Definitions and Diagrams

4.1

Topics:

- 1) Functions
- 2) Relations
- 3) Arrow diagrams

Function Notation

The notation $f: A \rightarrow B$ is used for a function, simply called f, with a set of inputs A (called the domain), and a set B (called the codomain) that includes all the outputs. The function f associates with each input in A one and only one output in B. $f: A \rightarrow B$ is read "f is a function from A to B".

Functions

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The <u>domain</u> is A – the inputs. The <u>codomain</u> is B – the outputs. And we add a <u>rule</u> (like $f(x)=x^2$)

Description of a Function

To completely describe a function, we must do four things:

- 1) Give the function a name. f, g, and h are popular names for functions, but it's always okay to be creative and descriptive.
- 2) Describe the domain.
- 3) Describe the codomain.
- 4) Describe the rule.

Arrow Diagrams

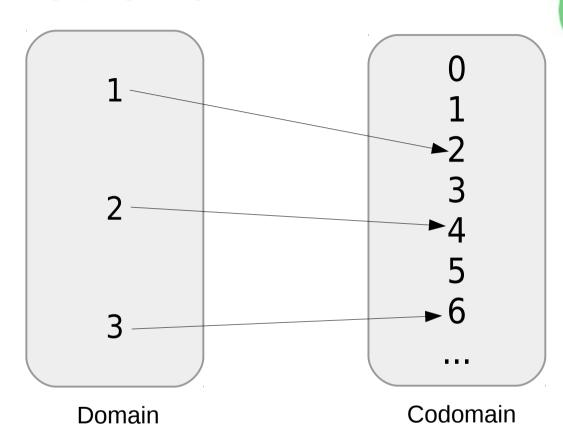
Arrow diagrams list all the elements of the domain and codomain, with arrows pointing from each input, going to each output.

Functions

Function Name: *f*Domain: {1, 2, 3}
Codomain: N

Rule: 2k

We can diagram each input to an output with an arrow diagram.



Binary Relation

A binary relation R consists of three components: a domain A, a codomain B, and a subset of $A \times B$ called the "rule" for the relation.

For Relation R:

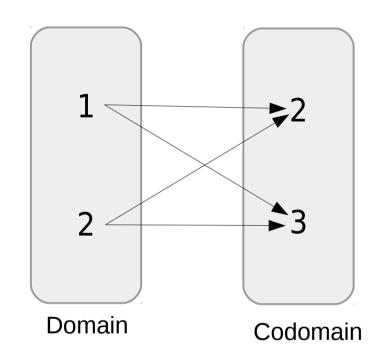
Domain: $A = \{1,2\}$

Codomain: $B = \{2,3\}$

Rule:

 $L = \{ (1, 2), (1, 3), (2, 2), (2, 3) \}.$

We can diagram each input to an output with an arrow diagram.



A function that is a binary relation

A function F from A to B is a binary relation with the domain A and the codomain B with the property that for every $x \in A$, there is exactly one element $y \in B$ for which

$$(x,y) \in F$$

A function that is a binary relation

Let R be the relation whose domain is $\{a, b, c, d\}$ and whose codomain is \mathbb{N} , and whose rule is given by $\{(a, 1), (b, 3), (a, 5), (c, 3), (d, 7)\}$. Is this relation also a function?

- 1. Domain: {a, b, c, d} Codomain: N
- 2. Does each input in the domain have an output in the subdomain? YES
- 3. Does each input in the domain have <u>one and only one</u> output in the codomain? NO: (a,1) and (1,5)

So it is <u>not</u> a function

A function that is a binary relation

Let R be the relation whose domain is $\{a, b, c, d\}$ and whose codomain is \mathbb{N} , and whose rule is given by $\{(a, 1), (b, 3), (a, 5), (c, 3), (d, 7)\}$. Is this relation also a function?

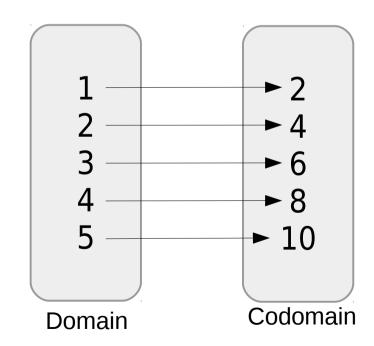
If the rule were { (a, 1), (b, 3), (c, 3), (d, 7) } instead, then it would be a function as well as a relation.

Example: Draw a portion of the arrow diagram showing at least five elements of the domain and codomain:

 $f: \mathbb{N} \to \mathbb{N} \text{ with } f(n) = 2n$

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Example: Draw the two-set arrow diagram for the relation R where the Domain is the power set $\wp(\{a,b\})$, the Codomain is the set B = { 0, 1, 2 }, and the Rule is $(S,n) \in R$ where n is the sum of the elements in S.

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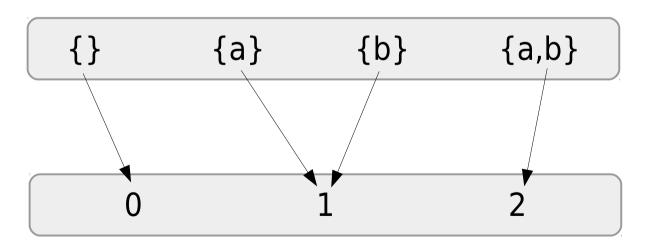
Hint: Here is the domain {} {a} {b} {a,b}

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Hint:
Here is the codomain

0 1 2

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- 1. Does every input have an output in the codomain? YES
- 2. Does each input in the domain have one and only one output in the codomain?
 YES

So it is a function.