

GE23131-Programming Using C-2024

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Question **1**

Correct

Marked out of 3.00

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week 5-01

Write a program that prints a simple chessboard.

Input format:

The first line contains the number of inputs T.
The lines after that contain a different values for size of the chessboard

Output format:

Print a chessboard of dimensions size * size. Print a Print W for white spaces and B for black spaces.

Input:

- 2
- 3

Output:

WBW

BWB

WBW

WBWBW

BWBWB

WBWBW

BWBWB

WBWBW

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

```
1 #include<stdio.h>
2 int main()
3 {
4     int x,s;
5     scanf("%d",&x);
6     while(x-->0)
7     {
8         scanf("%d",&s);
9         for(int i=0;i<s;i++)
10        {
11            for(int j=0;j<s;j++)
12            {
13                if((i+j)%2==0)
14                {
15                    printf("W");
16                }
17                else
18                {
19                    printf("B");
20                }
21            }
22        }
23    }
24 }
```

```
24 | }  
25 |     return 0;  
26 | }
```

	Input	Expected	Got	
✓	2	WBW	WBW	✓
	3	BWB	BWB	
	5	WBW	WBW	
		WBWBW	WBWBW	
		BWBWB	BWBWB	
		WBWBW	WBWBW	
		BWBWB	BWBWB	
		WBWBW	WBWBW	

Passed all tests! ✓

Question **2**

Correct

Marked out of
5.00

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Let’s print a chessboard!

Write a program that takes input:

The first line contains T, the number of test cases

Each test case contains an integer N and also the starting character of the chessboard

Output Format

Sample Input / Output

Input:

2

2 W

3 B

Output:

WB

BW

BWB

WBW

BWB

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)


```
1 #include<stdio.h>
2 int main()
3 {
4     int a,b;
5     char ch;
6     scanf("%d",&a);
7     while(a-->0)
8     {
9         scanf("%d %c",&b,&ch);
10        for(int i=0;i<b;i++)
11        {
12            for(int j=0;j<b;j++)
```

```
16         if((i+j)%2==0)
17     {
18         printf("W");
19     }
20     else
21     {
22         printf("B");
23     }
24     }
25     else
26     {
27         if((i+j)%2==0)
28         {
29             printf("B");
30         }
31         else
32         {
33             printf("W");
34         }
35     }
36     }
37     printf("\n");
38 }
39 }
40 return 0;
41 }
```

	Input	Expected	Got	
✓	2	WB	WB	✓
	2 W	BW	BW	
	3 B	BWB	BWB	
		WBW	WBW	
		BWB	BWB	

Question **3**

Correct

Marked out of
7.00 [Flag question](#)

Decode the logic and print the Pattern that corresponds to given input.

If N= 3

then pattern will be :

10203010011012

**4050809

****607

If N= 4, then pattern will be:

1020304017018019020

**50607014015016

****809012013

*****10011

Constraints

$2 \leq N \leq 100$

Input Format

Output

First line print Case #i where i is the test case number
In the subsequent line, print the pattern

Test Case 1

3
3
4
5

Output

Case #1
10203010011012
**4050809
****607
Case #2
1020304017018019020
**50607014015016
****809012013
*****10011

**6070809022023024025

****10011012019020021

*****13014017018

*****15016

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

```
1 #include<stdio.h>
2 int main()
3 {
4     int p,q,r,s,t=1,u,ans,v;
5     scanf("%d",&p);
6     while(t<=p)
7     {
8         scanf("%d",&q);
9         printf("Case #%d \n",t);
10        s=1;
11        u=1;
12        v=0;
13        while(s<=q)
14        {
15            r=1;
16            ans=(q*q);
17            ans=ans-v;
18            while(r<=2*q)
19            {
20                if(r<=q)
21                {
22                    if(r<s)
23                    {
24                        printf("***");
25                    }
26                    else if(r<=q)
27                    {
28                        printf("%d",u*10);
29                        u++;
30                    }
31                }
32            }
33            r=r+1;
34            s=s+1;
35            v=ans;
36            t=t+1;
37        }
38    }
```



```
34      if((r+s)==(2*q)+1)
35      {
36          printf("%d",(ans+s));
37          ans++;
38          v++;
39      }
40      else if(r+s<=(2*q)+1)
41      {
42          printf("%d",(ans+s)*10);
43          ans++;
44          v++;
45      }
46      }
47      r++;
48  }
49  s++;
50  printf("\n");
51  }
52  t++;
```

