Resource Naming

Unit 5.3.5



Resource Naming

Kubernetes treats Secrets, Certificates, and Registry Credentials as Secrets, and therefore each of these resources must have a unique name within a namespace.

If you try to create any of these resources with a name that already exists in any other resource, Kubernetes will return an error.

A strategy for dealing with this is to name Secrets for what they are, Certificates for their Common Name (CN), and Registry Credentials for where they apply.

For example:

Secret: mysql-admin-password

• Certificate: www-example-com-crt

• Registry Credential: registry-gitlab-com

References

Object Names and IDs -

https://kubernetes.io/docs/concepts/overview/working-with-objects/names/