AWS Academy Cloud Foundations

Module 1: Cloud Concepts Overview



Module overview



Topics

- Introduction to cloud computing
- Advantages of cloud computing
- Introduction to Amazon Web Services (AWS)
- AWS Cloud Adoption Framework (AWS CAF)



Module objectives



After completing this module, you should be able to:

- Define different types of cloud computing models
- Describe six advantages of cloud computing
- Recognize the main AWS service categories and core services
- Review the AWS Cloud Adoption Framework (AWS CAF)

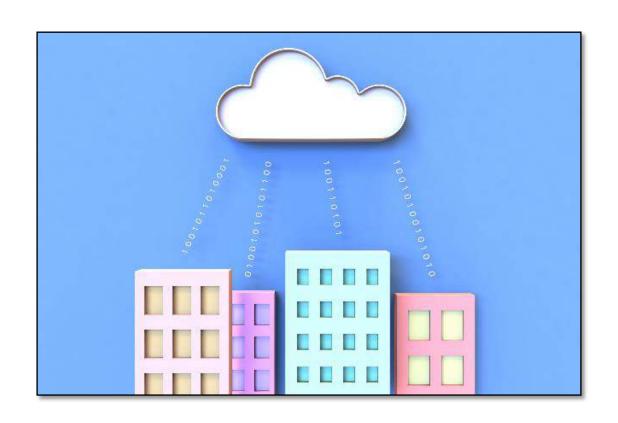
Module 1: Cloud Concepts Overview

Section 1: Introduction to cloud computing



What is cloud computing?





Cloud computing defined



Cloud computing is the on-demand delivery of compute power, database, storage, applications, and other IT resources via the internet with pay-as-you-go pricing.

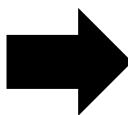


Infrastructure as software



Cloud computing enables you to stop thinking of your infrastructure as hardware, and instead think of (and use) it as software.







Traditional computing model





- Infrastructure as hardware
- Hardware solutions:
 - Require space, staff, physical security, planning, capital expenditure
 - Have a long hardware procurement cycle
 - Require you to provision capacity by guessing theoretical maximum peaks

Cloud computing model





- Infrastructure as software
- Software solutions:
 - Are flexible
 - Can change more quickly, easily, and cost-effectively than hardware solutions
 - Eliminate the undifferentiated heavylifting tasks

Cloud service models



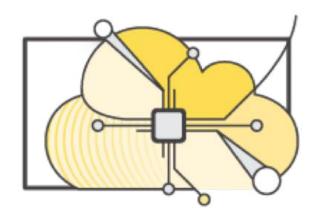
laaS (infrastructure as a service) PaaS (platform as a service) SaaS (software as a service)

