2    1.200000
3    1.142857
4    1.111111
```

Write a Pandas program to compare the elements of the two Pandas Series. Sample Series: [2, 4, 6, 8, 10], [1, 3, 5, 7, 9]

```
import pandas as pd
ds1 = pd.Series([2, 4, 6, 8, 10])
ds2 = pd.Series([1, 3, 5, 7, 10])
print("Series1:")
print(ds1)
print("Series2:")
print(ds2)
print("Compare the elements of the said Series:")
print("Equals:")
print(ds1 == ds2)
print("Greater than:")
print(ds1 > ds2)
print("Less than:")
print(ds1 < ds2)
```



```

Series1:
0      2
1      4
2      6
3      8
4     10
dtype: int64
Series2:
0      1
1      3
2      5
3      7
4     10
dtype: int64
Compare the elements of the said Series:
Equals:
0      False
1      False
2      False
3      False
4       True
dtype: bool
Greater than:
0      True
1      True
2      True
3      True
4     False
dtype: bool
Less than:
0      False
1      False
2      False
3      False
4     False
dtype: bool

```

Write a Pandas program to compare (equivalence, less than, greater than) the elements of the two Pandas Series. Sample Series: [2, 4, 6, 8, 10], [1, 3, 5, 7, 9] and put them all series along with comparisons results into a panda frame

```

dtype: bool
import pandas as pd
ds1 = pd.Series([2, 4, 6, 8, 10])
ds2 = pd.Series([1, 3, 5, 9, 10])

Equals=ds1 == ds2
Greaterthan = ds1 > ds2
Lessthan=ds1 < ds2
# converting pandas series into dictionary and then convert into dataframe
Data={'ds1':ds1,'ds2':ds2,'Equals':Equals,'Greaterthan':Greaterthan,'Lessthan':Les:
df1=pd.DataFrame(Data)
df1

```



	ds1	ds2	Equals	Greaterthan	Lessthan
0	2	1	False	True	False
1	4	3	False	True	False
2	6	5	False	True	False

Hiding the index in panda data frame

```
1    10    10    True    False    False
```

```
print(df1.to_string(index= False))
```

```
↳ ds1 ds2 Equals Greaterthan Lessthan
   2    1  False           True   False
   4    3  False           True   False
   6    5  False           True   False
   8    9  False          False    True
  10   10   True          False   False
```

Numpy provides a high-performance multidimensional array and basic tools to compute with and manipulate the arrays. SciPy builds on this, and provides a large number of functions that operate on numpy arrays and are useful for different types of scientific and engineering applications.

Write a Pandas program to convert a NumPy array to a Pandas series. Sample NumPy array: d1 = [10, 20, 30, 40, 50]

```
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
np_array = np.array([1, 2, 3, 4, 5])
print("NumPy array:")
print(np_array)
new_series = pd.Series(np_array)
print("Converted Pandas series:")
print(new_series)
```

```
↳ NumPy array:
[1 2 3 4 5]
Converted Pandas series:
0    1
1    2
2    3
3    4
4    5
dtype: int64
```

Numpyt example program

```
import numpy as np
np.random.seed(0) # seed for reproducibility
```

```

np.random.seed(0) # seed for reproducibility

x1 = np.random.randint(100, size=6) # One-dimensional array
x2 = np.random.randint(100, size=(3, 4)) # Two-dimensional array
x3 = np.random.randint(100, size=(3, 4, 5)) # Three-dimensional array
print(x1)
print(x2)
print(x3)

```

```

↳ [44 47 64 67 67  9]
   [[83 21 36 87]
    [70 88 88 12]
    [58 65 39 87]]
   [[[46 88 81 37 25]
     [77 72  9 20 80]
     [69 79 47 64 82]
     [99 88 49 29 19]]

    [[19 14 39 32 65]
     [ 9 57 32 31 74]
     [23 35 75 55 28]
     [34  0  0 36 53]]

    [[ 5 38 17 79  4]
     [42 58 31  1 65]
     [41 57 35 11 46]
     [82 91  0 14 99]]]

```

Write a Pandas program to change the data type of the given meric ['100', '200', 'python', '300.12', '400a']

```

import pandas as pd
s1 = pd.Series(['100', '200', 'python', '300.12', '400a'])
print("Original Data Series:")
print(s1)
print("Change the said data type to numeric:")
s2 = pd.to_numeric(s1, errors='coerce')
print(s2)

```

```

↳ Original Data Series:
0      100
1      200
2    python
3    300.12
4     400a
dtype: object
Change the said data type to numeric:
0     100.00
1     200.00
2         NaN
3     300.12
4         NaN
dtype: float64

```


program to sort a given Series.

