

16.INSERTION SORT

SAMPLE CODE

```
#include<stdio.h>

int insertionsort(int arr[],int n){
    int i,key,j;
    for(int i=1;i<n;i++){
        key=arr[i];
        j=i-1;
        while(j>=0&&arr[j]>key){
            arr[j+1]=arr[j];
            j=j-1;
        }arr[j+1]=key;
    }
}

int printarray(int arr[],int n){
    for(int i=0;i<n;i++)
        printf("%d\n",arr[i]);
    printf("\n");
}

int main (){
    int arr[]={2,5,3,9,8};
    int n=sizeof(arr)/sizeof (arr[0]);
    printf("original array:");
    printarray (arr,n);
    insertionsort(arr,n);
    printf("sorted array:");
    printarray(arr,n);
    return 0;
}
```

OUTPUT

The image shows a C++ IDE with a source code editor and a terminal window. The source code implements an Insertion Sort algorithm. The terminal window displays the output of the program, showing the original array [2, 5, 3, 9, 8] and the sorted array [2, 3, 5, 8, 9].

```
4   for(int i=1;i<n;i++){
5       key=arr[i];
6       j=i-1;
7       while(j>=0&&arr[j]>key){
8           arr[j+1]=arr[j];
9           j=j-1;
10      }
11      arr[j+1]=key;
12  }
13
14  int printarray(int arr[],int n){
15      for(int i=0;i<n;i++){
16          printf("%d\n",arr[i]);
17          printf("\n");
18      }
19  }
20  int main ()
21  {
22      int arr[]={2,5,3,9,8};
23      int n=sizeof(arr)/sizeof(arr[0]);
24      printf("original array:");
25      printarray(arr,n);
26      insertionsort(arr,n);
27      printf("sorted array:");
28      printarray(arr,n);
29      return 0;
30  }
```

original array:2
5
3
9
8

sorted array:2
3
5
8
9

Process exited after 0.06394 seconds with return value 0
Press any key to continue . . .

Compilation results...
- Errors: 0
- Warnings: 0
- Output Filename: C:\Users\Haritha\OneDrive\Documents\insertionsort.exe
- Output Size: 128.6767570125 KiB
- Compilation Time: 1.02s