HeatHack Data Book

Contents

- Temperature Plots (all venues)
- Relative Humidity Plots (all venues)
- · Comparing sensors our calibration plots
- Temperature against space use

This website shows plots of temperature and relative humidity data for HeatHack's participating venues. To view your data, you'll need your venue number. We don't use venue names, for security.

We are still adding venues who recently had their sensors shipped to them, and getting the automatic transfer of data organised - please bear with us

We will add more types of plots when we have more data coming in.

Data won't be transferred here from ThingSpeak or from our data email instantly. It currently happens once a week but we'll make that more frequent. If you want to see whether you have data coming in right now and you have an internet-connected sensor, you can look at your recent data on ThingSpeak:

• ThingSpeak data plots

If you prefer to plot your data in Excel, you can download your full data here:

Data CSV files

If you any issues, for instance, with the timestamp format, let us know - our Excel handles it natively, but yours may not.

Temperature Plots (all venues)

Choose your venue from the dropdown menu. Then you can use the slider below the plot to explore your data. You can make the data "window" as small or as large as you want, and also slide the entire window to the left or the right. You can also choose a window size to be an hour, a day, a week, or a year using the buttons above the plot.

These plots work best on a large screen. If you can't see the right edge of the plot, try using your browser zoom features to get the full plot. On many browsers, ctrl-+ (holding the control button and the + sign at the same time) will zoom in and ctrl-minus (the control button with the minus sign) will zoom out. Zooming is also available from the browser menus. We are looking at what we can do to facilitate use on other screen sizes.

1 Bug work-around

If you change venue sometimes you will get the new data superimposed on the old data rather than replacing it. If this happens, reload the name

```
# Imports
# Imports import inpwidgets as widgets import pandas as pd import plotly.express as px import plotly.graph_objects as go from IPython.display import display
 # Get the possible data venues
w det the possible data vehicles
venuekeysfile = "venue-keys.csv"
dfVenueKeys = pd.read_csv(venuekeysfile)
dfVenueKeys = dfVenueKeys.dropna(subset=['channel_id'])
#give user option to select their venue
venueDropdown = widgets.Dropdown(
    options=dfVenueKeys['venue_id'],
    value=dfVenueKeys['venue_id'][0],
    description='Venue ID:',
    disabled=False,
 container = widgets.HBox(children=[venueDropdown])
 print(venueDropdown.value)
#Retrieve the venue and begin graphing
dfCollatedDataSet = pd.DataFrame(columns=['timestamp', 'entry_id', 'temperature',
'rh', 'voltage', 'venue_id'])
for index, venueSensorDetails in dfVenueKeys.iterrows():
sensorMacOfSelection = venueSensorDetails['sensor_MAC']
venueOfSelection = str(venueSensorDetails['venue_id'])
dfTempDataSet = pd.read_csv('deviceData'+ "venue_" + venueOfSelection +
"_with_device_" + sensorMacOfSelection + '.csv')
dfTempDataSet['timestamp'] = pd.to_datetime(dfTempDataSet['timestamp'])
dfTempDataSet['venue_id'] = venueSensorDetails['venue_id']
         \tt dfCollatedDataSet = dfCollatedDataSet.append(dfTempDataSet, ignore\_index={\bf True})
dfCollatedDataSet['timestamp'] =
pd.to_datetime(dfCollatedDataSet['timestamp'])
print('Loading data for venue: ', venueSensorDetails['venue_id'])
print('Check')
dfCollatedDataSet.sample(6)
 # Assign an empty figure widget with two traces
trace0 = go.Scatter(customdata=dfCollatedDataSet[dfCollatedDataSet['venue_id'] == 0],
                                        y=dfCollatedDataSet['temperature'],
x = dfCollatedDataSet['timestamp'],
                                        mode='lines',
hoverinfo='all',
name='Temperature',
# )
 g = go.FigureWidget(data=trace0,
                                        #data=[trace0, trace1],
layout = go.Layout(
    yaxis=dict(range=[0,0])
 print("Job Done")
```

```
1
Loading data for venue: 1
Loading data for venue: 2
Loading data for venue: 3
Loading data for venue: 4
Loading data for venue: 6
Loading data for venue: 7
Loading data for venue: 8
Loading data for venue: 9
Loading data for venue: 10
Loading data for venue: 11
```

