

Lemma: 对  $\forall x \in \mathbb{R}$ . 有:  $|x| \geq x$ ,  $|x| \geq -x$ .

proof: 分三种情况讨论.

① 若  $x > 0$ , 则  $|x| = x \therefore |x| \geq x$ .

$$|x| = x > 0 > -x \therefore |x| \geq -x.$$

② 若  $x = 0$ , 则  $|x| = 0$ ,  $x = 0$ ,  $-x = 0 \therefore |x| = x = -x$ .

$$\therefore |x| \geq x, |x| \geq -x.$$

③ 若  $x < 0$ . 则  $|x| = -x > 0 > x \therefore |x| \geq x$ .

$$\cancel{|x| = -x} \quad |x| = -x \therefore |x| \geq -x.$$

$\therefore$  对  $\forall x \in \mathbb{R}$ , 有:  $|x| \geq x$ ,  $|x| \geq -x$ .  $\square$

Lemma: 对  $\forall a, b, c \in \mathbb{R}$ ,  $a \leq c \leq b$ , 求证:  $|c| \leq \max\{|a|, |b|\}$

proof:  $\because c \leq b \therefore c \leq b \leq |b| \leq \max\{|a|, |b|\}$

$$\because a \leq c \therefore -c \leq -a \leq |a| \leq \max\{|a|, |b|\}.$$

$$\therefore |c| \leq \max\{|a|, |b|\}. \quad \square$$

P17 例2: 已知  $a, b, c \in \mathbb{R}$ .  $f(x) = ax^2 + bx + c$ ,  $g(x) = ax + b$ , 当  $x \in [-1, 1]$  时,  $|f(x)| \leq 1$ . 求证:

(1)  $|c| \leq 1$

(2)  $x \in [-1, 1]$  时,  $|g(x)| \leq 2$

(3)  $a > 0$ , 当  $x \in [-1, 1]$  时,  $g(x)$  的最大值为 2. 求  $f(x)$ .

proof: (1)  $\because$  当  $x \in [-1, 1]$  时,  $|f(x)| \leq 1 \therefore |f(0)| \leq 1 \therefore |c| \leq 1$

(2). 分三种情况讨论.

①  $a > 0$ . 此时有: 对  $\forall x \in [-1, 1]$ .  $g(-1) \leq g(x) \leq g(1)$  (左边不等式取等号当且仅当  $x = -1$ )

$$\therefore |g(x)| \leq \max\{|g(-1)|, |g(1)|\}.$$

(右边不等式取等号当且仅当  $x = 1$ )  
(此时  $g(x)$  严格单调增)

$$\therefore |g(-1)| = |b - a| = |a - b| = |f(-1) - c| \leq |f(-1)| + |c| \leq 1 + 1 = 2.$$

$$|g(1)| = |a+b| = |f(1)-c| \leq |f(1)| + |c| \leq 1+1=2$$

$$\therefore \max\{|g(-1)|, |g(1)|\} \leq 2.$$

$$\therefore |g(x)| \leq \max\{|g(-1)|, |g(1)|\} \leq 2.$$

②  $a=0$ . 此时有:  $g(x)=b$ ,  $f(x)=bx+c$ .

$$\therefore \text{对 } \forall x \in [-1, 1], \text{ 有: } |g(x)| = |b| = |f(1)-c| \leq |f(1)| + |c| \leq 1+1=2.$$

③  $a < 0$ . 此时有:  $g(x)$  在  $\mathbb{R}$  上严格单调递减.

$$\therefore \text{对 } \forall x \in [-1, 1], \text{ 有: } g(-1) \geq g(x) \geq g(1). \text{ 即: } g(1) \leq g(x) \leq g(-1)$$

$$\therefore |g(x)| \leq \max\{|g(1)|, |g(-1)|\}.$$

$$\therefore |g(1)| = |a+b| = |f(1)-c| \leq |f(1)| + |c| \leq 1+1=2.$$

$$|g(-1)| = |b-a| = |a-b| = |f(-1)-c| \leq |f(-1)| + |c| \leq 1+1=2.$$

$$\therefore |g(x)| \leq \max\{|g(1)|, |g(-1)|\} \leq 2.$$

综上, ~~对  $\forall a \in \mathbb{R}$ , 有:~~ 当  $x \in [-1, 1]$  时,  $|g(x)| \leq 2$ .

(3)  $\because a > 0$   $\therefore g(x)$  在  $\mathbb{R}$  上严格单调递增.

$$\therefore \text{当 } x \in [-1, 1] \text{ 时, } g(x) \text{ 的最大值为 } 2. \quad \therefore g(1) = 2 \quad \therefore a+b=2$$

$$\therefore \text{当 } x \in [-1, 1] \text{ 时, } |f(x)| \leq 1. \quad \text{ ~~$|f(-1)| \leq 1 \quad \therefore a-b+c \leq 1$~~$$

$$\therefore |f(1)| \leq 1 \quad \therefore |a+b+c| \leq 1 \quad \therefore |2+c| \leq 1 \quad \therefore -1 \leq 2+c \leq 1, \quad -3 \leq c \leq -1$$

$$\therefore |c| \leq 1 \quad \therefore -1 \leq c \leq 1 \quad \therefore c = -1.$$

$$\therefore |f(-1)| \leq 1 \quad \therefore |a-b+c| \leq 1 \quad \therefore |2a-3| \leq 1 \quad \therefore a \in [1, 2]$$

$$\therefore -\frac{b}{2a} = -\frac{2-a}{2a} = \frac{a-2}{2a} = \frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{a} = -\frac{1}{a} + \frac{1}{2} \in [-\frac{1}{2}, 0] \quad (\text{注意: } \because a > 0 \quad \therefore a \neq 0)$$

$$\therefore |f(-\frac{b}{2a})| \leq 1 \quad \therefore \left| \frac{4ac-b^2}{4a} \right| \leq 1 \quad \therefore \frac{4a+b^2}{4a} \leq 1 \quad \therefore b^2 \leq 0 \quad b=0$$

$$\therefore a=2 \quad \therefore f(x) = 2x^2-1, x \in \mathbb{R}. \quad \square$$