20MCA241 DATA SCIENCE LAB

Lab Report SubmittedBy

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In Partial fulfillment for the Award of the Degree Of

MASTER OF COMPUTER APPLICATIONS (2 Year) (MCA) APJ ABDUL KALAM TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY

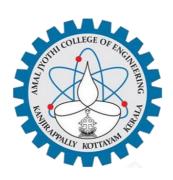


AMAL JYOTHI COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING KANJIRAPPALLY

[Affiliated to APJ Abdul Kalam Technological University, Kerala. Approved by AICTE, Accredited by NAAC with 'A' grade. Koovappally, Kanjirappally, Kottayam, Kerala – 686518]

2020-2022

DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER APPLICATIONS AMAL JYOTHI COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING KANJIRAPPALLY



CERTIFICATE

This is to certify that the Lab report, "20MCA241 DATA SCIENCE LAB" is the bonafide work of JEENA MATHEW (Reg.No:AJC20MCA-2042) in partial fulfillment of the requirements for the award of the Degree of Master of Computer Applications under APJ Abdul Kalam Technological University during the year 2021-22.

Ms. Nimmy Francis

Lab In-Charge

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DATE:24/11/2021

AIM: PERFORM ALL MATRIX OPERATIONS USING PYTHON [USING NUMPY]

```
import numpy as np
x = np.array([[4, 3], [12, 6]])
y = np.array([[14, 5], [8, 10]])
print ("Addition of two matrices: ")
print (np.add(x,y))
print ("Subtraction of two matrices : ")
print (np.subtract(x,y))
print ("Matrix Division : ")
print (np.divide(x,y))
print ("Multiplication of two matrices: ")
print (np.multiply(x,y))
print ("The product of two matrices : ")
print (np.dot(x,y))
print ("square root is : ")
print (np.sqrt(x))
print ("The summation of elements : ")
print (np.sum(y))
print ("The column wise summation : ")
print (np.sum(y,axis=0))
print ("The row wise summation: ")
print (np.sum(y,axis=1))
print ("Matrix transposition : ")
print (x.T)
```

```
C:\Users\ajcemca\PycharmProjects\pythonProject\venv\Scripts\python.exe
Addition of two matrices:
[[18 8]
[20 16]]
Subtraction of two matrices :
[[-10 -2]
[ 4 -4]]
Matrix Division :
[[0.28571429 0.6
[1.5
       0.6
Multiplication of two matrices:
[[56 15]
[96 60]]
The product of two matrices :
[[ 80 50]
[216 120]]
square root is :
[[2.
       1.73205081]
[3.46410162 2.44948974]]
The summation of elements :
37
The column wise summation :
[22 15]
```

```
The column wise summation :
[22 15]
The row wise summation:
[19 18]
Matrix transposition :
[[ 4 12]
  [ 3 6]]
Process finished with exit code 0
```

DATE: 01/12/2021

PROGRAM NO: 2

AIM: PERFORM SVD (SINGULAR VALUE DECOMPOSITION)

PROGRAM

```
from numpy import array

from scipy.linalg import svd

A= array([[6,5,2,4,5], [8,1,3,7,8], [4,2,7,10,9], [4,8,7,3,2], [9,10,7,1,5]])

print(A)

X, Y, Z = svd(A)

print("\nDecomposition: ", X)

print("\nInverse Matrix: ",Y)

print("\nTranspose of Matrix: ",Z)
```

RESULT: THE PROGRAM HAS BEEN EXECUTED AND OUTPUT VERIFIED

AIM: PROGRAM TO IMPLEMENT K-NN CLASSIFICATION USING ANY STANDARD DATASET AVAILABLE IN THE PUBLIC DOMAIN AND FIND THE ACCURACY OF THE ALGORITHM (USING IN BUILT FUNCTION)

DATE: 01/12/2021

PROGRAM

from sklearn.neighbors import KNeighborsClassifier

from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split

from sklearn.datasets import load_iris

from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score

irisData = load_iris()

A = irisData.data

B = irisData.target

A_train, A_test, B_train, B_test = train_test_split(

A, B, test_size=.3, random_state=10)

knn = KNeighborsClassifier(n_neighbors=2)

knn.fit(A_train, B_train)

print(knn.predict(A_test))

#Finding Accuracy of the Algorithm

 $W = knn.predict(A_test)$

Q = accuracy_score(B_test, W)

print("Accuracy: ", Q)

```
C:\Users\ajcemca\PycharmProjects\pythonProject\venv\Scripts\python.exe C:
[1]
Accuracy: 1.0
Process finished with exit code 0
```

AIM: PROGRAM TO IMPLEMENT K-NN CLASSIFICATION USING ANY RANDOM DATASET WITHOUT USING IN BUILT PACKAGES

DATE: 01/12/2021

```
from math import sqrt
#calculate the euclidean distance between two vectors
def euclidean_distance(row1, row2):
  distance = 0.0
  for i in range(len(row1) - 1):
     distance += (row1[i] - row2[i]) ** 2
     return sqrt(distance)
#locate the most similar neighbors
def get_neighbors(train, test_row, num_neighbors):
  distances = list()
  for train row in train:
     dist = euclidean_distance(test_row, train_row)
     distances.append((train_row, dist))
  distances.sort(key=lambda tup: tup[1])
  neighbors = list()
  for i in range (num_neighbors):
     neighbors.append(distances[i][0])
return neighbors
#make a classification prediction with neighbors
def predict_classification(train, test_row, num_neighbors):
  neighbors = get_neighbors(train, test_row, num_neighbors)
  output_values = [row[-1] for row in neighbors]
```

```
C:\Users\ajcemca\PycharmProjects\pythonProject\ven
Expected 0, Got 0.

Process finished with exit code 0
```

AIM: PROGRAM TO IMPLEMENT NAIVE BAYES ALGORITHM USING ANY STANDARD DATASET AVAILABLE IN THE PUBLIC DOMAIN AND FIND THE ACCURACY OF THE ALGORITHM.

DATE: 08/12/2021

```
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import pandas as pd
# importing dataset
dataset = pd.read_csv("nba.csv")
a = dataset.iloc[:, [2, 3]].values
b = dataset.iloc[:, -1].values
# splitting into test and train dataset
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
a_train, a_test, b_train, b_test = train_test_split(a, b, test_size=0.20, random_state=0)
# Feature scaling
from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
sc = StandardScaler()
a_train = sc.fit_transform(a_train)
a_{test} = sc.transform(a_{test})
print(a_train)
print(a_test)
# training the naive bayes model on the training set
from sklearn.naive_bayes import GaussianNB
```

```
classifier = GaussianNB()
classifier.fit(a_train, b_train)
# predicting the test set results
b_pred = classifier.predict(a_test)
print(b_pred)
# making confusion matrix
from sklearn.metrics import confusion_matrix, accuracy_score
ac = accuracy_score(b_test, b_pred)
co = confusion_matrix(b_test, b_pred)
print(ac)
print(co)
```

```
[ 2.11737157e+00 3.78719297e-01]
[-1.09058306e+00 -3.45582490e-01]
[ 1.73156642e-01 -6.64275277e-01]
[-6.04529329e-01 2.31984809e+00]
[-3.12897090e-01 2.04886868e-01]
[-1.57663679e+00 -2.00722133e-01]
[ 6.59210374e-01 -1.38857706e+00]
[-1.09058306e+00 5.52551726e-01]
[ 3.67578135e-01 2.62831011e-01]
[ 1.73156642e-01 -2.87638347e-01]
[ 1.43689635e+00 -1.04091221e+00]
[ 8.53631867e-01 1.07404901e+00]]
[0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0
0 0 0 0 1 1]
0.9125
[[55 3]
Process finished with exit code 0
```

RESULT: THE PROGRAM HAS BEEN EXECUTED AND OUTPUT VERIFIED

AIM: PROGRAM TO IMPLEMENT LINEAR REGRESSION TECHNIQUES USING ANY STANDARD DATASET AVAILABLE IN THE PUBLIC DOMAIN AND EVALUATE.

