```
import numpy as np
arr = np.array([1,2,3,4,5])
print(arr)
     [1 2 3 4 5]
import numpy as np
arr = np.array([[1,2,3,1,1],[1,2,3,4,5],[3,1,1,4,5]])
output = repr(arr).count("1, 1")
print(output)
     2
import numpy as np
arr = np.array([[1,2,3,4,5],
               [1,2,3,4,5],
               [1,2,3,4,5]])
arr.T
     array([[1, 1, 1],
            [2, 2, 2],
            [3, 3, 3],
            [4, 4, 4],
            [5, 5, 5]])
import numpy as np
arr = np.array([0,0,1,2,3,4,5,0,0])
np.trim_zeros(arr)
     array([1, 2, 3, 4, 5])
import numpy as np
arr = np.array([1,2,3,4,5])
print("original array")
print(arr)
print("reverse array")
arr=arr[::-1]
print(arr)
     original array
     [1 2 3 4 5]
     reverse array
     [5 4 3 2 1]
import numpy as np
a=np.zeros(11)
print("before any change")
print(a)
a[4]=1
print("after first change")
print(a)
a.setflags(write=False)
print("now the array wont accept any value because it has been set to read ")
a[7]=1
```

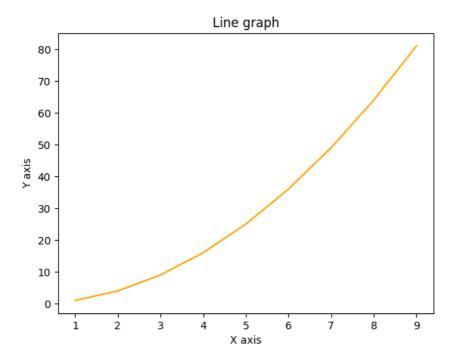
```
before any change
     [0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0.]
     after first change
     [0. 0. 0. 0. 1. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0.]
     now thw array wont accept any value because it has been set to read
     ValueError
                                               Traceback (most recent call last)
     <ipython-input-29-135782f9eeaa> in <cell line: 10>()
           8 a.setflags(write=False)
           9 print("now thw array wont accept any value because it has been set to read ")
     ---> 10 a[7]=1
import numpy as np
arr = np.array([75, 42, 60])
print("Given array:")
print(arr)
print("\nReplace all elements of array which are less than 50. to 15")
arr[arr < 50.] = 15.50
print("New array :\n")
print(arr)
     Given array:
     [75 42 60]
     Replace all elements of array which are less than 50. to 15
     New array :
     [75 15 60]
import numpy as np
arr = np.array([[20, 67, np.nan],
                  [41, 57, np.nan]])
print("Given array:")
print(arr)
print("\nRemove all columns containing non-numeric elements ")
print(arr[:, ~np.isnan(arr).any(axis=0)])
     Given array:
     [[20. 67. nan]
      [41. 57. nan]]
     Remove all columns containing non-numeric elements
     [[20. 67.]
      [41. 57.]]
import numpy as geek
b = geek.empty(2, dtype = int)
print("Matrix b : \n", b)
a = geek.empty([2, 2], dtype = int)
print("\nMatrix a : \n", a)
     Matrix b :
     [0 1]
     Matrix a :
      [[4626322717216342016 4630967054332067840]
      [4634415122796773376 4633218854145753088]]
import numpy as np
arr = np.array([2, 0, 1, 5,
                4, 1, 9])
```

```
print("Given array:", arr)
sorted_index_array = np.argsort(arr)
sorted_array = arr[sorted_index_array]
print("Sorted array:", sorted_array)
n = 3
rslt = sorted_array[-n : ]
print("{} largest value:".format(n),
     rslt[0])
    Given array: [2 0 1 5 4 1 9]
     Sorted array: [0 1 1 2 4 5 9]
     3 largest value: 4
import numpy as np
input_arr = np.array([-1.8, -1.6, -0.5, 0.5,
                      1.6, 1.8, 3.0])
print(input_arr)
floor_values = np.floor(input_arr)
print("\nFloor values : \n", floor_values)
ceil_values = np.ceil(input_arr)
print("\nCeil values : \n", ceil_values)
trunc_values = np.trunc(input_arr)
print("\nTruncated values : \n", trunc_values)
     [-1.8 -1.6 -0.5 0.5 1.6 1.8 3.]
    Floor values :
     [-2. -2. -1. 0. 1. 1. 3.]
    Ceil values :
     [-1. -1. -0. 1. 2. 2. 3.]
