

Diseño de Compiladores

Grupo 1

Profesores

Elda Guadalupe Quiroga González Héctor Gibrán Ceballos Cancino

Avance 0

Tokens, Diagramas de Sintaxis y Gramática

A01234029 Jazmín Yolistli Santibáñez de la Rosa

Lista de Tokens

```
Palabras reservadas:
   ## <PROGRAMA>
   'main': 'MAIN',
   ## <DEC_VAR>
   'var': 'VAR',
   ## <TIPO_S>
   'int': 'INT',
   'float': 'FLOAT',
   'char': 'CHAR',
   ## <FUNCS>
   'func': 'FUNC',
   'void': 'VOID',
   'return': 'RETURN',
   ## <ESTATUTOS>
   'read': 'READ',
   'print': 'PRINT',
   'if': 'IF',
   'else': 'ELSE',
   'while': 'WHILE',
   'for': 'FOR',
   'to': 'TO',
   'step': 'STEP'
- <u>Definiciones simples de tokens</u>:
   OP_ASSIGN: '='
   ## Airthmetic operators
   OP_ADD: '+'
   OP_SUBTR: '-'
   OP_MULT: ""
   OP_DIV: '/'
   ## Logical operators
   OP\_AND = '\&'
   OP_OR =
```

```
## Relational operators
```

```
OP_EQ: '=='
OP_DIFF: '!='
OP_LT: '<'
OP_GT: '>'
```

Separators

```
IPAREN: '('
rPAREN: ')'
IBRACE: '{'
rBRACE: '}'
IBRACKET: '['
rBRACKET: ']'
```

SEP_SEMICOLON: ';'
SEP_COMMA: ','

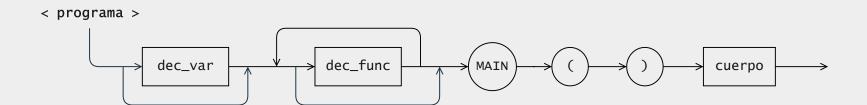
ignore: '\t'

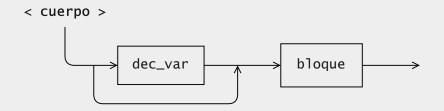
CTE_F: '[0-9]+(\.[0-9]+)?'

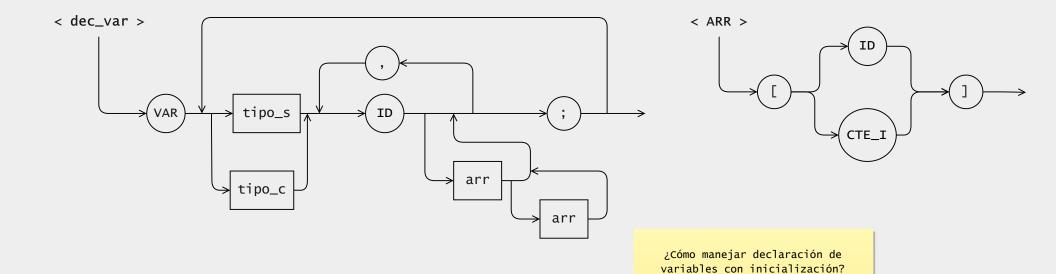
CTE_I: '[0-9]+'

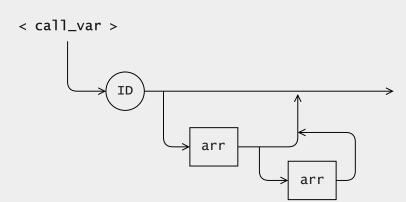
CTE_CHAR : ' (\'[a-zA-Z0-9]\') ' LETRERO : ' (\" [^(\"|\')]* \") '

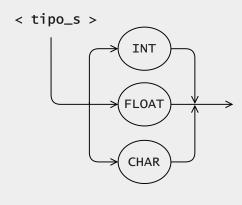
COMENTARIO: '\#.*'