DATE: 08/12/2021

```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from sklearn.linear_model import LinearRegression
print("\nLinear Regression \n" )
x=np.array([5,15,20,25,8,35]).reshape((-1,1))
y=np.array([5,20,30,14,33,22])
print(x)
print(y)
model=LinearRegression()
model.fit(x,y)
r_sq=model.score(x,y)
print('Coefficient of determination : ', r_sq)
print('Intercept : ' , model.intercept_)
print('slope : ', model.coef_)
y_pred=model.predict(x)
print('predicted response : ', y_pred, sep='\n' )
plt.scatter(x,y, color="m",marker="0", sep=30)
plt.plot(x, y_pred, color="g" )
plt.xlabel('x')
plt.ylabel('y')
plt.show()
```

```
Linear Regression

[[ 5]
    [15]
    [20]
    [25]
    [ 8]
    [35]]

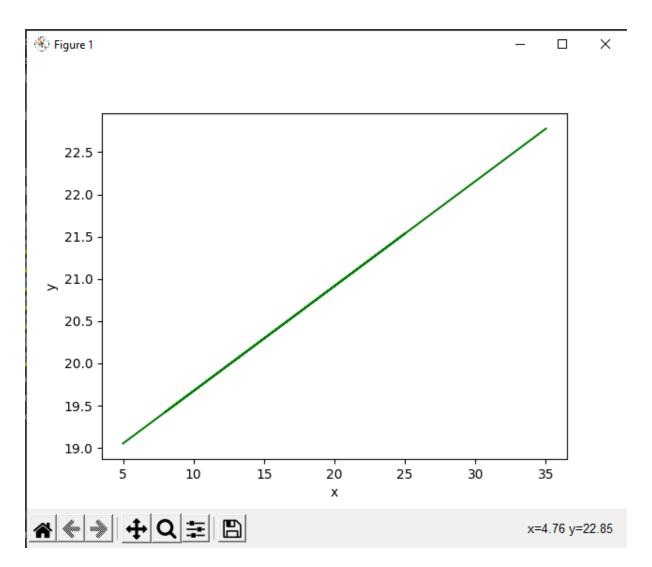
[ 5 20 30 14 33 22]

Coefficient of determination : 0.017997935807665955

Intercept : 18.431182795698927

slope : [0.12419355]

Process finished with exit code 0
```



RESULT: THE PROGRAM HAS BEEN EXECUTED AND OUTPUT VERIFIED

AIM: PROGRAM TO IMPLEMENT LINEAR REGRESSION TECHNIQUES USING ANY STANDARD DATASET AVAILABLE IN THE PUBLIC DOMAIN AND EVALUATE (WITHOUT USING IN BUILT FUNCTION).

DATE: 08/12/2021

```
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
def estimate_coef(x, y):
n = np.size(x)
m_x = np.mean(x)
  m_y = np.mean(y)
  SS_xy = np.sum(y * x) - n * m_y * m_x
  SS_x = np.sum(x * x) - n * m_x * m_x
  b_1 = SS_xy / SS_xx
  b_0 = m_y - b_1 * m_x
  return (b_0, b_1)
def plot_regression_line(x, y, b):
  # plotting the actual points as scatter plot
  plt.scatter(x, y, color="m", marker="o", s=30)
  # predicted response vector
  y_pred = b[0] + b[1] * x
  # plotting the regression line
  plt.plot(x, y_pred, color="r")
  # putting labels
  plt.xlabel('x')
  plt.ylabel('y')
```

```
# function to show plot
plt.show()

def main():
    # observations
    x = np.array([0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9])
    y = np.array([1, 3, 2, 5, 7, 8, 8, 9, 10, 12])

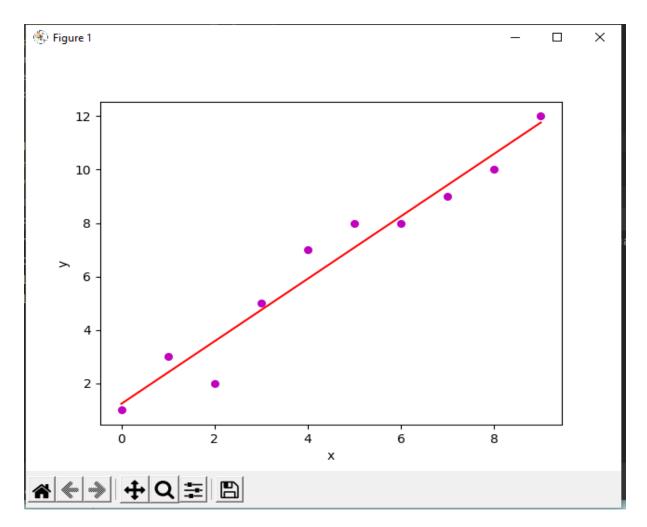
# estimating coefficients
b = estimate_coef(x, y)
print("Estimated coefficients are:\nb_0 = {} \
    \nb_1 = {}".format(b[0], b[1]))

# plotting regression_line
plot_regression_line(x, y, b)
if __name__ == "__main__":
    main()
```

```
Estimated coefficients are:

b_0 = 1.2363636363636363

b_1 = 1.1696969696969697
```



RESULT: THE PROGRAM HAS BEEN EXECUTED AND OUTPUT VERIFIED

AIM: PROGRAM TO IMPLEMENT MULTIPLE LINEAR REGRESSION TECHNIQUES USING ANY STANDARD DATASET AVAILABLE IN THE PUBLIC DOMAIN AND EVALUATE.

DATE: 15/12/2021

PROGRAM

OUTPUT

```
import pandas as pd

df = pd.read_csv("cars.csv")

X = df[['Weight', 'Volume']]

y = df['CO2']

from sklearn import linear_model

regr = linear_model.LinearRegression()

regr.fit(X, y)

predictedCO2 = regr.predict([[2300, 1300]])

print(predictedCO2)
```

C:\Users\ajcemca\PycharmProjects\pythonProject\venv\Scripts\python.exe
[107.2087328]

Process finished with exit code 0

AIM: PROGRAM TO IMPLEMENT MULTIPLE LINEAR REGRESSION TECHNIQUES USING BOSTON DATASET AVAILABLE IN THE PUBLIC DOMAIN AND EVALUATE ACCURACY AND PLOTTING POINT.

