# Machine Problem 1

Jacob Badali ~ 20290739 ~ March 13th, 2024

### Part 1

Code was written to print out the proper parameters, the output is in Figure 1. The full code can be found in the Appendix.

```
Device 0 Information:
Name: NVIDIA RTX A2000 12GB
Compute Capability: 8.6
Clock Rate: 1200000 kHz
Number of SM (Streaming Multiprocessors): 26
Number of Cores per SM: 0
Warp Size: 32
Global Memory Size: 12878086144 bytes
Constant Memory Size: 65536 bytes
Shared Memory Size per Block: 49152 bytes
Registers per Block: 65536
Max Threads per Block: 1024
Max Size of Each Dimension of a Block: (1024, 1024, 64)
Max Size of Each Dimension of a Grid: (2147483647, 65535, 65535)

C:\Users\20jasb1\source\repos\MP1_Part1\x64\Debug\MP1_Part1.exe (process 25396) exited with code 0.
```

Figure 1 Output Part 1

## Part 2

#### Section 1

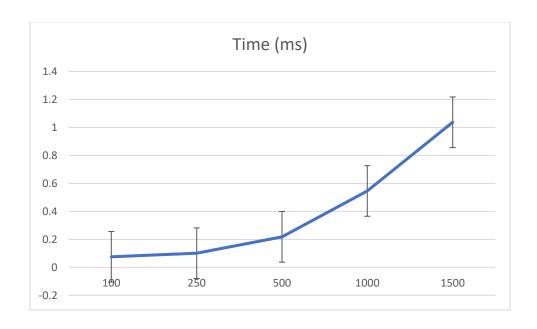
Code was written to transfer the matrices from the host to device. The results for different matrix sizes can be found below. Plotting these results can be found below the table of results. Note care was taken to remove outliers from these tables.

Example of output is seen below:

```
Transfer Host to Device, size[100]: 0.075392 ms || Transfer Device to Host, size[100]: 0.026592 ms
C:\Users\20jasb1\source\repos\MP1_Part1\x64\Debug\MP1_Part1.exe (process 25576) exited with code 0.
Press any key to close this window . . .
```

Matrix Size	Time (ms)
100	0.075392
250	0.101120
500	0.217952
1000	0.545792
1500	1.036960

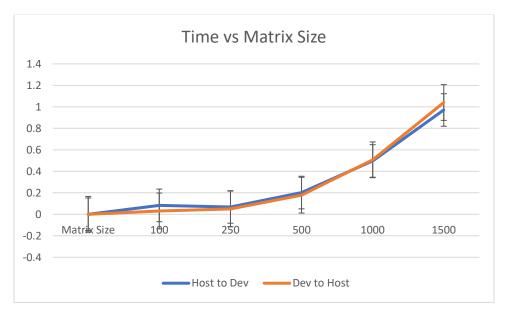
A plot can be found below:



The code was modified to also transfer data back from device to host, results seen below. Care was taken to remove outliers from these results.

Matrix Size	Time (ms) Host to Device	Time (ms) Device to Host
100	0.082720	0.031360
250	0.068384	0.049920
500	0.202464	0.178208
1000	0.496544	0.507104
1500	0.971104	1.040672

A plot can be seen below.



You can see that there is a small difference between transfer times comparing host to device and device to host. This makes sense, as the PCIe transfer bus do not operate in a traditionally parallel mode. For this reason, since the CPU is better at handling series operations, it would be faster.

Code for Part 2 Section 1 can be found in the Appendix.

### Section 2

In section 2, code needed to be modified to perform matrix multiplication on the CPU and GPU. At first, a BLOCK\_WIDTH of 1 (1 thread) was used, along with the number of blocks being 1. Sample output seen in. Table containing results is below.

Note: Time in ms.

Matrix Size	GPU Time (mul)	CPU Time (mul)
100	3.063584	1.478560
250	42.656063	23.614529
500	303.493439	191.966278
1000	2063.967773	1572.421021
1500	6525.697266	5761.184082

If you add the transfer time on top of this, you can see it would not make a significant difference, as it is fractions of milliseconds. With only one thread, it is not beneficial ever to offload to GPU. (This should change as more threads are added).

