

- R** 1. According to 1 Corinthians 15:1, wherein do ye stand?  
A: [1C 15:1] in the gospel (which I preached unto you)
- R** 2. According to 1 Corinthians 15:1, what do I declare unto you?  
A: [1C 15:1] the gospel (which I preached unto you)
- R** 3. According to 1 Corinthians 15:2, how keep what I have preached unto you?  
A: [1C 15:2] in memory
- R** 4. According to 1 Corinthians 15:3, how did Christ die for our sins?  
A: [1C 15:3] according to the scriptures
- Q** 5. Quote this verse: 1 Corinthians 15:3.  
A: [1C 15:3] For I delivered unto you first of all that which I also received, how that Christ died for our sins according to the scriptures;
- R** 6. According to 1 Corinthians 15:3, when did I deliver unto you that which I also received?  
A: [1C 15:3] first (of all)
- R** 7. According to 1 Corinthians 15:4, when did he rise again?  
A: [1C 15:4] the third day
- P** 8. Who was buried in 1 Corinthians 15?  
A: [1C 15:4] (he) Christ (v. 3)
- F** 9. Finish this verse: "And that he was buried, and that he rose again."  
A: [1C 15:4] the third day according to the scriptures
- R** 10. According to 1 Corinthians 15:5, of whom was he seen?  
A: [1C 15:5] of Cephas, then of the twelve
- P** 11. How many brethren saw Christ at once in 1 Corinthians 15 after his resurrection?  
A: [1C 15:6] above five hundred brethren
- P** 12. Who remain unto this present in 1 Corinthians 15?  
A: [1C 15:6] the greater part (of the above 500 brethren who saw the resurrected Christ)
- R** 13. According to 1 Corinthians 15:7, of whom was he seen after that?  
A: [1C 15:7] of James; then of all the apostles.
- R** 14. According to 1 Corinthians 15:8, when was he seen of Paul?  
A: [1C 15:8] last of all
- R** 15. According to 1 Corinthians 15:9, why am I not meet to be called an apostle?  
A: [1C 15:9] because I persecuted the church of God
- R** 16. According to 1 Corinthians 15:9, what am I?  
A: [1C 15:9] the least of the apostles
- R** 17. According to 1 Corinthians 15:10, by what am I what I am?  
A: [1C 15:10] the grace of God

- R** 18. According to 1 Corinthians 15:10, what was not in vain?  
A: [1C 15:10] his grace which was bestowed upon me
- P** 19. How in 1 Corinthians 15 did I labour?  
A: [1C 15:10] more abundantly than they all
- G** 20. Give the reference: But by the grace of God I am what I am: and his grace which was bestowed upon me was not in vain; but I laboured more abundantly than they all: yet not I, but the grace of God which was with me.  
A: [1C 15:10] 1 Corinthians 15:10
- R** 21. According to 1 Corinthians 15:12, how is Christ preached?  
A: [1C 15:12] that he rose from the dead
- R** 22. According to 1 Corinthians 15:13, who is not risen, if there be no resurrection of the dead?  
A: [1C 15:13] Christ
- R** 23. According to 1 Corinthians 15:14, what two are vain if Christ be not risen?  
A: [1C 15:14] our preaching and your faith
- R** 24. According to 1 Corinthians 15:15, what are we found?  
A: [1C 15:15] false witnesses (of God)
- R** 25. According to 1 Corinthians 15:17, what is your faith?  
A: [1C 15:17] vain
- Q** 26. Quote this verse: 1 Corinthians 15:17.  
A: [1C 15:17] And if Christ be not raised, your faith is vain; ye are yet in your sins.
- R** 27. According to 1 Corinthians 15:17, where are ye yet?  
A: [1C 15:17] in your sins
- P** 28. Who are perished in 1 Corinthians 15, if Christ be not raised?  
A: [1C 15:18] they also which are fallen asleep in Christ
- K** 29. Quote the verse from 1 Corinthians 15 which uses the word: miserable  
A: [1C 15:19] If in this life only we have hope in Christ, we are of all men most miserable.
- P** 30. When are we the most miserable of all men in 1 Corinthians 15?  
A: [1C 15:19] If in this life only we have hope in Christ
- R** 31. According to 1 Corinthians 15:20, when is Christ risen from the dead?  
A: [1C 15:20] now
- R** 32. According to 1 Corinthians 15:20, what is Christ become?  
A: [1C 15:20] the firstfruits of them that slept
- R** 33. According to 1 Corinthians 15:21, what two came by man?  
A: [1C 15:21] death and the resurrection of the dead
- R** 34. According to 1 Corinthians 15:21, by whom came the resurrection of the dead?  
A: [1C 15:21] man