/tmp/ipykernel_1938/3318412257.py:39: FutureWarning: The frame.append method is deprecated and will be removed from pandas in a future version. Use pandas.concatinstead.

dfCollatedDataSet = dfCollatedDataSet.append(dfTempDataSet, ignore_index=True)
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dfCollatedDataSet = dfCollatedDataSet.append(dfTempDataSet, ignore_index=True)

```
Loading data for venue: 12
Loading data for venue: 13
Loading data for venue: 14
Loading data for venue: 15
Loading data for venue: 16
Loading data for venue: 17
Loading data for venue: 21
Loading data for venue: 99
Check
```

/tmp/ipykernel_1938/3318412257.py:39: FutureWarning: The frame.append method is deprecated and will be removed from pandas in a future version. Use pandas.concat instead

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instead

dfCollatedDataSet = dfCollatedDataSet.append(dfTempDataSet, ignore_index=True)

Job Done

/opt/hostedtoolcache/Python/3.8.14/x64/lib/python3.8/sitepackages/jupyter_client/session.py:718: UserWarning: Message serialization failed with: Out of range float values are not JSON compliant Supporting this message is deprecated in jupyter-client 7, please make sure your message is JSON-compliant

content = self.pack(content)

```
updatemenu = []
buttons = []
 # button with one option for each dataframe
visible=True.
args=['y':
[dfCollatedDataSet[dfCollatedDataSet['venue_id']==venue['venue_id']]
 ['temperature'].values], #,
#dfCollatedDataSet[dfCollatedDataSet['venue_id']==venue['venue_id']]
['rh'].values],
[dfCollatedDataSet[dfCollatedDataSet['venue_id']==venue['venue_id']]
['timestamp'].values],
                                             'type':'scatter',
# 'name': 'Temperature',
                                                        'title.text': 'Temperature for Venue = ' +
str(venue['venue_id']),
                                                        'title.font.color': 'green',
## KDs original for plotting RH and temp on
"" aujusting for data range, temp only "yaxis.range': [dfCollatedDataSet[dfCollatedDataSet[venue_id']==venue['venue_id']] ['temperature'].min()-5,dfCollatedDataSet[dfCollatedDataSet['venue_id']==venue['venue_id']]['temperature'].max()+5], """."
                                                          # fixed, because we get rogue readings on
cheap devices
                                                        'yaxis.range': [0,30],
'yaxis.title.text': 'Temperature',
'xaxis.title.text': 'Timestamp'
                                                  },
],
                                      )
 # some adjustments to the updatemenus
updatemenu = []
your_menu = dict()
updatemenu.append(your_menu)
updatemenu[0]['buttons'] = buttons
updatemenu[0]['direction'] = 'down'
updatemenu[0]['showactive'] = True
# updatemenu[0]['active'] = 0
height=500,
fig.update_layout(
   hovermode='x unified',
   hoverlabel=dict(
      bgcolor="white",
      # font_size=16,
      font_family="Rockwell"
}
# Add range slider
fig.update_layout(
      xaxis=dict(
rangeselector=dict(
buttons=list([
                          dict(
label="All",
step="all"
                         ), dict(count=1,
label="Hour",
step="hour",
stepmode="todate"),
dict(count=1,
label="Daw",
step="day",
stepmode="backward"),
dict(count=7,
label="week",
step="day",
stepmode="backward"),
dict(count=1,
                                  ),
                         dict(count=1,
label="Year",
                                  step="year",
stepmode="backward")
                   ])
              rangeslider=dict(
                    visible=True,
              type="date"
)
#fig.update_yaxes(range=[50, 60])
fig.add_hline(y=16, annotation_text='16C - usual minimum for children',
annotation_font_color="blue", line_color='red', layer='above', line_dash='dash')
# fig.update_yaxes(range = [-5, dfcollatedDataSet['temperature'].max()+5])
fig.show()
```

Relative Humidity Plots (all venues)

Choose your venue from the dropdown menu. Then you can use the slider below the plot to explore your data. You can make the data "window" as small or as large as you want, and also slide the entire window to the left or the right. You can also choose a window size to be an hour, a day, a week, or a year using the buttons above the plot.