DATE: 15/12/2021

PROGRAM

#Accuracy and plotting

import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

import numpy as np

from sklearn import datasets, linear_model, metrics

from sklearn.metrics import mean_squared_error, r2_score

#load the boston dataset

boston = datasets.load_boston(return_X_y=False)

#defining feature matrix(x) and response vector(y)

x = boston.data

y = boston.target

#splitting x and y into training and testing sets

from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split

x_train, x_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(x,y, test_size=0.3,

random_state=1)

reg = linear_model.LinearRegression()

reg.fit(x_train, y_train)

predicted = reg.predict(x_test)

```
#regression coefficient
print('coefficient: ', reg.coef_)

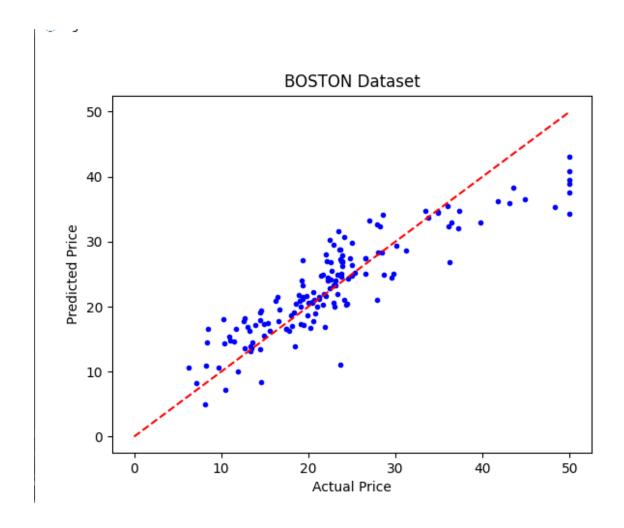
expected = y_test

# Plot a graph for expected and predicted values
plt.title( 'BOSTON Dataset')
plt.scatter(expected,predicted,c='b',marker='.',s=36)
plt.plot([0, 50], [0, 50], '--r')
plt.xlabel('Actual Price')
plt.ylabel('Predicted Price')
plt.show()
```

```
C:\Users\ajcemca\PycharmProjects\pythonProject\venv\Scripts\python.exe "C:/Users/accefficient: [-9.85424717e-02 6.07841138e-02 5.91715401e-02 2.43955988e+00 -2.14699650e+01 2.79581385e+00 3.57459778e-03 -1.51627218e+00 3.07541745e-01 -1.12800166e-02 -1.00546640e+00 6.45018446e-03 -5.68834539e-01]

variance score :0.7836295385076291

Process finished with exit code 0
```



RESULT: THE PROGRAM HAS BEEN EXECUTED AND OUTPUT VERIFIED

AIM: PROGRAM TO IMPLEMENT DECISION TREES USING ANY STANDARD DATASET AVAILABLE IN THE PUBLIC DOMAIN AND FIND THE ACCURACY OF THE ALGORITHM.

DATE:22/12/2021

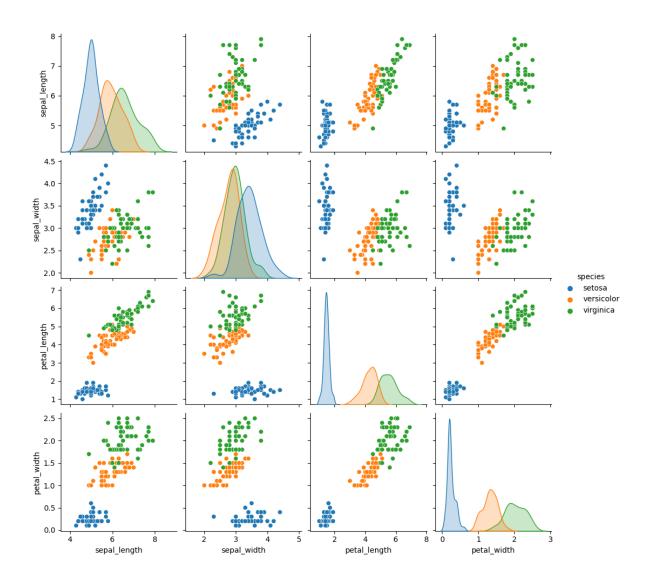
PROGRAM

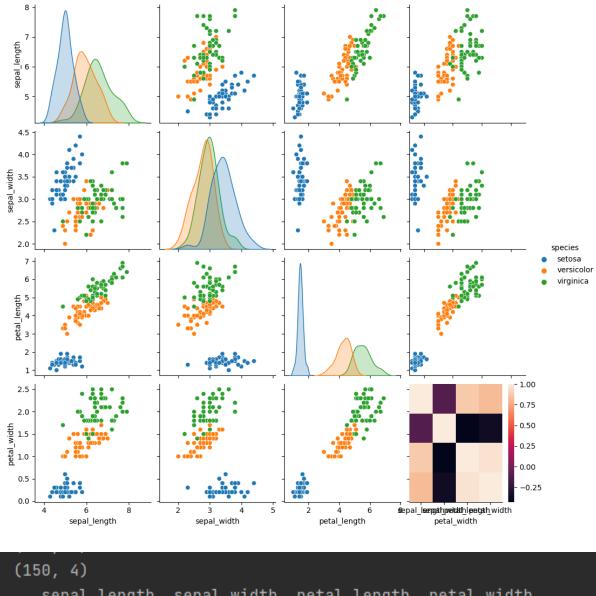
```
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelEncoder
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
from sklearn.tree import DecisionTreeClassifier
from sklearn.metrics import classification_report, confusion_matrix
from sklearn.tree import plot_tree
df = sns.load_dataset('iris')
print(df.head())
print(df.info())
df.isnull().any()
print(df.shape)
sns.pairplot(data=df, hue='species')
plt.savefig("pne.png")
sns.heatmap(df.corr())
plt.savefig("one.png")
target = df['species']
df1 = df.copy()
```

df1 = df1.drop('species', axis=1)

```
print(df1.shape)
print(df1.head())
x = df1
print(target)
le = LabelEncoder()
target = le.fit_transform(target)
print(target)
y = target
x_train, x_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(x, y, test_size=0.2, random_state=42)
print("Training split input- ", x_train.shape)
print("Testing split input- ", x_test.shape)
dtree = DecisionTreeClassifier()
dtree.fit(x_train,y_train)
print('Decision Tree Classifier Created')
y_pred = dtree.predict(x_test)
print("classification report-\n", classification_report(y_test,y_pred))
cm = confusion_matrix(y_test,y_pred)
plt.figure(figsize=(5,5))
sns.heatmap(data=cm, linewidths=.5, annot=True, square=True, cmap='Blues')
```

```
C:\Users\hp\PycharmProjects\pythonProject\venv\Scripts\python.exe
   sepal_length sepal_width petal_length petal_width species
0
            5.1
                         3.5
                                       1.4
                                                   0.2 setosa
           4.9
                        3.0
                                      1.4
                                                   0.2 setosa
1
2
           4.7
                        3.2
                                      1.3
                                                   0.2 setosa
           4.6
                        3.1
                                      1.5
                                                   0.2 setosa
            5.0
                         3.6
                                       1.4
                                                   0.2 setosa
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 150 entries, 0 to 149
Data columns (total 5 columns):
    Column
                  Non-Null Count
                                   Dtype
                                   float64
0
    sepal_length 150 non-null
                 150 non-null
    sepal_width
                                   float64
    petal_length 150 non-null
                                   float64
                  150 non-null
    petal_width
                                  float64
3
    species
                  150 non-null
                                  object
dtypes: float64(4), object(1)
memory usage: 6.0+ KB
None
(150, 5)
Process finished with exit code 0
```

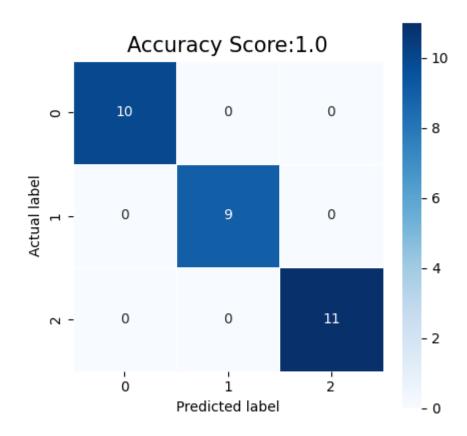


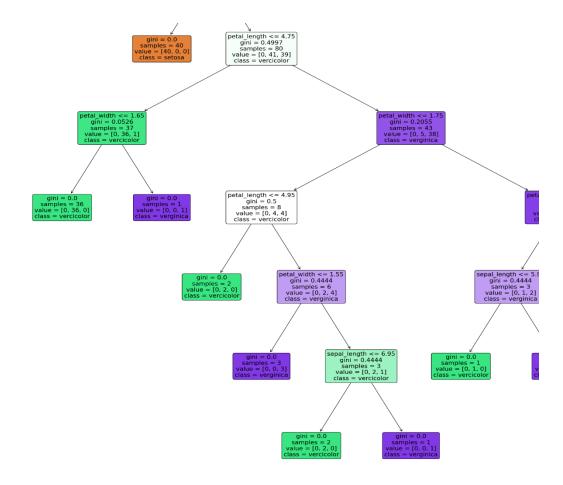


(150, 4)								
	sepal_length	sepal_width	petal_length	petal_width				
0	5.1	3.5	1.4	0.2				
1	4.9	3.0	1.4	0.2				
2	4.7	3.2	1.3	0.2				
3	4.6	3.1	1.5	0.2				
4	5.0	3.6	1.4	0.2				

```
0
         setosa
1
         setosa
2
         setosa
3
         setosa
         setosa
145 virginica
146
     virginica
147 virginica
148 virginica
149 virginica
Name: species, Length: 150, dtype: object
```

```
Training split input- (120, 4)
Testing split input- (30, 4)
```