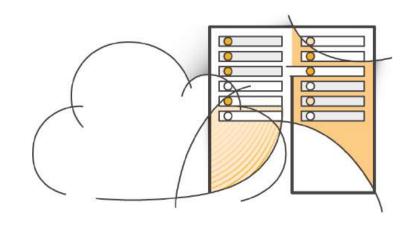
More control over IT resources

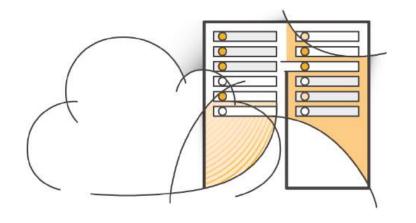
Less control over IT resources

Cloud computing deployment models









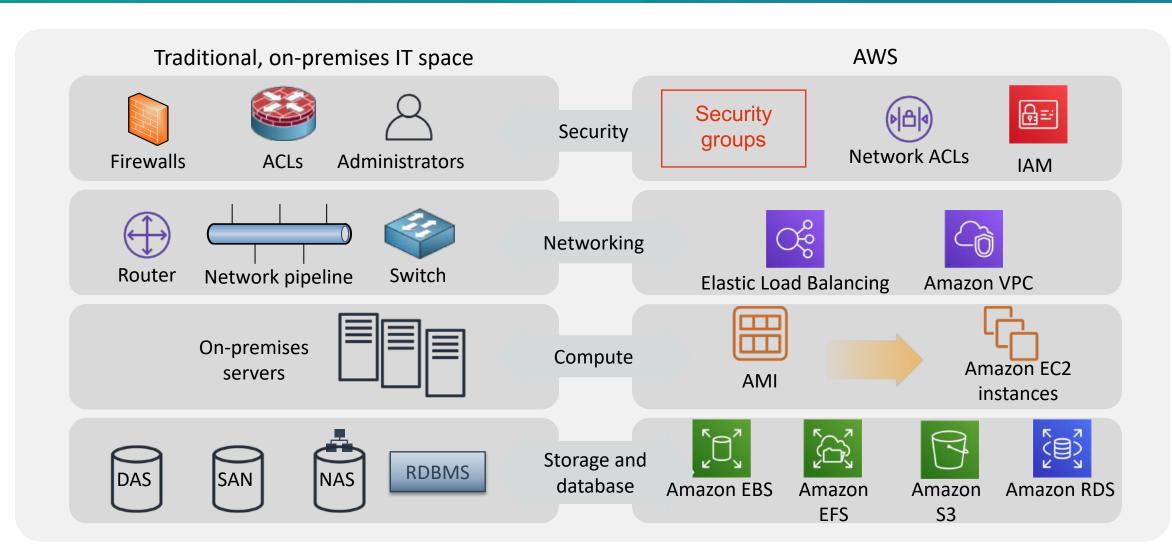
Cloud

Hybrid

On-premises (private cloud)

Similarities between AWS and traditional IT







Section 1 key takeaways



- Cloud computing is the on-demand delivery of IT resources via the internet with pay-as-you-go pricing.
- Cloud computing enables you to think of (and use) your infrastructure as software.
- There are three cloud service models: IaaS, PaaS, and SaaS.
- There are three cloud deployment models: cloud, hybrid, and on-premises or private cloud.
- Almost anything you can implement with traditional IT can also be implemented as an AWS cloud computing service.

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Section 2: Advantages of cloud computing

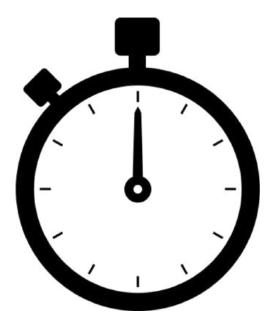


Trade capital expense for variable expense





Data center investment based on forecast

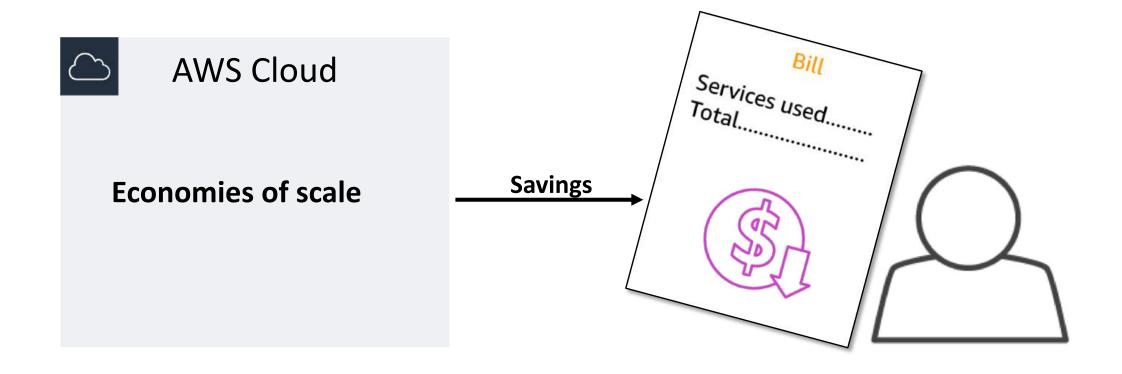


Pay only for the amount you consume

Massive economies of scale



Because of aggregate usage from all customers, AWS can achieve higher economies of scale and pass savings on to customers.

