

Practical-10

Aim: Finding "Follow" set Input: The string consists of grammar symbols. Output: The Follow set for a given string. Explanation: The student has to assume a typical grammar. The program when run will ask for the string to be entered. The program will find the Follow set of the given string.

Code:

```
#include<stdio.h> #include<string.h> int n,m=0,p,i=0,j=0; char a[10][10],f[10]; void follow(char c); void
first(char c); int main()
{
int i,z; char
c,ch;
printf("Enter the no.of productions:");
scanf("%d",&n);
printf("Enter the productions(epsilon=$):\n");
for(i=0;i<n;i++)
    scanf("%s%c",a[i],&ch);

do{
m=0;
printf("Enter the element whose FOLLOW is to be found:");
    scanf("%c",&c);
    follow(c);
    printf("FOLLOW(%c) = { ",c);
    for(i=0;i<m;i++)
        printf("%c ",f[i]);
    printf(" }\n");
    printf("Do you want to continue(0/1)?");
    scanf("%d%c",&z,&ch);
}
while(z==1);
}
void follow(char c)
{
if(a[0][0]==c)f[m++]='$'; for(i=0;i<n;i++)
{
    for(j=2;j<strlen(a[i]);j++)
    {
        if(a[i][j]==c)
        {
            if(a[i][j+1]!='\0')first(a[i][j+1]);
            if(a[i][j+1]=='\0'&&c!=a[i][0])
                follow(a[i][0]);
        }
    }
}
}
void first(char c)
{ int k; if(!(isupper(c)))f[m++]='c';
    for(k=0;k<n;k++)
```

```

{
    if(a[k][0]==c)
    {
        if(a[k][2]=='$') follow(a[i][0]); else
        if(islower(a[k][2]))f[m++]=a[k][2];
        else first(a[k][2]);
    }
}
}

```

Output:

```

ssasit@ssasit-Veriton-Series:~/Desktop/cd$ ./a.out
Enter the no.of productions:2
Enter the productions(epsilon=$):
S->aAc
A->b
Enter the element whose FOLLOW is to be found:S
FOLLOW(S) = { $ }
Do you want to continue(0/1)?1
Enter the element whose FOLLOW is to be found:A
FOLLOW(A) = { c }
Do you want to continue(0/1)?

```

Practical-11

Aim: Implement a C program for constructing LL(1) parsing.

Code:

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <string.h> #include
<ctype.h>

#define MAX 10
#define MAX_TERMINALS 10
#define MAX_NON_TERMINALS 10
#define MAX_PRODUCTIONS 10 #define
MAX_INPUT 100

char productions[MAX_PRODUCTIONS][MAX]; char
first[MAX_NON_TERMINALS][MAX_TERMINALS],
follow[MAX_NON_TERMINALS][MAX_TERMINALS]; char
parsing_table[MAX_NON_TERMINALS][MAX_TERMINALS][MAX]; char
non_terminals[MAX_NON_TERMINALS], terminals[MAX_TERMINALS]; int
num_productions, num_non_terminals, num_terminals;

// Helper function to find if a symbol is terminal int
isTerminal(char symbol) {
    return !(symbol >= 'A' && symbol <= 'Z');
}

// Function to add a symbol to the set (to prevent duplicates)
void addToSet(char *set, char symbol) {
    if (!strchr(set, symbol)) {
        int len = strlen(set);
        set[len] = symbol;
        set[len + 1] = '\0';
    }
}

// Function to find FIRST set for a non-terminal void
findFirst(char non_terminal, char *result) {
    for (int i = 0; i < num_productions; i++) {
        if (productions[i][0] == non_terminal) {
            char *rhs = productions[i] + 3; if
            (isTerminal(rhs[0])) {
                addToSet(result, rhs[0]);
            } else {
                findFirst(rhs[0], result);
            }
        }
    }
}

// Function to find FOLLOW set for a non-terminal
void findFollow(char non_terminal, char *result) {
    if (non_terminal == non_terminals[0]) {
        addToSet(result, '$');
    }
}
```

```

for (int i = 0; i < num_productions; i++) {
    char *rhs = productions[i] + 3;
    for (int j = 0; rhs[j] != '\0'; j++) {
        if (rhs[j] == non_terminal) {
            if (rhs[j + 1] != '\0') {
                if (isTerminal(rhs[j + 1])) {
                    addToSet(result, rhs[j + 1]);
                } else {
                    char temp[MAX] = "";
                    findFirst(rhs[j + 1], temp);
                    for (int k = 0; temp[k] != '\0'; k++) {
                        if (temp[k] != 'e') {
                            addToSet(result, temp[k]);
                        }
                    }
                }
            }
        } else {
            findFollow(productions[i][0], result);
        }
    }
}

