homework 03

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```
library(tree)
library(ISLR)
data(Auto)
x <- scale(Auto[,3:7])
y <- Auto$mpg</pre>
```

summary(cbind(x,target=y))

```
##
    displacement
                      horsepower
                                          weight
                                                        acceleration
##
  Min.
          :-1.2080
                     Min.
                           :-1.5190
                                      Min.
                                            :-1.6065
                                                       Min.
                                                              :-2.73349
  1st Qu.:-0.8544
                     1st Qu.:-0.7656
                                      1st Qu.:-0.8857
                                                        1st Qu.:-0.64024
## Median :-0.4149
                     Median :-0.2850
                                      Median :-0.2049
                                                       Median :-0.01498
  Mean : 0.0000
                     Mean : 0.0000
                                      Mean : 0.0000
                                                       Mean : 0.00000
##
   3rd Qu.: 0.7773
                     3rd Qu.: 0.5594
                                      3rd Qu.: 0.7501
                                                       3rd Qu.: 0.53778
##
##
  Max. : 2.4902
                     Max.
                           : 3.2613
                                      Max. : 2.5458
                                                       Max. : 3.35597
##
        year
                         target
##
  Min.
         :-1.62324
                    Min.
                            : 9.00
  1st Qu.:-0.80885
                     1st Qu.:17.00
##
## Median: 0.00554
                      Median :22.75
                            :23.45
   Mean : 0.00000
                      Mean
##
   3rd Qu.: 0.81993
                      3rd Qu.:29.00
## Max. : 1.63432
                      Max.
                            :46.60
```

dim(cbind(x,target=y))

[1] 392 6

- 5 predictors and 1 target variable.
- 392 samples

mpg(target): 연비 displacement: 배기량 horsepower: 마력

weight: 차량 무게 (파운드)

acceleration: 가속도 (0-60mph 도달 시간) year: 제조 연도 (마지막 두 자리 숫자)

```
set.seed(13579)
gr <- sample(rep(seq(5), length=length(y)))</pre>
table(gr)
## gr
## 1 2 3 4 5
## 79 79 78 78 78
R-squared function
R_squared <- function(y_pred, y_actual) {</pre>
  rss <- sum((y_actual - y_pred)^2)
  tss <- sum((y_actual - mean(y_actual))^2)</pre>
  rsq <- 1-(rss/tss)
  return(rsq)
1.
combs <- list()</pre>
for (i in 1:max(gr)) {
  combs[[i]] <- combn(colnames(x), i)</pre>
}
problem1 <- function(comb_mat, x, y, gr) {</pre>
  res <- matrix(0, nrow=31, ncol=2)</pre>
  for (K in 1:max(gr)) {
    train_x \leftarrow x[(gr!=K),]
    train_y <- y[(gr!=K)]</pre>
    test_x \leftarrow x[(gr=K),]
    test_y \leftarrow y[(gr=K)]
    Rsq_LM <- Rsq_RT <- c()</pre>
    idx <- 1
    dat <- NA
    for (i in 1:length(comb_mat)) {
      for (p in 1:ncol(comb_mat[[i]])) {
        predictors <- comb_mat[[i]][,p]</pre>
        train_dat <- data.frame(train_x[,predictors], target=train_y)</pre>
         colnames(train_dat) <- c(predictors, "target")</pre>
        LM <- lm(target ~., data=train_dat)</pre>
```

```
RT <- tree(target ~., data=train_dat)</pre>
         test_dat <- data.frame(test_x[,predictors])</pre>
         colnames(test_dat) <- predictors</pre>
         LM_pred <- as.numeric(predict(LM, newdata = test_dat))</pre>
        RT_pred <- as.numeric(predict(RT, newdata = test_dat))</pre>
        Rsq_LM[idx] <- R_squared(LM_pred, test_y)</pre>
        Rsq_RT[idx] <- R_squared(RT_pred, test_y)</pre>
         idx \leftarrow idx+1
      }
    }
    res <- res + cbind(Rsq_LM, Rsq_RT)
  res <- res/max(gr)
  res <- apply(res, 2, max)
  res <- data.frame(LM=res[1], RT=res[2])</pre>
  res <- t(res)
  colnames(res) <- "R-squared"</pre>
  return(res)
res1 <- problem1(combs, x, y, gr)</pre>
res1
##
      R-squared
## LM 0.8041754
## RT 0.8025942
```

```
problem2 <- function(comb_mat, x, y, gr) {
  set.seed(111)</pre>
```

2.