- P** 35. Where shall all be made alive in 1 Corinthians 15?  
A: [1C 15:22] in Christ
- R** 36. According to 1 Corinthians 15:22, where do all die?  
A: [1C 15:22] in Adam
- R** 37. According to 1 Corinthians 15:23, when does every man come?  
A: [1C 15:23] in his own order
- R** 38. According to 1 Corinthians 15:23, what is Christ?  
A: [1C 15:23] the firstfruits
- R** 39. According to 1 Corinthians 15:24, what cometh?  
A: [1C 15:24] the end
- R** 40. According to 1 Corinthians 15:24, what three shall he have put down?  
A: [1C 15:24] all rule and all authority and power
- R** 41. According to 1 Corinthians 15:24, what shall he have delivered up to God?  
A: [1C 15:24] the kingdom
- P** 42. Where will Christ put all enemies in 1 Corinthians 15?  
A: [1C 15:25] under his feet
- R** 43. According to 1 Corinthians 15:25, when must he reign?  
A: [1C 15:25] till he hath put all enemies under his feet
- P** 44. What is the last enemy in 1 Corinthians 15 that shall be destroyed?  
A: [1C 15:26] death
- P** 45. Who is excepted in 1 Corinthians 15 when he saith all things are put under him?  
A: [1C 15:27] he which did put all things under him (God)
- R** 46. According to 1 Corinthians 15:27, where hath he put all things?  
A: [1C 15:27] under his feet
- P** 47. What shall be subdued unto him in 1 Corinthians 15?  
A: [1C 15:28] all things
- R** 48. According to 1 Corinthians 15:28, unto whom shall the Son also himself be subject?  
A: [1C 15:28] him that put all things under him (God)
- P** 49. When do we stand in jeopardy in 1 Corinthians 15?  
A: [1C 15:30] every hour
- R** 50. According to 1 Corinthians 15:31, what do I have in Christ Jesus our Lord?  
A: [1C 15:31] your rejoicing
- R** 51. According to 1 Corinthians 15:31, when do I die?  
A: [1C 15:31] daily
- P** 52. Where had Paul fought with beasts in 1 Corinthians 15?  
A: [1C 15:32] at Ephesus

- R** 53. According to 1 Corinthians 15:32, when do we die?  
A: [1C 15:32] to morrow
- P** 54. What corrupt good manners in 1 Corinthians 15?  
A: [1C 15:33] evil communications
- F** 55. Finish this verse: "Be not deceived."  
A: [1C 15:33] evil communications corrupt good manners
- R** 56. According to 1 Corinthians 15:34, what do some not have?  
A: [1C 15:34] the knowledge of God
- R** 57. According to 1 Corinthians 15:34, how do I speak this?  
A: [1C 15:34] to your shame
- P** 58. How awake in 1 Corinthians 15?  
A: [1C 15:34] to righteousness (and sin not)
- R** 59. According to 1 Corinthians 15:36, what is not quickened, except it die?  
A: [1C 15:36] that which thou sowest
- R** 60. According to 1 Corinthians 15:36, except what, that which thou sowest is not quickened?  
A: [1C 15:36] except it die
- R** 61. According to 1 Corinthians 15:37, what sowest thou?  
A: [1C 15:37] bare grain (it may chance of wheat, or of some other grain)
- R** 62. According to 1 Corinthians 15:38, who giveth it a body?  
A: [1C 15:38] God
- R** 63. According to 1 Corinthians 15:38, how does God give it a body?  
A: [1C 15:38] as it hath pleased him (and to every seed his own body)
- R** 64. According to 1 Corinthians 15:39, what is not the same flesh?  
A: [1C 15:39] All flesh
- R** 65. According to 1 Corinthians 15:39, what are four kinds of flesh?  
A: [1C 15:39] one kind of flesh of men, another flesh of beasts, another of fishes, and another of birds
- R** 66. According to 1 Corinthians 15:40, what are two kinds of bodies?  
A: [1C 15:40] celestial bodies, and bodies terrestrial
- P** 67. What differeth from another in glory in 1 Corinthians 15?  
A: [1C 15:41] (one) star
- R** 68. According to 1 Corinthians 15:41, what are three glories?  
A: [1C 15:41] one glory of the sun, and another glory of the moon, and another glory of the stars
- R** 69. According to 1 Corinthians 15:42, how is it raised?  
A: [1C 15:42] in incorruption