	Input	Expected	Got	
--	-------	----------	-----	--

4
5

**4050809
****607
Case #2
1020304017018019020
**50607014015016
****809012013
*****10011
Case #3
102030405026027028029030
**6070809022023024025
****10011012019020021
*****13014017018
*****15016

**4050809
****607
Case #2
1020304017018019020
**50607014015016
****809012013
*****10011
Case #3
102030405026027028029030
**6070809022023024025
****10011012019020021
*****13014017018
*****15016

Passed all tests! ✓

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Question **1**

Correct

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week 5-02

The k-digit number N is an Armstrong number if and only if the k-th power of each digit sums to N.

Given a positive integer N, return true if and only if it is an Armstrong number.

Example 1:

Input:

153

Output:

true

Explanation:

Example 2:

Input:

123

Output:

false

Explanation:

123 is a 3-digit number, and $123 \neq 1^3 + 2^3 + 3^3 = 36$.

Example 3:

Input:

1634

Output:

true

$1 \leq N \leq 10^8$

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

```
1 #include<stdio.h>
2 #include<math.h>
3 int main()
4 {
5     int a,b=0,sum=0,rem;
6     scanf("%d",&a);
7     int temp1=a,temp2=a;
8     while(temp1!=0)
9     {
10         temp1/=10;
11         b++;
12     }
13     while(temp2!=0)
14     {
15         rem = temp2%10;
16         sum+=pow(rem,b);
17         temp2/=10;
18     }
19     if(sum==a)
20     {
21         printf("true");
22     }
23     else
24     {
25         printf("false");
26     }
27     return 0;
28 }
29
30
31
```

	Input	Expected	Got	
✓	153	true	true	✓
✓	123	false	false	✓

Passed all tests! ✓

Question **2**

Correct

Marked out of
5.00

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Take a number, reverse it and add it to the original number until the obtained number is a palindrome. Constraints $1 \leq \text{num} \leq 999999999$ Sample Input 1 32 Sample Output 1 55 Sample Input 2 789 Sample Output 2 66066

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

```
1 #include<stdio.h>
2 int main()
3 {
4     long long int sum,num,revnum,tempnum,tempsum;
5     scanf("%lld",&num);
6     while(1)
7     {
8         revnum=0;
9         tempnum=num;
10        while(num)
11        {
12            revnum=revnum*10+(num%10);
13            num=num/10;
14        }
15        sum=tempnum+revnum;
16        tempsum=sum;
17        revnum=0;
18        while(sum)
19        {
20            revnum=revnum*10+(sum%10);
21            sum=sum/10;
22        }
23        if(tempsum==revnum)
```

```
27 |         num=tempsum;
28 |     }
29 |     printf("%lld",tempsum);
30 |     return 0;
31 | }
```


	Input	Expected	Got	
✓	32	55	55	✓
✓	789	66066	66066	✓

Passed all tests! ✓

Question **3**

Correct

Marked out of 7.00

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A number is considered lucky if it contains either 3 or 4 or 3 and 4 both in it. Write a program to print the nth lucky number. Example, 1st lucky number is 3, and 2nd lucky number is 4 and 3rd lucky number is 33 and 4th lucky number is 34 and so on. Note that 13, 40 etc., are not lucky as they have other numbers in it.

The program should accept a number 'n' as input and display the nth lucky number as output.

Sample Input 1:

3

33

Explanation:

Here the lucky numbers are 3, 4, 33, 34., and the 3rd lucky number is 33.

Sample Input 2:

34

Sample Output 2:

33344

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

```
1 #include<stdio.h>
2 #include<math.h>
3 int main()
4 {
5     long int i,j;
6     int rem,n,cnt=0,fg;
7     scanf("%d",&n);
8     for(i=1;cnt<=n;i++)
9     {
```



```
13 {  
14     rem=j%10;  
15     if(rem==3 || rem==4)  
16         j=(j/10);  
17     else  
18     {  
19         fg=1;  
20         break;  
21     }  
22 }  
23 if(fg==0)  
24 {  
25     cnt++;  
26     if(cnt==n)  
27         break;  
28 }  
29 }  
30 printf("%ld",i);  
31 return 0;  
32 }
```

	Input	Expected	Got	
✓	34	33344	33344	✓

Passed all tests! ✓

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