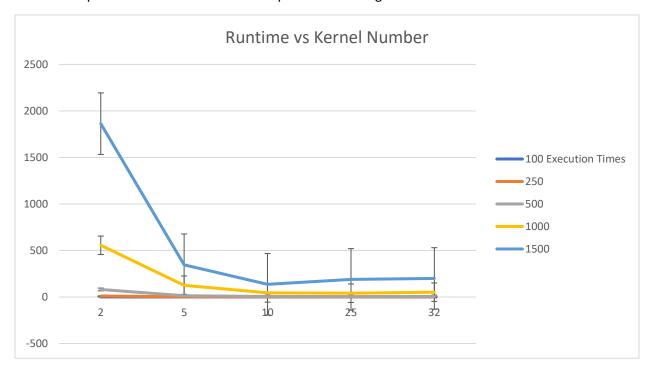
#### Section 3

The block width (number of kernels) was changed, and a sample of the following results were found:

Time, 1000x1000					
	Trial 1	Trial 2	Trial 3	Trial 4	Average
CPU	1605.687	1562.348	1572.901	1546.797	1571.933
GPU	Trial 1	Trial 2	Trial 3	Trial 4	Average
Threads					
2	586.8982	530.8599	566.4705	539.0612	555.8224
5	127.2612	128.7012	125.0887	124.5066	126.3894
10	43.92358	45.28125	43.44951	44.33088	44.2463
25	41.75322	40.19728	41.18055	41.1024	41.05836
32	52.33053	51.75632	52.17632	52.30147	52.14116

You can see full tables in the appendix.

These were plotted for each matrix size and plotted. Resulting in:



As you can see, there is exponential decline at the start, then it evens out as you get into 10 to 32 threads. To answer the two questions:

- a) For each element in each matrix M and N, the CUDA grid is responsible for computing one element of the output matrix P. For just one element of matrix P, each element of input matrix M (one row) and each element of input matrix N (one column) needs to be loaded.
- b) CGMA Ratio is calculated by Amount of FLOPs/Number of Global Memory Accesses. In the matrix multiplication kernel, the ratio is given below.

#### Legend:

Blue = Global memory access

Red = Floating point multiplication

Green = Floating point addition

This gives us a CGMA Ratio of 2/3.