DATE:05/01/2022

AIM: PROGRAM TO IMPLEMENT K-MEANS CLUSTERING TECHNIQUE USING ANY STANDARD DATASET AVAILABLE IN THE PUBLIC DOMAIN.

```
import numpy as nm
import matplotlib.pyplot as mtp
import pandas as pd
dataset = pd.read_csv('Mall_Customers.csv')
X = dataset.iloc[:, [3,4]].values
print(X)
from sklearn.cluster import KMeans
wcss_list = []
for i in range(1, 11):
  kmeans = KMeans(n_clusters=i, init='k-means++', random_state=42)
  kmeans.fit(X)
  wcss_list.append(kmeans.inertia_)
mtp.plot(range(1,11), wcss_list)
mtp.title('The Elbow Method graph')
mtp.xlabel('Number of Clusters(k)')
mtp.ylabel('wcss_list')
mtp.show()
kmeans = KMeans(n_clusters=5, init="k-means++", random_state=42)
```

```
y_predict = kmeans.fit_predict(X)

print(y_predict)

mtp.scatter(X[y_predict == 0, 0], X[y_predict == 0, 1], s=60, c='red', label='Cluster1')

mtp.scatter(X[y_predict == 1, 0], X[y_predict == 1, 1], s=60, c='blue', label='Cluster2')

mtp.scatter(X[y_predict == 2, 0], X[y_predict == 2, 1], s=60, c='green', label='Cluster3')

mtp.scatter(X[y_predict == 3, 0], X[y_predict == 3, 1], s=60, c='violet', label='Cluster4')

mtp.scatter(X[y_predict == 4, 0], X[y_predict == 4, 1], s=60, c='yellow', label='Cluster5')

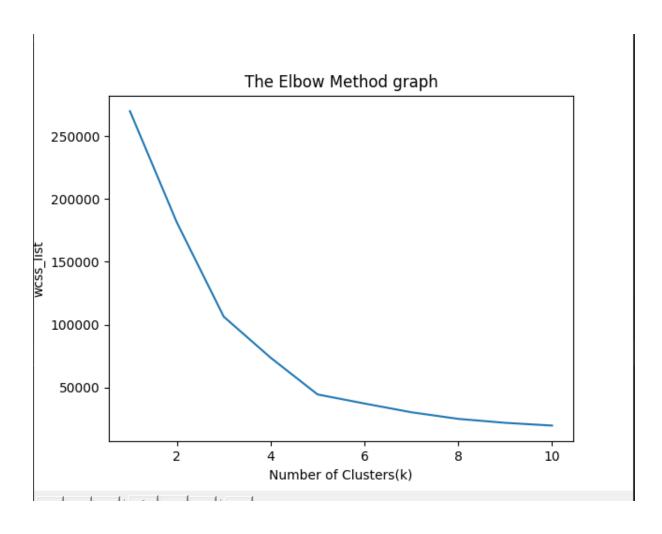
mtp.scatter(kmeans.cluster_centers_[:, 0], kmeans.cluster_centers_[:, 1], s=100, c='black', label='Centroids')

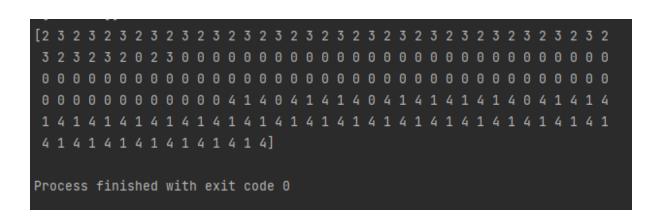
mtp.slabel('Annual Income (k$)')

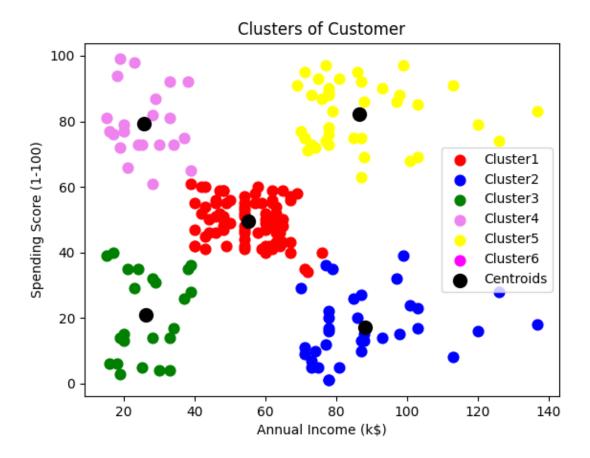
mtp.ylabel('Spending Score (1-100)')

mtp.legend()
```

```
C:\Users\ajcemca\PycharmProjects\pythonProject\venv\Scripts\python.exe "C:,
[[ 15 39]
[ 15 81]
[ 16 77]
 [ 17 40]
 [ 17 76]
 [ 18 6]
 [ 18 94]
       3]
      72]
 [ 19 14]
 [ 19 99]
 [ 20 15]
 [ 20 77]
 [ 20 13]
 [ 20 79]
 [ 21 35]
 [ 21 66]
 [ 23 29]
 [ 23 98]
 [ 24 35]
 [ 24 73]
[ 93 14]
[ 93 90]
[ 97 32]
[ 97 86]
[ 98 15]
[ 98 88]
[ 99 39]
[ 99 97]
[101 24]
[101 68]
[103 17]
[103 85]
[103 23]
[103 69]
[113 8]
[113 91]
[120 16]
[120 79]
[126 28]
[126 74]
[137 18]
[137 83]]
```







