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Jumping on the Clouds: Revisited



by Shafaet

Problem

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Aerith is playing a cloud game! In this game, there are n clouds numbered sequentially from 0 to $n - 1$. Each cloud is either an *ordinary cloud* or a *thundercloud*.

Aerith starts out on cloud 0 with energy level $E = 100$. She can use 1 unit of energy to make a jump of size k to cloud $(i + k) \% n$, and she jumps until she gets back to cloud 0 . If Aerith lands on a thundercloud, her energy (E) decreases by 2 additional units. The game ends when Aerith lands back on cloud 0 .

Given the values of n , k , and the configuration of the clouds, can you determine the final value of E after the game ends?

Note: Recall that $\%$ refers to the [modulo operation](#).

Input Format

The first line contains two space-separated integers, n (the number of clouds) and k (the jump distance), respectively.

The second line contains n space-separated integers describing the respective values of clouds c_0, c_1, \dots, c_{n-1} . Each cloud is described as follows:

- If $c_i = 0$, then cloud i is an *ordinary cloud*.
- If $c_i = 1$, then cloud i is a *thundercloud*.

Constraints

- $2 \leq n \leq 25$
- $1 \leq k \leq n$
- $n \% k = 0$
- $c_i \in \{0, 1\}$

Output Format

Print the final value of E on a new line.

Sample Input

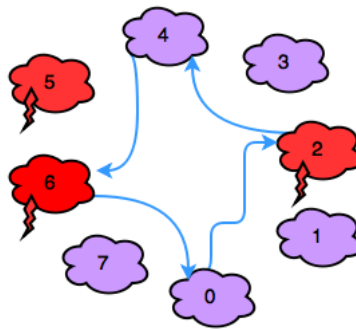
```
8 2
0 0 1 0 0 1 1 0
```

Sample Output

```
92
```

Explanation

In the diagram below, *red* clouds are thunderclouds and *purple* clouds are ordinary clouds:



Observe that our thunderclouds are the clouds numbered **2**, **5**, and **6**. Aerith makes the following sequence of moves:

1. Move: **0** \rightarrow **2**, Energy: $E = 100 - 1 - 2 = 97$.
2. Move: **2** \rightarrow **4**, Energy: $E = 97 - 1 = 96$.
3. Move: **4** \rightarrow **6**, Energy: $E = 96 - 1 - 2 = 93$.
4. Move: **6** \rightarrow **0**, Energy: $E = 93 - 1 = 92$.

Thus, we print **92** as our answer.

Easy

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Current Buffer (saved locally, editable)

C++14



```

1 #include <iostream>
2 #include <vector>
3 #include <algorithm>
4 #include <iterator>
5 #include <cassert>
6 #define speed std::ios_base::sync_with_stdio(false); std::cin.tie(nullptr); std::cout.tie(nullptr)
7
8 int main()
9 {
10     speed;
11     int N; std::cin>>N; //the number of clouds
12     int K; std::cin>>K; //the jump distance
13     assert(2<=N && N<=100);
14
15     std::vector<int> vec; vec.reserve(N);
16     copy_n(std::istream_iterator<int>(std::cin), N, back_inserter(vec));
17

```

```
18     int Energy = 100;
19     for(size_t i=0; i<vec.size(); i += K)
20         (vec[i]==1) ? Energy -= 3: --Energy;
21
22     std::cout << Energy << std::endl;
23     return 0;
24 }
25
```




Line: 25 Col: 1

 [Upload Code as File](#) ☐ Test against custom input

Run Code

Submit Code

Congrats, you solved this challenge!

Challenge your friends:   

✓ Test Case #0

✓ Test Case #1

✓ Test Case #2

✓ Test Case #3

✓ Test Case #4

✓ Test Case #5

✓ Test Case #6

✓ Test Case #7

You've earned 15.00 points.

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