Dulaglutide (Trulicity®)



What is dulaglutide used for?

Dulaglutide is a medication that is used to treat diabetes and obesity in people 12 years old and older. It has been approved by the Food and Drug Administration (FDA).

How does it work?

Dulaglutide works by copying the actions of a hormone called glucagon-like peptide-1 (GLP-1). This helps to lower appetite (feelings of hunger) and increase metabolism. Metabolism is the chemical reactions in the body's cells that help change food into energy. The medicine works in three different ways:

- 1. It works on the part of the brain that makes us feel hungry and it makes us feel a little bit less hungry.
- 2. It works by keeping the stomach full for longer by emptying the stomach more slowly. This makes us feel less hungry because our stomach is actually still full.
- 3. It works on the pancreas, the organ that makes insulin. It helps the pancreas to secrete a little bit more insulin. This helps to manage blood sugars and use energy faster.

What are the potential side effects?

The person prescribing dulaglutide should discuss the side effects with you. We have included a summary of these potential side effects below. Please let us know if there are any additional questions or if you would like to discuss further.

The most common side effects of dulaglutide are:

- stomach upset
- nausea
- vomiting (throwing up)
- decreased appetite
- indigestion (pain or discomfort in the stomach after eating)
- constipation (hard to poop or not often enough)

If this happens, it may help to:

- Eat smaller meals and eat slower.
 - Eat about half of what you usually eat
 - Take about 15 20 minutes to eat your meal
- Take dulaglutide with food to help decrease stomach upset.
- Eat small meals or snacks throughout the day instead of one large meal.
- Add fruits, vegetables, whole grains and lean proteins to meals and snacks
- Limit foods that are spicy, greasy or fried
- Limit packaged snacks like cookies, chips, cakes, doughnuts, ice cream
- Drink water instead of sweet drinks like soda, lemonade, sports drinks
- Avoid alcohol
- Pay attention to how you are feeling when you eat. When you feel full, stop eating. This will
 give your stomach time to empty.
- Usually, the nausea goes away. If it doesn't, please call us. We can help find ways to decrease nausea.

Endocrinology

Will dulaglutide lower my blood sugar?

Although uncommon, your blood sugar may be low after taking dulaglutide. If you are taking insulin, the medical team may need to change your dose when you start dulaglutide. Let the medical team know if you are taking insulin.

Here are some signs of low blood sugar:

- feeling lightheaded
- shaky
- hungry
- weak
- anxious
- confused
- sweaty

Are there any other risks to this medication?

The risk of pancreatitis (inflammation of the pancreas) has been rarely associated with dulaglutide. If you have had pancreatitis in the past, dulaglutide may not be the right medication for you. Notify the doctor is you have any history of problems with your pancreas.

Symptoms of pancreatitis include:

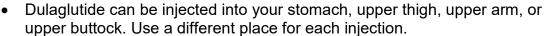
- pain in your upper stomach area which may travel to your back and may be worse after eating
- stomach area may be tender to the touch
- vomiting, nausea, and/or fever

Dulaglutide has been associated with thyroid cancer in animal studies. You should not use dulaglutide if:

- 1. you have a history of certain types of thyroid cancers or
- 2. if you have a family history of Multiple Endocrine Neoplasia (MEN) syndrome

How should I take this medication?

- Dulaglutide is taken one time each week.
- Start with 0.25 mg injection; use this strength once a week for 4 weeks. If you tolerate it well, you can increase to 0.5 mg once a week for 4 weeks. Stay at this dose for 4 weeks. Then increase to 1 mg once a week.



Make sure to count to 5 very S-L-O-W-L-Y while you are injecting dulaglutide. Your body only
needs a very tiny amount of the medication. You will notice only a tiny amount coming out of
the needle.



^{**}If you notice these signs, please have something to eat or drink and call the doctor.

^{**}If you develop any of these symptoms, stop the dulaglutide and contact your doctor. They will do a blood test to check for pancreatitis.

^{**}Notify your doctor if you develop a lump on your neck, hoarseness (unusual change in your voice), difficulty swallowing or breathing.

• You should also count to 5 slowly when you are taking out the needle from your skin. By doing this, you are making sure that your body has gotten all the medication.

How much dulaglutide do I take?

To reduce the side effects, it is recommended to **slowly increase** the dose of dulaglutide until you reach your goal dose.

To start:

Give 0.75 m	a dulaqlutide	once each week for 4 weeks. Start:	
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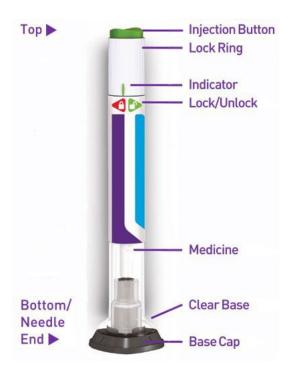
Then give 1.5 mg dulaglutide once each week for 4 weeks. Start: _____

Then give 3.0 mg dulaglutide once each week for 4 weeks. Start:

Then give 4.5 mg dulaglutide **once each week.** This is the final dose. Continue this dose until you see the doctor next. **Start:** _____

How do I store Dulaglutide?

Dulaglutide can be kept at room temperature for 14 days. It can be stored in the refrigerator until the expiration date. Do not freeze dulagltuide or leave the pen in high temperatures above 86 degrees Fahrenheit.





Who do I call if I have questions or concerns?

323-361-4606
Monday – Friday, 8:30 a.m. to 4:30 p.m.
Call 323-361-2403, ask for the endocrinologist on call
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