## **LAB4 - Network Configuration**

Root Cause 1: R3 missing BGP neighbor configuration.

Despite R3 (the PE router) having VRF ONE set up correctly, it lacked the BGP neighbor configuration for R1 (the CE router) within the VRF ONE address-family. As a result, R3 was unable to form a BGP session with R1 in that VRF.

```
R3#sh run | sec router
router ospf 1
log-adjacency-changes
network 3.3.3.3 0.0.0.0 area 0
network 192.168.3.0 0.0.0.255 area 0
network 192.168.5.0 0.0.0.255 area 0
outer bap 100
bgp log-neighbor-changes
neighbor 5.5.5.5 remote-as 100
neighbor 5.5.5.5 update-source Loopback0
neighbor 192.168.1.1 remote-as 1
address-family ipv4
 neighbor 5.5.5.5 activate
 no neighbor 192.168.1.1 activate
 no auto-summary
 no synchronization
exit-address-family
address-family vpnv4
 neighbor 5.5.5.5 activate
 neighbor 5.5.5.5 send-community extended
exit-address-family
address-family ipv4 vrf ONE
 neighbor 192.168.1.1 remote-as 1
 neighbor 192.168.1.1 activate
 no synchronization
exit-address-family
```

Root Cause 2: R1 route-map preventing VPN propagation

The STOP route-map on R1 injected a "no-advertise" community into its BGP updates, preventing any advertisement into the MPLS VPN.

Removed the STOP route-map (and its "no-advertise" community) from the BGP neighbor configuration on R1. no route-map STOP permit 10 router bgp 1 no neighbor 192.168.1.2 route-map STOP out

## Root Cause 3:

The OSPF session between R3 and R4 never formed, so R3 lacked the necessary MPLS labels for downstream forwarding.

Ensured all core routers (R3, R4, R5, R6) formed OSPF adjacencies, reestablishing proper label distribution for VPN traffic.

```
R1#sh run | sec router router bgp 1 no synchronization bgp log-neighbor-changes network 1.1.1.1 mask 255.255.255.255 network 11.11.11.11 mask 255.255.255.255 neighbor 192.168.1.2 remote-as 100 no auto-summary R1#
```

```
R2#sh run | sec router
router bgp 2
no synchronization
bgp log-neighbor-changes
network 2.2.2.2 mask 255.255.255.255
network 22.22.22.22 mask 255.255.255.255
neighbor 192.168.2.2 remote-as 100
auto-summary
R2#
```

```
R3#sh run | sec router
router ospf 1
log-adjacency-changes
network 3.3.3.3 0.0.0.0 area 0
network 192.168.3.0 0.0.0.255 area 0
network 192.168.5.0 0.0.0.255 area 0
outer bgp 100
bgp log-neighbor-changes
neighbor 5.5.5.5 remote-as 100
neighbor 5.5.5.5 update-source Loopback0
neighbor 192.168.1.1 remote-as 1
 address-family ipv4
 neighbor 5.5.5.5 activate
 no neighbor 192.168.1.1 activate
 no auto-summary
 no synchronization
 exit-address-family
 address-family vpnv4
 neighbor 5.5.5.5 activate
 neighbor 5.5.5.5 send-community extended
 exit-address-family
 address-family ipv4 vrf ONE
 neighbor 192.168.1.1 remote-as 1
 neighbor 192.168.1.1 activate
 no synchronization
 exit-address-family
```

```
R4#sh run | sec router
router ospf 1
log-adjacency-changes
network 4.4.4.4 0.0.0.0 area 0
network 192.168.3.0 0.0.0.255 area 0
network 192.168.4.0 0.0.0.255 area 0
```

```
R5#sh run | sec router
router ospf 1
log-adjacency-changes
network 5.5.5.5 0.0.0.0 area 0
network 192.168.4.0 0.0.0.255 area 0
network 192.168.6.0 0.0.0.255 area 0
outer bgp 100
bgp log-neighbor-changes
neighbor 3.3.3.3 remote-as 100
neighbor 3.3.3.3 update-source Loopback0
address-family ipv4
 neighbor 3.3.3.3 activate
 no auto-summary
 synchronization
exit-address-family
address-family vpnv4
 neighbor 3.3.3.3 activate
 neighbor 3.3.3.3 send-community extended
 exit-address-family
address-family ipv4 vrf ONE
 neighbor 192.168.2.1 remote-as 2
 neighbor 192.168.2.1 activate
 no synchronization
 exit-address-family
```

```
R6#sh run | sec router
router ospf 1
log-adjacency-changes
network 6.6.6.6 0.0.0.0 area 0
network 192.168.5.0 0.0.0.255 area 0
network 192.168.6.0 0.0.0.255 area 0
```

## Results:

```
R1#ping 2.2.2.2 source 1.1.1.1

Type escape sequence to abort.

Sending 5, 100-byte ICMP Echos to 2.2.2.2, timeout is 2 seconds:

Packet sent with a source address of 1.1.1.1

!!!!!

Success rate is 100 percent (5/5), round-trip min/avg/max = 124/283/500 ms

R1#
```

```
R2#ping 1.1.1.1 source 2.2.2.2

Type escape sequence to abort.

Sending 5, 100-byte ICMP Echos to 1.1.1.1, timeout is 2 seconds:

Packet sent with a source address of 2.2.2.2
!!!!!

Success rate is 100 percent (5/5), round-trip min/avg/max = 328/561/728 ms

R2#
```