```
set.seed(111)
boot <- vector(mode="list", length=max(gr))
for (k in 1:max(gr)) {
   mat <- matrix(1:sum(gr!=k), sum(gr!=k), 500)
   mat <- apply(mat, 2, function(t) sample(t, replace=TRUE))
   boot[[k]] <- mat
}

res <- rep(0, 31)
for (K in 1:max(gr)) {
   test_x <- x[(gr==K),]
   test_y <- y[(gr==K)]

   fold_train_x <- x[(gr!=K),]
   fold_train_y <- y[(gr!=K)]

   grs <- boot[[K]]
   y_hat_fold <- matrix(0, nrow=31, ncol=nrow(test_x))</pre>
```

```
Rsq_fold <- NULL</pre>
    for (i in 1:ncol(grs)) {
      train_x <- fold_train_x[grs[,i],]</pre>
      train_y <- fold_train_y[grs[,i]]</pre>
      idx <- 1
      RT_pred <- matrix(0, nrow=31, ncol=nrow(test_x))</pre>
      for (i in 1:length(comb_mat)) {
        for (p in 1:ncol(comb_mat[[i]])) {
           predictors <- comb_mat[[i]][,p]</pre>
           train_dat <- data.frame(train_x[,predictors], target=train_y)</pre>
           colnames(train_dat) <- c(predictors, "target")</pre>
           BG <- tree(target ~., data=train_dat)</pre>
           test_dat <- data.frame(test_x[,predictors])</pre>
           colnames(test_dat) <- predictors</pre>
           RT_pred[idx,] <- as.numeric(predict(BG, newdata = test_dat))</pre>
           idx \leftarrow idx+1
        }
      y_hat_fold <- y_hat_fold + RT_pred # 31*n_samples</pre>
    y_hat_fold <- y_hat_fold/ncol(grs) # 500</pre>
    Rsq_fold <- apply(y_hat_fold, 1, function(t) R_squared(t, test_y)) # 31 R~2
    res <- res + Rsq_fold
  }
  res <- res/max(gr) # 5
                                     R^2
  res <- max(res)
  res <- data.frame(BG=res)</pre>
  res <- t(res)
  colnames(res) <- "R-squared"</pre>
  return(res)
}
res2 <- problem2(combs, x, y, gr)</pre>
res2
##
      R-squared
## BG 0.846116
3.
D1_func <- function(t) 3/4*(1-t^2)*(abs(t)<1)
D2_func \leftarrow function(t) 71/80*(1-t^3)^3*(abs(t)<1)
D3_func <- function(t) 1/sqrt(2*pi)*exp(-1/2*t^2)
D4_func <- function(t) pi/4*cos(pi/2*t)*(abs(t)<1)
KiO <- function(lambda, test, train, weight_func) {</pre>
  12_norm <- sqrt(sum((test-train)^2))</pre>
```