// Function to construct LL(1) parsing table void
constructParsingTable() {
    for (int i = 0; i < num_non_terminals; i++) {
        for (int j = 0; j < num_terminals; j++) {
            strcpy(parsing_table[i][j], "");
        }
    }

    for (int i = 0; i < num_productions; i++)
    { char non_terminal = productions[i][0];
      char *rhs = productions[i] + 3; char
      first_set[MAX] = "";

      if (isTerminal(rhs[0])) {
          addToSet(first_set, rhs[0]);
      } else {
          findFirst(rhs[0], first_set);
      }

      for (int j = 0; first_set[j] != '\0'; j++) {
          if (first_set[j] != 'e') {
              for (int k = 0; k < num_terminals; k++) {
                  if (first_set[j] == terminals[k]) {
                      strcpy(parsing_table[non_terminal - 'A'][k], productions[i]);
                  }
              }
          }
      }

      if (strchr(first_set, 'e')) {
          char follow_set[MAX] = "";

```

```

findFollow(non_terminal, follow_set);
    for (int j = 0; follow_set[j] != '\0'; j++) {
        for (int k = 0; k < num_terminals; k++) {
            if (follow_set[j] == terminals[k]) {
                strcpy(parsing_table[non_terminal - 'A'][k], productions[i]); }
        }
    }
}
}
}
}

```

```

// Function to print LL(1) parsing table
void printParsingTable() {
    printf("\nLL(1) Parsing Table:\n\t");
    for (int i = 0; i < num_terminals; i++)
        {printf("%c\t", terminals[i]);
        }
    printf("\n");
    for (int i = 0; i < num_non_terminals; i++)
        { printf("%c\t", non_terminals[i]);
        for (int j = 0; j < num_terminals; j++) {
            if (strcmp(parsing_table[i][j], "") != 0)
                { printf("%s\t", parsing_table[i][j]);
                } else {
                    printf("-\t");
                }
        }
        printf("\n");
    }
}

```

```

// Function to parse the input string using the LL(1) parsing table void
parseInputString(char *input) {
    char stack[MAX_INPUT];
    int top = -1; stack[++top] = '$'; stack[++top] =
    non_terminals[0]; // Start symbol

    int i = 0; while (top >= 0) { char
    stackTop = stack[top]; char
    currInput = input[i];
        if (stackTop == currInput)
            { printf("Match: %c\n", currInput);
            top--;
            i++;
        } else if (stackTop == '$') {
            printf("Parsing completed successfully.\n");
            return;
        } else { int row = stackTop -
        'A'; int col = -1;
            for (int j = 0; j < num_terminals; j++) {
                if (currInput == terminals[j]) { col = j;
                break;
                }
            }
        }
    }
}

```

```

    if (col == -1 || strcmp(parsing_table[row][col], "") == 0)
    { printf("Error: Invalid input at %c\n", currInput);
      return;
    } else {
      printf("Apply production: %s\n", parsing_table[row][col]);
      top--;
      char *prod = parsing_table[row][col] + 3;
      for (int j = strlen(prod) - 1; j >= 0; j--) {
        if (prod[j] != 'e')
          // Ignore epsilon (empty production) stack[++top] =
          prod[j];
      }
    }
  }
}

int main() {
  printf("Enter the number of productions: ");
  scanf("%d", &num_productions);

  printf("Enter the productions (e.g., S->aAc):\n");
  for (int i = 0; i < num_productions; i++) {
    scanf("%s", productions[i]);
    non_terminals[i] = productions[i][0];
  }

  num_non_terminals = num_productions;

  // Input the terminals
  printf("Enter the number of terminals: ");
  scanf("%d", &num_terminals);
  printf("Enter the terminals (e.g., a b c $):\n");
  for (int i = 0; i < num_terminals; i++) {
    scanf(" %c", &terminals[i]);
  }

  // Construct the parsing table
  constructParsingTable();

  // Print the parsing table printParsingTable();

  // Input the string to parse char
  input[MAX_INPUT];
  printf("Enter input string to parse (end with $): ");
  scanf("%s", input);
  // Parse the input string parseInputString(input);

  return 0;
}

```

Output:

```
ssasit@ssasit-Veriton-Series:~/Desktop/cd$ ./a.out
Enter the number of productions: 2
Enter the productions (e.g., S->aAc):
S->aAc
A->b
Enter the number of terminals: 4
Enter the terminals (e.g., a b c $):
a b c $

LL(1) Parsing Table:
      a      b      c      $
S      -      A->b      -      -
A      -      -      -      -
Enter input string to parse (end with $): abcc$
Apply production: S->aAc
Match: a
Apply production: A->b
Match: b
Match: c
Parsing completed successfully.
```