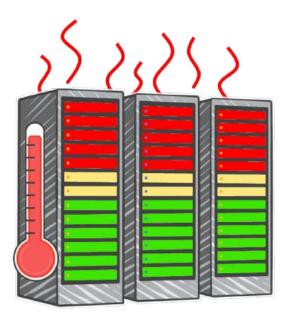


Stop guessing capacity

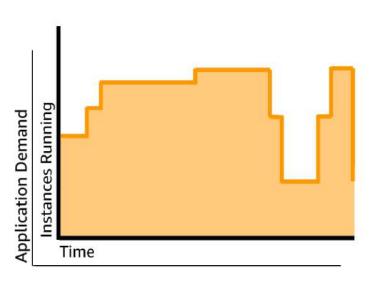




Overestimated server capacity



Underestimated server capacity



Scaling on demand

Increase speed and agility





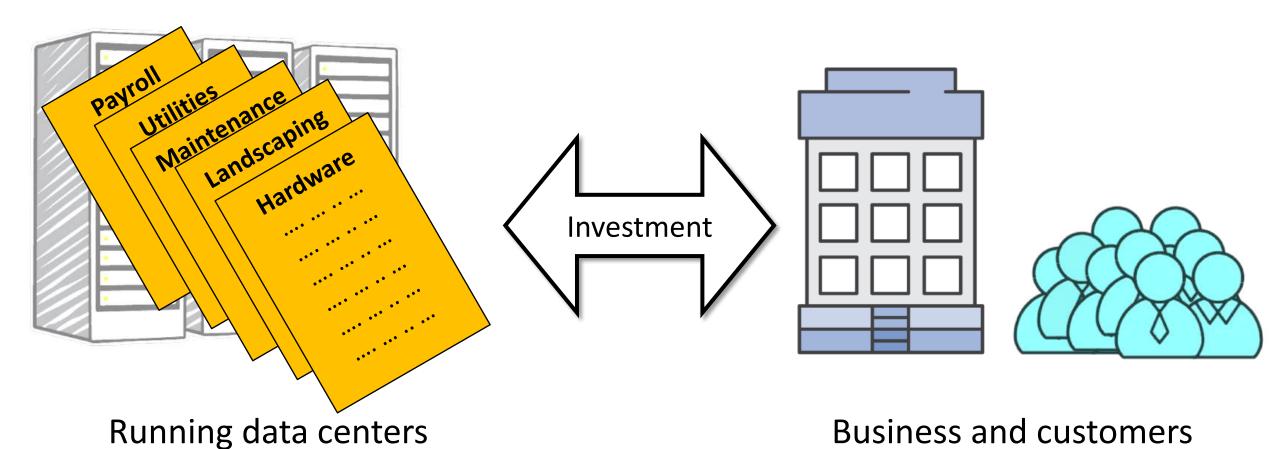
Weeks between wanting resources and having resources



Minutes between wanting resources

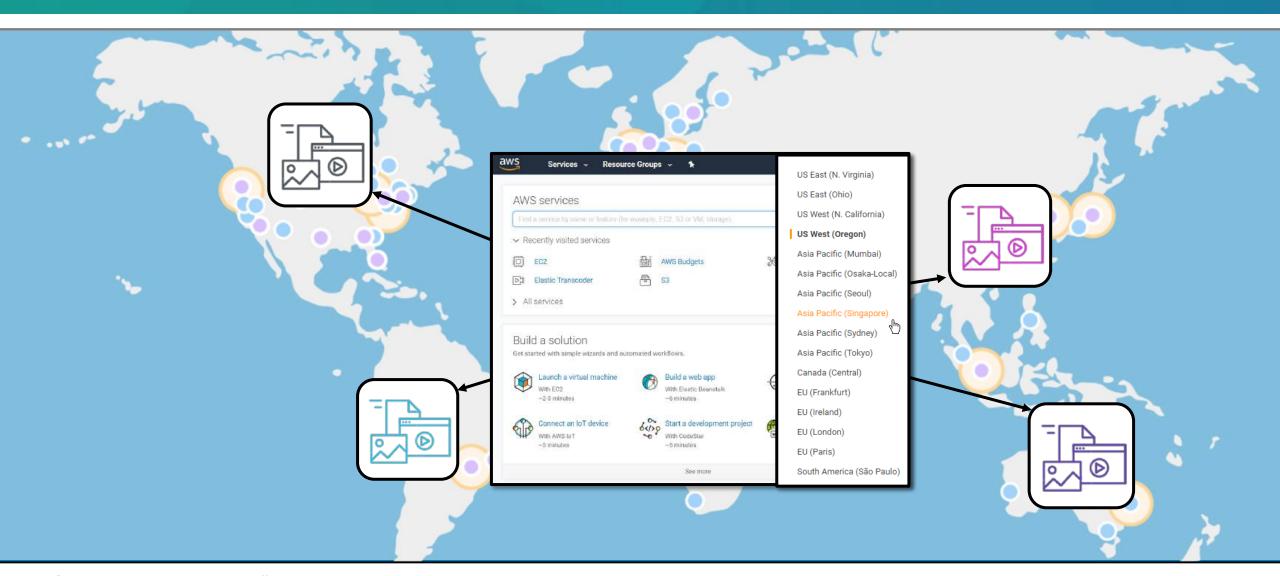
Stop spending money on running and maintaining data centers