```
import pandas as pd
s = pd.Series(['200', '100', 'python', '300.12', '400'])
print("Original Data Series:")
print(s)
new_s = pd.Series(s).sort_values()
print("sorted series are")
print(new_s)
```

↳ Original Data Series:

```
0      200
1      100
2    python
3    300.12
4      400
dtype: object
sorted series are
1      100
0      200
3    300.12
4      400
2    python
dtype: object
```

Write a Pandas program to add some data to an existing Series.

```
import pandas as pd
s = pd.Series(['100', '200', 'python', '300.12', '400'])
print("Original Data Series:")
print(s)
print("\nData Series after adding some data:")
new_s = s.append(pd.Series(['500', 'php']))
print(new_s)
```

↳

Original Data Series:

Write a Pandas program to create a subset of a given series based on value and condition

```
< python
```

```
import pandas as pd
s = pd.Series([0, 1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10])
print("Original Data Series:")
print(s)
n = 6
new_s = s[s > n]
print("The values greater than 6")
print(new_s)
new_s1=s[s%2!=0]
print("The odd values ")
print(new_s1)
```

Original Data Series:

```
0      0
1      1
2      2
3      3
4      4
5      5
6      6
7      7
8      8
9      9
10     10
dtype: int64
The values greater than 6
7      7
8      8
9      9
10     10
dtype: int64
The odd values
1      1
3      3
5      5
7      7
9      9
dtype: int64
```

Write a program to create the mean and standard deviation, maximum and minimum of the data of a given Series using pandas

```
import pandas as pd
s = pd.Series(data = [1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,5,3])
print("Original Data Series:")
print(s)
print("Mean of the said Data Series:")
print(s.mean())
```

```
print("Standard deviation of the said Data Series:")
print(s.std())
print("Max")
print(s.max())
print("Min")
print(s.min())
```

↳ Original Data Series:

```
0    1
1    2
2    3
3    4
4    5
5    6
6    7
7    8
8    9
9    5
10   3
```

dtype: int64

Mean of the said Data Series:

4.818181818181818

Standard deviation of the said Data Series:

2.522624895547565

Max

9

Min

1

Write a program to get the elements of an array values into column-wise using pandas Sample data: {'X':[78,85,96,80,86], 'Y':[84,94,89,83,86], 'Z':[86,97,96,72,83]}

```
import pandas as pd
df = pd.DataFrame({'X':[78,85,96,80,86], 'Y':[84,94,89,83,86], 'Z':[86,97,96,72,83]});
print(df)
```

↳

	X	Y	Z
0	78	84	86
1	85	94	97
2	96	89	96
3	80	83	72
4	86	86	83

The previous program's index has to be removed instead convert into the data frame of the subject marks of X,Y,Z

```
df = pd.DataFrame({'X':[78,85,96,80,86], 'Y':[84,94,89,83,86], 'Z':[86,97,96,72,83], 'Subjects':['Kanada','English','Maths','Science','Social']});
print(df.set_index('Subjects'))
```

```

↳
      X    Y    Z
Subjects
Kanada  78  84  86
English 85  94  97
Maths   96  89  96
Science 80  83  72
Social  86  86  83

```

Write a program to get the columns of the DataFrame phone_data.csv using pandas

The following lines have to be added to include CSV file into colab

```
import io
```

```
uploaded = files.upload()
```

```
df2 = pd.read_csv(io.BytesIO(uploaded['phone_data.csv']))
```

Double-click (or enter) to edit