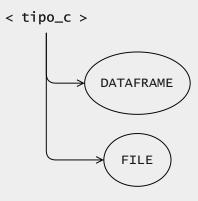


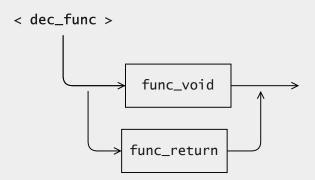




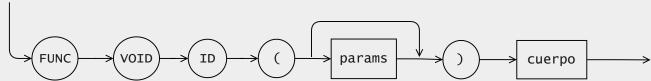




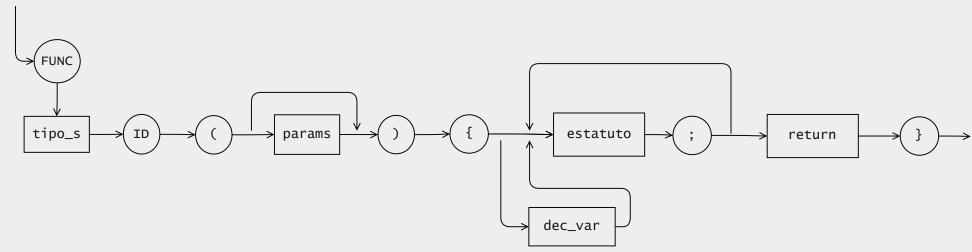


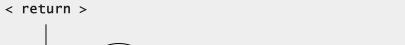


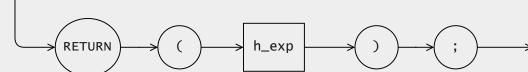
< func_void >

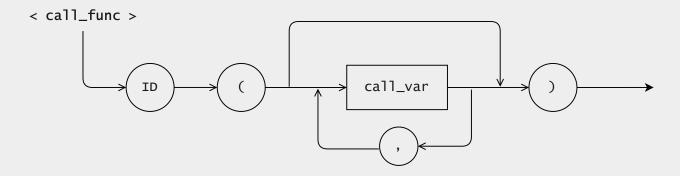


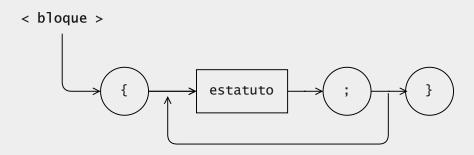
< func_return >

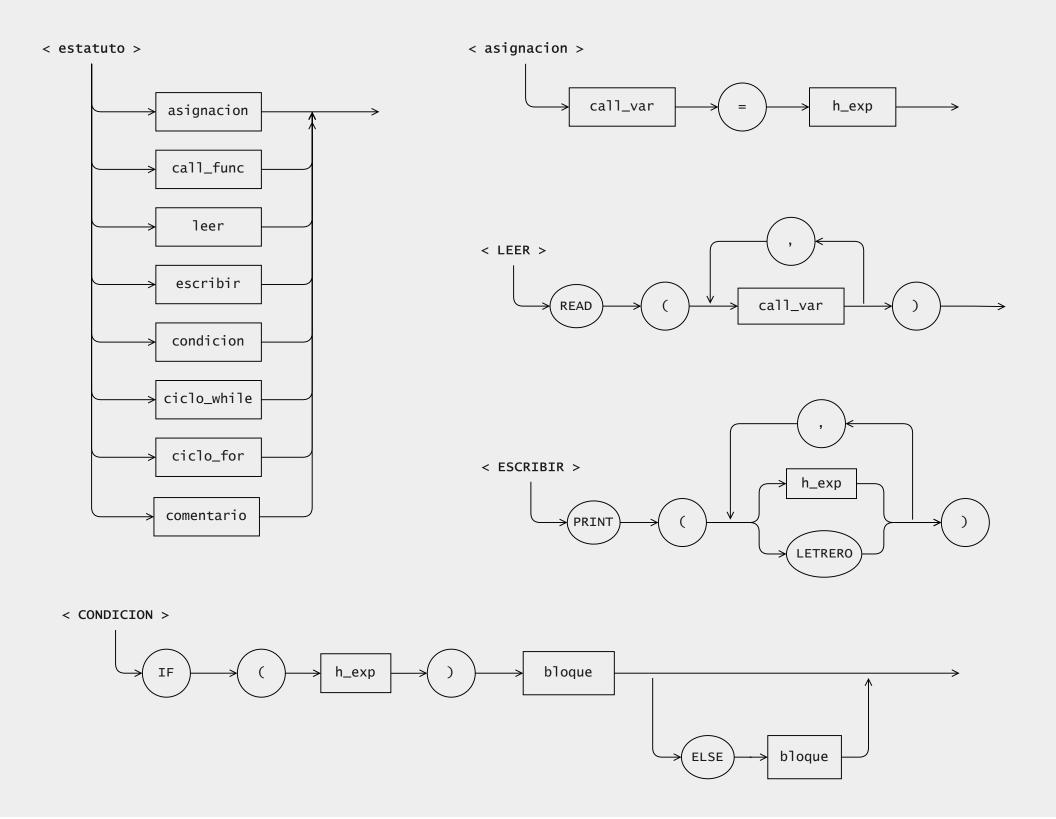


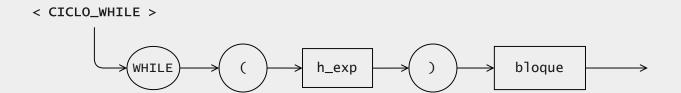


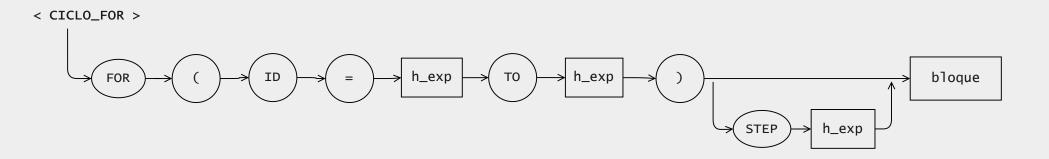




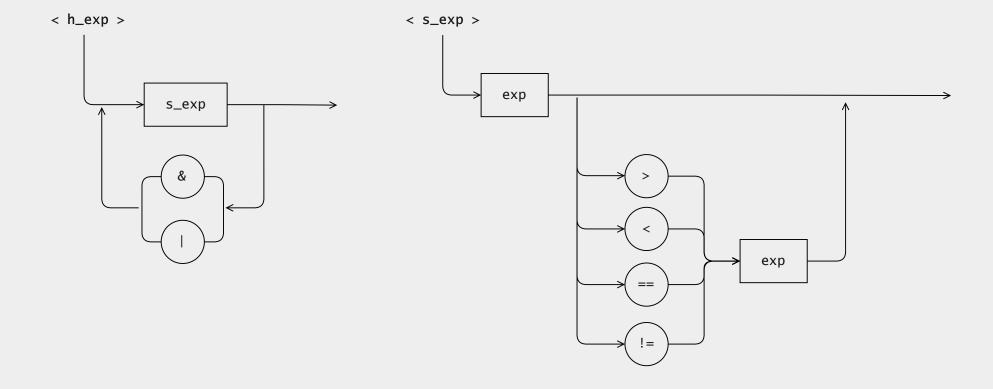


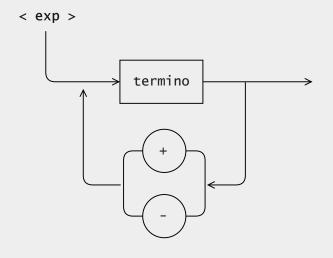


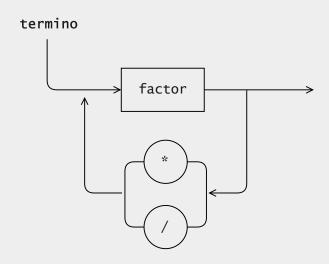


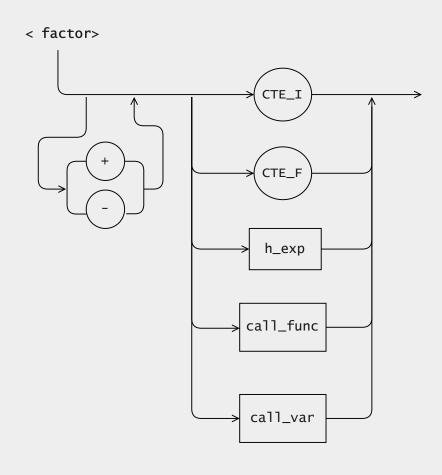












Gramática Formal

```
programa → aux_prog aux_prog2 MAIN IPAREN rPAREN cuerpo;
aux\_prog \rightarrow dec\_var \mid \varepsilon;
aux\_prog2 \rightarrow dec\_func aux\_prog2 \mid \epsilon;
cuerpo → aux_cuerpo bloque
aux\_cuerpo \rightarrow dec\_var \mid \epsilon;
dec_var → VAR aux_dv;
aux dv \rightarrow aux dv2 aux dv3;
aux_dv2 \rightarrow tipo_s \mid tipo_c;
aux_dv3 → ID aux_dv4 aux_dv6 SEP_SEMICOLON aux_dv7
aux_dv4 \rightarrow arr aux_dv5 \mid \epsilon;
aux_dv5 \rightarrow arr \mid \epsilon;
auxdv6 \rightarrow SEP_COMMA aux_dv3 | \epsilon;
aux_dv7 \rightarrow aux_dv \mid \epsilon;
arr → IBRACKET aux_arr rBRACKET;
aux arr \rightarrow ID | CTE I;
call var → ID aux cv
aux_cv \rightarrow arr aux_cv2 \mid \epsilon;
aux_cv2 \rightarrow arr \mid \epsilon;