# **Appendix**

#### Part 1 Code

```
#include <cuda_runtime.h>
#include <stdio.h>
// Helper function to convert compute capability to the number of cores
int ConvertSMVer2Cores(int major, int minor) {
    int cores;
    switch ((major << 4) + minor) {</pre>
    case 0x10:
        cores = 8;
        break;
    case 0x11:
    case 0x12:
        cores = 8;
        break;
    case 0x13:
        cores = 32;
        break;
    case 0x20:
        cores = 32;
        break;
    default:
        cores = 0;
        break;
    }
    return cores;
}
int main() {
    cudaSetDevice(0); // Set the device to GPU 0 (or the appropriate GPU index)
    int num_devices;
    cudaGetDeviceCount(&num_devices);
    if (num_devices == 0) {
        fprintf(stderr, "No CUDA devices found.\n");
        return 1;
    }
    for (int device_id = 0; device_id < num_devices; ++device_id) {</pre>
        cudaDeviceProp device_prop;
        cudaError_t cuda_status = cudaGetDeviceProperties(&device_prop, device_id);
        if (cuda_status != cudaSuccess) {
            fprintf(stderr, "Error: cudaGetDeviceProperties failed with error code
%d\n", cuda_status);
            return 1;
        }
        printf("Device %d Information:\n", device_id);
        printf("Name: %s\n", device_prop.name);
        printf("Compute Capability: %d.%d\n", device_prop.major, device_prop.minor);
        printf("Clock Rate: %d kHz\n", device_prop.clockRate);
```

```
printf("Number of SM (Streaming Multiprocessors): %d\n",
device_prop.multiProcessorCount);
        printf("Number of Cores per SM: %d\n", ConvertSMVer2Cores(device_prop.major,
device_prop.minor) * device_prop.multiProcessorCount);
        printf("Warp Size: %d\n", device_prop.warpSize);
        printf("Global Memory Size: %zu bytes\n", device_prop.totalGlobalMem);
        printf("Constant Memory Size: %zu bytes\n", device_prop.totalConstMem);
        printf("Shared Memory Size per Block: %zu bytes\n",
device_prop.sharedMemPerBlock);
        printf("Registers per Block: %d\n", device_prop.regsPerBlock);
        printf("Max Threads per Block: %d\n", device_prop.maxThreadsPerBlock);
        printf("Max Size of Each Dimension of a Block: (%d, %d, %d)\n",
            device_prop.maxThreadsDim[0], device_prop.maxThreadsDim[1],
device_prop.maxThreadsDim[2]);
        printf("Max Size of Each Dimension of a Grid: (%d, %d, %d)\n",
            device_prop.maxGridSize[0], device_prop.maxGridSize[1],
device_prop.maxGridSize[2]);
        printf("\n");
    }
    return 0;
}
Part 2 Section 1 Code
// Jacob Badali 20290739
#include "cuda_runtime.h"
#include "device_launch_parameters.h"
#include <stdio.h>
#include <math.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#define Threads_per_block 128
#define WIDTH (1500) //Not sure what this size means, will find out later. wondering
why it isn't like [][]...
#define BLOCK_WIDTH 32
//Multiplication kernel function
__global__ void mulKernel(int* M, int* N, int* P, int size) {
    int rows = blockIdx.y * blockDim.y + threadIdx.y;
    int cols = blockIdx.x * blockDim.x + threadIdx.x;
    if (rows < size && cols < size) {</pre>
        float temp_sum = 0.0;
        for (int i = 0; i < size; i++) {</pre>
            temp_sum += M[rows * size + i] * N[i * size + cols];
        P[rows * size + cols] = temp_sum;
    }
}
```

```
void mulDevice(float* A, float* B, float* C, int size) {
    for (int i = 0; i < size; ++i) {</pre>
        for (int j = 0; j < size; ++j) {</pre>
            float temp = 0;
            for (int k = 0; k < size; ++k) {</pre>
                temp += A[i * size + k] * B[k * size + j];
            C[i * size + j] = temp;
        }
    }
}
int main()
    float* d_M = 0;
    float* d_N = 0;
    float* d_P = 0;
    float* h_M;
    float* h_N;
    float* h_P;
    //int WIDTH[5] = { 100, 250, 500, 1000, 2500 }; // Initialize WIDTH array here