- R** 70. According to 1 Corinthians 15:42, how is it sown?  
A: [1C 15:42] in corruption
- R** 71. According to 1 Corinthians 15:43, in what two is it sown?  
A: [1C 15:43] in dishonour and in weakness
- R** 72. According to 1 Corinthians 15:44, what is it sown?  
A: [1C 15:44] a natural body
- R** 73. According to 1 Corinthians 15:44, what is it raised?  
A: [1C 15:44] a spiritual body
- R** 74. According to 1 Corinthians 15:45, what was the first Adam made?  
A: [1C 15:45] a living soul
- P** 75. Who was made a quickening spirit in 1 Corinthians 15?  
A: [1C 15:45] the last Adam
- R** 76. According to 1 Corinthians 15:46, what was first?  
A: [1C 15:46] that which is natural
- R** 77. According to 1 Corinthians 15:47, who is of the earth?  
A: [1C 15:47] The first man
- R** 78. According to 1 Corinthians 15:47, who is the Lord from heaven?  
A: [1C 15:47] the second man
- P** 79. What have we borne in 1 Corinthians 15?  
A: [1C 15:49] the image of the earthly
- R** 80. According to 1 Corinthians 15:50, what cannot inherit the kingdom of God?  
A: [1C 15:50] flesh and blood
- R** 81. According to 1 Corinthians 15:51, what do I show you?  
A: [1C 15:51] a mystery
- R** 82. According to 1 Corinthians 15:51, what shall we all be?  
A: [1C 15:51] changed
- R** 83. According to 1 Corinthians 15:52, what shall sound?  
A: [1C 15:52] the trumpet
- R** 84. According to 1 Corinthians 15:52, how shall the dead be raised?  
A: [1C 15:52] incorruptible
- R** 85. According to 1 Corinthians 15:53, what must this corruptible do?  
A: [1C 15:53] put on incorruption
- R** 86. According to 1 Corinthians 15:53, what must put on immortality?  
A: [1C 15:53] this mortal
- P** 87. What is swallowed up in victory in 1 Corinthians 15?  
A: [1C 15:54] Death

- G** 88. Give the reference: O death, where is thy sting? O grave, where is thy victory?  
A: [1C 15:55] 1 Corinthians 15:55
- R** 89. According to 1 Corinthians 15:56, what is the strength of sin?  
A: [1C 15:56] the law
- P** 90. What is the sting of death in 1 Corinthians 15?  
A: [1C 15:56] sin
- Q** 91. Quote this verse: 1 Corinthians 15:57.  
A: [1C 15:57] But thanks be to God, which giveth us the victory through our Lord Jesus Christ.
- R** 92. According to 1 Corinthians 15:57, what does God give us?  
A: [1C 15:57] the victory (through our Lord Jesus Christ)
- R** 93. According to 1 Corinthians 15:57, what be to God?  
A: [1C 15:57] thanks
- K** 94. Quote the verse from 1 Corinthians 15 which uses the word: unmoveable  
A: [1C 15:58] Therefore, my beloved brethren, be ye stedfast, unmoveable, always abounding in the work of the Lord, forasmuch as ye know that your labour is not in vain in the Lord.
- P** 95. Why be stedfast and unmoveable in 1 Corinthians 15?  
A: [1C 15:58] forasmuch as ye know that your labour is not in vain in the Lord
- R** 96. According to 1 Corinthians 15:58, when abound in the work of the Lord?  
A: [1C 15:58] always
- P** 97. For whom is the collection in 1 Corinthians 16?  
A: [1C 16:1] the saints
- R** 98. According to 1 Corinthians 16:1, to whom have I given order?  
A: [1C 16:1] to the churches of Galatia
- K** 99. Quote the verse from 1 Corinthians 16 which uses the word: prospered  
A: [1C 16:2] Upon the first day of the week let every one of you lay by him in store, as God hath prospered him, that there be no gatherings when I come.
- R** 100. According to 1 Corinthians 16:2, when let every one of you lay by him in store?  
A: [1C 16:2] Upon the first day of the week
- R** 101. According to 1 Corinthians 16:2, how let every one of you lay by him in store?  
A: [1C 16:2] as God hath prospered him
- R** 102. According to 1 Corinthians 16:2, why let every one of you lay by him in store?  
A: [1C 16:2] that there be no gatherings when I come
- P** 103. Whom will I send to bring your liberality unto Jerusalem in 1 Corinthians 16?  
A: [1C 16:3] whomsoever ye shall approve (by your letters)