These plots work best on a large screen. If you can't see the right edge of the plot, try using your browser zoom features to get the full plot. On many browsers, ctrl-+ (holding the control button and the + sign at the same time) will zoom in and ctrl-minus (the control button with the minus sign) will zoom out. Zooming is also available from the browser menus. We are looking at what we can do to facilitate use on other screen sizes.

1 Bug work-around

If you change venue sometimes you will get the new data superimposed on the old data rather than replacing it. If this happens, reload the page.

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 # Get the possible data venues
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venuekeysfile = "venue-keys.csv"
dfVenueKeys = pd.read_csv(venuekeysfile)
dfVenueKeys = dfVenueKeys.dropna(subset=['channel_id'])
#give user option to select their venue
venueDropdown = widgets.Dropdown(
    options=dfVenueKeys['venue_id'],
    value=dfVenueKeys['venue_id'][0],
    description='Venue ID:',
    disabled=False,
 container = widgets.HBox(children=[venueDropdown])
 print(venueDropdown.value)
#Retrieve the venue and begin graphing
dfCollatedDataSet = pd.DataFrame(columns=['timestamp', 'entry_id', 'temperature',
'rh', 'voltage', 'venue_id'])
for index, venueSensorDetails in dfVenueKeys.iterrows():
sensorMacOfSelection = venueSensorDetails['sensor_MAC']
venueOfSelection = str(venueSensorDetails['venue_id'])
dfTempDataSet = pd.read_csv('deviceData'+ "venue_" + venueOfSelection +
"_with_device_" + sensorMacOfSelection + '.csv')
dfTempDataSet['timestamp'] = pd.to_datetime(dfTempDataSet['timestamp'])
dfTempDataSet['venue_id'] = venueSensorDetails['venue_id']
         \tt dfCollatedDataSet = dfCollatedDataSet.append(dfTempDataSet, ignore\_index={\bf True})
dfCollatedDataSet['timestamp'] =
pd.to_datetime(dfCollatedDataSet['timestamp'])
print('Loading data for venue: ', venueSensorDetails['venue_id'])
print('Check')
dfCollatedDataSet.sample(6)
 # Assign an empty figure widget with two traces
trace0 = go.Scatter(customdata=dfCollatedDataSet[dfCollatedDataSet['venue_id'] == 0],
                                        y=dfCollatedDataSet['rh'],
x = dfCollatedDataSet['timestamp'],
                                        mode='lines',
hoverinfo='all',
                                        name='RH',
# )
 g = go.FigureWidget(data=trace0,
                                       #data=[trace0, trace1],
layout = go.Layout(
    yaxis=dict(range=[0,0])
 print("Job Done")
```

```
Loading data for venue:
```

/tmp/ipykernel_1908/3757134659.py:39: FutureWarning: The frame.append method is deprecated and will be removed from pandas in a future version. Use pandas.concat

dfCollatedDataSet = dfCollatedDataSet.append(dfTempDataSet, ignore_index=True)
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dfCollatedDataSet = dfCollatedDataSet.append(dfTempDataSet, ignore_index=True)

```
Loading data for venue: 12
Loading data for venue:
Loading data for venue:
Loading data for venue:
                                       15
Loading data for venue:
                                      16
Loading data for venue:
Loading data for venue:
Loading data for venue:
Check
```

Job Done

/opt/hostedtoolcache/Python/3.8.14/x64/lib/python3.8/sitepackages/jupyter client/session.pv:718: UserWarning: Message serialization failed

Out of range float values are not JSON compliant
Supporting this message is deprecated in jupyter-client 7, please make sure your message is JSON-compliant

content = self.pack(content)

