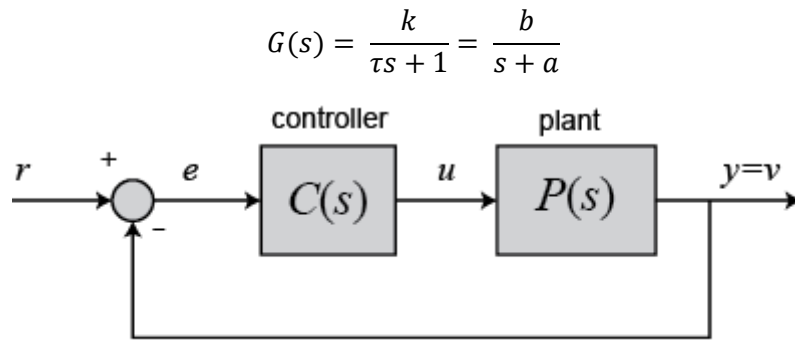


Example 1:



**Fig 1: System with a PI controller**

Aim: To find the PI parameters via state space formulation.

$$u(t) = K_I \int e \cdot dt + K_C \cdot e(t)$$

$$= [K_I \quad K_C] \cdot \begin{bmatrix} \int e \cdot dt \\ e(t) \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\text{Let } \int e \cdot dt = x_1,$$

$$\dot{x}_1 = x_2 = e;$$

$$= [K_I \quad K_C] \cdot \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$X = A\dot{X} + BU$$

$$\dot{x}_1 = x_2$$

$$\dot{x}_2 = \dot{e}$$

$$\text{Here, } X=2 \times 1$$

$$V=1 \times 1$$

Error e,

$$\begin{aligned} e &= r - y \\ &= -\frac{b}{s + a} u \\ \dot{e} + ae &= -bu \\ \Rightarrow \dot{x}_2 &= -ax_2 - bu \end{aligned}$$

Hence,

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 0 & -a \end{bmatrix}, B = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ -b \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 U &= -KX \\
 \dot{X} &= AX + BU \\
 \dot{X} &= AX - BKX
 \end{aligned}$$

Now, find the eigen values of the closed loop system

$$|SI - A + BK| \rightarrow (1)$$

$$\text{Desired closed loop transfer function} = \frac{1}{\lambda S + 1}$$

$$\text{Desired closed loop poles} \rightarrow \lambda S + 1 \rightarrow (2)$$

Coeff comparison is not possible.

Eqn (1) is second order whereas eqn (2) first order.

Hence closed loop T.F. is restated as

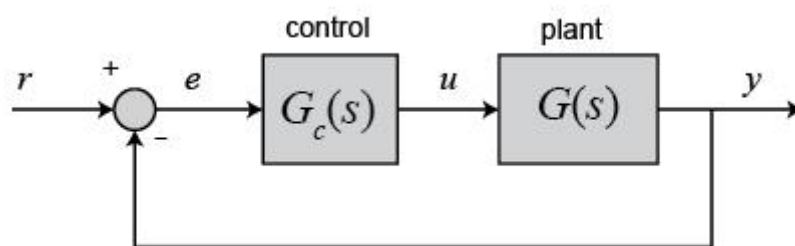
$$\frac{\tau S + 1}{(\lambda S + 1) \cdot (\tau S + 1)}$$

$$\text{Desired closed loop poles} \rightarrow (\tau S + 1) \cdot (\lambda S + 1) \rightarrow (3)$$

Compare coeff of (1) and (3) and find k

### Experiment 2:

$$G(s) = \frac{1}{s}$$



**Fig 2: System with a P controller**

Aim: To find the proportional controller

$$\begin{aligned}
 x(t) &= K_c \cdot e(t) \\
 e(t) &= x_1(t)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\dot{x} = -u$$

$$A = 0, \quad B = -1$$

$$G_{c1} = \frac{1}{\lambda S + 1}$$

Error e

$$e = r - y$$

$$e = -\frac{1}{s}u$$

$$\dot{e} = -u$$

Now,

$$|SI - A + BK| = \lambda S + 1$$

Find K.

Example 3:

$$G(s) = \frac{k}{(\tau_1 S + 1).(\tau_2 S + 1)}$$

$$G_{c1} = \frac{1}{\lambda S + 1}$$

Restated specifications:

$$G_{c1} = \frac{(\tau_1 S + 1).(\tau_2 S + 1)}{(\lambda S + 1).(\tau_1 S + 1).(\tau_2 S + 1)}$$

Find PID

$$u = K_I \int e. dt + K_C. e(t) + K_d \frac{de}{dt}$$

$$= [K_I \quad K_C \quad K_d]. \begin{bmatrix} \int e. dt \\ e(t) \\ \frac{de}{dt} \end{bmatrix}$$

Let  $\int e. dt = x_1$ ,

Hence,  $\dot{x}_1 = x_2 = e$

$$\dot{x}_2 = x_3 = \frac{de}{dt}$$

Hence u,

$$u = [K_I \quad K_C \quad K_d]. \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \end{bmatrix}$$

Error e,

$$e = r - y$$

$$e = -\frac{k}{(\tau_1 S + 1).(\tau_2 S + 1)}u$$

$$\ddot{e} = f(x_1, x_2, x_3) + ( )u$$

Where,

$$A = 3 \times 3 \quad B = 3 \times 1$$

$$|SI - A + BK| = (\lambda S + 1) \cdot (\tau_1 S + 1) \cdot (\tau_2 S + 1)$$

Find K

Inference:

- 1) PI/PID/P controller tuning procedure via state space formulation is not requires for the above said specifications.
- 2) IMC based tuning or synthesis method may be used. But tuning procedure is simple.
- 3) Resultant parameters are same in all methods.
- 4) State space formulation based PI/PID tuning is the best option. When the specifications are performance index based one.