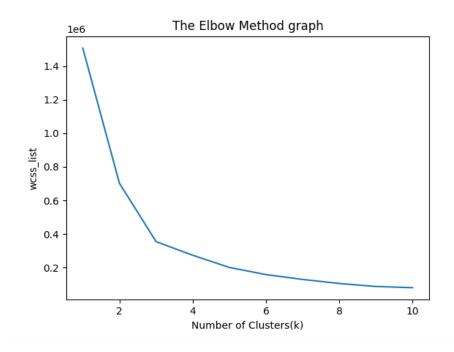
RESULT: THE PROGRAM HAS BEEN EXECUTED AND OUTPUT VERIFIED

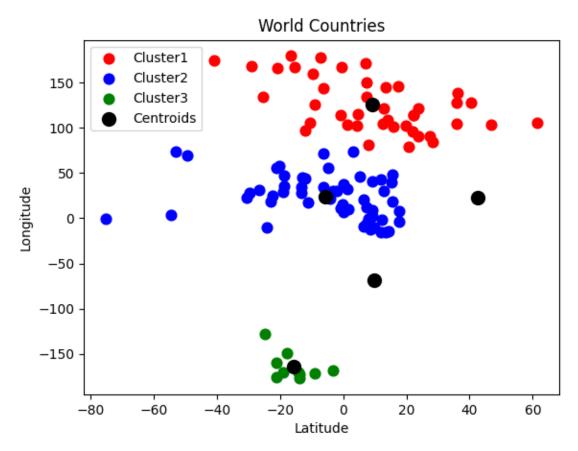
DATE:5/01/2022

AIM: PROGRAM TO IMPLEMENT K-MEANS CLUSTERING TECHNIQUE USING ANY STANDARD DATASET AVAILABLE IN THE PUBLIC DOMAIN.

```
import numpy as nm
import matplotlib.pyplot as mtp
import pandas as pd
dataset = pd.read_csv('world_country_and_usa_states_latitude_and_longitude_values.csv')
X = dataset.iloc[:, [1,2]].values
print(X)
from sklearn.cluster import KMeans
wcss_list = []
for i in range(1, 11):
  kmeans = KMeans(n_clusters=i, init='k-means++', random_state=42)
  kmeans.fit(X)
  wcss_list.append(kmeans.inertia_)
mtp.plot(range(1,11), wcss_list)
mtp.title('The Elbow Method graph')
mtp.xlabel('Number of Clusters(k)')
mtp.ylabel('wcss_list')
mtp.show()
kmeans = KMeans(n_clusters=3, init="k-means++", random_state=42)
y_predict = kmeans.fit_predict(X)
print(y_predict)
```

```
\begin{split} & \text{mtp.scatter}(X[y\_predict == 0, 0], \, X[y\_predict == 0, 1], \, s=60, \, c='red', \, label='Cluster1') \\ & \text{mtp.scatter}(X[y\_predict == 1, 0], \, X[y\_predict == 1, 1], \, s=60, \, c='blue', \, label='Cluster2') \\ & \text{mtp.scatter}(X[y\_predict == 2, 0], \, X[y\_predict == 2, 1], \, s=60, \, c='green', \, label='Cluster3') \\ & \text{mtp.scatter}(kmeans.cluster\_centers\_[:, 0], \, kmeans.cluster\_centers\_[:, 1], \, s=100, \, c='black', \, label='Centroids') \\ & \text{mtp.title}('World \, Countries') \\ & \text{mtp.xlabel}('Latitude') \\ & \text{mtp.ylabel}('Longitude') \\ & \text{mtp.legend}() \\ & \text{mtp.show} \, () \end{split}
```





```
C:\Users\ajcemca\PycharmProjects\pythonProject\venv\Scr
[[ 4.25462450e+01 1.60155400e+00]
[ 2.34240760e+01 5.38478180e+01]
[ 3.39391100e+01 6.77099530e+01]
[ 1.70608160e+01 -6.17964280e+01]
[ 1.82205540e+01 -6.30686150e+01]
[ 4.11533320e+01 2.01683310e+01]
 [ 4.00690990e+01 4.50381890e+01]
 [ 1.22260790e+01 -6.90600870e+01]
 [-1.12026920e+01 1.78738870e+01]
 [-7.52509730e+01 -7.13890000e-02]
 [-3.84160970e+01 -6.36166720e+01]
[-1.42709720e+01 -1.70132217e+02]
 [ 4.75162310e+01 1.45500720e+01]
[-2.52743980e+01 1.33775136e+02]
 [ 1.25211100e+01 -6.99683380e+01]
 [ 4.01431050e+01 4.75769270e+01]
 [ 4.39158860e+01 1.76790760e+01]
 [ 1.31938870e+01 -5.95431980e+01]
   [ 1.40583240e+01 1.08277199e+02]
 [-1.53767060e+01 1.66959158e+02]
 [-1.37687520e+01 -1.77156097e+02]
 [-1.37590290e+01 -1.72104629e+02]
 [ 4.26026360e+01 2.09029770e+01]
 [ 1.55527270e+01 4.85163880e+01]
 [-1.28275000e+01 4.51662440e+01]
 [-3.05594820e+01 2.29375060e+01]
 [-1.31338970e+01 2.78493320e+01]
 [-1.90154380e+01 2.91548570e+01]]
[4 4 4 3 3 4 4 3 1 1 3 2 4 0 3 4 4 3 0 4 1 4 4 1 1 3 0 3 3 3 0 1 1 4 3 3 0
 1 1 1 4 1 2 3 1 0 3 3 3 3 0 4 4 4 1 4 3 3 4 3 4 4 4 1 4 1 4 0 3 0 4 4 1 4
 3 4 3 4 1 4 3 1 1 3 1 4 3 3 0 1 3 4 0 1 3 4 3 4 0 4 4 4 0 1 4 4 4 4 4 3 4
 3 4 1 1 1 3 0 1 1 0 1 0 1 3 4 4 0 0 2 0 4 3 3 2 0 0 4 4 3 2 3 4 4 0 3 4 1
 4 4 0 1 4 0 1 1 4 0 1 4 4 4 4 1 4 1 1 3 1 3 4 1 3 1 1 1 0 4 2 0 4 4 2 4 3 0
 0 1 4 1 3 3 4 4 3 3 3 3 0 0 2 2 4 1 1 1 1 1 1
```

RESULT: THE PROGRAM HAS BEEN EXECUTED AND OUTPUT VERIFIED

DATE:19/01/2022

AIM: PROGRAMS ON FEEDFORWARD NETWORK TO CLASSIFY ANY STANDARD DATASET AVAILABLE IN THE PUBLIC DOMAIN

PROGRAM

from tensorflow import keras

print('Tensorflow/keras: %s'%keras.version)

from keras.models import Sequential

from keras import Input

from keras.layers import Dense

import pandas as pd

print('pandas : %s' %pd.version)

import numpy as np

print('numpy : %s' %np.version)

import sklearn

print('sklearn : %s' %sklearn.version)

from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split

from sklearn.metrics import classification_report

import plotly

import plotly.express as px

import plotly.graph_objects as go

print('plotly : %s' %plotly.version)

pd.options.display.max_columns=50

```
df=pd.read_csv('weatherAUS.csv', encoding='utf-8')
df=df[pd.isnull(df['RainTomorrow'])==False]
#df=df.fillna(df.mean())
df['RainTodayFlag']=df['RainToday'].apply(lambda x: 1 if x=='Yes' else 0)
df['RainTomorrowFlag']=df['RainTomorrow'].apply(lambda x: 1 if x=='Yes' else 0)
print(df)
X = df[['Humidity3pm']]
Y = df['RainTomorrowFlag'].values
X_train, X_test, Y_train, Y_test = train_test_split(X,Y, test_size=0.2, random_state=0)
model = Sequential(name="Model-with-One-Input")
model.add(Input(shape=(1,), name='Input-Layer'))
model.add(Dense(2, activation='softplus', name='Hidden-Layer'))
model.add(Dense(1, activation='sigmoid', name='Output-Layer'))
```

* * *								
145454	1021.2	NaN	NaN	9.4	20.9	No		
145455	1020.3	NaN	NaN	10.1	22.4	No		
145456	1019.1	NaN	NaN	10.9	24.5	No		
145457	1016.8	NaN	NaN	12.5	26.1	No		
145458	1016.5	3.0	2.0	15.1	26.0	No		
	RainTomorrow	RainTodayFlag	Rain	TomorrowFla	g			
0	No				0			
1	No				0			
2	No				0			
3	No				0			
4	No				0			

