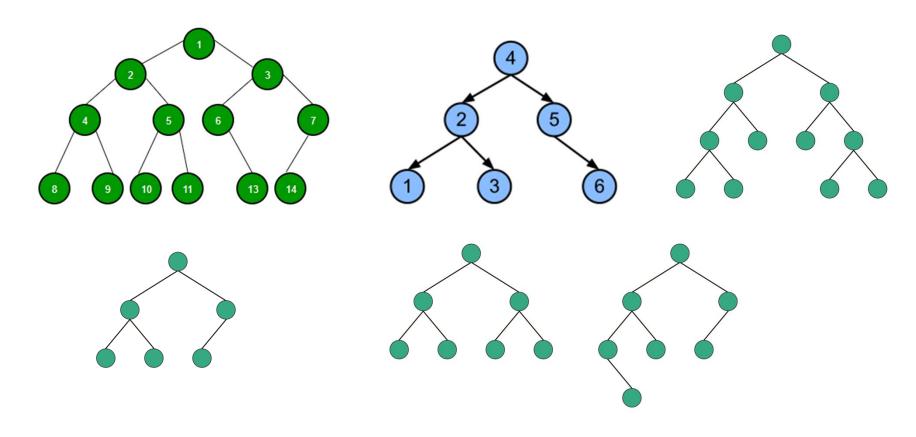


For each node the numbers of nodes in its left and right subtrees differ by at most 1



Apakah tree2 di bawah ini adalah PBT, sesuai dengan definisi di atas ? Berikan alasannya





The rule of equal distribution:

- 1. Use one node for the root
- 2. Generate the left subtree with nl = n div 2 nodes in this way
- 3. Generate the right subtree with nr = n-nl-1 nodes in this way

```
Program BuildTree(input,output)
                                                                      BANGSA
         ref = \uparrow node;
Type
                                                                      Veritas vos liberabit
         node = record key : integer ;
                            left, right : ref
                  end;
Var n : integer ; root : ref ;
Function tree(n:integer) : ref;
Var newnode : ref ;
    x,nl,nr:integer;
Begin
   if n = 0 then tree := nil else
   begin nl := n div 2 ; nr := n-nl-1 ;
     read(x); new(newnode);
     with newnode个 do begin key:= x ; left := tree(nl) ; right := tree(nr); end ;
     tree := newnode
   end;
End;
```

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```
Procedure PrintTree(t:ref; h : integer) ;
Var I : integer ;
Begin
   if t <> nil then
     with t↑ do
     begin PrintTree(left, h+1);
         for i := 1 to h do write(' ');
         writeln(key);
         PrintTree(right,h+1)
     end
End;
Begin
   read(n); root := Tree(n); PrintTree(root,0);
End.
```



Latihan: Diberikan data-data berikut, gambarkan tree yang terbentuk jika dari main program yang dijalankan 2 statement pertama, yaitu:

```
read(n); root := Tree(n);
```

- 1. 3, 5,4,6
- 2. 6,3,4,1,7,5,3



Latihan: Dari tree hasil latihan sebelumnya, jalankan perintah ketiga dari main program, yaitu:

PrintTree(root,0);

Tuliskan tampilannya