     Truncated values :
      [-1. -1. -0. 0. 1. 1. 3.]
import numpy as np
matrix1 = np.array([[1, 2], [0, 2]])
matrix2 = np.array([[0, 1], [3, 4]])
print("Original matrix:")
print(matrix1)
print(matrix2)
result = np.einsum("mk,kn", matrix1, matrix2)
print("Einstein's summation convention of the two matrix:")
print(result)
     Original matrix:
     [[1 2]
     [0 2]]
     [[0 1]
      [3 4]]
     Einstein's summation convention of the two matrix:
     [[6 9]
      [6 8]]
```

```
import numpy as np
array = np.arange(10)
print(array)
r = np.var(array)
print("\nvariance: ", r)
     [0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9]
     variance: 8.25
import numpy as np
array = np.arange(10)
print(array)
r = np.std(array)
print("\nstd: ", r)
     [0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9]
     std: 2.8722813232690143
import numpy as np
array1 = np.array([0, 1, 2])
array2 = np.array([3, 4, 5])
result = np.corrcoef(array1, array2)
print(result)
     [[1. 1.]
      [1. 1.]]
import numpy as np
arr = np.array([[1, 2, 3], [4, 5, 6], [7, 8, 9]])
row_mean = np.mean(arr, axis=1)
row1_mean = row_mean[0]
print("Mean of Row 1 is", row1_mean)
row2_mean = row_mean[1]
print("Mean of Row 2 is", row2_mean)
row3_mean = row_mean[2]
print("Mean of Row 3 is", row3_mean)
column_mean = np.mean(arr, axis=0)
column1_mean = column_mean[0]
print("Mean of column 1 is", column1_mean)
column2_mean = column_mean[1]
print("Mean of column 2 is", column2_mean)
column3_mean = column_mean[2]
print("Mean of column 3 is", column3_mean)
```

```
Mean of Row 1 is 2.0
     Mean of Row 2 is 5.0
     Mean of Row 3 is 8.0
     Mean of column 1 is 4.0
     Mean of column 2 is 5.0
     Mean of column 3 is 6.0
import numpy as P
x = (10, 20, 30)
y = (30,40,50)
print("Add one polynomial to another:")
print(P.polyadd(x,y))
print("Subtract one polynomial from another:")
print(P.polysub(x,y))
print("Multiply one polynomial by another:")
print(P.polymul(x,y))
print("Divide one polynomial by another:")
print(P.polydiv(x,y))
     Add one polynomial to another:
     [40 60 80]
     Subtract one polynomial from another:
     [-20 -20 -20]
     Multiply one polynomial by another:
     [ 300 1000 2200 2200 1500]
     Divide one polynomial by another:
     (array([0.33333333]), array([ 6.66666667, 13.33333333]))
import numpy
List = [1, 2, 3, 4, 5]
Array = numpy.array(List)
print('Array:\n', Array)
file = open("file1.txt", "w+")
content = str(Array)
file.write(content)
file.close()
file = open("file1.txt", "r")
content = file.read()
print("\nContent in file1.txt:\n", content)
file.close()
     Array:
     [1 2 3 4 5]
     Content in file1.txt:
      [1 2 3 4 5]
import numpy as np
import os
File_data = np.loadtxt("/content/example.txt.txt", dtype=int)
print(File_data)
     1234
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
x = np.arange(1, 10)
y = x * x
plt.title("Line graph")
plt.xlabel("X axis")
```

```
plt.ylabel("Y axis")
plt.plot(x, y, color ="orange")
plt.show()
```



```
a = np.random.randint(100, size =(50))
np.histogram(a, bins = [0, 10, 20, 30, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100])
hist, bins = np.histogram(a, bins = [0, 10, 20, 30, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100])
print()
print()
print (hist)
```

import numpy as np

print (bins)
print()

```
[3 4 7 2 7 8 5 8 2 4]
[ 0 10 20 30 40 50 60 70 80 90 100]
```

• 0s completed at 3:29 AM

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