145454	No				0			
145455	No				0			
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[142193 rows x 25 columns]								

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145458	NaN					
	WindSpeed9am	WindSpeed3pm	Humidity9am	Humidity3pm		
					1007.7	
	Pressure3pm	Cloud9am Clou	d3pm Temp9am	Temp3pm Rai	.nToday \	
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	1006.0		8.0 17.8			
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numpy :							
10.00 CH 10.00 CH	: 1.0.1						
plotly							
_						Evaporation	
0	2008-12-01		13.4		0.6		
1	2008-12-02						
2	2008-12-03			25.7			
3	2008-12-04	Albury	9.2	28.0	0.0	NaN	
4	2008-12-05	Albury	17.5	32.3	1.0	NaN	
145454	2017-06-20	Uluru	3.5	21.8	0.0	NaN	
145455	2017-06-21	Uluru	2.8	23.4	0.0	NaN	
145456	2017-06-22	Uluru	3.6	25.3	0.0	NaN	
145457	2017-06-23	Uluru	5.4	26.9	0.0	NaN	
145458	2017-06-24	Uluru	7.8	27.0	0.0	NaN	
	Sunshine W:	indGustDir	WindGus	tSpeed Wi	IndDir9am	WindDir3pm ∖	
0	NaN	W		44.0	W	WNW	
1	NaN	WNW		44.0	NNW	WSW	
2	NaN	WSW		46.0	W	WSW	
3	NaN	NE		24.0	SE		
4	NaN	W		41.0	ENE	NW	
145454	NaN			31.0	ESE		
145455	NaN			31.0	SE	ENE	
145456	NaN	NNW		22.0	SE	N	

RESULT: THE PROGRAM HAS BEEN EXECUTED AND OUTPUT VERIFIED

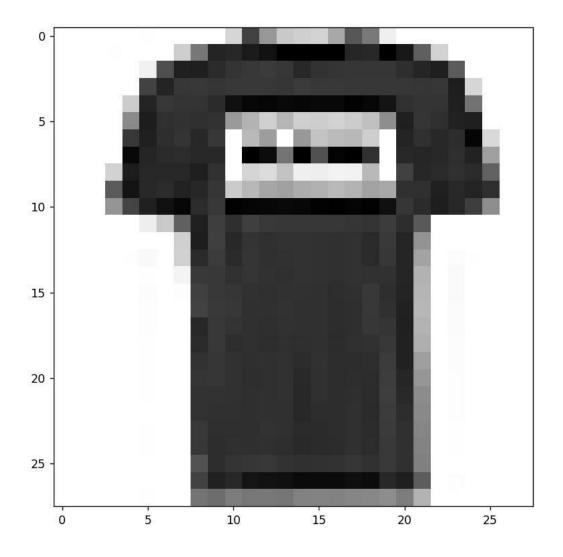
DATE:02/02/2022

AIM: PROGRAMS ON CONVOLUTIONAL NEURAL NETWORK TO CLASSIFY IMAGES FROM ANY STANDARD DATASET IN THE PUBLIC DOMAIN.

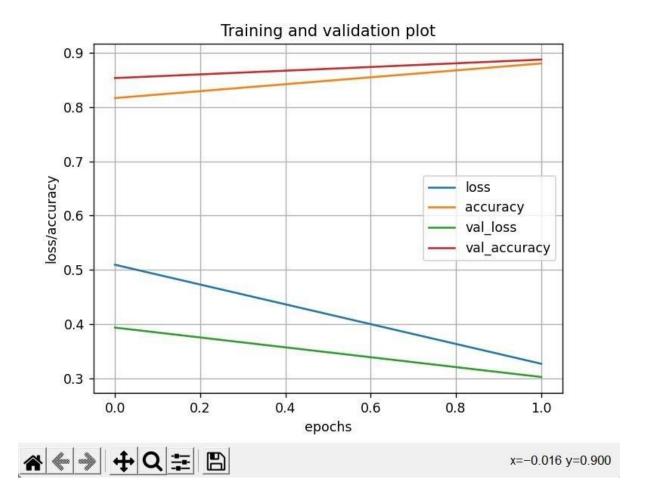
```
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import tensorflow as tf
from tensorflow import keras
np.random.seed(42)
# tf.set.random. seed(42)
fashion_mnist = keras.datasets.fashion_mnist
(X train, y train), (X test, y test) = fashion mnist.load data()
print(X_train.shape, X_test.shape)
X_{train} = X_{train} / 255.0
X_{test} = X_{test} / 255.0
plt.imshow(X_train[1], cmap='binary')
plt.show()
np.unique(y_test)
class_names = ['T-Shirt/Top', 'Trouser', 'Pullover', 'Dress', 'Coat', 'Sandal', 'Shirt', 'Sneaker',
'8ag', 'Ankle Boot']
n_rows = 5
n cols = 10
plt.figure(figsize=(n_cols * 1.4, n_rows * 1.6))
for row in range(n_rows):
  for col in range(n_cols):
     index = n\_cols * row + col
     plt.subplot(n_rows, n_cols, index + 1)
```

```
plt.imshow(X_train[index], cmap='binary', interpolation='nearest')
    plt.axis('off')
    plt.title(class_names[y_train[index]])
plt.show()
model_CNN = keras.models.Sequential()
model_CNN.add(keras.layers.Conv2D(filters=32,
                                                      kernel_size=7,
                                                                           padding='same',
activation='relu', input_shape=[28, 28, 1]))
model CNN.add(keras.layers.MaxPooling2D(pool size=2))
model_CNN.add(keras.layers.Conv2D(filters=64,
                                                      kernel_size=3,
                                                                           padding='same',
activation='relu'))
model_CNN.add(keras.layers.MaxPooling2D(pool_size=2))
model_CNN.add(keras.layers.Conv2D(filters=32,
                                                      kernel_size=3,
                                                                           padding='same',
activation='relu'))
model_CNN.add(keras.layers.MaxPooling2D(pool_size=2))
model_CNN.summary()
model_CNN.add(keras.layers.Flatten())
model_CNN.add(keras.layers.Dense(units=128, activation='relu'))
model_CNN.add(keras.layers.Dense(units=64, activation='relu'))
model_CNN.add(keras.layers.Dense(units=10, activation='softmax'))
model_CNN.summary()
model_CNN.compile(loss='sparse_categorical_crossentropy',
                                                                         optimizer='adam',
metrics=['accuracy'])
X_{train} = X_{train}[..., np.newaxis]
X_{\text{test}} = X_{\text{test}}[..., np.newaxis]
history_CNN = model_CNN.fit(X_train, y_train, epochs=2, validation_split=0.1)
pd.DataFrame(history_CNN.history).plot()
plt.grid(True)
```

```
plt.xlabel('epochs')
plt.ylabel('loss/accuracy')
plt.title('Training and validation plot')
plt.show()
test_loss, test_accuracy = model_CNN.evaluate(X_test, y_test)
print(' Test Loss :{}, Test Accuracy : {}'.format(test_loss, test_accuracy))
```







Model: "sequential"	×.	Sin Si
Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
conv2d (Conv2D)	(None, 28, 28, 32)	1600
max_pooling2d (MaxPooling2D)	(None, 14, 14, 32)	0
conv2d_1 (Conv2D)	(None, 14, 14, 64)	18496
max_pooling2d_1 (MaxPooling 2D)	(None, 7, 7, 64)	0
conv2d_2 (Conv2D)	(None, 7, 7, 32)	18464
max_pooling2d_2 (MaxPooling 2D)	(None, 3, 3, 32)	0
Total params: 38,560 Trainable params: 38,560 Non-trainable params: 0		
Layer (type)	 Output Shape	 Param #
conv2d (Conv2D)	======================================	1600

```
max_pooling2d (MaxPooling2D (None, 14, 14, 32) 0

conv2d_1 (Conv2D) (None, 14, 14, 64) 18496

max_pooling2d_1 (MaxPooling (None, 7, 7, 64) 0

conv2d_2 (Conv2D) (None, 7, 7, 32) 18464

max_pooling2d_2 (MaxPooling (None, 3, 3, 32) 0

flatten (Flatten) (None, 288) 0

dense (Dense) (None, 128) 36992

dense_1 (Dense) (None, 64) 8256

dense_2 (Dense) (None, 18) 650

***Total params: 84,458

Trainable params: 84,458
Non-trainable params: 8

***Total params: 84,458
Non-trainable params: 8

***Total params: 84,458
Trainable params: 84,458
Non-trainable params: 8

***Total params: 84,458
Non-trainable params: 8

***Total params: 84,458
Non-trainable params: 8

***Total params: 84,458
Non-trainable params: 84,458
Non-trainable params: 8

***Total params: 84,458
Non-trainable params: 84,4
```

