

```
In [43]: import numpy as np
```

```
A = np.random.rand(3,4)
```

```
In [44]: A
```

```
Out[44]: array([[0.99209272, 0.1338347 , 0.94360135, 0.92016352],
               [0.23245756, 0.21893059, 0.64071962, 0.99633501],
               [0.08745165, 0.68346294, 0.56466501, 0.8576714 ]])
```

```
In [45]: a = A[0:3,0:3]
         print(a)
```

```
[[0.99209272 0.1338347  0.94360135]
 [0.23245756 0.21893059 0.64071962]
 [0.08745165 0.68346294 0.56466501]]
```

```
In [46]: b = A[:,3]
         print(b)
```

```
[0.92016352 0.99633501 0.8576714 ]
```

```
In [9]: n = a.shape[0]
```

```
Out[9]: 3
```

```
In [11]: n = len(a)
```

```
In [13]: aa = a.copy()
```

```
In [14]: aa
```

```
Out[14]: array([[0.25479862, 0.6736852 , 0.30628764],
               [0.18486258, 0.28355278, 0.89021311],
               [0.61537523, 0.19774345, 0.46385214]])
```

```
In [15]: a1 = [1,2,3]
```

```
In [16]: b1 = a1
```

```
In [18]: a1
```

```
Out[18]: [1, 2, 3]
```

```
In [17]: b1
```

```
Out[17]: [1, 2, 3]
```

```
In [19]: a1.append(2)
```

In [20]: a1

Out[20]: [1, 2, 3, 2]

In [21]: b1

Out[21]: [1, 2, 3, 2]

```
In [78]: a = np.array([[1.0, 1.0, 1.0],
                      [2.0, 1.0, 2.0],
                      [3.0, 1.0, 4.0 ]])
```

```
n = 3
```

```
print(a)
```

```
[[1. 1. 1.]
 [2. 1. 2.]
 [3. 1. 4.]]
```

```
In [72]: import numpy as np
```

```
A = np.random.rand(3,4)
```

```
a = A[0:3,0:3]
```

```
aa = a.copy()
```

```
b = A[:,3]
```

```
bb = b.copy()
```

```
x = np.zeros(len(b))
```

```
n = len(a)
```

```
In [84]: # Elimination phase
```

```
for k in range(0,n-1):      # pivot rows  k = 0, 1, ...
```

```
    for i in range(k+1,n):  # range i = 1
```

```
        if a[i,k] != 0.0 :
```

```
            # print('We are in the loop',i,k)
```

```
            lam = a[i,k]/a[k,k] # Definition of lambda
```

```
            a[i,k:n] = a[i,k:n] - lam*a[k,k:n]      # a[i,k+1:n] 까지 변경
```

```
            b[i] = b[i] - lam*b[k]
```

```
# Back substitution
```

```
for k in range(n-1,-1,-1): # From end to beginning
```

```
    x[k] = ( b[k] - np.dot(a[k,k+1:n],x[k+1:n]) )/a[k,k] # j = k+1,
```

```
    ..., n
```

```
print(a)
```

```
[[ 0.84359357  0.56844361  0.37247176]
 [ 0.          -0.53364888  0.05873415]
 [ 0.           0.          0.55307934]]
```

In []:

```

In [86]: import numpy as np

A = np.random.rand(3,4)
a = A[0:3,0:3]
aa = a.copy()

b = A[:,3]
bb = b.copy()
x = np.zeros(len(b))

n = len(a)

# Elimination phase
#for k in range(0,n-1):      # pivot rows k = 0, 1, ... n-1(미포함)
for k in range(n-1,0,-1):    # pivot rows k = n-1, n-2, ..., 0(미포함)
    for i in range(k-1,-1,-1): # range i = 1
        if a[i,k] != 0.0 :
            # print('We are in the loop',i,k)
            lam = a[i,k]/a[k,k] # Definion of lambda
            a[i,k:n] = a[i,k:n] - lam*a[k,k:n] # a[i,k+1:n] 까지 변경
            b[i] = b[i] - lam*b[k]

# Back substitution
#for k in range(n-1,-1,-1): # From end to beginning
#    x[k] = ( b[k] - np.dot(a[k,k+1:n],x[k+1:n]) )/a[k,k] # j = k+1,
#        ..., n

print(a)

[[0.21935306 0.          0.          ]
 [0.1683095  0.93212672 0.          ]
 [0.16076473 0.65833782 0.43662564]]

