#### 1

# Assignment 2

## CS20BTECH11047

# Download all python codes from

https://github.com/JeevanIITH/AI1102/blob/main/assignment2/assignment2.py

## and latex codes from

https://github.com/JeevanIITH/AI1102/blob/main/assignment2/assignment2.tex

### **SECTION**

Let X and Y be two continuous random variables with the joint probability density function

$$f(x,y) = \begin{cases} 2 & 0 < x + y < 1, x > 0, y > 0 \\ 0 & \text{elsewhere} \end{cases}$$
 (0.0.1)

Then  $P\left(X+Y<\frac{1}{2}\right)$  is

1) 
$$\frac{1}{4}$$

3)  $\frac{3}{4}$ 

2) 
$$\frac{1}{2}$$

4) 1

## Solution

Given X and Y be two continuous random variables with the joint probability density function

$$f(x,y) = \begin{cases} 2 & 0 < x + y < 1, x > 0, y > 0 \\ 0 & \text{elsewhere} \end{cases}$$
 (0.0.2)

we know that

$$P((x,y) \in A) = \int \int_{A} f(x,y) \, dx dy \quad A \in \mathbb{R}^{2}$$
(0.0.3)

from given information for positive *x* and *y* 

$$0 < x + y < \frac{1}{2} \Rightarrow 0 < x < \frac{1}{2} - y \tag{0.0.4}$$

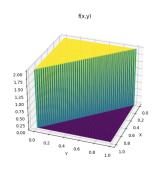


Fig. 1: f(x, y)

so using eq(0.0.3)

$$P\left(x+y<\frac{1}{2}\right) = \int_0^{\frac{1}{2}} \int_0^{\frac{1}{2}-y} f(x,y) dx dy \quad (0.0.5)$$

$$= \int_0^{\frac{1}{2}} \int_0^{\frac{1}{2} - y} 2 \quad dx dy = \int_0^{\frac{1}{2}} \left( 2x \quad \Big|_0^{\frac{1}{2} - y} \right) dy \quad (0.0.6)$$

$$= \int_0^{\frac{1}{2}} 2\left(\frac{1}{2} - y\right) \quad dy = 2\left(\frac{1}{2}y - \frac{y^2}{2}\right)\Big|_0^{\frac{1}{2}} \quad (0.0.7)$$

$$= \left(\frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{4}\right) = \frac{1}{4} \quad (0.0.8)$$

Therefore

$$P\left(x + y < \frac{1}{2}\right) = \frac{1}{4} \tag{0.0.9}$$

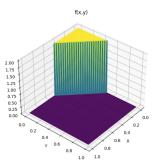


Fig. 2: 
$$P(x + y < \frac{1}{2})$$