RESULT: THE PROGRAM HAS BEEN EXECUTED AND OUTPUT VERIFIED

DATE:16/02/2022

AIM: IMPLEMENT A SIMPLE WEB CRAWLER

```
PROGRAM
```

```
from bs4 import BeautifulSoup
import requests
pages_crawler = []
def crawler(url):
  page = requests.get(url)
  soup = BeautifulSoup(page.text, 'html.parser')
  links = soup.find_all('a')
  for link in links:
     if 'href' in link.attrs:
        if link['href'].startswith('/wiki') and ':' not in link['href']:
          if link['href'] not in pages_crawler:
             new_link = f"https://en.wikipedia.org{link['href']}"
             pages_crawler.append(link['href'])
             try:
               with open('data.csv', 'a') as file:
                  file.write(f'{soup.title.text}; {soup.h1.text}; {link["href"]}\n')
               crawler(new_link)
             except:
               continue
crawler('https://en.wikipedia.org')
```

```
C:\Users\ajcemca\AppData\Local\Programs\Python\Python39\python.exe C:\Users/ajcemca/PycharmProjects/pythonProject/pgm2co5.py

5
```

```
The file was loaded in a wrong encoding: 'UTF-8'
Reload in 'windows-1252'
Reload in anotal Plugins

Latin music - Wikipedia; Latin music; /wiki/Music_of_Latin_America

Music of Latin America - Wikipedia; Music of Latin America; /wiki/Latin_dance

Latin dance - Wikipedia; Latin dance; /wiki/Massachusetts_Institute_of_Technology

Massachusetts Institute of Technology - Wikipedia; Music of Latin America; /wiki/Latin_dance

Music of Latin America - Wikipedia; Music of Latin America; /wiki/Latin_dance

Latin dance - Wikipedia; Latin dance; /wiki/Massachusetts_Institute of_Technology; /wiki/MIT_(disambiguation)

MIT (disambiguation) - Wikipedia; MIT (disambiguation); /wiki/MIT

Massachusetts Institute of Technology - Wikipedia; Massachusetts Institute of Technology; /wiki/Latin

Latin - Wikipedia; Latin; /wiki/Latin_(disambiguation); /wiki/Latins

Latin - Wikipedia; Latin; /wiki/Languages_of_Europe#Latin

Latin - Wikipedia; Latins; /wiki/Languages_of_Europe#Latin

Languages of Europe - Wikipedia; Languages of Europe; /wiki/Ethnic_groups_in_Europe

Ethnic_groups in Europe - Wikipedia; Europe (disambiguation)

European - Wikipedia; Europe; /wiki/Europe (disambiguation)

Europe - Wikipedia; Europe; /wiki/Europe (disambiguation); /wiki/Continental_Europe

Continental Europe - Wikipedia; Continental Europe; /wiki/Continent_Cdisambiguation)

Continent - Wikipedia; Continent; /wiki/Boundaries_between_the_continents_of_Earth

Continent - Wikipedia; Marericas; /wiki/Marerica_(disambiguation); /wiki/America

Marcicas - Wikipedia; Marericas; /wiki/Marerica (disambiguation); /wiki/America

United States - Wikipedia; United States_of_America

Us - Wikipedia; Us; /wiki/United_States_of_America
```

RESULT: THE PROGRAM HAS BEEN EXECUTED AND OUTPUT VERIFIED

DATE:16/02/2022

AIM: IMPLEMENT A PROGRAM TO SCRAP THE WEB PAGE OF ANY POPULAR WEBSITE-SUGGESTED PYTHON PACKAGE IS SCRAPPY

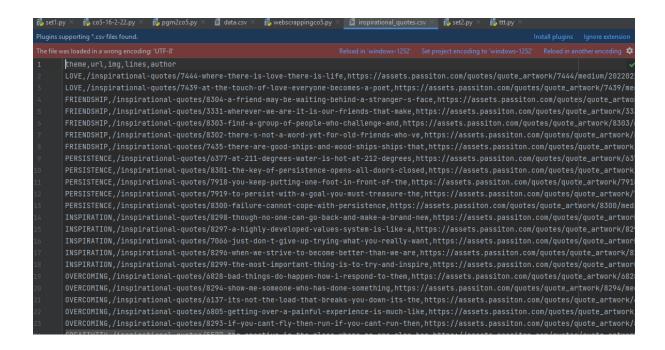
```
import requests
from bs4 import BeautifulSoup
import csv
import lxml
URL ="http://www.values.com/inspirational-quotes"
r = requests.get(URL)
print(r.content)
soup = BeautifulSoup(r.content, 'lxml')
print(soup.prettify())
quotes = []
table = soup.find('div', attrs={'id': 'all_quotes'})
for row in table.findAll('div',
                attrs={'class':'col-6 col-lg-3 text-center margin-30px-bottom sm-margin-30px-
top '}):
  quote = \{ \}
  quote['theme'] = row.h5.text
  quote['url'] = row.a['href']
  quote['img'] = row.img['src']
  quote['lines'] = row.img['alt'].split("#")[0]
  quote['author'] = row.img['alt'].aplit("#")[1]
  quotes.append(quote)
filename = 'inspirational_quote.csv'
with open(filename, 'w', newline=") as f:
  w = csv.DictWriter(f,['theme','url','img','lines','author'])
  w.writeheader()
```

for quote in quotes:

w.writerow(quote)

```
C:\Users\ajcemca\AppData\Loca\Programs\Python\Python3P\python.exe C:\Users\ajcemca\PycharmProjects/pythonProject/webscrappingco5.py

b'=\DOCTYPE html-\n<html class="no-js" dir="ltr" lang="en-US">\n <head>\n <title>Inspirational Quotes - Motivational Quotes - Leadership Quotes | PassItOn.com <\title>Inspirational Quotes - Motivational Quotes - Leadership Quotes | PassItOn.com <\title> Inspirational Quotes - Motivational Quotes - Leadership Quotes | PassItOn.com <\title> (title> <meta content="usetx\ntal.com set="utf-8"/> <meta content="text\ntal.com set="utf-8"/> <meta content="lext\ntal.com set="utf-8"/> <meta content="lext\ntal.com set="utf-8"/> <meta content="lext\ntal.com set="utf-8" | name="viewport"/> <meta content="lext\ntal.com set="utf-8" | name="viewport"/> <meta content="lext\ntal.com name set="utf-8" | name="viewport"/>          <meta content="#e8102e" name="msapplication-TileColor"/> <meta content="#e8102e" name="msapplication-Tile
```



RESULT: THE PROGRAM HAS BEEN EXECUTED AND OUTPUT VERIFIED.