```
updatemenu = []
 buttons = []
 # button with one option for each dataframe
 | visible-Irue, args=['y': |
|dfcollatedDataSet[dfcollatedDataSet['venue_id']==venue['venue_id']]
|'rh'].values], #,
 #dfCollatedDataSet[dfCollatedDataSet['venue_id']==venue['venue_id']]
'x':
[dfCollatedDataSet[dfCollatedDataSet['venue_id']==venue['venue_id']]
['timestamp'].values],
   'timestamp'].values],
                                     'type':'scatter',
# 'name': 'Temperature',
                                               'title.text': 'RH for Venue = ' +
 str(venue['venue_id']),
'title.font.color': 'green',
                                               # fixed, because we get rogue readings on cheap
 devices
                                               'yaxis.range': [0,100],
'yaxis.title.text': 'RH',
'xaxis.title.text': 'Timestamp'
                                )
 # some adjustments to the updatemenus
updatemenu = []
your_menu = dict()
updatemenu.append(your_menu)
updatemenu[0]['buttons'] = buttons
updatemenu[0]['direction'] = 'down'
updatemenu[0]['showactive'] = True
# updatemenu[0]['active'] = 0
width=1000,
height=500,
 )
fig.update_layout(
    hovermode='x unified',
    hoverlabel=dict(
           bgcolor="white",
# font_size=16,
           font_family="Rockwell"
 buttons=list([
dict(
label="All",
                             step="all"
                                           dict(count=1,
                            label="Hour",
                      step="hour",
stepmode="todate"),
dict(count=1,
label="Day",
                             step="day",
stepmode="backward"),
                      dict(count=7,
    label="Week",
    step="day",
    stepmode="backward"),
                      dict(count=1,
label="Year",
                            step="year",
stepmode="backward")
                ])
           rangeslider=dict(
                 visible=True
           type="date"
 )
 #fig.update_yaxes(range=[50, 60])
 #fig.add_hline(y=16, annotation_text='16C - usual minimum for children',
annotation_font_color="blue", line_color='red', layer='above', line_dash='dash')
# fig.update_yaxes(range = [-5, dfCollatedDataSet['temperature'].max()+5])
 fig.show()
```

Comparing sensors - our calibration plots

These are cheap sensors, and before we send out the thermal monitors we try to remember to test them against a set of monitors plus a few commercial loggers that use a different kind of sensor. We do the testing in batches of around 10 thermal monitors, sometimes with Lascar EL-WIN-USB loggers alongside, and try to vary the temperature and relative humidity as best we can without dedicating lots of time to it. We don't send out any sensors that perform particularly badly.

You may be able to see how your sensor performed here. Sensor id is the same as venue id with the following exceptions:

- venue 4 has sensor 8
- venue 99 has sensor 4

Sensors 11-17

If you view the data, please read more about the process and its limitations. Lascars aren't designed to respond as quickly to change as the thermal monitor and our test conditions change more rapidly than buildings do. The RH readings are only intended to be accurate in the 20-80% RH range. In the plots, lines can be turned on and off by clicking on them in the legend. Also try double-clicking.

HeatHack Blog Post about the tests

Relative Humidity

```
import plotly.graph_objects as go
import pandas as pd
df = pd.read_csv("sensors-11-17.csv")
df["timestamp"] = pd.to_datetime(df['timestamp'])
RHtrace12 = go.Scatter(customdata=df,
y=df['h12'],
x = df['timestamp'],
mode='lines',
hoverinfo='all',
                                      name='12',
 RHtrace13 = go.Scatter(customdata=df,
                                     y=df['h13'],
x = df['timestamp'],
mode='lines',
hoverinfo='all',
                                      name='13',
 RHtrace14 = go.Scatter(customdata=df,
                                     y=df['h14'],