Go global in minutes







Section 2 key takeaways



- Trade capital expense for variable expense
- Benefit from massive economies of scale
- Stop guessing capacity
- Increase speed and agility
- Stop spending money on running and maintaining data centers
- Go global in minutes

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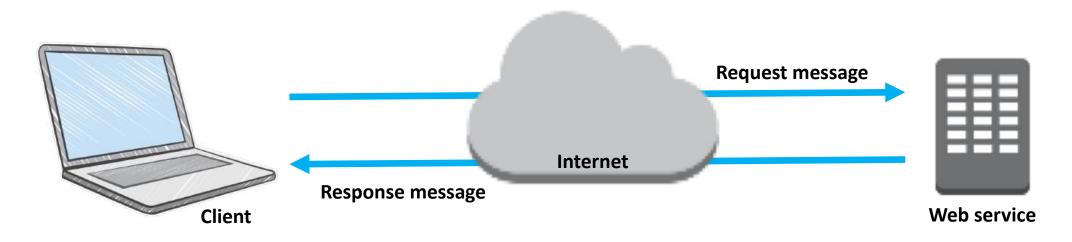
Section 3: Introduction to Amazon Web Services (AWS)



What are web services?



A web service is any piece of software that makes itself available over the internet and uses a standardized format—such as Extensible Markup Language (XML) or JavaScript Object Notation (JSON)—for the request and the response of an application programming interface (API) interaction.



What is AWS?



- AWS is a secure cloud platform that offers a broad set of global cloudbased products.
- AWS provides you with on-demand access to compute, storage, network, database, and other IT resources and management tools.
- AWS offers flexibility.
- You pay only for the individual services you need, for as long as you use them.
- AWS services work together like building blocks.

