

# Design Patterns

## Singleton

COMP3607

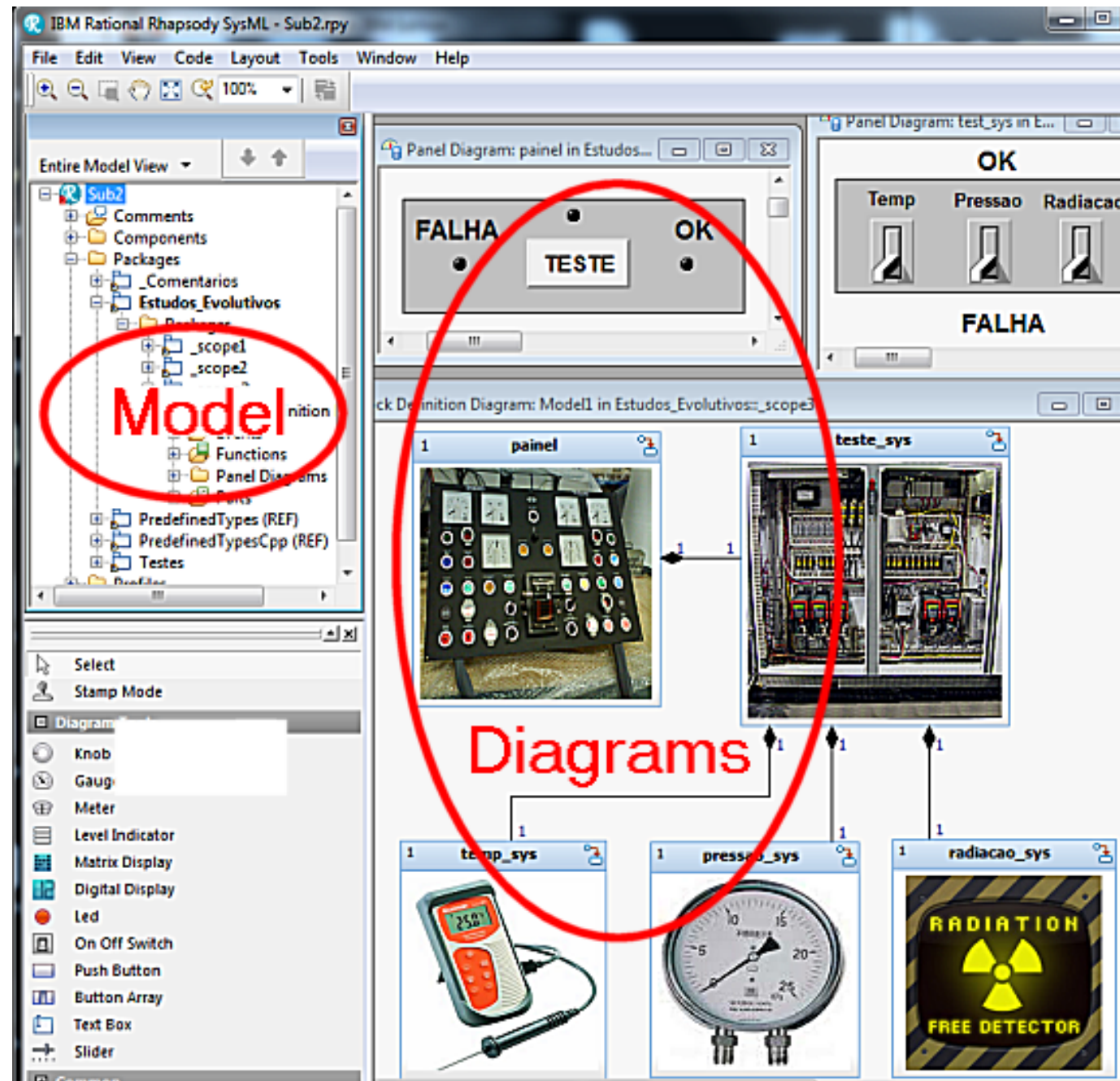
Object Oriented Programming II

Week 5

# Outline

- Drawing vs Modelling
- Singleton Design Pattern
- Composite Design Pattern

# Drawing vs Modelling



[https://www.ibm.com/developerworks/community/blogs/invisiblethread/entry/a\\_diagram\\_is\\_not\\_a\\_model\\_the\\_huge\\_difference\\_between\\_them?lang=en\\_us](https://www.ibm.com/developerworks/community/blogs/invisiblethread/entry/a_diagram_is_not_a_model_the_huge_difference_between_them?lang=en_us)

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# Singleton Design Pattern

The Singleton design pattern is used to ensure that a class has only one instance, and to provide a global point of access to it.



# Problem Scenario

Consider a scenario where a system has many printers, but there should be only one printer spooler\*.

How do we ensure that the printer spooler class has only **one** instance of a printer spooler object, and that the instance is **easily accessible**?

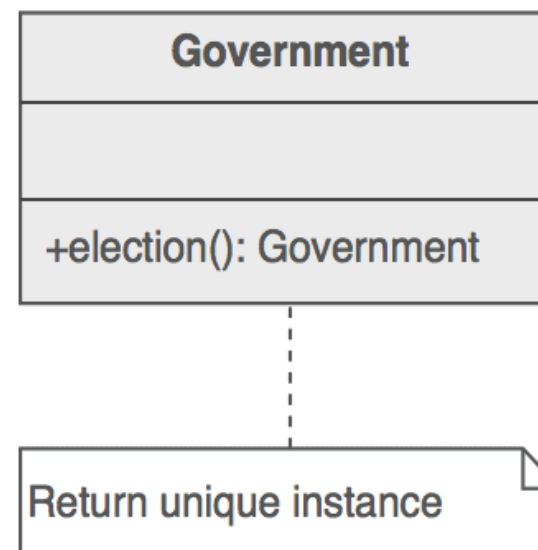
Possible options:

- A global variable - problem with this?
- Make the class responsible for keeping track of the sole instance and for giving access to it.

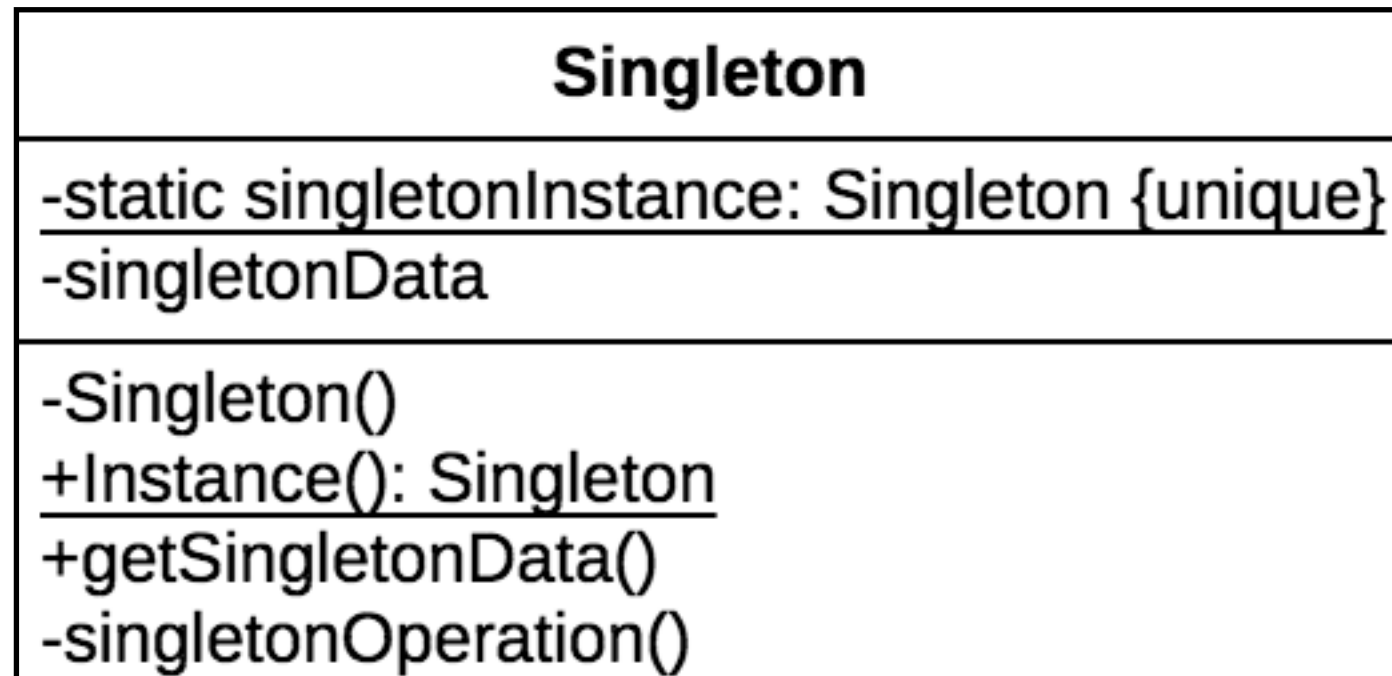
\* software responsible for managing all print jobs by adding and removing jobs from a queue.

# Another Example

The Singleton pattern ensures that a class has only one instance and provides a global point of access to that instance. It is named after the singleton set, which is defined to be a set containing one element. The office of the President of the United States is a Singleton. The United States Constitution specifies the means by which a president is elected, limits the term of office, and defines the order of succession. As a result, there can be at most one active president at any given time. Regardless of the personal identity of the active president, the title, "The President of the United States" is a global point of access that identifies the person in the office.



# Singleton Design Pattern (UML)



# Code Example

```
public class Singleton {  
  
    private static Singleton singletonInstance; //unique instance  
    private String singletonData;  
  
    private Singleton() { // private constructor  
        singletonData = "A single tonne of data is a lot of data";  
    }  
  
    public static Singleton Instance() { //class method to get to unique instance  
        if(singletonInstance == null)  
            singletonInstance = new Singleton();  
        return singletonInstance;  
    }  
  
    public String getSingletonData() {  
        return singletonData;  
    }  
  
    private void singletonOperation() {  
        // TODO implement other stuff here  
    }  
  
}
```



# Applicability: Singleton

The Singleton pattern is used when:

- There must be exactly one instance of class, and it must be accessible to clients from well-known access point.
- The sole instance should be extensible by subclassing, and clients should be able to use an extended instance without modifying their code.

# Consequences: Singleton

Benefits:

- Controlled access to sole instance: (encapsulation)
- Reduced name space: (less global variables)
- Refinement of operations: (subclassing)
- Variable number of instances: (controlled by class)
- More flexible than class operations: (language quirks)

# Exercise

Design a solution for listing all of the files and directories stored on a disk. Output should be presented as:



# References

- UML: online reading resources
  - [www.uml.org](http://www.uml.org) (Documentation, notation)
  - [www.omg.org](http://www.omg.org) (Standards, protocols)
- UML Modelling and Drawing Tool:
  - <http://staruml.io/>