

Maximizing XOR **■**



Problem Submissions Leaderboard Discussions Editorial 🔒 **Topics**

Given two integers, l and r, find the maximal value of a xor b, written $a \oplus b$, where a and b satisfy the following condition:

 $l \leq a \leq b \leq r$

Input Format

The first line contains the integer l. The second line contains the integer r.

Constraints

 $1 \le l \le r \le 10^3$

Output Format

Return the maximal value of the xor operations for all permutations of the integers from $m{l}$ to $m{r}$, inclusive.

Sample Input 0

10 15

Sample Output 0

7

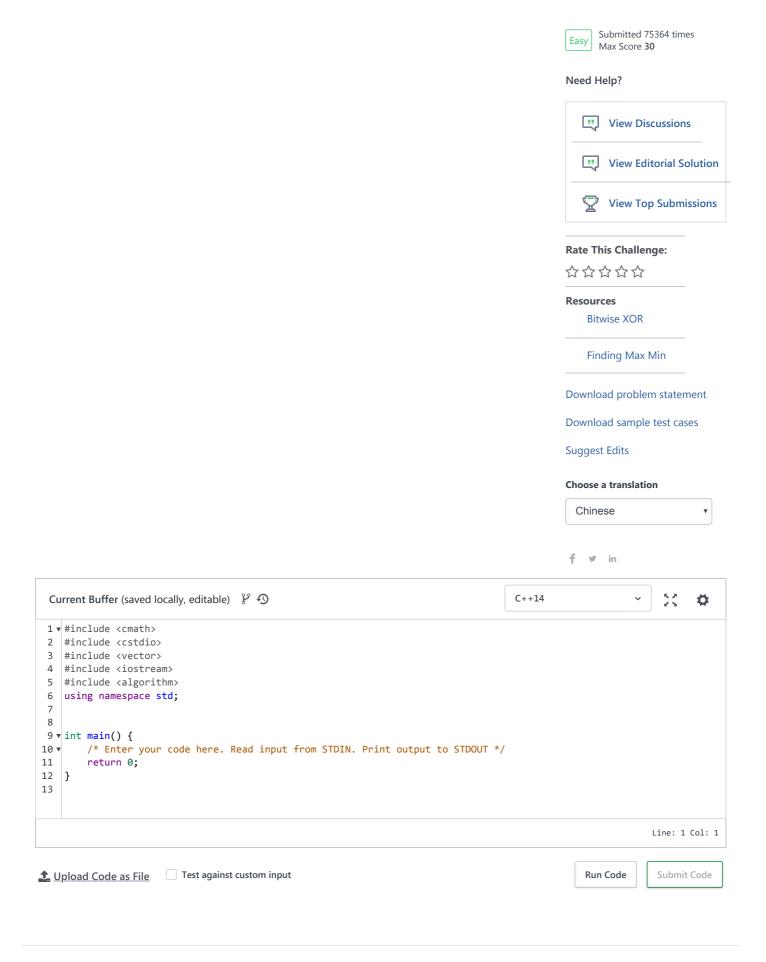
Explanation 0

The input tells us that l=10 and r=15. All the pairs which comply to above condition are the following:

- $10 \oplus 10 = 0$
- $10 \oplus 11 = 1$
- $10 \oplus 12 = 6$
- $10 \oplus 13 = 7$
- $10 \oplus 14 = 4$
- $10 \oplus 15 = 5$
- $11 \oplus 11 = 0$
- $11 \oplus 12 = 7$
- $11 \oplus 13 = 6$
- $11 \oplus 14 = 5$
- $11 \oplus 15 = 4$ $12 \oplus 12 = 0$
- $12 \oplus 13 = 1$ $\mathbf{12} \oplus \mathbf{14} = \mathbf{2}$
- $12 \oplus 15 = 3$
- $13 \oplus 13 = 0$
- $13 \oplus 14 = 3$
- $13 \oplus 15 = 2$
- $14 \oplus 14 = 0$
- $14 \oplus 15 = 1$

$15 \oplus 15 = 0$

Here two pairs (10, 13) and (11, 12) have maximum xor value 7, and this is the answer.



 $Contest\ Calendar |Blog|Scoring|Environment|FAQ|About\ Us|Support|Careers|Terms\ Of\ Service|Privacy\ Policy|Request\ a\ Feature$