

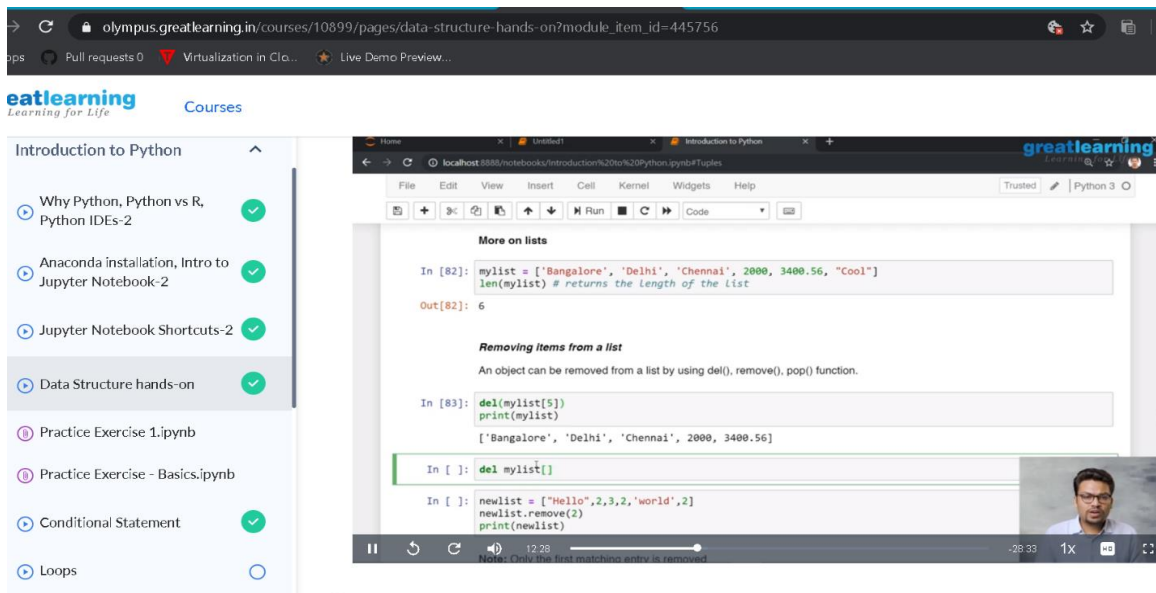
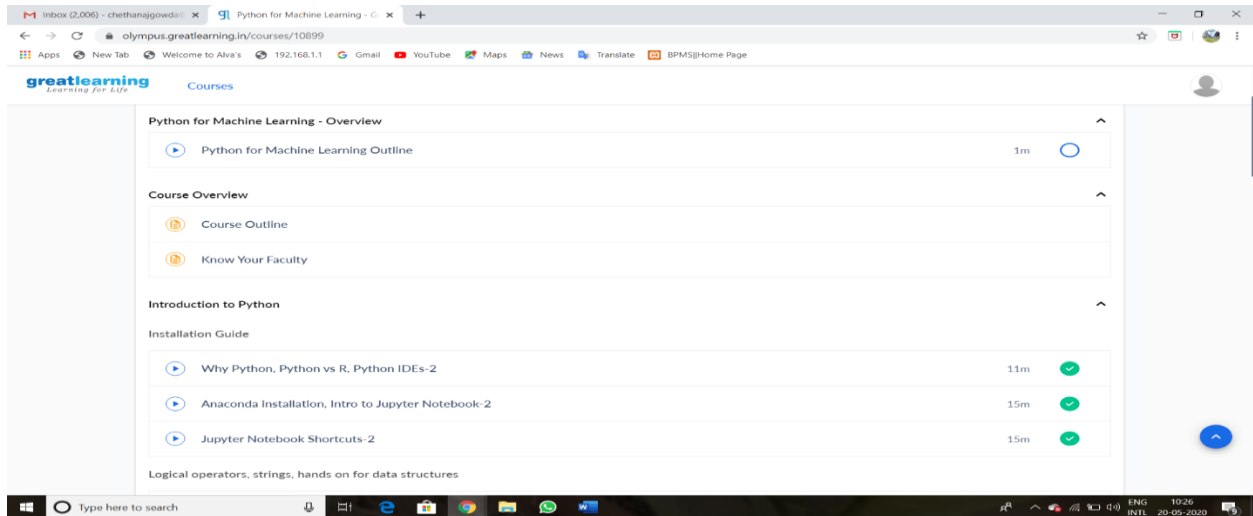
DAILY ONLINE ACTIVITIES SUMMARY

