# **Using Null Quiz**

Test your understanding of the NULL value

teacher

id	dept	name	phone
101	1	Shrivell	2753
102	1	Throd	2754
103	1	Splint	
104		Spiregrain	
105	2	Cutflower	3212
106		Deadyawn	

dept

id	name
1	Computing
2	Design
3	Engineering

1. Select the code which uses an outer join correctly.

SELECT teacher.name, dept.name FROM teacher JOIN dept ON (dept = id)

SELECT teacher.name, dept.name FROM teacher, dept INNER JOIN ON (teacher.dept = dept.id)

SELECT teacher.name, dept.name FROM teacher, dept JOIN WHERE(teacher.dept = dept.id)

SELECT teacher.name, dept.name FROM teacher OUTER JOIN dept ON dept.id

2. Select the correct statement that shows the name of department which employs Cutflower -

SELECT dept.name FROM teacher JOIN dept ON (dept.id = (SELECT dept FROM teacher WHERE name = 'Cutflower'))

SELECT dept.name FROM teacher JOIN dept ON (dept.id = teacher.dept) WHERE dept.id = (SELECT dept FROM teacher HAVING name = 'Cutflower')

SELECT dept.name FROM teacher JOIN dept WHERE dept.id = (SELECT dept FROM teacher WHERE name = 'Cutflower')

```
SELECT name FROM teacher JOIN dept ON (id = dept) WHERE id = (SELECT dept FROM teacher WHERE name = 'Cutflower')
```

3. Select out of following the code which uses a JOIN to show a list of all the departments and number of employed teachers

```
SELECT dept.name, COUNT(*) FROM teacher LEFT JOIN dept ON dept.id = teacher.dept
```

```
SELECT dept.name, COUNT(teacher.name) FROM teacher, dept JOIN ON dept.id = teacher.dept GROUP BY dept.name
```

```
SELECT dept.name, COUNT(teacher.name) FROM teacher JOIN dept ON dept.id = teacher.dept GROUP BY dept.name
```

```
SELECT dept.name, COUNT(teacher.name) FROM teacher LEFT OUTER JOIN dept ON dept.id = teacher.dept GROUP BY dept.name
```

```
SELECT dept.name, COUNT(teacher.name) FROM teacher RIGHT JOIN dept ON dept.id = teacher.dept GROUP BY dept.name
```

4. Using SELECT name, dept, COALESCE(dept, 0) AS result FROM teacher on teacher table will:

display 0 in result column for all teachers

display 0 in result column for all teachers without department

do nothing - the statement is incorrect

set dept value of all teachers to 0

set dept value of all teachers without department to 0

5. Query:

```
SELECT name,

CASE WHEN phone = 2752 THEN 'two'

WHEN phone = 2753 THEN 'three'

WHEN phone = 2754 THEN 'four'

END AS digit

FROM teacher
```

shows following 'digit':

☐'four' for Throd

NULL for all teachers

NULL for Shrivell

'two' for Cutflower

'two' for Deadyawn

6. Select the result that would be obtained from the following code:

```
SELECT name,

CASE

WHEN dept

IN (1)

THEN 'Computing'

ELSE 'Other'

END

FROM teacher
```

Table-A			
Shrivell	Computing		
Throd	Computing		
Splint	Computing		
Spiregrain	Other		
Cutflower	Other		
Deadyawn	Other		

### Table-B

Shrivell	Computing
Throd	Computing
Splint	Computing
Spiregrain	Computing
Cutflower	Computing
Deadyawn	Computing

## Table-C

Shrivell	Computing
Throd	Computing
Splint	Computing

#### Table-D

Spiregrain	Other
Cutflower	Other
Deadyawn	Other

## Table-E

Shrivell	1	
Throd	1	
Splint	1	
Spiregrain	0	
Cutflower	0	
Deadyawn	0	

Score the test

Your score is: 6 out of 6

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