

Data Science Tools: Interactive visualization

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Overview Data Science

Overview of Data Science

D3 –Data-Driven Document

- D3 Show Reel:

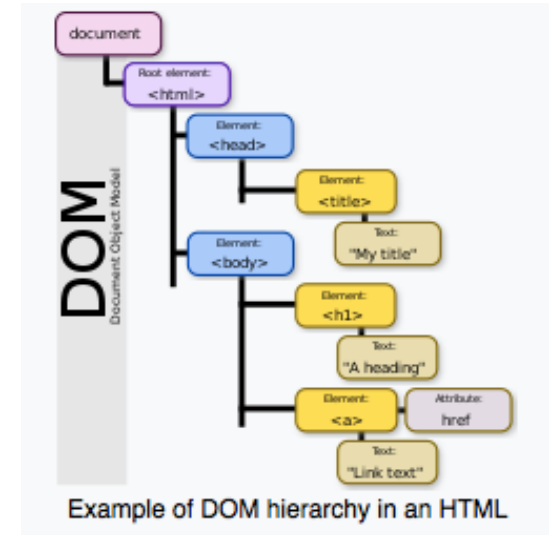
<https://bl.ocks.org/mbostock/1256572>

D3 is Data \mapsto Elements

- Visualizing Data with Web Standards (HTML/SVG)
- Data \mapsto Elements – constructing the DOM from Data
- In visualization, each data point has a corresponding element (graphical marks). D3 helps you maintain this mapping!

SVG – Scalable Vector Graphics

DOM – Document Object Model



D3- Data-Driven Documents

D3.js is a JavaScript library for manipulating documents based on data.

d3js.org

github.com/mbostock/d3

github.com/mbostock/d3/wiki/API-Reference

D3.js is not limited to a specific canvas like the other libraries. You can use the whole page.

It doesn't have pre-built charts that limit creativity!

+ Community, documentation, examples,...

- Reusability

Installation of D3.js

More Options!

- ▷ Npm install --save d3
- ▷ Bower install --save d3
- ▷ Download D3.zip
- ▷ Use external

```
<script src="https://d3js.org/d3.v4.min.js"></script>
```

Edit and add the `<script>` line to your HTML file based on the installation path.

```
<script src="node_modules/d3/build/d3.min.js"></script>
```

D3 is a little like jQuery (jQuery)

```
// Find element
var node = $("#elementId");

// Style element
node.css("color", "#000");

// Set attribute
node.attr("data-lc", "data-value");

// Handle event
node.click(function(ev) {
    alert("Hello, world!");
});
```

Selections

- A selection is an array of elements pulled from the current document. D3 uses CSS3 to select elements.
- After selecting elements, you apply operators to them to do stuff. These operators can get or set attributes, styles, properties, HTML and text content.
- `d3.select(selector), d3.select(node)`
- `d3.selectAll(selector), d3.selectAll(nodes)`
- See more: github.com/mbostock/d3/wiki/Selections

Select element and style it a bit

```
var svg = d3.select("svg");

var margin = {top: 30, right: 50, bottom: 30, left: 30},
    width = +svg.attr("width") - margin.left - margin.right,
    height = +svg.attr("height") - margin.top - margin.bottom,
    labelPadding = 3;

var g = svg.append("g")
    .attr("transform", "translate(" + margin.left + "," + margin.top + ")");
```

.select()

HTML

CSS

JS

Result

```
var svg = d3.select("svg")

var run = function() {
  var myRect = svg.select("rect")
  myRect.attr("width", 100)
  myRect.attr("height", 100)
  myRect.style("fill", "steelblue")
}
```

Resources


HTML

CSS

JS

Result

Run A



Resources

External data files

- **d3.csv** - request a comma-separated values (CSV) file.
- **d3.html** - request an HTML document fragment.
- **d3.json** - request a JSON blob.
- **d3.text** - request a text file.
- **d3.tsv** - request a tab-separated values (TSV) file.
- **d3.xhr** - request a resource using XMLHttpRequest.
- **d3.xml** - request an XML document fragment.
- See more: github.com/mbostock/d3/wiki/Requests

Data joints

The act of creating a mapping between data points and the objects representing them.

- `[1,2,3] -> μ £ ¥`
- `[1,2,3] -> <div>1</div>`
`<div>2</div>`
`<div>3</div>`
- See more: github.com/mbostock/d3/wiki/Requests

Fetch data from file

```
d3.requestTsv("data.tsv", function (d) {  
  return d;  
}, function (error, data) {  
  if (error) throw error;  
  
  console.log(data);  
});
```