tipo_s → INT | FLOAT | CHAR
tipo_c → DATAFRAME | FILE
dec_func → func_void | func_return
--func_void → FUNC VOID ID IPAREN aux_fv rPAREN cuerpo
aux_fv \rightarrow params \mid \epsilon;
func_return → FUNC tipo_s ID IPAREN aux_fr rPAREN IBRACE aux_fr2 estatuto
                 SEP_SEMICOLON aux_fr3 return rBRACE
aux_fr \rightarrow params | \epsilon;
aux_fr2 \rightarrow dec_var \mid \epsilon;
aux_fr3 \rightarrow estatuto SEP_SEMICOLON aux_fr3 | \epsilon;
return → RETURN IPAREN exp rPAREN SEP_SEMICOLON
params → tipo_s call_var aux_params
aux_params \rightarrow SEP_COMMA aux_params | \epsilon;
```

```
call_func → ID IPAREN aux_func rPAREN
aux_func \rightarrow call_var aux_func2 \mid \epsilon;
aux\_func2 \rightarrow SEP\_COMMA \ aux\_func \mid \epsilon;
bloque → IBRACE estatuto SEP_SEMICOLON aux_bloque rBRACE
aux_bloque → estatuto SEP_SEMICOLON aux_bloque | ε;
estatuto → asignacion | call_func | leer | escribir | condicion | ciclo_while | ciclo_for | comentario
asignacion → call_var OP_ASSIGN h_exp
leer → READ IPAREN call_var aux_leer rPAREN
aux_leer \rightarrow SEP_COMMA call_var aux_leer | \epsilon;
escribir → PRINT IPAREN aux escribir aux escribir2 rPAREN
aux_escribir → h_exp | LETRERO
aux_escribir2 → SEP_COMMA aux_escribir aux_escribir2 | ε;
condicion → IF IPAREN h_exp rPAREN bloque aux_condicion
aux_condicion \rightarrow ELSE bloque | \epsilon;
ciclo_while → WHILE IPAREN h_exp rPAREN bloque