    //for (int i = 0; i < 5; i++) {
    int size = WIDTH * WIDTH * sizeof(float);
    cudaMallocHost((void**)&h_M, size);
    cudaMallocHost((void**)&h_N, size);
    cudaMallocHost((void**)&h_P, size);
    int NumBlocks = WIDTH / BLOCK_WIDTH;
    if (WIDTH % BLOCK_WIDTH) NumBlocks++;
    dim3 dimGrid(NumBlocks, NumBlocks);
    dim3 dimBlock(BLOCK_WIDTH, BLOCK_WIDTH);
    cudaEvent_t start, stop;
    cudaEventCreate(&start);
    cudaEventCreate(&stop);
    float elapsedTime_DevToHost;
    float elapsedTime_HostToDev;
    //Allocate appropriate memory size for each array
    cudaMalloc((void**)&d_M, size);
    cudaMalloc((void**)&d_N, size);
    cudaMalloc((void**)&d_P, size);
    //fill host matrices
    for (int k = 0; k < WIDTH; k++) {</pre>
```

```
for (int j = 0; j < WIDTH; j++) {</pre>
            h_M[k * WIDTH + j] = ((float) rand() / RAND_MAX) * 100.0; // fill with
rand values from 0-100
            h_N[k * WIDTH + j] = ((float)rand() / RAND_MAX) * 100.0;
            h_P[k * WIDTH + j] = 0;
        }
    }
    /*
        //Host matrix multiplication
        for (int i = 0; i < num_row; i++) {
            for (int j = 0; j < num_col; j++) {
                h_P[i][j] = 0;
                for (int k = 0; k < num_row; k++) {</pre>
                    h_P[i][j] += h_M[i][k] * h_N[k][j];
            }
        }
    */
    //Cpy to dev, timer
    cudaEventRecord(start, 0);
    cudaMemcpy(d_M, h_M, size, cudaMemcpyHostToDevice);
    cudaMemcpy(d_N, h_N, size, cudaMemcpyHostToDevice);
    cudaEventRecord(stop, 0);
    cudaEventSynchronize(stop);
    cudaEventElapsedTime(&elapsedTime_HostToDev, start, stop);
    printf("Transfer Host to Device, size[%d]: %f ms |", WIDTH,
elapsedTime_HostToDev);
    cudaEventRecord(start, 0);
    cudaMemcpy(h_M, d_M, size, cudaMemcpyDeviceToHost);
    cudaMemcpy(h_N, d_N, size, cudaMemcpyDeviceToHost);
    cudaEventRecord(stop, 0);
    cudaEventSynchronize(stop);
    cudaEventElapsedTime(&elapsedTime_DevToHost, start, stop);
    printf("| Transfer Device to Host, size[%d]: %f ms\n", WIDTH,
elapsedTime_DevToHost);
    //Device Matrix multiplication
    //mulKernel << <dimBlock, dimGrid, 0, 0 >> > (d_M, d_N, d_P, size);
    //Cpy to dev, timer
    cudaFree(d_M);
    cudaFree(d_N);
    cudaFree(d_P);
}
//}
Part 2 Section 2 Code
// Jacob Badali 20290739
#include "cuda_runtime.h"
#include "device_launch_parameters.h"
#include <stdio.h>
```

```
#include <math.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#define WIDTH (1500) //CHANGE THIS!!!
#define BLOCK_WIDTH 1
//Multiplication kernel function
__global__ void mulkernel(float* M, float* N, float* P, int size) {
    int rows = blockIdx.y * blockDim.y + threadIdx.y;
    int cols = blockIdx.x * blockDim.x + threadIdx.x;
    if (rows < size && cols < size) {</pre>
        float temp_sum = 0.0;
        for (int i = 0; i < size; i++) {</pre>
            temp_sum += M[rows * size + i] * N[i * size + cols];
        P[rows * size + cols] = temp_sum;
    }
}
int main()
    float* d_M = 0;
    float* d_N = 0;
    float* d_P = 0;
    float* h_M;
    float* h_N;
    float* h_P;
    float* h_Pcheck;
    int size = WIDTH * WIDTH * sizeof(float);
    cudaMallocHost((void**)&h_M, size);
    cudaMallocHost((void**)&h_N, size);
    cudaMallocHost((void**)&h_P, size);
    cudaMallocHost((void**)&h_Pcheck, size);
    int NumBlocks = WIDTH / BLOCK_WIDTH;
    if (WIDTH % BLOCK_WIDTH) NumBlocks++;
    dim3 dimGrid(NumBlocks, NumBlocks);
    dim3 dimBlock(BLOCK_WIDTH, BLOCK_WIDTH);
    cudaEvent_t start, stop;
    cudaEventCreate(&start);
    cudaEventCreate(&stop);
    float elapsedTime_DevToHost;
    float elapsedTime_HostToDev;
```

```
float elapsedTime_MatrixMulHost;
    float elapsedTime_MatrixMulDev;
    //Allocate appropriate memory size for each array
    cudaMalloc((void**)&d_M, size);