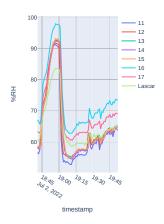
x = df['timestamp'],

mode='lines',

hoverinfo='all',
                                      name='14',
)
RHtrace16 = go.Scatter(customdata=df,
                                     ter(customdata=df,
y=df['h16'],
x = df['timestamp'],
mode='lines',
hoverinfo='all',
name='16',
 )
RHtrace17 = go.Scatter(customdata=df,
                                     ter(customdata=df,
  y=df['h17'],
  x = df['timestamp'],
  mode='lines',
  hoverinfo='all',
  name='17',
RHtraceLascar = go.Scatter(customdata=df,
	y=df['tascar-RH'],
	x = df['timestamp'],
	mode='lines',
	hoverinfo='all',
	name='Lascar',
g = go.FigureWidget(data=[RHtrace11, RHtrace12, RHtrace13, RHtrace14, RHtrace15,
RHtrace16, RHtrace17, RHtracelascar])
g.layout.title = 'RH readings - sensors 11 to 17'
g.layout.xaxis.title= 'timestamp'
g.layout.yaxis.title= "%RH"
 fig = go.Figure(g)
 fig.show()
```

© Q + ■ ■ × # ■

RH readings - sensors 11 to 17



```
temptrace11 = go.Scatter(customdata=df,
                                  y=df['t11'],
x = df['timestamp'],
mode='lines',
hoverinfo='all',
                                   name='11',
temptrace12 = go.Scatter(customdata=df,
                                  y=df['t12'],

x = df['timestamp'],

mode='lines',

hoverinfo='all',
                                   name='12',
temptrace14 = go.Scatter(customdata=df,
                                  atter(customoata=dr,
y=df['t14'],
x = df['timestamp'],
mode='lines',
hoverinfo='all',
name='14',
temptrace16 = go.Scatter(customdata=df,
	y=df['t16'],
	x = df['timestamp'],
	mode='lines',
	hoverinfo='all',
	name='16',
temptraceLascar = go.Scatter(customdata=df,
                                 y=df['Lascar-temp'],

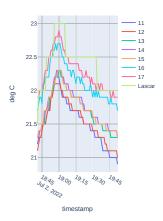
x = df['timestamp'],

mode='lines',

hoverinfo='all',

name='Lascar',
g = go.FigureWidget(data=[temptrace11, temptrace12, temptrace13, temptrace14,
temptrace15, temptrace16, temptrace17,temptraceLascar])
g.layout.title = 'Temperature readings - sensors 11 to 17'
g.layout.xaxis.title= 'timestamp'
g.layout.yaxis.title = "deg C"
fig = go.Figure(g)
fig.show()
```

Temperature readings - sensors 11 to 17



Sensors 18-24

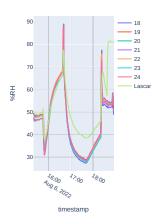
If you view the data, please read more about the process and its limitations. Lascars aren't designed to respond as quickly to change as the thermal monitor and our test conditions change more rapidly than buildings do. The RH readings are only intended to be accurate in the 20-80% RH range. In the plots, lines can be turned on and off by clicking on them in the legend. Also try double-clicking.

HeatHack Blog Post about the tests

Relative Humidity