Date:	19/05/2020	Name:	Chethana j
Sem & Sec	6 th A	USN:	4al17cs022
Online Test Summary			
Subject	CGV		
Max. Marks	60	Score	
Certification Course Summary			
Course	Python for Machine learning		
Certificate Provider	Great Learning	Duration	5 hrs.
Coding Challenges			
Problem Statement: 1. We have a Letter or a word then we need add some letters to it and need to find out shortest palindrome 2. Write a simple code to identify given linked list is palindrome or not by using stack. First take a Stack. Traverse through each node of the linked list and push each node value to Stack.			
Status: Completed			
Uploaded the report in Github		yes	
If yes Repository name		https://github.com/Jchethana1990/online-course	
Uploaded the report in slack		yes	

Online Test Details: (Attach the snapshot and briefly write the report for the same)

(Not attended due to technical issue (I have informed to sir))

Certification Course Details: (Attach the snapshot and briefly write the report for the same)



Coding Challenges Details: (Attach the snapshot and briefly write the report for the same)

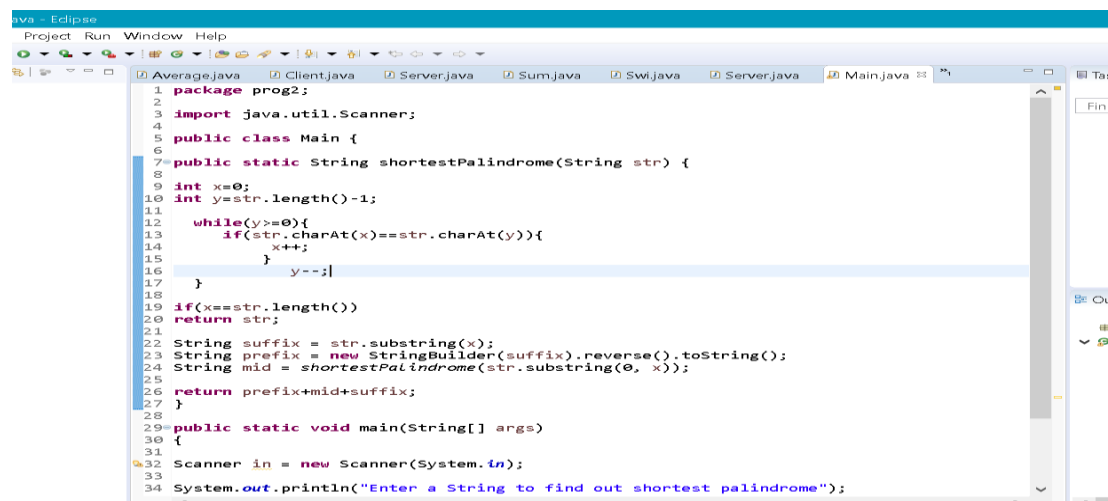
Program1:

1. We have a Letter or a word then we need add some letters to it and need to find out shortest palindrome

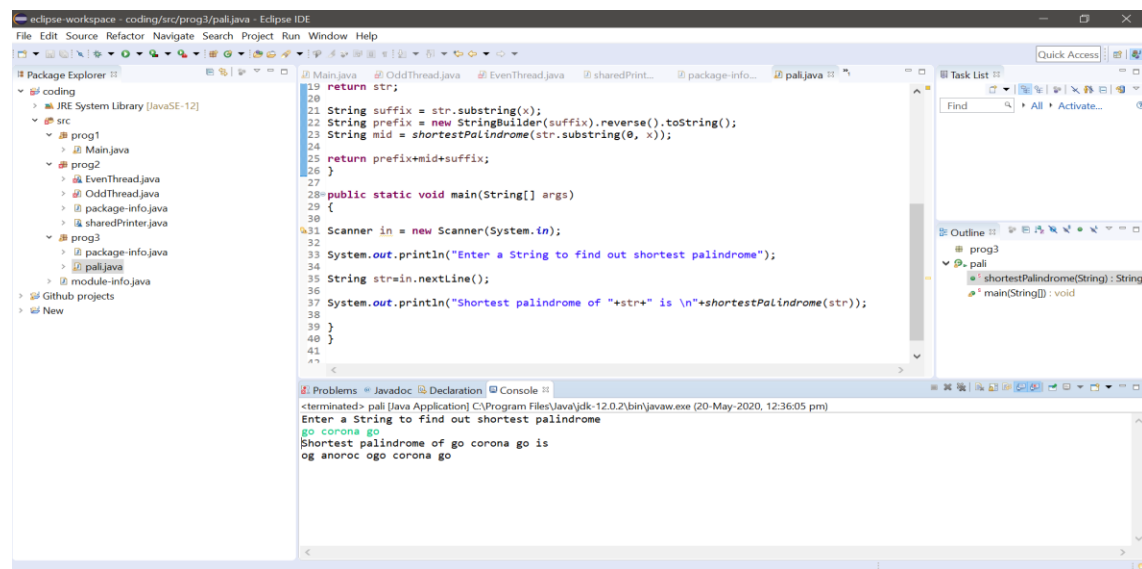
For example we take "S": S will be the shortest palindrome string.