    cudaMalloc((void**)&d_N, size);
    cudaMalloc((void**)&d_P, size);
    //fill host matrices
    for (int k = 0; k < WIDTH; k++) {</pre>
        for (int j = 0; j < WIDTH; j++) {</pre>
             h_M[k * WIDTH + j] = ((float)rand() / RAND_MAX) * 100.0f; // fill with
rand values from 0-100
            h_N[k * WIDTH + j] = ((float)rand() / RAND_MAX) * 100.0f;
            h_P[k * WIDTH + j] = 0.0;
            h_{\text{Pcheck}}[k * \text{WIDTH} + j] = 0.0;
        }
    }
    //Cpy to dev, timer
    cudaEventRecord(start, 0);
    cudaMemcpy(d_M, h_M, size, cudaMemcpyHostToDevice);
cudaMemcpy(d_N, h_N, size, cudaMemcpyHostToDevice);
    cudaEventRecord(stop, 0);
    cudaEventSynchronize(stop);
    cudaEventElapsedTime(&elapsedTime_HostToDev, start, stop);
    printf("Transfer Host to Device, size[%d]: %f ms |", WIDTH,
elapsedTime_HostToDev);
    cudaEventRecord(start, 0);
    cudaMemcpy(h_M, d_M, size, cudaMemcpyDeviceToHost);
    cudaMemcpy(h_N, d_N, size, cudaMemcpyDeviceToHost);
    cudaEventRecord(stop, 0);
    cudaEventSynchronize(stop);
    cudaEventElapsedTime(&elapsedTime_DevToHost, start, stop);
    printf("| Transfer Device to Host, size[%d]: %f ms\n", WIDTH,
elapsedTime_DevToHost);
    printf("\n");
    //Host Matrix Multiplication
    cudaEventRecord(start, 0);
    for (int i = 0; i < WIDTH; i++) {</pre>
        for (int j = 0; j < WIDTH; j++) {</pre>
             for (int k = 0; k < WIDTH; k++) {</pre>
                 h_Pcheck[i * WIDTH + j] += h_M[i * WIDTH + k] * h_N[k * WIDTH + j];
             }
        }
    }
    cudaEventRecord(stop, 0);
    cudaEventSynchronize(stop);
```

```
cudaEventElapsedTime(&elapsedTime_MatrixMulHost, start, stop);
    printf("Host Matrix Mul Time, size[%d]: %f ms\n", WIDTH,
elapsedTime_MatrixMulHost);
    //Device Matrix Multiplication
    cudaEventRecord(start, 0);
    cudaMemcpy(d_M, h_M, size, cudaMemcpyHostToDevice);
    cudaMemcpy(d_N, h_N, size, cudaMemcpyHostToDevice);
    cudaEventRecord(stop, 0);
    cudaEventSynchronize(stop);
    cudaEventRecord(start, 0);
    mulkernel << <dimGrid, dimBlock, 0, 0>> > (d_M, d_N, d_P, WIDTH);
    cudaEventRecord(stop, 0);
    cudaEventSynchronize(stop);
    cudaEventElapsedTime(&elapsedTime_MatrixMulDev, start, stop);
    printf("Device Matrix Mul Time, size[%d]: %f ms\n", WIDTH,
elapsedTime_MatrixMulDev);
    cudaMemcpy(h_M, d_M, size, cudaMemcpyDeviceToHost);
    cudaMemcpy(h_N, d_N, size, cudaMemcpyDeviceToHost);
    cudaEventRecord(stop, 0);
    cudaEventSynchronize(stop);
    cudaMemcpy(h_P, d_P, size, cudaMemcpyDeviceToHost);
    int check = 0;
    for (int i = 0; i < WIDTH; i++) {</pre>
        for (int j = 0; j < WIDTH; j++) {</pre>
            if (abs(h_P[i * WIDTH + j] - h_Pcheck[i * WIDTH + j]) > 1) {
                check = 1;
            }
        }
    }
    if (check == 0) {
        printf("TEST PASSED\n");
    else {
        printf("TEST FAILED\n");
    cudaFree(d_M);
    cudaFree(d_N);
    cudaFree(d_P);
    cudaFree(h_M);
    cudaFree(h_N);
    cudaFree(h_P);
    cudaFree(h_Pcheck);
}
Part 3 Code
// Jacob Badali 20290739
#include "cuda_runtime.h"
```

```
#include "device_launch_parameters.h"
#include <stdio.h>
#include <math.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#define WIDTH (1500) //CHANGE THIS!!!
#define BLOCK_WIDTH 2 //CHANGE THIS!!!
//Multiplication kernel function
__global__ void mulkernel(float* M, float* N, float* P, int size) {
    int rows = blockIdx.y * blockDim.y + threadIdx.y;
    int cols = blockIdx.x * blockDim.x + threadIdx.x;
    if (rows < size && cols < size) {</pre>
        float temp_sum = 0.0;
        for (int i = 0; i < size; i++) {</pre>
            temp_sum += M[rows * size + i] * N[i * size + cols];
        P[rows * size + cols] = temp_sum;
}
int main()
    float* d_M = 0;
    float* d_N = 0;
    float* d_P = 0;