Categories of AWS services





Analytics



Application Integration



AR and VR



Blockchain



Business Applications



Compute



Cost Management



Customer Engagement



Database



Developer Tools



End User Computing



Game Tech



Internet of Things



Machine Learning



Management and Governance



Media Services



Migration and Transfer



Mobile



Networking and Content Delivery



Robotics



Satellite



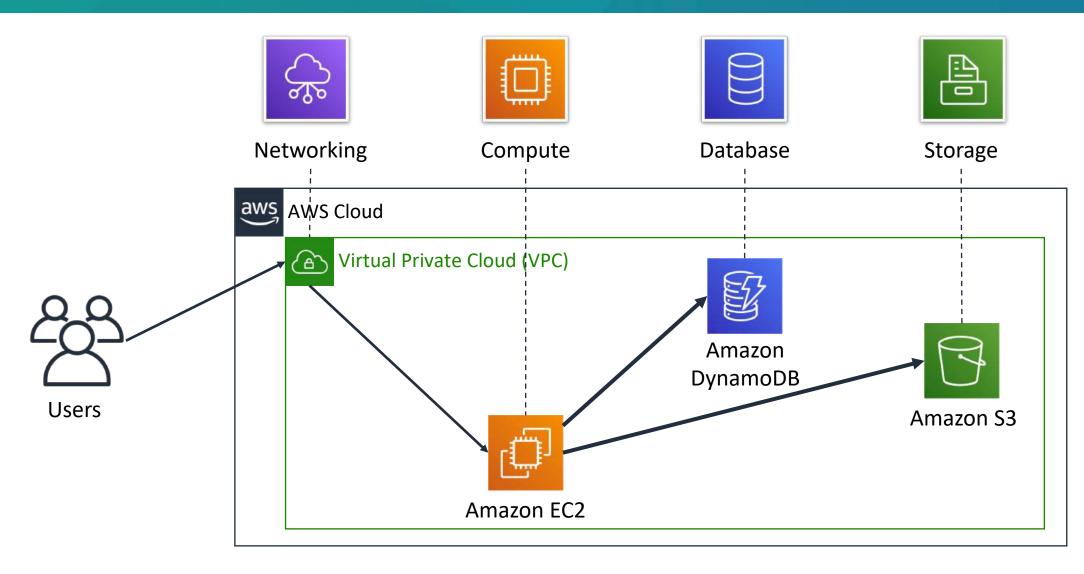
Security, Identity, and Compliance



Storage

Simple solution example





Choosing a service



The service you select depends on your business goals and technology

requirements. **Amazon VMware Cloud** EC2 **AWS** on AWS Lambda **AWS Elastic Amazon ECS** Beanstalk **Amazon EKS Amazon AWS Fargate AWS Outposts** Lightsail **AWS Batch**

Services covered in this course



Compute services –

- Amazon FC2
- AWS Lambda
- **AWS Elastic Beanstalk**
- Amazon EC2 Auto Scaling
- **Amazon ECS**
- **Amazon EKS**
- Amazon ECR
- **AWS Fargate**

Security, Identity, and **Compliance services** –

- **AWS IAM**
- Amazon Cognito
- **AWS Shield**
- AWS Artifact
- **AWS KMS**



Storage services -

- Amazon S3
- Amazon S3 Glacier
- **Amazon EFS**
- **Amazon EBS**



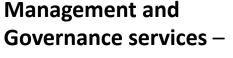
Database services –

- **Amazon RDS**
- Amazon DynamoDB
- Amazon Redshift
- Amazon Aurora



Networking and Content Delivery services –

- Amazon VPC
- Amazon Route 53
- **Amazon CloudFront**
- **Elastic Load Balancing**





- **AWS Trusted Advisor**
- AWS CloudWatch
- AWS CloudTrail
- AWS Well-Architected Tool
- **AWS Auto Scaling**
- **AWS Command Line Interface**
- **AWS Config**
- AWS Management Console
- **AWS Organizations**

AWS Cost Management services –



- AWS Cost & Usage Report
- **AWS Budgets**
- AWS Cost Explorer



Three ways to interact with AWS





AWS Management Console

Easy-to-use graphical interface



Command Line Interface (AWS CLI)

Access to services by discrete commands or scripts



Software Development Kits (SDKs)

Access services directly from your code (such as Java, Python, and others)



Section 3 key takeaways



- AWS is a secure cloud platform that offers a broad set of global cloud-based products called services that are designed to work together.
- There are many categories of AWS services, and each category has many services to choose from.
- Choose a service based on your business goals and technology requirements.
- There are three ways to interact with AWS services.

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Section 4: Moving to the AWS Cloud – The AWS Cloud Adoption Framework (AWS CAF)



AWS Cloud Adoption Framework (AWS CAF)



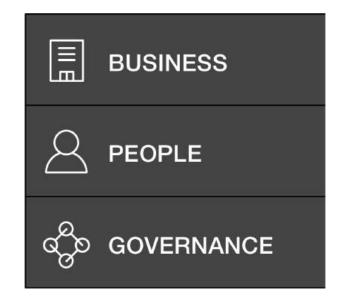


AWS CAF perspectives

- AWS CAF provides guidance and best practices to help organizations build a comprehensive approach to cloud computing across the organization and throughout the IT lifecycle to accelerate successful cloud adoption.
- AWS CAF is organized into six perspectives.
- Perspectives consist of sets of capabilities.