```
return(res)
}
problem3 <- function(x, y, gr) {</pre>
  Rsq_fold1 <- Rsq_fold2 <- Rsq_fold3 <- Rsq_fold4 <- rep(0, 30)
  for (K in 1:max(gr)) {
    train_x \leftarrow x[(gr!=K),]
    train_y <- y[(gr!=K)]</pre>
    test x \leftarrow x[(gr=K),]
    test_y <- y[(gr==K)]
    yhat_fold1 <- yhat_fold2 <- yhat_fold3 <- yhat_fold4 <-</pre>
      matrix(0, nrow = nrow(test_x), ncol = 30)
    for (j in 1:nrow(test_x)) {
      x0 \leftarrow test_x[j,]
      12_norm_vec <- apply(train_x, 1, function(t) sqrt(sum((x0-t)^2)))</pre>
      percent_10 <- quantile(12_norm_vec, probs = 0.1)</pre>
      maximum <- max(12_norm_vec)</pre>
      lambda <- seq(from=percent_10, to=maximum, length.out=30)</pre>
      for (1 in 1:30) {
        lam value <- lambda[1]</pre>
        weights1 <- apply(train_x, 1, function(t) KiO(lam_value, x0, t, D1_func))</pre>
        weights2 <- apply(train_x, 1, function(t) KiO(lam_value, x0, t, D2_func))</pre>
        weights3 <- apply(train_x, 1, function(t) KiO(lam_value, x0, t, D3_func))</pre>
        weights4 <- apply(train_x, 1, function(t) KiO(lam_value, x0, t, D4_func))</pre>
        train_dat <- data.frame(train_x, target=train_y)</pre>
        colnames(train_dat) <- c(colnames(train_x), "target")</pre>
        LR1 <- lm(target ~., data=train_dat, weights = weights1)
        LR2 <- lm(target ~., data=train_dat, weights = weights2)
        LR3 <- lm(target ~., data=train_dat, weights = weights3)
        LR4 <- lm(target ~., data=train_dat, weights = weights4)
        test_dat <- data.frame(t(x0))</pre>
        colnames(test_dat) <- colnames(test_x)</pre>
        vhat fold1[j,1] <- as.numeric(predict(LR1, newdata = test dat))</pre>
        yhat_fold2[j,1] <- as.numeric(predict(LR2, newdata = test_dat))</pre>
        yhat_fold3[j,1] <- as.numeric(predict(LR3, newdata = test_dat))</pre>
        yhat_fold4[j,1] <- as.numeric(predict(LR4, newdata = test_dat))</pre>
      }
    }
    Rsq_fold1 <- Rsq_fold1 + apply(yhat_fold1, 2, function(t) R_squared(t, test_y))</pre>
    Rsq_fold2 <- Rsq_fold2 + apply(yhat_fold2, 2, function(t) R_squared(t, test_y))</pre>
    Rsq_fold3 <- Rsq_fold3 + apply(yhat_fold3, 2, function(t) R_squared(t, test_y))</pre>
    Rsq_fold4 <- Rsq_fold4 + apply(yhat_fold4, 2, function(t) R_squared(t, test_y))</pre>
  Rsq_fold1 <- Rsq_fold1/max(gr)</pre>
  Rsq_fold2 <- Rsq_fold2/max(gr)
  Rsq_fold3 <- Rsq_fold3/max(gr)
  Rsq_fold4 <- Rsq_fold4/max(gr)
```

res <- weight_func(12_norm/lambda)

```
res <- data.frame(LR1 = max(Rsq_fold1),
                      LR2 = max(Rsq_fold2),
                      LR3 = max(Rsq_fold3),
                      LR4 = max(Rsq_fold4))
  res <- t(res)
  colnames(res) <- "R-squared"</pre>
  return(res)
res3 <- problem3(x, y, gr)
res3
##
        R-squared
## LR1 0.8746833
## LR2 0.8751856
## LR3 0.8629791
## LR4 0.8751375
4.
KiO_gamma <- function(gamma, test_x, train_x) {</pre>
  12_norm <- apply(train_x, 1, function(t) sqrt(sum((test_x-t)^2)))</pre>
  near_idx <- order(12_norm, decreasing = F)[1:gamma]</pre>
  res <- rep(0, nrow(train_x))</pre>
  res[near_idx] <- 1</pre>
  res <- res/gamma
  return(res)
}
problem4 <- function(x, y, gr) {</pre>
  Rsq_fold \leftarrow rep(0, 40)
  for (K in 1:max(gr)) {
    train_x \leftarrow x[(gr!=K),]
    train_y \leftarrow y[(gr!=K)]
    test_x \leftarrow x[(gr=K),]
    test_y \leftarrow y[(gr=K)]
    yhat_fold <- matrix(0, nrow = nrow(test_x), ncol = 40)</pre>
    for (j in 1:nrow(test_x)) {
      x0 \leftarrow test_x[j,]
       for (g in 41:80) {
         weights <- KiO_gamma(g, x0, train_x)</pre>
        train_dat <- data.frame(train_x, target=train_y)</pre>
         colnames(train_dat) <- c(colnames(train_x), "target")</pre>
        LR5 <- lm(target ~., data=train_dat, weights = weights)
        test_dat <- data.frame(t(x0))</pre>
         colnames(test_dat) <- colnames(test_x)</pre>
```