```
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import io
```

```
from google.colab import files
uploaded = files.upload()
df2 = pd.read_csv(io.BytesIO(uploaded['phone_data.csv']))
```

```
print("Columns of the DataFrame:")
print(df2.columns)
df2
df2.shape
```

```

↳ Choose Files No file chosen Upload widget is only available when the cell has been
executed in the current browser session. Please rerun this cell to enable.
Saving phone_data.csv to phone_data (3).csv
Columns of the DataFrame:
Index(['index', 'date', 'duration', 'item', 'month', 'network',
       'network_type'],
      dtype='object')
(830, 7)

```

sorting based on date

```

d_df = df2[['index','date','duration','item','month','network']]
result = d_df.sort_values('network')
print("DataFrame based on network.")
print(result)

```

```
result1 = d_df.sort_values('date')
print("DataFrame based on date.")
print(result1)
```

↳ DataFrame based on network.

	index	date	duration	item	month	network
293	293	25/11/14 16:09	1.0	sms	2014-12	Meteor
430	430	22/12/14 11:22	1.0	sms	2015-01	Meteor
524	524	05/01/15 11:58	99.0	call	2015-01	Meteor
425	425	21/12/14 00:05	54.0	call	2015-01	Meteor
423	423	20/12/14 15:53	553.0	call	2015-01	Meteor
...
370	370	07/12/14 23:22	1.0	sms	2014-12	world
371	371	07/12/14 23:22	1.0	sms	2014-12	world
828	828	14/03/15 00:13	1.0	sms	2015-03	world
361	361	06/12/14 18:28	1.0	sms	2014-12	world
829	829	14/03/15 00:16	1.0	sms	2015-03	world

[830 rows x 6 columns]

DataFrame based on date.

	index	date	duration	item	month	network
504	504	01/01/15 06:58	34.429	data	2015-01	data
673	673	01/02/15 06:58	34.429	data	2015-02	data
674	674	01/02/15 13:33	103.000	call	2015-02	landline
791	791	01/03/15 06:58	34.429	data	2015-03	data
792	792	01/03/15 12:19	9.000	call	2015-03	Meteor
...
499	499	31/12/14 13:49	526.000	call	2015-01	landline
500	500	31/12/14 23:05	1.000	sms	2015-01	Vodafone
503	503	31/12/14 23:37	1.000	sms	2015-01	Vodafone
502	502	31/12/14 23:37	1.000	sms	2015-01	Vodafone
501	501	31/12/14 23:37	1.000	sms	2015-01	Vodafone

[830 rows x 6 columns]

Write a Pandas program to display the first 10 rows of the DataFrame.

```
import pandas as pd

#Display the first 10 rows
result = df2.head(10)
print("First 10 rows of the DataFrame:")
print(result)

import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import io

from google.colab import files
uploaded = files.upload()
df2 = pd.read_csv(io.BytesIO(uploaded['iris.csv']))

print("Columns of the DataFrame:")
```

```
print(df2.columns)
df2
df2.shape
df2.describe
```



Choose Files

No file chosen

Upload widget is only available when the cell has been

executed in the current browser session. Please rerun this cell to enable.

Saving iris.csv to iris (1).csv

Columns of the DataFrame:

Index(['5.1', '3.5', '1.4', '0.2', 'Iris-setosa'], dtype='object')

<bound method NDFrame.describe of 5.1 3.5 1.4 0.2 Iris-setosa

0 4.9 3.0 1.4 0.2 Iris-setosa

1 4.7 3.2 1.3 0.2 Iris-setosa

2 4.6 3.1 1.5 0.2 Iris-setosa

3 5.0 3.6 1.4 0.2 Iris-setosa

4 5.4 3.9 1.7 0.4 Iris-setosa

...

144 6.7 3.0 5.2 2.3 Iris-virginica

145 6.3 2.5 5.0 1.9 Iris-virginica

146 6.5 3.0 5.2 2.0 Iris-virginica

147 6.2 3.4 5.4 2.3 Iris-virginica

148 5.9 3.0 5.1 1.8 Iris-virginica

[149 rows x 5 columns]>