- R** 104. According to 1 Corinthians 16:3, when will I send them?  
A: [1C 16:3] when I come
- R** 105. According to 1 Corinthians 16:3, where will I send them?  
A: [1C 16:3] unto Jerusalem
- R** 106. According to 1 Corinthians 16:4, if what, they shall go with me?  
A: [1C 16:4] if it be meet that I go also
- R** 107. According to 1 Corinthians 16:5, where do I pass?  
A: [1C 16:5] through Macedonia
- R** 108. According to 1 Corinthians 16:5, when will I now come unto you?  
A: [1C 16:5] when I shall pass through Macedonia
- R** 109. According to 1 Corinthians 16:6, where will I winter?  
A: [1C 16:6] with you
- R** 110. According to 1 Corinthians 16:6, where may ye bring me?  
A: [1C 16:6] on my journey (whithersoever I go)
- R** 111. According to 1 Corinthians 16:7, how long do I trust to tarry with you?  
A: [1C 16:7] a while
- P** 112. When will I tarry at Ephesus in 1 Corinthians 16?  
A: [1C 16:8] until Pentecost
- P** 113. Until Pentecost, where will I tarry in 1 Corinthians 16?  
A: [1C 16:8] at Ephesus
- F** 114. Finish this verse: "For a great door and effectual is opened unto me."  
A: [1C 16:9] and there are many adversaries
- P** 115. What is opened unto me in 1 Corinthians 16?  
A: [1C 16:9] a great door and effectual
- R** 116. According to 1 Corinthians 16:9, what are many?  
A: [1C 16:9] many adversaries
- G** 117. Give the reference: Now if Timotheus come, see that he may be with you without fear: for he worketh the work of the Lord, as I also do.  
A: [1C 16:10] 1 Corinthians 16:10
- R** 118. According to 1 Corinthians 16:10, how see that Timotheus may be with you?  
A: [1C 16:10] without fear
- R** 119. According to 1 Corinthians 16:10, who worketh the work of the Lord?  
A: [1C 16:10] (he) Timotheus
- P** 120. Whom conduct forth in peace in 1 Corinthians 16?  
A: [1C 16:11] (him) Timotheus (v. 10)

**Q** 121. Quote this verse: 1 Corinthians 16:11.

A: [1C 16:11] Let no man therefore despise him: but conduct him forth in peace, that he may come unto me: for I look for him with the brethren.

**R** 122. According to 1 Corinthians 16:11, let who despise him?

A: [1C 16:11] no man

**P** 123. Whom did I greatly desire to come unto you with the brethren in 1 Corinthians 16?

A: [1C 16:12] (him) Apollos

**R** 124. According to 1 Corinthians 16:12, when will Apollos come?

A: [1C 16:12] when he shall have convenient time

**P** 125. Where stand fast in 1 Corinthians 16?

A: [1C 16:13] in the faith

**P** 126. How quit you in 1 Corinthians 16?

A: [1C 16:13] like men

**K** 127. Quote the verse from 1 Corinthians 16 which uses the word: quit

A: [1C 16:13] Watch ye, stand fast in the faith, quit you like men, be strong.

**R** 128. According to 1 Corinthians 16:13, be what?

A: [1C 16:13] strong

**G** 129. Give the reference: Let all your things be done with charity.

A: [1C 16:14] 1 Corinthians 16:14

**R** 130. According to 1 Corinthians 16:14, how let all your things be done?

A: [1C 16:14] with charity

**R** 131. According to 1 Corinthians 16:15, what is the firstfruits of Achaia?

A: [1C 16:15] (it) the house of Stephanas

**P** 132. Who have addicted themselves to the ministry of the saints in 1 Corinthians 16?

A: [1C 16:15] the house of Stephanas

**R** 133. According to 1 Corinthians 16:16, where submit yourselves?

A: [1C 16:16] unto such (the house of Stephanas), and to every one that helpeth with us, and laboureth

**R** 134. According to 1 Corinthians 16:17, of what am I glad?

A: [1C 16:17] of the coming of Stephanas and Fortunatus and Achaicus

**F** 135. Finish this verse: "I am glad of the coming of Stephanas and Fortunatus."

A: [1C 16:17] and Achaicus: for that which was lacking on your part they have supplied

**R** 136. According to 1 Corinthians 16:17, what have they supplied?

A: [1C 16:17] that which was lacking on your part

**R** 137. According to 1 Corinthians 16:18, what have they refreshed?

A: [1C 16:18] my spirit and yours

**P** 138. Who in 1 Corinthians 16 salute you?

A: [1C 16:19] The churches of Asia, Aquila and Priscilla, with the church that is in their house.

**R** 139. According to 1 Corinthians 16:19, what is in the house of Aquila and Priscilla?

A: [1C 16:19] the church

**R** 140. According to 1 Corinthians 16:20, who greet you?

A: [1C 16:20] All the brethren

**R** 141. According to 1 Corinthians 16:20, how greet ye one another?

A: [1C 16:20] with an holy kiss

**P** 142. Whose salutation was with his own hand in 1 Corinthians 16?

A: [1C 16:21] The salutation of me Paul

**P** 143. Let who be Anathema Maranatha in 1 Corinthians 16?

A: [1C 16:22] If any man love not the Lord Jesus Christ

**K** 144. Quote the verse from 1 Corinthians 16 which uses the word: Maranatha

A: [1C 16:22] If any man love not the Lord Jesus Christ, let him be Anathema Maranatha.

**R** 145. According to 1 Corinthians 16:23, what be with you?

A: [1C 16:23] The grace of our Lord Jesus Christ

**Q** 146. Quote this verse: 1 Corinthians 16:23.

A: [1C 16:23] The grace of our Lord Jesus Christ be with you.

**R** 147. According to 1 Corinthians 16:24, what be with you all?

A: [1C 16:24] My love

**R** 148. According to 1 Corinthians 16:24, in whom, my love be with you all?

A: [1C 16:24] in Christ Jesus

**R** 149. According to 2 Corinthians 1:1, what is Paul?

A: [2C 1:1] an apostle of Jesus Christ (by the will of God)

**R** 150. According to 2 Corinthians 1:1, what is at Corinth?

A: [2C 1:1] the church of God

**P** 151. Who is Timothy in 2 Corinthians 1?

A: [2C 1:1] our brother

**R** 152. According to 2 Corinthians 1:1, who are in all Achaia?

A: [2C 1:1] (all the) saints

**G** 153. Give the reference: Grace be to you and peace from God our Father, and from the Lord Jesus Christ.

A: [2C 1:2] 2 Corinthians 1:2

**R** 154. According to 2 Corinthians 1:2, from whom is grace and peace?

A: [2C 1:2] from God our Father, and from the Lord Jesus Christ

**R** 155. According to 2 Corinthians 1:2, what be to you?

A: [2C 1:2] Grace and peace

**F** 156. Finish this verse: "Blessed be God, even the Father of our Lord Jesus Christ."

A: [2C 1:3] the Father of mercies, and the God of all comfort

**P** 157. Who in 2 Corinthians 1 be blessed?

A: [2C 1:3] God (even the Father of our Lord Jesus Christ, the Father of mercies, and the God of all comfort)

**R** 158. According to 2 Corinthians 1:3, what are three titles of God?

A: [2C 1:3] the Father of our Lord Jesus Christ, the Father of mercies, and the God of all comfort

**R** 159. According to 2 Corinthians 1:4, whom may we be able to comfort?

A: [2C 1:4] them which are in any trouble

**Q** 160. Quote this verse: 2 Corinthians 1:4.

A: [2C 1:4] Who comforteth us in all our tribulation, that we may be able to comfort them which are in any trouble, by the comfort wherewith we ourselves are comforted of God.

**R** 161. According to 2 Corinthians 1:4, in what does God comfort us?

A: [2C 1:4] in all our tribulation

**R** 162. According to 2 Corinthians 1:4, by what may we be able to comfort them that are in any trouble?

A: [2C 1:4] the comfort wherewith we ourselves are comforted of God

**K** 163. Quote the verse from 2 Corinthians 1 which uses the word: aboundeth

A: [2C 1:5] For as the sufferings of Christ abound in us, so our consolation also aboundeth by Christ.

**R** 164. According to 2 Corinthians 1:5, what abound in us?

A: [2C 1:5] the sufferings of Christ

**P** 165. What aboundeth by Christ in 2 Corinthians 1?

A: [2C 1:5] our consolation

**P** 166. What in 2 Corinthians 1 are endured?

A: [2C 1:6] the same sufferings which we also suffer

**P** 167. What two are for your consolation and salvation in 2 Corinthians 1?

A: [2C 1:6] (it) whether we be afflicted or whether we be comforted

**G** 168. Give the reference: And our hope of you is stedfast, knowing, that as ye are partakers of the sufferings, so shall ye be also of the consolation.

A: [2C 1:7] 2 Corinthians 1:7

**R** 169. According to 2 Corinthians 1:7, of what shall ye be partakers?

A: [2C 1:7] the consolation

**P** 170. What is stedfast in 2 Corinthians 1?

A: [2C 1:7] our hope of you

**P** 171. How did we despair in 2 Corinthians 1?

A: [2C 1:8] even of life

**P** 172. Where were we pressed out of measure in 2 Corinthians 1?

A: [2C 1:8] in Asia

**R** 173. According to 2 Corinthians 1:9, what does God do?

A: [2C 1:9] raise the dead

**R** 174. According to 2 Corinthians 1:9, what did we have in ourselves?

A: [2C 1:9] the sentence of death

**R** 175. According to 2 Corinthians 1:10, from what did God deliver us?

A: [2C 1:10] so great a death

**R** 176. According to 2 Corinthians 1:10, what do we trust that God will do?

A: [2C 1:10] that he will yet deliver us

**R** 177. According to 2 Corinthians 1:11, what may be given by many on our behalf?

A: [2C 1:11] thanks

**P** 178. By what were ye helping together in 2 Corinthians 1?

A: [2C 1:11] by prayer (for us)

**R** 179. According to 2 Corinthians 1:12, by what have we had our conversation in the world, and more abundantly to you-ward?

A: [2C 1:12] the grace of God

**P** 180. Where have we had our conversation in 2 Corinthians 1?

A: [2C 1:12] in the world and (more abundantly) to you-ward

**R** 181. According to 2 Corinthians 1:13, when do I trust ye shall acknowledge the things I write unto you?

A: [2C 1:13] (even) to the end

**R** 182. According to 2 Corinthians 1:13, what write we unto you?

A: [2C 1:13] none other things, than what ye read or acknowledge

**R** 183. According to 2 Corinthians 1:14, what are we?

A: [2C 1:14] your rejoicing

**R** 184. According to 2 Corinthians 1:14, when are ye our rejoicing?

A: [2C 1:14] in the day of the Lord Jesus

**R** 185. According to 2 Corinthians 1:15, in what was I minded to come unto you?

A: [2C 1:15] in this confidence

**R** 186. According to 2 Corinthians 1:15, why was I minded to come unto you before?

A: [2C 1:15] that ye might have a second benefit

- R** 187. According to 2 Corinthians 1:16, out of where would I come again unto you?  
A: [2C 1:16] out of Macedonia
- R** 188. According to 2 Corinthians 1:16, where would I be brought on my way?  
A: [2C 1:16] toward Judaea
- P** 189. Who in 2 Corinthians 1 is true?  
A: [2C 1:18] God
- R** 190. According to 2 Corinthians 1:18, what was not yea and nay?  
A: [2C 1:18] our word toward you
- R** 191. According to 2 Corinthians 1:19, who is Jesus Christ?  
A: [2C 1:19] the Son of God
- P** 192. What three preached Jesus Christ among you in 2 Corinthians 1?  
A: [2C 1:19] (me) Paul and Silvanus and Timotheus
- R** 193. According to 2 Corinthians 1:20, unto what are all the promises of God yea and Amen in him?  
A: [2C 1:20] unto the glory of God (by us)
- P** 194. What are all the promises of God in him in 2 Corinthians 1?  
A: [2C 1:20] yea and Amen, (unto the glory of God by us)
- P** 195. Where has God stablished us with you in 2 Corinthians 1?  
A: [2C 1:21] in Christ
- P** 196. Who hath anointed us in 2 Corinthians 1?  
A: [2C 1:21] God
- F** 197. Finish this verse: "Now he which stablisheth us with you in Christ."  
A: [2C 1:21] and hath anointed us, is God
- R** 198. According to 2 Corinthians 1:22, what hath God given us?  
A: [2C 1:22] the earnest of the Spirit
- K** 199. Quote the verse from 2 Corinthians 1 which uses the word: sealed  
A: [2C 1:22] Who hath also sealed us, and given the earnest of the Spirit in our hearts.
- R** 200. According to 2 Corinthians 1:22, where hath God given the earnest of the Spirit?  
A: [2C 1:22] in our hearts
- P** 201. Who hath sealed us in 2 Corinthians 1?  
A: [2C 1:22] God (v. 21)
- Q** 202. Quote this verse: 2 Corinthians 1:23.  
A: [2C 1:23] Moreover I call God for a record upon my soul, that to spare you I came not as yet unto Corinth.
- P** 203. Whom do I call for a record in 2 Corinthians 1?  
A: [2C 1:23] God

**R** 204. According to 2 Corinthians 1:23, unto where did I come not as yet?

A: [2C 1:23] unto Corinth

**R** 205. According to 2 Corinthians 1:24, how do ye stand?

A: [2C 1:24] by faith

**G** 206. Give the reference: Not for that we have dominion over your faith, but are helpers of your joy: for by faith ye stand.

A: [2C 1:24] 2 Corinthians 1:24

**P** 207. Of what are we helpers in 2 Corinthians 1?

A: [2C 1:24] of your joy

**R** 208. According to 2 Corinthians 2:1, how would I not come again to you?

A: [2C 2:1] in heaviness

**P** 209. What in 2 Corinthians 2 did I determine with myself?

A: [2C 2:1] (this) that I would not come again to you in heaviness

**R** 210. According to 2 Corinthians 2:2, what do I make you?

A: [2C 2:2] sorry

**R** 211. According to 2 Corinthians 2:3, what is the joy of you all?

A: [2C 2:3] my joy

**F** 212. Finish this verse: "And I wrote this same unto you, lest, when I came, I should have sorrow."

A: [2C 2:3] from them of whom I ought to rejoice; having confidence in you all, that my joy is the joy of you all

**R** 213. According to 2 Corinthians 2:3, what should I have from them of whom I ought to rejoice?

A: [2C 2:3] sorrow

**R** 214. According to 2 Corinthians 2:4, why did I write unto you?

A: [2C 2:4] that ye might know the love which I have more abundantly unto you

**R** 215. According to 2 Corinthians 2:4, with what did I write unto you?

A: [2C 2:4] with many tears

**R** 216. According to 2 Corinthians 2:4, out of what did I write unto you?

A: [2C 2:4] out of much affliction and anguish of heart

**K** 217. Quote the verse from 2 Corinthians 2 which uses the word: tears

A: [2C 2:4] For out of much affliction and anguish of heart I wrote unto you with many tears; not that ye should be grieved, but that ye might know the love which I have more abundantly unto you.