```
yhat_fold[j,g-40] <- as.numeric(predict(LR5, newdata = test_dat))</pre>
      }
    }
    Rsq_fold <- Rsq_fold + apply(yhat_fold, 2, function(t) R_squared(t, test_y))</pre>
  Rsq_fold <- Rsq_fold/max(gr)</pre>
  res = data.frame(LR5=max(Rsq_fold))
  res <- t(res)
  colnames(res) <- "R-squared"</pre>
  return(res)
}
res4 <- problem4(x, y, gr)
res4
##
       R-squared
## LR5 0.8735301
5.
KiO_q_gamma <- function(gamma, q, test_x, train_x, dist_func) {</pre>
  12_norm <- apply(train_x, 1, function(t) sqrt(sum((test_x-t)^2)))</pre>
  12_near_idx <- order(12_norm, decreasing = F)[1:gamma]
  indicat <- rep(FALSE, nrow(train_x))</pre>
  indicat[12_near_idx] <- TRUE</pre>
  train x N <- train x[indicat,]
  lq_norm <- apply(train_x_N, 1, function(t) (sum((abs(test_x-t))^q))^(1/q))</pre>
  lambda <- max(lq_norm)</pre>
  res <- rep(0, nrow(train_x))
  weights <- sapply(lq_norm, function(z) dist_func(z/lambda))</pre>
  res[indicat] <- weights</pre>
  return(res)
}
problem5 <- function(x, y, gr) {</pre>
  Rsq_fold1 <- Rsq_fold2 <- Rsq_fold3 <- Rsq_fold4 <-
    matrix(0, nrow=5, ncol=40)
  for (K in 1:max(gr)) {
    train_x \leftarrow x[(gr!=K),]
    train_y <- y[(gr!=K)]</pre>
    test_x \leftarrow x[(gr==K),]
    test_y \leftarrow y[(gr==K)]
    Rsq_each_gq1 <- Rsq_each_gq2 <- Rsq_each_gq3 <- Rsq_each_gq4 <-
      matrix(0, nrow=5, ncol=40)
    for (q in 1:5) {
```

yhat_fold1 <- yhat_fold2 <- yhat_fold3 <- yhat_fold4 <-</pre>

matrix(0, nrow = nrow(test_x), ncol = 40)