```
import plotly.graph_objects as go
import pandas as pd
df = pd.read_csv("sensors-18-24.csv")
df["timestamp"] = pd.to_datetime(df['timestamp'])
RHtrace19 = go.Scatter(customdata=df,
y=df['h19'],
x = df['timestamp'],
mode='lines',
hoverinfo='all',
                                       name='19',
 RHtrace20 = go.Scatter(customdata=df,
                                      y=df['h20'],
x = df['timestamp'],
mode='lines',
hoverinfo='all',
                                        name='20',
 RHtrace21 = go.Scatter(customdata=df,
                                      y=df['h21'],
x = df['timestamp'],
mode='lines',
hoverinfo='all',
                                        name='21',
)
RHtrace23 = go.Scatter(customdata=df,
                                       ter(customdata=df,
y=df['h23'],
x = df['timestamp'],
mode='lines',
hoverinfo='all',
name='23',
 )
RHtrace24 = go.Scatter(customdata=df,
                                      ter(customdata=df,
  y=df['h24'],
  y= df['timestamp'],
  mode='lines',
  hoverinfo='all',
  name='24',
RHtraceLascar = go.Scatter(customdata=df,
	y=df['tascar-RH'],
	x = df['timestamp'],
	mode='lines',
	hoverinfo='all',
	name='Lascar',
g = go.FigureWidget(data=[RHtrace18, RHtrace19, RHtrace20, RHtrace21, RHtrace23, RHtrace24, RHtrace24, RHtrace24, RHtrace23, RHtrace24, RHtrace24, RHtrace25, g.layout.title = 'RH readings - sensors 18 to 24' g.layout.xaxis.title = 'timestamp' g.layout.yaxis.title = '%RH"
 fig = go.Figure(g)
 fig.show()
```

RH readings - sensors 18 to 24



Temperature

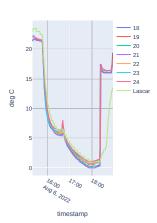
```
temptrace18 = go.Scatter(customdata=df,
                             y=df['t18'],
x = df['timestamp'],
mode='lines',
hoverinfo='all',
                             name='18',
temptrace19 = go.Scatter(customdata=df,
                             y=df['t19'],

x = df['timestamp'],

mode='lines',

hoverinfo='all',
                              name='19',
temptrace21 = go.Scatter(customdata=df,
                             atter(customoata=dr,
y=df['t21'],
x = df['timestamp'],
mode='lines',
hoverinfo='all',
name='21',
temptraceLascar = go.Scatter(customdata=df,
                             y=df['Lascar-temp'],
x = df['timestamp'],
mode='lines',
hoverinfo='all',
                              name='Lascar',
g = go.FigureWidget(data=[temptrace18, temptrace19, temptrace20, temptrace21, temptrace22, temptrace23, temptrace24, temptrace13, temptrace21, g.layout.title = 'Temperature readings - sensors 18 to 24' g.layout.xaxis.title= 'timestamp' g.layout.yaxis.title = "deg C"
fig = go.Figure(g)
fig.show()
```

Temperature readings - sensors 18 to 24



Sensors 1, 2, 10, 25-27

If you view the data, please read more about the process and its limitations. Lascars aren't designed to respond as quickly to change as the thermal monitor and our test conditions change more rapidly than buildings do. The RH readings are only intended to be accurate in the 20-80% RH range. In the plots, lines can be turned on and off by clicking on them in the legend. Also try double-clicking.

HeatHack Blog Post about the tests

Relative Humidity

```
import plotly.graph_objects as go
import pandas as pd
df = pd.read_csv("sensors-1-2-10-25-26-27.csv")
df["timestamp"] = pd.to_datetime(df['timestamp'])
RHtrace1 = go.Scatter(customdata=df,
                             y=df['h1'],

x = df['timestamp'],

mode='lines',

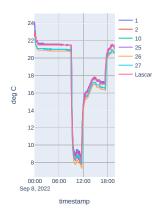
hoverinfo='all',
                             name='1',
)
RHtrace25 = go.Scatter(customdata=df,
                             ter(customdata=df,
  y=df['h25'],
  x = df['timestamp'],
  mode='lines',
  hoverinfo='all',
  name='25',
RHtraceLascar = go.Scatter(customdata=df,
y=df['Lascar-RH'],
x = df['timestamp'],
mode='lines',
hoverinfo='all',
name='Lascar',
g=go.FigureWidget(data=[RHtrace1, RHtrace2, RHtrace10, RHtrace25, RHtrace26, RHtrace27, RHtrace1ascar]) g.layout.title = 'RH readings - sensors 1, 2, 10, 25-27' g.layout.xaxis.title= 'timestamp' g.layout.xaxis.title= 'mxRH''
fig = go.Figure(g)
fig.show()
```

RH readings - sensors 1, 2, 10, 25-27



Temperature

Temperature readings - sensors 1, 2, 10, 25



Temperature against space use

We are currently testing an experimental feature showing when the venue is in use. To see it, choose venue 99.

