```
In [30]:
          M
                 import numpy as np
                 from sklearn.datasets import fetch 20newsgroups
In [31]:
                 from sklearn.feature_extraction.text import CountVectorizer
                  from sklearn.naive_bayes import BernoulliNB,MultinomialNB
In [32]:
               2
                  #input features are binary
                 #input features are multiple in mutlinomial (check frequency)
                  newsgroups=fetch 20newsgroups(subset='all')
In [34]:
In [35]:
                  vectorizer1=CountVectorizer(binary=True) #words are there are not
                 vectorizer2=CountVectorizer(binary=False) #words are repeated or not
In [36]:
                 X1=vectorizer1.fit_transform(newsgroups.data)
                 X2=vectorizer2.fit_transform(newsgroups.data)
In [37]:
                 y=newsgroups.target
In [38]:
          M
                 from sklearn.model selection import train test split
                 xtrain1,xtest1,ytrain,ytest=train_test_split
                 (X1,y,test_size=0.25,random_state=1) #X1 binary values
                 xtrain2,xtest2,ytrain,ytest=train test split
                  (X2,y,test_size=0.25,random_state=1) #X2 multivalues
In [39]:
               1
                 bnb=BernoulliNB()
               2
                 bnb
               3
                 mnb=MultinomialNB()
                 mnb
   Out[39]:
              ▼ MultinomialNB
              MultinomialNB()
In [40]:
                  bnb.fit(xtrain1,ytrain)
   Out[40]:
              ▼ BerndulliNB
              BernoulliNB()
```

```
In [41]:
                 mnb.fit(xtrain2,ytrain)
   Out[41]:
              ▼ MultinomialNB
              MultinomialNB()
In [42]:
                 y_pred1=bnb.predict(xtest1)
                 y pred1
   Out[42]: array([16, 9, 18, ..., 13, 7, 14])
                 y_pred2=mnb.predict(xtest2)
In [43]:
                 y_pred2
   Out[43]: array([16, 19, 18, ..., 13, 7, 14])
                  from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score
In [44]:
                  accuracy_score(ytest,y_pred1)
In [45]:
   Out[45]: 0.681239388794567
In [46]:
                  accuracy_score(ytest,y_pred2)
   Out[46]: 0.8384974533106961
         Conclusion: Multinomial is better than bernoulli for this corpus because it checks the frequency.
                  from sklearn.feature_extraction.text import TfidfVectorizer
In [47]:
                  from sklearn.pipeline import make pipeline
In [48]:
                  model=make_pipeline(TfidfVectorizer(),MultinomialNB())
                  test_data=fetch_20newsgroups(subset='test')
In [49]:
                  train_data=fetch_20newsgroups(subset='train')
In [50]:
                  model.fit(train_data.data,train_data.target)
   Out[50]:
                    Pipeline
               ▶ TfidfVectorizer
                ▶ MultinomialNB
```