DATE:16/02/2022

AIM:PYTHON PROGRAM FOR NATURAL PROGRAM LANGUAGE PROCESSING N-GRAMS

PROGRAM

```
def generate_ngrams(text, WordsToCombine):
    words = text.split()
    output =[]
    for i in range(len(words) - WordsToCombine + 1) :
        output.append(words[i:i + WordsToCombine])
    return output

x=generate_ngrams(text= 'this is a very good book to study', WordsToCombine=3)
print(x)
```

OUTPUT

```
C:\Users\ajcemca\AppData\Locat\Programs\Python\Python39\python.exe C:\Users\ajcemca\PycharmProjects/pythonProject/ngram.py
[['this', 'is', 'a'], ['is', 'a', 'very'], ['a', 'very', 'good'], ['very', 'good', 'book'], ['good', 'book', 'to'], ['book', 'to'], ['book', 'to']

Process finished with exit code 0
```

RESULT: THE PROGRAM HAS BEEN EXECUTED AND OUTPUT VERIFIED

AIM:PYTHON PROGRAM FOR NATURAL PROGRAM LANGUAGE PROCESSING N-GRAMS [USING IN BUILT FUNCTION]

DATE:16/02/2022

PROGRAM

```
import nltk
nltk.download()
from nltk.util import ngrams

samplText = 'this is a very good book to study'
NGRAMS = ngrams(sequence=nltk.word_tokenize(samplText), n=2)
for grams in NGRAMS:
    print(grams)
```

OUTPUT

```
C:\Users\ajcemca\AppData\Local\Programs\Python\Python39\python.exe C:/Users/ajcemca/PycharmProjects/pythonProject/co5nltk.py
('this', 'is')
('is', 'very')
('very', 'good')
('good', 'book')
('book', 'to')
('to', 'study')

Process finished with exit code 0
```

RESULT: THE PROGRAM HAS BEEN EXECUTED AND OUTPUT VERIFIED.

AIM:PYTHON PROGRAM FOR NATURAL PROGRAM LANGUAGE PROCESSING PART OF SPEECH TAGGING

DATE:16/02/2022

```
import nltk
from nltk.corpus import stopwords
from nltk.tokenize import word_tokenize, sent_tokenize
stop_words = set(stopwords.words('english'))
txt = "Sukanya, Rajib and Naba are my good friends." \
   "Sukanya is getting married next year. "\
   "Marriage is a big step in one's life." \
   "It is both exciting and frightening. " \
   "But friendship is a sacred bond between people." \
   "It is a special kind of love between us. " \
   "Many of you must have tried searching for a friend " \
    "but never found the right one."
tokenized = sent_tokenize(txt)
for i in tokenized:
  wordsList = nltk.word_tokenize(i)
  wordsList = [w for w in wordsList if not w in stop_words]
  tagged = nltk.pos_tag(wordsList)
  print(tagged)
```

```
| C:\Users\ajcemca\AppData\Local\Programs\Python\Python.exe "C:\Users\ajcemca\PycharmProjects\pythonProject\speech tagging.py"

[('Sukany', 'NNP'), (',', ','), ('Rajib', 'NNP'), ('Naba', 'NNP'), ('good', 'J3'), ('friends', 'NNS'), ('.', '.')]

[('sukanya', 'NN'), ('getting', 'V86'), ('marriedsunday', 'J3'), ('holiday', 'NN'), ('love', 'NN'), ('.', '.')]

[('Marriage', 'NN'), ('big', 'J3'), ('step', 'NN'), ('one', 'G0'), ("s'", 'P0S'), ('life.it', 'NN'), ('exiting', 'V86'), ('frightening', 'NN'), ('.', '.')]

[('friendship', 'NN'), ('scared', 'V80'), ('bond', 'NN'), ('poepte', 'NNS'), ('.', '.')]

[('special', 'J3'), ('kind', 'NN'), ('love', 'NN'), ('us.many', 'NN'), ('must', 'MD'), ('tried', 'V8'), ('searching', 'V86'), ('friend', 'NN'), ('.', '.')]

Process finished with exit code 0
```

RESULT: THE PROGRAM HAS BEEN EXECUTED AND OUTPUT VERIFIED.

DATE:23/02/2022

AIM:PYTHON PROGRAM FOR NATURAL PROGRAM LANGUAGE PROCESSING CHUNKING

PROGRAM

```
import nltk
new = "The big cat ate the title mouse who was after the fresh cheese"
new_tokens = nltk.word_tokenize(new)
print(new_tokens)

new_tag=nltk.pos_tag(new_tokens)
print(new_tag)

grammer=r"NP: {<DT>?<JJ>*<NN>}"
chunkParser=nltk.RegexpParser(grammer)
chunked = chunkParser.parse(new_tag)
print(chunked)
chunked.draw()
```

```
C:\Users\ajcemca\PycharmProjects\pythonProject\venv\Scripts\python.exe C:\Users/ajcemca/PycharmProjects/pythonProject/venv\chun

['The', 'big', 'cat', 'ate', 'the', 'title', 'mouse', 'who', 'was', 'after', 'the', 'fresh', 'cheese']

[('The', 'DT'), ('big', 'JJ'), ('cat', 'NN'), ('ate', 'VB'), ('the', 'DT'), ('title', 'NN'), ('mouse', 'NN'), ('who', 'WP'), ('

(S

(NP The/DT big/JJ cat/NN)

ate/VB

(NP the/DT title/NN)

(NP mouse/NN)

who/WP

was/VBD

after/IN

(NP the/DT fresh/JJ cheese/NN))

S

NP

NP

NP

Who WP was VBD after IN

NP

The DT big JJ cat NN

the DT title NN mouse NN

the DT fresh JJ cheese NN
```

RESULT: THE PROGRAM HAS BEEN EXECUTED AND OUTPUT VERIFIED.

DATE:23/02/2022

AIM:PYTHON PROGRAM FOR NATURAL PROGRAM LANGUAGE PROCESSING CHUNKING

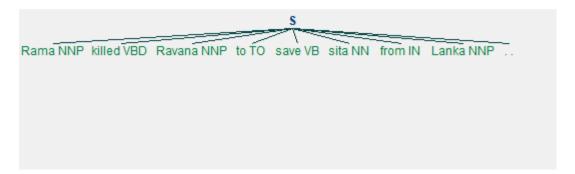
PROGRAM

import nltk

nltk.download('averaged_perceptron_tagger')

sample_text = """Rama killed Ravana to save sita from Lanka. The legend of the Ramayan is the most popular Indian epic. A lot of movies and serials have already been shot in several languages here in India based on the Ramayana."""

```
tokenized = nltk.sent_tokenize(sample_text)
for i in tokenized:
  words = nltk.word_tokenize(i)
  tagged_words=nltk.pos_tag(words)
  chunkGram=r"""VB:{}"""
  chunkParse=nltk.RegexpParser(chunkGram)
  chunked=chunkParse.parse(tagged_words)
  print(chunked)
  chunked.draw()
```



```
The DT legend NN of IN the DT Ramayan NNP is VBZ the DT most RBS popular JJ Indian JJ epic NN ...
ADT IotNN of IN movies NNS and CC serials NNS have VBP already RB been VBN shot VBN in IN several JJ languages NNS here RB in IN India NNP based VBN on IN the DT Ramayana NNP
   Rama/NNP
                                                            A/DT
   killed/VBD
                                                            lot/NN
   Ravana/NNP
                                                            movies/NNS
   save/VB
                                                            and/CC
   sita/NN
                                                            serials/NNS
   from/IN
                                                            have/VBP
   Lanka/NNP
                                                            already/RB
                                                            been/VBN
                                                            shot/VBN
   legend/NN
                                                            several/JJ
                                                            languages/NNS
                                                            here/RB
                                                            in/IN
   Ramayan/NNP
                                                            India/NNP
   is/VBZ
                                                            based/VBN
                                                            on/IN
                                                            Ramayana/NNP
```

RESULT: THE PROGRAM HAS BEEN EXECUTED AND OUTPUT VERIFIED.