If we take "xyz": zyxyz will be the shortest palindrome string

So we need to add some characters to the given string or character and find out what will be the shortest palindrome string by using simple java program.



```
1 package prog2;
2
3 import java.util.Scanner;
4
5 public class Main {
6
7     public static String shortestPalindrome(String str) {
8
9         int x=0;
10        int y=str.length()-1;
11
12        while(y>=0){
13            if(str.charAt(x)==str.charAt(y)){
14                x++;
15            }
16            y--;
17        }
18
19        if(x==str.length())
20            return str;
21
22        String suffix = str.substring(x);
23        String prefix = new StringBuilder(suffix).reverse().toString();
24        String mid = shortestPalindrome(str.substring(0, x));
25
26        return prefix+mid+suffix;
27    }
28
29    public static void main(String[] args)
30    {
31
32        Scanner in = new Scanner(System.in);
33
34        System.out.println("Enter a String to find out shortest palindrome");
```



```
19 return str;
20
21 String suffix = str.substring(x);
22 String prefix = new StringBuilder(suffix).reverse().toString();
23 String mid = shortestPalindrome(str.substring(0, x));
24
25 return prefix+mid+suffix;
26 }
27
28 public static void main(String[] args)
29 {
30
31     Scanner in = new Scanner(System.in);
32
33     System.out.println("Enter a String to find out shortest palindrome");
34     String str=in.nextLine();
35
36     System.out.println("Shortest palindrome of "+str+" is \n"+shortestPalindrome(str));
37
38 }
39 }
40 }
41 }
42 }
```

Console Output:

```
<terminated> pali [Java Application] C:\Program Files\Java\jdk-12.0.2\bin\javaw.exe (20-May-2020, 12:36:05 pm)
Enter a String to find out shortest palindrome
go corona go
Shortest palindrome of go corona go is
og anoroc ogo corona go
```

Program2:

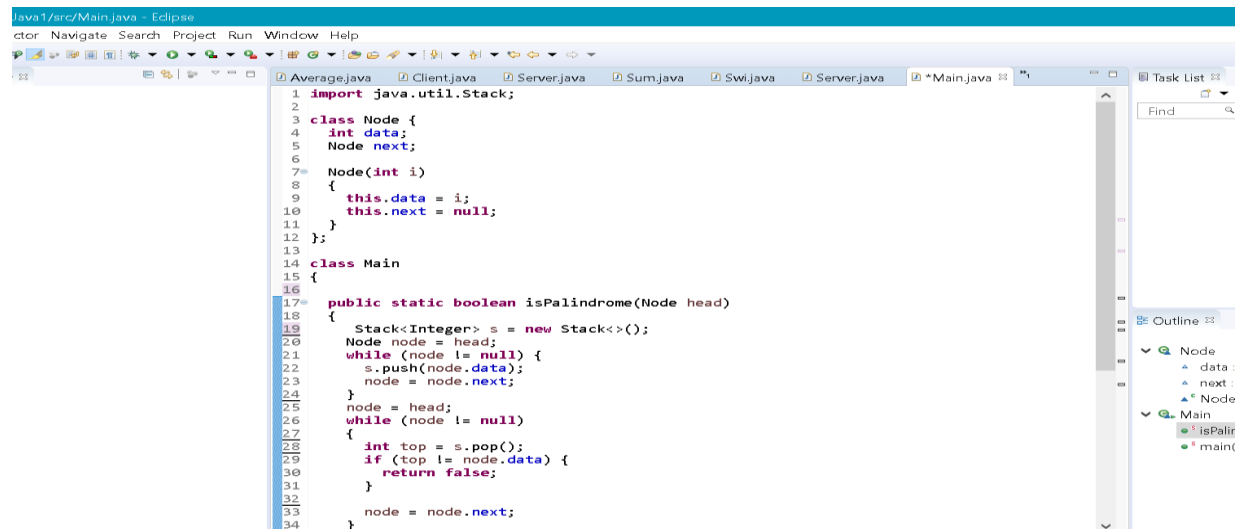
2. Write a simple code to identify given linked list is palindrome or not by using stack.