Layouts

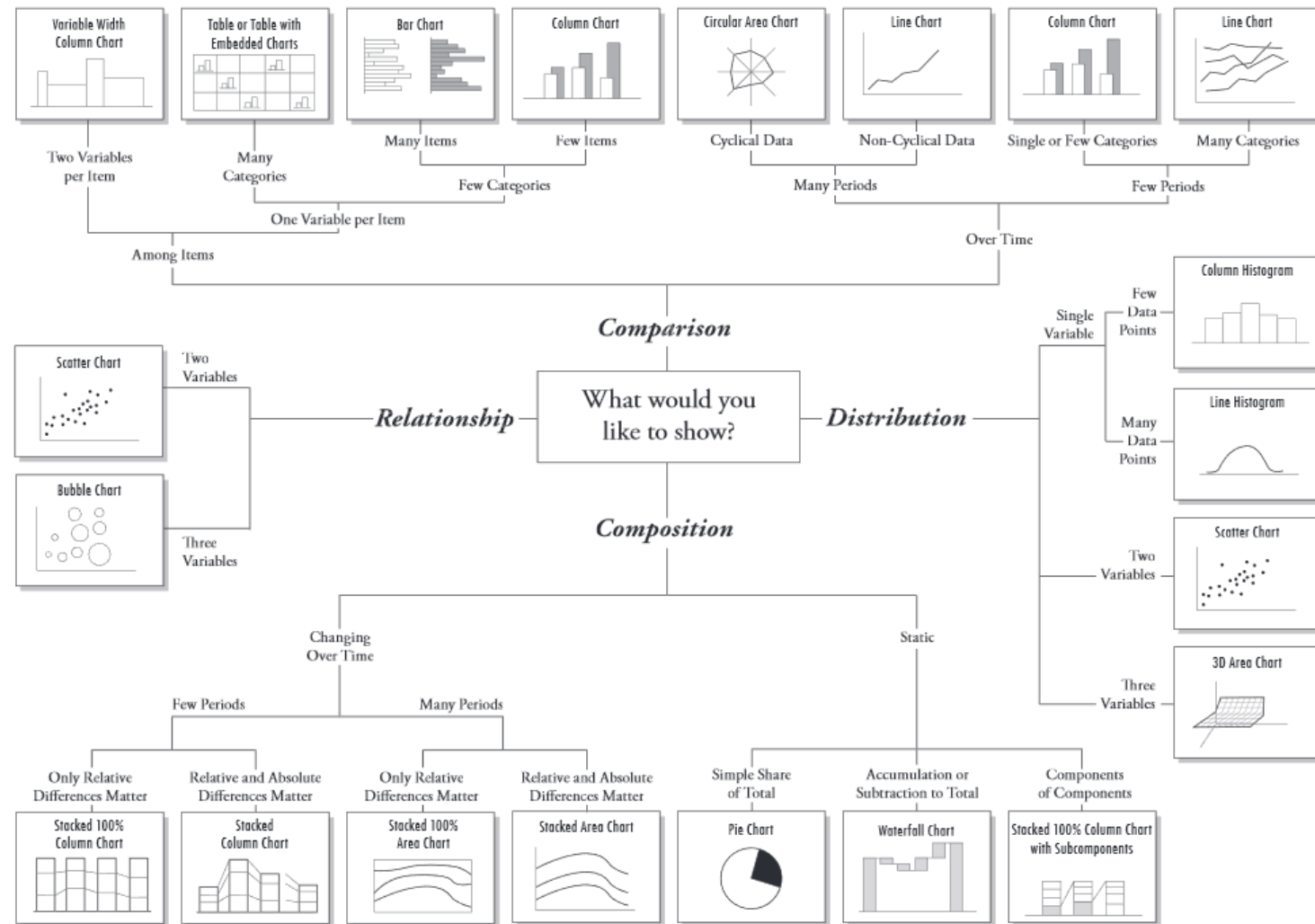
- A layout encapsulates a strategy for laying out data elements visually, relative to each other. Many layouts are built in to D3 itself:
 - **Chord** - produce a chord diagram from a matrix of relationships.
 - **Partition** - recursively partition a node tree into a sunburst or icicle.
 - **Pie** - compute the start and end angles for arcs in a pie or donut chart.
 - **Tree** - position a tree of nodes tidily.
 - etc.
- See more: github.com/mbostock/d3/wiki/Layouts

How to select a chart type?

Main purpose of data visualization:

- Comparison
 - Composition
 - Distribution
 - Relationship
-
- See more: goo.gl/1jkVNk
 - Try by yourself: goo.gl/gl6Q4R

Chart Suggestions—A Thought-Starter



Source: storytellingwithdata.com

Plotly

What is Plotly?

- Plotly is one of the finest data visualization tools available built on top of visualization library D3.js, HTML and CSS.
- It is created using Python and the Django framework.
- One can choose to create interactive data visualizations online or use the libraries that plotly offers to create these visualizations in the language/ tool of choice. It is compatible with a number of languages/ tools: R, Python, MATLAB, Perl, Julia, Arduino

Other tools

- ❖ Charts wizards (Libre Office, MS Office, Numbers)
- ❖ [Google Charts](#)
- ❖ [Modest Maps \(mapping tool\)](#)
- ❖ [Visual.ly](#)
- ❖ [Tableau](#)
- ❖ [RAW \(from Density Design\)](#)
- ❖ [alternatives to D3.js](#)