    float* h_M;
    float* h_N;
    float* h_P;
    float* h_Pcheck;
    int size = WIDTH * WIDTH * sizeof(float);
    cudaMallocHost((void**)&h_M, size);
    cudaMallocHost((void**)&h_N, size);
    cudaMallocHost((void**)&h_P, size);
    cudaMallocHost((void**)&h_Pcheck, size);
    int NumBlocks = WIDTH / BLOCK_WIDTH;
    if (WIDTH % BLOCK_WIDTH) NumBlocks++;
    dim3 dimGrid(NumBlocks, NumBlocks);
    dim3 dimBlock(BLOCK_WIDTH, BLOCK_WIDTH);
    cudaEvent_t start, stop;
    cudaEventCreate(&start);
    cudaEventCreate(&stop);
```

```
float elapsedTime_DevToHost;
    float elapsedTime_HostToDev;
    float elapsedTime_MatrixMulHost;
    float elapsedTime_MatrixMulDev;
    //Allocate appropriate memory size for each array
    cudaMalloc((void**)&d_M, size);
    cudaMalloc((void**)&d_N, size);
    cudaMalloc((void**)&d_P, size);
    //fill host matrices
    for (int k = 0; k < WIDTH; k++) {</pre>
        for (int j = 0; j < WIDTH; j++) {</pre>
            h_M[k * WIDTH + j] = ((float)rand() / RAND_MAX) * 100.0f; // fill with
rand values from 0-100
            h_N[k * WIDTH + j] = ((float)rand() / RAND_MAX) * 100.0f;
            h_P[k * WIDTH + j] = 0.0;
            h_{Pcheck[k * WIDTH + j]} = 0.0;
        }
    }
    //Cpy to dev, timer
    cudaEventRecord(start, 0);
    cudaMemcpy(d_M, h_M, size, cudaMemcpyHostToDevice);
cudaMemcpy(d_N, h_N, size, cudaMemcpyHostToDevice);
    cudaEventRecord(stop, 0);
    cudaEventSynchronize(stop);
    cudaEventElapsedTime(&elapsedTime_HostToDev, start, stop);
    printf("Transfer Host to Device, size[%d]: %f ms |", WIDTH,
elapsedTime_HostToDev);
    cudaEventRecord(start, 0);
    cudaMemcpy(h_M, d_M, size, cudaMemcpyDeviceToHost);
    cudaMemcpy(h_N, d_N, size, cudaMemcpyDeviceToHost);
    cudaEventRecord(stop, 0);
    cudaEventSynchronize(stop);
    cudaEventElapsedTime(&elapsedTime_DevToHost, start, stop);
    printf("| Transfer Device to Host, size[%d]: %f ms\n", WIDTH,
elapsedTime_DevToHost);
    printf("\n");
    //Host Matrix Multiplication
    cudaEventRecord(start, 0);
    //for (int i = 0; i < WIDTH; i++) {</pre>
    //
          for (int j = 0; j < WIDTH; j++) {
    //
              for (int k = 0; k < WIDTH; k++) {
                   h_Pcheck[i * WIDTH + j] += h_M[i * WIDTH + k] * h_N[k * WIDTH +
    //
j];
              }
          }
    //
```

```
//}
    cudaEventRecord(stop, 0);
    cudaEventSynchronize(stop);
    cudaEventElapsedTime(&elapsedTime_MatrixMulHost, start, stop);
    printf("Host Matrix Mul Time, size[%d]: %f ms\n", WIDTH,
elapsedTime_MatrixMulHost);
    //Device Matrix Multiplication
    cudaEventRecord(start, 0);
    cudaMemcpy(d_M, h_M, size, cudaMemcpyHostToDevice);
    cudaMemcpy(d_N, h_N, size, cudaMemcpyHostToDevice);
    cudaEventRecord(stop, 0);
    cudaEventSynchronize(stop);
    cudaEventRecord(start, 0);
    mulKernel << <dimGrid, dimBlock, 0, 0>> > (d_M, d_N, d_P, WIDTH);
    cudaEventRecord(stop, 0);
    cudaEventSynchronize(stop);
    cudaEventElapsedTime(&elapsedTime_MatrixMulDev, start, stop);
    printf("Device Matrix Mul Time, size[%d]: %f ms\n", WIDTH,
elapsedTime_MatrixMulDev);
    cudaMemcpy(h_M, d_M, size, cudaMemcpyDeviceToHost);
    cudaMemcpy(h_N, d_N, size, cudaMemcpyDeviceToHost);
    cudaEventRecord(stop, 0);
    cudaEventSynchronize(stop);
    cudaMemcpy(h_P, d_P, size, cudaMemcpyDeviceToHost);
    int check = 0;
    for (int i = 0; i < WIDTH; i++) {</pre>
        for (int j = 0; j < WIDTH; j++) {</pre>
            if (abs(h_P[i * WIDTH + j] - h_Pcheck[i * WIDTH + j]) > 1) {
                check = 1;
            }
        }
    }
    if (check == 0) {
        printf("TEST PASSED\n");
    }
    else {
        printf("TEST FAILED\n");
    cudaFree(d_M);
    cudaFree(d_N);
    cudaFree(d_P);
    cudaFree(h_M);
    cudaFree(h_N);
    cudaFree(h_P);
    cudaFree(h_Pcheck);
}
```

