

# Data storage and services

INFO3606

# Overview

- **Definition of Data Storage:**
  - Storing and managing data in digital form.
- **Importance in Cloud Computing:**
  - Central to cloud services; enables scalability, accessibility, and flexibility.

# Importance of Data Storage in the Cloud

- Data is a valuable asset.
- Need for scalable and flexible storage solutions.
- Challenges with traditional data storage.

# Storage Technologies

## **1.Traditional Storage vs. Cloud Storage:**

1. Traditional: On-premises, limited scalability.
2. Cloud: Scalable, on-demand, cost-effective.

## **2.Software-Defined Storage (SDS):**

1. Abstracts storage resources from underlying hardware.
2. Flexibility and automation.

# Storage Area Network (SAN)

## **1. Definition:**

1. Specialized high-speed network for shared storage access.

## **2. Components:**

1. Hosts/Initiators, Storage Devices/Targets, SAN Switches, Protocols.

## **3. Advantages:**

1. High performance, scalability, centralized management.

# Cloud Storage Models

## **1.Public Cloud Storage:**

1. Provided by third-party cloud service providers.
2. Examples: AWS S3, Azure Blob Storage, Google Cloud Storage.

## **2.Private Cloud Storage:**

1. Dedicated infrastructure for a single organization.
2. Increased control and customization.

## **3.Hybrid Cloud Storage:**

1. Combination of public and private cloud.
2. Offers flexibility and optimization.

# Types of Cloud Storage

## **1.Block Storage:**

1. Stores data in fixed-sized blocks.
2. Used for databases and virtual machines.

## **2.Object Storage:**

1. Stores data as objects with metadata.
2. Ideal for unstructured data and scalability.

## **3.File Storage:**

1. Stores data in a hierarchical structure.
2. Suitable for file-based workloads and collaboration.

# Virtualization in Storage

## **1. Definition:**

1. Abstraction of physical storage resources.

## **2. Benefits:**

1. Efficient resource utilization, agility, and ease of management.

## **3. Use in Cloud Computing:**

1. Enabling dynamic allocation of storage resources.



# Data Services in Cloud Storage

## **1.Managing Data:**

1. Data Lifecycle Management, Archiving, Tiered Storage.

## **2.Using Data:**

1. Efficient retrieval and access mechanisms.

## **3.Moving Data:**

1. Data migration strategies and challenges.

# Cloud Storage Services

- **Major Cloud Providers:**
  - AWS, Azure, Google Cloud, etc.
- **Popular Storage Services:**
  - Amazon S3, Azure Blob Storage, Google Cloud Storage.
- **Comparison:**
  - Features, pricing, performance.

# Scaling Data in the Cloud

## **1. Scalability in Cloud Storage:**

1. Automatic scaling to meet growing demands.

## **2. Performance Optimization:**

1. Techniques like caching and content delivery networks (CDNs).

## **3. Cost Optimization:**

1. Understanding the cost structure and implementing cost-effective strategies.

# Case Studies

- **Real-world Examples:**
  - Netflix on AWS, Dropbox on AWS, etc.
- **How Cloud Storage Benefits Businesses:**
  - Scalability, cost savings, global accessibility.

# Best Practices

- **Data Management Best Practices:**
  - Data categorization, version control, backup strategies.
- **Security Considerations:**
  - Encryption, access controls, compliance.

# Security Considerations

- **Encryption:**
  - In-transit vs. at-rest encryption.
- **Access Controls:**
  - IAM policies, role-based access control (RBAC).
- **Compliance:**
  - GDPR, HIPAA, etc.

# Conclusion

## **1.Summary of Key Concepts:**

1. We covered a broad spectrum of data storage and services in cloud computing, from traditional to cutting-edge technologies.

## **2.Crucial Role in Cloud Computing:**

1. Effective data storage is the backbone of cloud services, providing scalability, accessibility, and cost-effectiveness.

## **3.Adaptability and Flexibility:**

1. The diverse storage technologies, cloud models, and virtualization allow for adaptability to various business needs.

## **4.Continuous Evolution:**

1. The field of cloud storage is dynamic, with ongoing innovations and advancements shaping the future of data management.

## **5.Encouragement for Further Exploration:**

1. We encourage you to delve deeper into specific areas of interest, stay informed about emerging trends, and explore hands-on experiences.