First take a Stack. Traverse through each node of the linked list and push each node value to Stack.

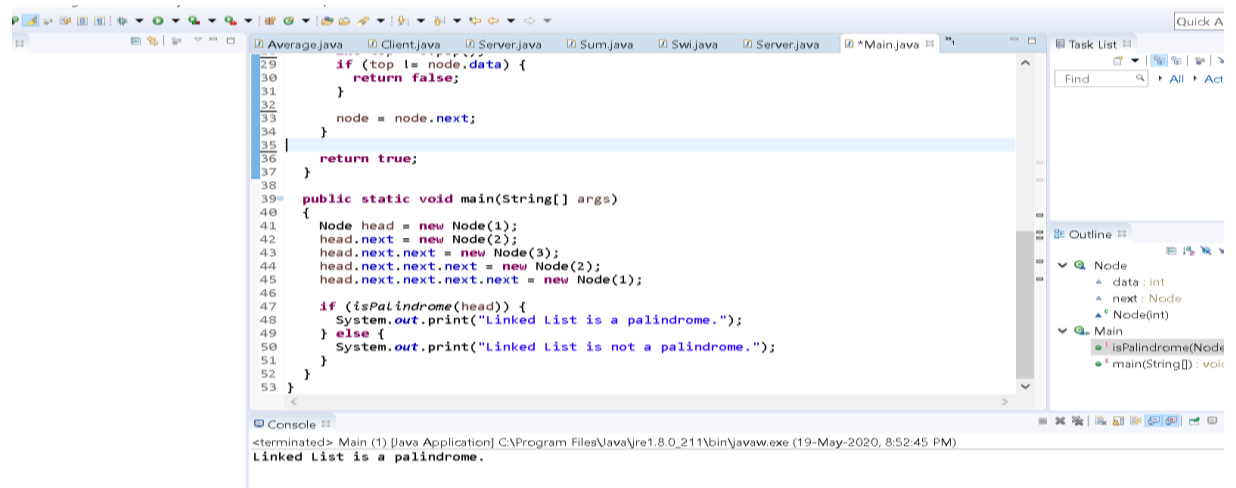
Once the traversal & copying is done, iterate through linked list from head node again.

In each iteration, pop one stack element and compare with node value in respective iteration. It is expected to match stack popped value with node value.

In case of all matches, its a palindrome. Any one element mismatch makes it not a palindrome.



```
1 import java.util.Stack;
2
3 class Node {
4     int data;
5     Node next;
6
7     Node(int i)
8     {
9         this.data = i;
10        this.next = null;
11    }
12 }
13
14 class Main
15 {
16
17     public static boolean isPalindrome(Node head)
18     {
19         Stack<Integer> s = new Stack<>();
20         Node node = head;
21         while (node != null) {
22             s.push(node.data);
23             node = node.next;
24         }
25         node = head;
26         while (node != null)
27         {
28             int top = s.pop();
29             if (top != node.data) {
30                 return false;
31             }
32             node = node.next;
33         }
34     }
35 }
```



```
29         if (top != node.data) {
30             return false;
31         }
32         node = node.next;
33     }
34     }
35     return true;
36 }
37
38 public static void main(String[] args)
39 {
40     Node head = new Node(1);
41     head.next = new Node(2);
42     head.next.next = new Node(3);
43     head.next.next.next = new Node(2);
44     head.next.next.next.next = new Node(1);
45
46     if (isPalindrome(head)) {
47         System.out.print("Linked List is a palindrome.");
48     } else {
49         System.out.print("Linked List is not a palindrome.");
50     }
51 }
52
53 }
```

Console: <terminated> Main (1) [Java Application] C:\Program Files\Java\jre1.8.0_211\bin\javaw.exe (19-May-2020, 8:52:45 PM)
Linked List is a palindrome.