```
for (g in 41:80) {
        for (j in 1:nrow(test_x)) {
          x0 \leftarrow test x[i,]
          weights1 <- KiO_q_gamma(g, q, x0, train_x, D1_func)</pre>
          weights2 <- KiO_q_gamma(g, q, x0, train_x, D2_func)</pre>
          weights3 <- KiO_q_gamma(g, q, x0, train_x, D3_func)</pre>
          weights4 <- KiO_q_gamma(g, q, x0, train_x, D4_func)</pre>
          train_dat <- data.frame(train_x, target=train_y)</pre>
          colnames(train_dat) <- c(colnames(train_x), "target")</pre>
          LR6 <- lm(target ~., data=train_dat, weights = weights1)
          LR7 <- lm(target ~., data=train_dat, weights = weights2)
          LR8 <- lm(target ~., data=train_dat, weights = weights3)
          LR9 <- lm(target ~., data=train_dat, weights = weights4)
          test_dat <- data.frame(t(x0))</pre>
          colnames(test_dat) <- colnames(test_x)</pre>
          yhat_fold1[j,g-40] <- as.numeric(predict(LR6, newdata = test_dat))</pre>
          yhat_fold2[j,g-40] <- as.numeric(predict(LR7, newdata = test_dat))</pre>
          yhat_fold3[j,g-40] <- as.numeric(predict(LR8, newdata = test_dat))</pre>
          yhat_fold4[j,g-40] <- as.numeric(predict(LR9, newdata = test_dat))</pre>
        }
      }
      Rsq_each_gq1[q,] <- apply(yhat_fold1, 2, function(t) R_squared(t, test_y))</pre>
      Rsq_each_gq2[q,] <- apply(yhat_fold2, 2, function(t) R_squared(t, test_y))</pre>
      Rsq_each_gq3[q,] <- apply(yhat_fold3, 2, function(t) R_squared(t, test_y))</pre>
      Rsq_each_gq4[q,] <- apply(yhat_fold4, 2, function(t) R_squared(t, test_y))</pre>
    }
    Rsq_fold1 <- Rsq_fold1 + Rsq_each_gq1
    Rsq_fold2 <- Rsq_fold2 + Rsq_each_gq2</pre>
    Rsq_fold3 <- Rsq_fold3 + Rsq_each_gq3
    Rsq_fold4 <- Rsq_fold4 + Rsq_each_gq4
  Rsq_fold1 <- Rsq_fold1/max(gr)</pre>
  Rsq_fold2 <- Rsq_fold2/max(gr)
  Rsq_fold3 <- Rsq_fold3/max(gr)</pre>
  Rsq fold4 <- Rsq fold4/max(gr)
  res <- data.frame(LR6 = max(Rsq_fold1),
                     LR7 = max(Rsq_fold2),
                     LR8 = max(Rsq_fold3),
                     LR9 = max(Rsq_fold4))
  res <- t(res)
  colnames(res) <- "R-squared"</pre>
  return(res)
res5 <- problem5(x, y, gr)</pre>
```

```
## R-squared
## LR6 0.8771152
## LR7 0.8776815
```

```
## LR8 0.8753583
## LR9 0.8774279
```

6.

```
set.seed(54321)
gr10 <- matrix(rep(seq(5), length=length(y)), length(y), 10)</pre>
gr10 <- apply(gr10, 2, sample)</pre>
problem6 <- function(comb_mat, x, y, gr_mat) {</pre>
  res1 <- matrix(0, nrow=2, ncol=10)
  res2 <- matrix(0, nrow=1, ncol=10)</pre>
  res3 <- matrix(0, nrow=4, ncol=10)
  res4 <- matrix(0, nrow=1, ncol=10)
  res5 <- matrix(0, nrow=4, ncol=10)
  for (r in 1:ncol(gr_mat)) {
    res1[,r] <- as.numeric(problem1(comb_mat, x, y, gr_mat[,r]))</pre>
    res2[,r] <- as.numeric(problem2(comb_mat, x, y, gr_mat[,r]))</pre>
    res3[,r] <- as.numeric(problem3(x, y, gr_mat[,r]))</pre>
    res4[,r] <- as.numeric(problem4(x, y, gr_mat[,r]))</pre>
    res5[,r] <- as.numeric(problem5(x, y, gr_mat[,r]))
  }
  res1 <- apply(res1, 1, mean)</pre>
  res2 <- apply(res2, 1, mean)
  res3 <- apply(res3, 1, mean)
  res4 <- apply(res4, 1, mean)</pre>
  res5 <- apply(res5, 1, mean)</pre>
  res <- data.frame(LM = res1[1], RT = res1[2],
                     BG = res2, LR1 = res3[1],
                     LR2 = res3[2], LR3 = res3[3],
                     LR4 = res3[4], LR5 = res4,
                     LR6 = res5[1], LR7 = res5[2],
                     LR8 = res5[3], LR9 = res5[4]
                     )
  res <- t(res)
  colnames(res) <- "R-squared"</pre>
  return(res)
final_res <- problem6(combs, x, y, gr10)</pre>
```

final_res

```
## R-squared
## LM 0.8049224
## RT 0.7965895
## BG 0.8437017
## LR1 0.8779391
```

```
## LR2 0.8779272
## LR3 0.8631833
## LR4 0.8784493
## LR5 0.8721175
## LR6 0.8789374
## LR7 0.8807941
## LR8 0.8747680
## LR9 0.8795372

rownames(final_res)[which.max(as.numeric(final_res))]

## [1] "LR7"
```