```
# Imports
import ipywidgets as widgets
import pandas as pd
import plotly.express as px
import plotly.graph_objects as go
import os
from IPython.display import display
# Get the possible data venues
w det the possible data vehicles
venuekeysfile = "venue-keys.csv"
dfVenueKeys = pd.read_csv(venuekeysfile)
dfVenueKeys = dfVenueKeys.dropna(subset=['channel_id'])
#give user option to select their venue
venueDropdown = widgets.Dropdown(
    options=dfVenueKeys['venue_id'],
    value=dfVenueKeys['venue_id'][0],
    description='Venue ID:',
    disabled=False,
container = widgets.HBox(children=[venueDropdown])
#print(venueDropdown.value)
#Retrieve the venue and begin graphing
dfCollatedDataSet = pd.DataFrame(columns=['timestamp', 'entry_id', 'temperature',
'rh', 'voltage', 'venue_id'])
dfCollatedUseDiaries = pd.DataFrame(columns=['start', 'end', 'entry_id',
'venue_id'])
for index, venueSensorDetails in dfVenueKeys.iterrows():
sensorMacOfSelection = venueSensorDetails['sensor_MAC']
venueOfSelection = str(venueSensorDetails['venue_id'])
dfTempDataSet = pd.read_csv('deviceData/'+ "venue_" + venueOfSelection +
"_with_device_" + sensorMacOfSelection + '.csv')
      dfTempDataSet['timestamp'] = pd.to_datetime(dfTempDataSet['timestamp'])
dfTempDataSet['venue_id'] = venueSensorDetails['venue_id']
       #dfCollatedDataSet = dfCollatedDataSet.append(dfTempDataSet,
ignore_index=True)
    dfCollatedDataSet = pd.concat([dfCollatedDataSet, dfTempDataSet])
#should already be datetimes - why is this here?
dfCollatedDataSet['timestamp'] =
pd.to_datetime(dfCollatedDataSet['timestamp'])
       if os.path.exists('useDiaries/'+ "venue_" + venueOfSelection + "_with_device_"
+ sensorMacOfSelection + '.csv'):
    dflseblary = pd.read_csv('useDiaries/'+ "venue_" + venueOfSelection +
"_with_device_" + sensorMacOfSelection + '.csv')
              dfUseDiary['start'] = pd.to_datetime(dfUseDiary['startUse'])
dfUseDiary['end'] = pd.to_datetime(dfUseDiary['endUse'])
dfUseDiary['venue_id'] = venueSensorDetails['venue_id']
              #dfCollatedUseDiaries = dfCollatedUseDiaries.append(dfUseDiary,
ignore_index=True)
dfCollatedUseDiaries = pd.concat([dfCollatedUseDiaries, dfUseDiary])
              #should already be datetimes - why is this here?

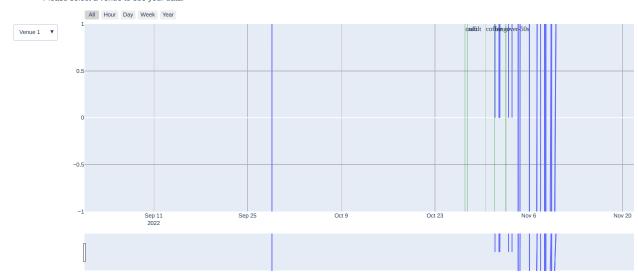
dfCollatedUseDiaries['start'] = pd.to_datetime(dfUseDiary['start'])

dfCollatedUseDiaries['end'] = pd.to_datetime(dfUseDiary['end'])
       #print('Loading data for venue: ', venueSensorDetails['venue_id'])
#nrint('Check')
#dfCollatedDataSet.sample(6)
" nasign an emply rigure widget with two traces trace0 = go.Scatter(customdata=dfCollatedDataSet[dfCollatedDataSet['venue_id'] == 0],
                                  y=dfCollatedDataSet['temperature'],
                                  y-distributedataSet['timestamp'],
mode='lines',
hoverinfo='all',
                                  name='Temperature'.
# trace1 = go.Scatter(customdata=dfCollatedDataSet[dfCollatedDataSet['venue id']
== 0],
                                     y=dfCollatedDataSet['rh'],
x = dfCollatedDataSet['timestamp'],
#
#
#
#
#)
                                     mode='lines'
                                     hoverinfo='all',
name='Relative Humidity',
g = go.FigureWidget(data=[trace0], #, trace1],
                                  layout = go.Layout(
yaxis=dict(range=[0,0])
#print("Job Done")
```