Six core perspectives





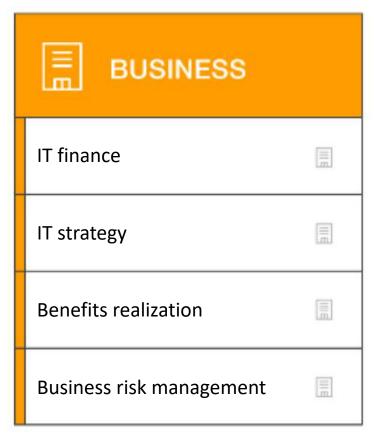
Focus on **business** capabilities



Focus on **technical** capabilities

Business perspective





Business perspective capabilities

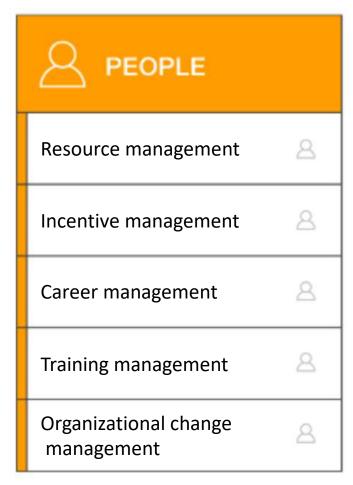
We must ensure that IT is aligned with business needs, and that IT investments can be traced to demonstrable business results.



Business managers, finance managers, budget owners, and strategy stakeholders

People perspective





People perspective capabilities

We must prioritize **training**, **staffing**, **and organizational changes** to build an agile organization.



Human resources, staffing, and people managers

Governance perspective





Governance perspective capabilities

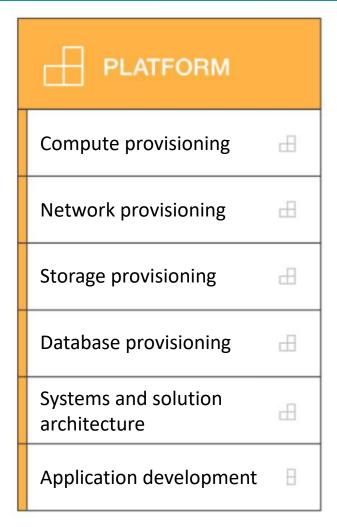
We must ensure that skills and processes align IT strategy and goals with business strategy and goals so the organization can maximize the business value of its IT investment and minimize business risks.



CIO, program managers, enterprise architects, business analysts, and portfolio managers

Platform perspective





We must understand and communicate the nature of IT systems and their relationships. We must be able to describe the architecture of the target state environment in detail.



CTO, IT managers, and solutions architects

Security perspective





We must ensure that the organization meets its security objectives.



CISO, IT security managers, and IT security analysts

Operations perspective





We align with and support the operations of the business, and define how day-to-day, quarter-to-quarter, and year-to-year business will be conducted.



IT operations managers and IT support managers



Section 4 key takeaways



- Cloud adoption is not instantaneous for most organizations and requires a thoughtful, deliberate strategy and alignment across the whole organization.
- The AWS CAF was created to help organizations develop efficient and effective plans for their cloud adoption journey.
- The AWS CAF organizes guidance into six areas of focus, called perspectives.
- Perspectives consist of sets of business or technology capabilities that are the responsibility of key stakeholders.

Module 1: Cloud Concepts Overview

Module wrap-up



Module summary



In summary, in this module you learned how to:

- Define different types of cloud computing models
- Describe six advantages of cloud computing
- Recognize the main AWS service categories and core services
- Review the AWS Cloud Adoption Framework

Complete the knowledge check





Sample exam question



Why is AWS more economical than traditional data centers for a pplications with varying compute workloads?

- A. Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud (Amazon EC2) costs are billed on a monthly basis.
- B. Customers retain full administrative access to their Amazon EC2 instances.
- C. Amazon EC2 instances can be launched on-demand when needed.
- D. Customers can permanently run enough instances to handle peak workloads.

Additional resources



- What is AWS? YouTube video
- Cloud computing with AWS website
- Overview of Amazon Web Services whitepaper
- An Overview of the AWS Cloud Adoption Framework whitepaper
- <u>6 Strategies for Migrating Applications to the Cloud</u> AWS Cloud Enterprise Strategy blog post

Thank You

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