# Part 3 Tables

Time, 100x100					
	Trial 1	Trial 2	Trial 3	Trial 4	Average
CPU	1.46848	1.508928	1.510336	1.506688	1.498608
GPU Threads	Trial 1	Trial 2	Trial 3	Trial 4	Average
2	0.673952	0.810688	0.809248	0.672992	0.74172
5	0.269376	0.143168	0.284352	0.268352	0.241312
10	0.261056	0.255904	0.264896	0.133216	0.228768
25	0.259808	0.14176	0.136384	0.143232	0.170296
32	0.266816	0.138176	0.262944	0.135968	0.200976

Time, 250x250					
	Trial 1	Trial 2	Trial 3	Trial 4	Average
СРИ	23.85578	23.37235	23.77354	23.7249	23.68164
GPU Threads	Trial 1	Trial 2	Trial 3	Trial 4	Average
2	11.0863	10.75923	9.906176	10.74902	10.62518
_	2.025504	2.022424	2.550202	2.040002	2 207220
5	2.025504	2.923424	2.559392	2.040992	2.387328
10	0.960256	0.964096	1.50528	0.961824	1.097864
25	0.733792	0.739936	0.739424	0.754752	0.741976
32	0.987136	0.985664	1.348832	0.990656	1.078072

Time, 500x500					
	Trial 1	Trial 2	Trial 3	Trial 4	Average
СРИ	190.2036	188.0452	191.2605	189.5066	189.754
GPU Threads	Trial 1	Trial 2	Trial 3	Trial 4	Average
2	81.72301	80.31344	80.74394	81.16781	80.98705
5	14.10966	14.23398	14.00234	13.67123	14.0043
10	4.955936	4.997568	4.990336	5.004512	4.987088
25	4.699136	5.460512	4.631296	5.145408	4.984088
32	5.593728	5.576704	6.132736	5.628352	5.73288

Time, 1000x1000					
	Trial 1	Trial 2	Trial 3	Trial 4	Average
CPU	1605.687	1562.348	1572.901	1546.797	1571.933
GPU	Trial 1	Trial 2	Trial 3	Trial 4	Average
Threads					
2	586.8982	530.8599	566.4705	539.0612	555.8224
5	127.2612	128.7012	125.0887	124.5066	126.3894
10	43.92358	45.28125	43.44951	44.33088	44.2463
25	41.75322	40.19728	41.18055	41.1024	41.05836
32	52.33053	51.75632	52.17632	52.30147	52.14116

Time, 1500x1500					
	Trial 1	Trial 2	Trial 3	Trial 4	Average
CPU	5783.762	5508.285	5579.558	5561.682	5608.322
GPU	Trial 1	Trial 2	Trial 3	Trial 4	Average
Threads					
2	1900.626	1861.793	1845.312	1845.587	1863.33
5	340.6214	358.3709	340.5679	346.5012	346.5153
10	144.9095	130.8658	132.0595	137.0765	136.2278
25	335.7727	137.9879	145.0468	137.8224	189.1575
32	164.8822	164.9286	155.4491	311.1648	199.1062