```
/opt/hostedtoolcache/Python/3.8.14/x64/lib/python3.8/site-
packages/jupyter_client/session.py:718: UserWarning: Message serialization failed
with:
Out of range float values are not JSON compliant
Supporting this message is deprecated in jupyter-client 7, please make sure your
message is JSON-compliant
content = self.pack(content)
```

```
updatemenu = []
buttons = []
 # button with one option for each dataframe
args=[{'y':
[dfCollatedDataSet[dfCollatedDataSet['venue_id']==venue['venue_id']]
['temperature'].values], #,
#dfCollatedDataSet[dfCollatedDataSet['venue_id']==venue['venue_id']]
['rh'].values],
'x':
[dfCollatedDataSet[dfCollatedDataSet['venue_id']==venue['venue_id']]
['timestamp'].values],
     timestamp'].values],
                                                    'type':'scatter',
# 'name': 'Temperature',
                                                                 'title.text': 'Temperature for Venue = ' +
str(venue['venue_id']),
                                                                 'title.font.color': 'green',
'title.font.color': 'green',
    #'yaxis.range':
[-5,dfCollatedDataSet[dfCollatedDataSet['venue_id']==venue['venue_id']]
[['temperature', 'rh']].max().max()+5],
    yaxis.range':
[dfCollatedDataSet[dfCollatedDataSet['venue_id']==venue['venue_id']]
['temperature'].min()-10,dfCollatedDataSet[dfCollatedDataSet['venue_id']==venue['venue_id']]
['temperature'].max()+5],
    'yaxis.title.text': 'Temperature',
    'xaxis.title.text': 'Timestamp'
                                                          },
],
 # some adjustments to the updatemenus
# some aujustments to an updatemenu = []
your_menu = dict()
updatemenu.append(your_menu)
updatemenu[0]['buttons'] = buttons
updatemenu[0]['direction'] = 'down'
updatemenu[0]['showactive'] = True
# updatemenu[0]['active'] = θ
width=1500,
height=700,
)
fig.update_layout(
  hovermode='x unified',
  hoverlabel=dict(
    bgcolor="white",
    # font_size=16,
    font_family="Rockwell"
# Add range slider
fig.update_layout(
        xaxis=dict(
               rangeselector=dict(
buttons=list([
                            dict(
label="All",
step="all"
                                                           dict(count=1,
                                       label="Hour",
                                       step="hour",
stepmode="todate"),
                              dict(count=1,
label="Day",
step="day",
stepmode="backward"),
                             stepmode="backward"),
dict(count=7,
label="Week",
step="day",
stepmode="backward"),
dict(count=1,
label="Year",
step="year",
stepmode="backward")
                       ])
                rangeslider=dict(
               type="date"
)
#fig.update_yaxes(range=[50, 60])
fig.add_hline(y=16, annotation_text='16C - usual minimum for children',
annotation_font_color="blue", line_color='red', layer='above', line_dash='dash')
# fig.update_yaxes(range = [-5, dfCollatedDataSet['temperature'].max()+5])
for ind in dfCollatedUseDiaries.index:
    #print(dfCollatedUseDiaries['start'][ind])
    #print(dfCollatedUseDiaries['end'][ind])
         fig.add_vrect(x0=dfCollatedUseDiaries['start'][ind],
x1=dfCollatedUseDiaries['end'][ind],
annotation_text=dfCollatedUseDiaries['label'][ind],
annotation_position="top left",
```

Please select a venue to see your data.



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