```

```
In [97]: b1 = [1,2,3]
b2 = [2,3,4]
bmat = np.array([[1, 2],
                 [2, 3],
                 [3, 4]])

bmat1 = np.array([b1,b2])
bmat2 = np.vstack((b1,b2))
print(bmat1, '\n \n', bmat2)
#gauss(a,b)

bt1 = bmat1.T
bt2 = bmat2.T
print( '\n\n', bt1, '\n \n', bt2)
```

```
[[1 2 3]
 [2 3 4]]
```

```
[[1 2 3]
 [2 3 4]]
```

```
[[1 2]
 [2 3]
 [3 4]]
```

```
[[1 2]
 [2 3]
 [3 4]]
```

```
In [ ]: # gauss 루틴의 b를 행렬 형태로 받을 수 있게 코드를 바꾸시오
```

```
In [101]: bt1.shape[1]
```

```
Out[101]: 2
```

```
In [76]: def gauss(a,b):
# Elimination phase
    for k in range(0,n-1):      # pivot rows k = 0, 1, ...
        for i in range(k+1,n):  # range i = 1
            if a[i,k] != 0.0 :
#                print('We are in the loop',i,k)
                lam = a[i,k]/a[k,k] # Definon of lambda
                a[i,k:n] = a[i,k:n] - lam*a[k,k:n]      # a[i,k+1:n] 까지
#                변경
                b[i] = b[i] - lam*b[k]

# Back substitution
    for k in range(n-1,-1,-1):  # From end to beginning
        x[k] = ( b[k] - np.dot(a[k,k+1:n],x[k+1:n]) )/a[k,k]  # j = k+1,
        ..., n

    return x
```

실습문제:

가우스 소거법을 활용해서 하부삼각 행렬을 만들어 봅시다.

```
In [82]: def gauss(a,b):
# Elimination phase
    for k in range(0,n-1):      # pivot rows k = 0, 1, ...
        for i in range(k+1,n): # range i = 1
            if a[i,k] != 0.0 :
#                print('We are in the loop',i,k)
                lam = a[i,k]/a[k,k] # Definon of lambda
                a[i,k:n] = a[i,k:n] - lam*a[k,k:n]      # a[i,k+1:n] 까지
#                변경
                b[i] = b[i] - lam*b[k]

# Back substitution
        for k in range(n-1,-1,-1): # From end to beginning
            x[k] = ( b[k] - np.dot(a[k,k+1:n],x[k+1:n]) )/a[k,k] # j = k+1,
            ..., n

        return x

print(a)

[[0.20455832 0.18084286 0.08113489]
 [0.35986835 0.81683725 0.41742305]
 [0.03822878 0.60704263 0.34217049]]
```

```
In [80]:
[[ 1.  1.  1.]
 [ 0. -1.  0.]
 [ 0.  0.  1.]]
```

```
In [ ]:
```

```
In [77]: gauss(aa,bb)
```

```
Out[77]: array([ 0.44600605, -0.53072592,  3.71236635])
```

```
In [74]: print('x ',x)
# BLAS
```

```
x [ 0.44600605 -0.53072592  3.71236635]
```

```
In [75]: np.linalg.solve(aa,bb)
```

```
Out[75]: array([ 0.44600605, -0.53072592,  3.71236635])
```

In []: 노캠: 박수연, 김연주

In []:

```
In [67]: aaa = [1,2,3,4,5]
          aaa[0:5]
```

Out[67]: [1, 2, 3, 4, 5]

```
In [60]: print('Before\n ',aa,'\n \n','After \n',a)
print('\nBefore\n ',bb,'\n \n','After \n',b)
```

Before

```
[[0.16705781 0.72904258 0.01733248]
 [0.05258849 0.79326455 0.19405686]
 [0.22199109 0.98170326 0.58701823]]
```

After

```
[[0.16705781 0.72904258 0.01733248]
 [0.          0.56376765 0.18860073]
 [0.          0.          0.55966043]]
```

Before

```
[0.90863136 0.35358089 0.72538993]
```

After

```
[ 0.90863136  0.06755085 -0.48357426]
```

In []:

In []:

In []:

```
In [27]: import time
time_start = time.time()
A = np.zeros((4000,4000))

for i in range(4000):
    for j in range(4000):
        A[i,j] = A[i,j] + 1

time_finish = time.time()

print('Total elapsed time ',time_finish - time_start)
```

Total elapsed time 10.011560916900635

```
In [28]: time_start = time.time()

A = np.zeros((4000,4000))
A = A + np.ones((4000,4000))

time_finish = time.time()

print('Total elapsed time ',time_finish - time_start)
```

Total elapsed time 0.11548590660095215

In []:

In []:

In []: