



# Student Performance in Exams

## Project

Analyze a set of data reporting public school student's scores in different exams, and other features

## Importance

- Allows to get an overall picture on what factors can influence the performances the most
- Gives hints on where to intervene to guarantee a fair academic path

## Aim

Discover possible trends and built a model that predicts score performances in exams

# Dataset Description

The dataset contains data representing the test scores along with some demographic variables for 1000 students at a public school. Feature descriptions are as follows:

- Gender: Gender of the student
- Race/ethnicity: The racial/ethnic group the student belongs to
- Parental level of education: Highest achieved level of education by the students' parents
- Lunch: Indicates if the student part of a free/reduced price lunch program
- Test preparation course: Indicates if the student completed the test preparation course
- Math score: Math test score
- Reading score: Reading test score
- Writing score: Writing test score

Source: Understanding digital participation divides by Royce Kimmons ([link](#))

# Project Discovery

- Plan to do both Exploration and Hypothesis testing
- Exploration:
  - Explore if there are any underlying trends in the data (specifically clusters)
  - For example if different financial factors have any effect on on test scores

# Project Discovery

- Hypothesis Testing
- There is an inverse relationship between Math and Reading and Writing scores
- The higher the parents education level, the higher scores will be

# Problem Setup

- Regression problem for predicting each test score
- 3 Models - regressing each test score on the other variables (gender, race, parent education, etc)
- Then we will add in the other test scores as features, to see if a score on one test correlates to a score on another test
- Use these models to find the most important features for predicting the score & answering our hypotheses.
- Possible regression models - Linear, Lasso, Ridge, Gradient boosting, etc. Plan to fit multiple models, choose the best fitting model & explore why that model fit the best. This will give us further insight into the data.