**R** 218. According to 2 Corinthians 2:4, how do I have love unto you?

A: [2C 2:4] more abundantly

**P** 219. What in 2 Corinthians 2 have any caused?

A: [2C 2:5] grief

- R** 220. According to 2 Corinthians 2:5, what may I not do?  
A: [2C 2:5] overcharge you all
- R** 221. According to 2 Corinthians 2:6, to whom is this punishment sufficient?  
A: [2C 2:6] to such a man
- P** 222. What was inflicted of many in 2 Corinthians 2?  
A: [2C 2:6] this punishment
- R** 223. According to 2 Corinthians 2:7, how might such a one be swallowed up?  
A: [2C 2:7] with overmuch sorrow
- R** 224. According to 2 Corinthians 2:7, what two things ought ye to do?  
A: [2C 2:7] rather to forgive him, and comfort him
- R** 225. According to 2 Corinthians 2:8, what do I beseech you?  
A: [2C 2:8] that ye would confirm your love toward him
- P** 226. What confirm toward him in 2 Corinthians 2?  
A: [2C 2:8] your love
- R** 227. According to 2 Corinthians 2:9, what might I know?  
A: [2C 2:9] the proof of you, (whether ye be obedient in all things)
- R** 228. According to 2 Corinthians 2:9, why did I write?  
A: [2C 2:9] (For to this end) that I might know the proof of you, (whether ye be obedient in all things)
- R** 229. According to 2 Corinthians 2:10, for what did I forgive any thing?  
A: [2C 2:10] for your sakes
- R** 230. According to 2 Corinthians 2:10, whom do I forgive?  
A: [2C 2:10] (To) whom ye forgive any thing
- R** 231. According to 2 Corinthians 2:10, in whose person did I forgive it?  
A: [2C 2:10] the person of Christ
- P** 232. Who should get an advantage of us in 2 Corinthians 2?  
A: [2C 2:11] Satan
- R** 233. According to 2 Corinthians 2:11, of what are we not ignorant?  
A: [2C 2:11] of his (Satan's) devices
- P** 234. What should Satan get in 2 Corinthians 2?  
A: [2C 2:11] an advantage of us
- G** 235. Give the reference: Lest Satan should get an advantage of us: for we are not ignorant of his devices.  
A: [2C 2:11] 2 Corinthians 2:11
- R** 236. According to 2 Corinthians 2:12, of whom was a door opened unto me?  
A: [2C 2:12] of the Lord

**P** 237. What was opened unto me in 2 Corinthians 2?

A: [2C 2:12] a door

**P** 238. When was a door opened unto me in 2 Corinthians 2?

A: [2C 2:12] when I came to Troas (to preach Christ's gospel)

**Q** 239. Quote this verse: 2 Corinthians 2:12.

A: [2C 2:12] Furthermore, when I came to Troas to preach Christ's gospel, and a door was opened unto me of the Lord,

**R** 240. According to 2 Corinthians 2:13, why did I have no rest?

A: [2C 2:13] because I found not Titus my brother

**P** 241. Who in 2 Corinthians 2 is my brother?

A: [2C 2:13] Titus

**P** 242. From thence where did I go in 2 Corinthians 2?

A: [2C 2:13] into Macedonia

**F** 243. Finish this verse: "I had no rest in my spirit, because I found not Titus."

A: [2C 2:13] my brother: but taking my leave of them, I went from thence into Macedonia

**P** 244. Who always causeth us to triumph in 2 Corinthians 2?

A: [2C 2:14] God

**K** 245. Quote the verse from 2 Corinthians 2 which uses the word: triumph

A: [2C 2:14] Now thanks be unto God, which always causeth us to triumph in Christ, and maketh manifest the savour of his knowledge by us in every place.

**R** 246. According to 2 Corinthians 2:14, where does God make manifest the savour of his knowledge?

A: [2C 2:14] in every place

**R** 247. According to 2 Corinthians 2:14, what does God make manifest?

A: [2C 2:14] the savour of his knowledge

**P** 248. What is sweet in 2 Corinthians 2?

A: [2C 2:15] (we are) a sweet savour of Christ

**R** 249. According to 2 Corinthians 2:15, in whom are we a sweet savour of Christ?

A: [2C 2:15] in them that are saved, and in them that perish

**G** 250. Give the reference: For we are unto God a sweet savour of Christ, in them that are saved, and in them that perish:

A: [2C 2:15] 2 Corinthians 2:15

**R** 251. According to 2 Corinthians 2:16, unto what are we the savour of death?

A: [2C 2:16] death

**Q** 252. Quote this verse: 2 Corinthians 2:16.

A: [2C 2:16] To the one we are the savour of death unto death; and to the other the savour of life unto life. And who is sufficient for these things?

**P** 253. Unto what are we the savour of life in 2 Corinthians 2 to the other?

A: [2C 2:16] life

**R** 254. According to 2 Corinthians 2:17, in whose sight speak we in Christ?

A: [2C 2:17] in the sight of God

**F** 255. Finish this verse: "For we are not as many, which corrupt the word of God."

A: [2C 2:17] but as of sincerity, but as of God, in the sight of God speak we in Christ

**P** 256. What do many corrupt in 2 Corinthians 2?

A: [2C 2:17] the word of God