ciclo_for → FOR IPAREN ID OP_ASSIGN h_exp TO h_exp rPAREN aux_ciclofor bloque
aux_ciclo \rightarrow STEP h_exp | \epsilon;
h_exp → s_exp aux_hexp
aux_hexp \rightarrow OP_AND h_exp | OP_OR h_exp | \epsilon;
s_{exp} \rightarrow exp \ aux_{exp}
aux_sexp \rightarrow aux_sexp2 exp \mid \epsilon;
aux_sexp2 → OP_EQ | OP_DIFF | OP_LT | OP_GT
exp → termino aux_exp
aux_exp \rightarrow OP_ADD exp \mid OP_SUBTR exp \mid \epsilon;
termino → factor aux termino
aux_termino → OP_MULT termino | OP_DIV termino | ε;
factor → aux_factor aux_factor2
aux factor \rightarrow OP ADD | OPP SUBTR | \epsilon;
aux_factor2 → CTE_I | CTE_F | h_exp | call_func | call_var
```

Principales consideraciones semánticas

- Hay variables globales y locales (dentro del main y dentro de cada función).
- Las variables no se inicializan en su declaración.
- Los arreglos son de 1 o 2 dimensiones (arreglos y matrices).
- Las dimensiones de los arreglos sólo pueden ser enteros (o variables de tipo entero).
- Solo puede haber arreglos de enteros y flotantes de tipo simple (tipo_s).
- Las funciones unicamente regresan valores de tipo simple y sus parámetros son de tipo simple.
- Las funciones void no regresan valores.
- Las funciones void no pueden ser llamadas en asignaciones ni expresiones.
- Orden de prescedencia de operadores (de mayor a menor)
 - 1. *,/
 - 2. +, -
 - 3. Operadores relacionales: <, >, ==, !=
 - 4. Operadores lógicos: & and |
 - 5. Asignación =