# Patient-inflammation

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### step 5-6

```
url <- "https://github.com/Jefe238/r-novice-inflammation.git"
download.file(url, "r-novice-inflammation-data.zip")
unzip("r-novice-inflammation-data.zip")

## Warning in unzip("r-novice-inflammation-data.zip"): error 1 in extracting from
## zip file</pre>
```

#### step 7

```
install.packages("readr")

## Installing package into '/cloud/lib/x86_64-pc-linux-gnu-library/4.2'

## (as 'lib' is unspecified)

library(readr)
data01 <- read.csv("/cloud/project/data/data/inflammation-01.csv", header = FALSE, sep = ',')</pre>
```

# step 8A

```
class(data01)
## [1] "data.frame"
# the outpout of this command is a data frame
typeof(data01)
## [1] "list"
# the type is a list
```

# setp 8B

```
dim(data01)
## [1] 60 40
# It means that the dataset has 60 observations and 40 variables
```

#### step 8C

```
data01[30, 20]
## [1] 16
data01[c(1, 3, 5), c(10, 20)]
    V10 V20
## 1 3 18
## 3 9 10
## 5
     4 17
#How do we select the first ten columns of values for the first four rows?
data01[c(1:4), c(1:10)]
    V1 V2 V3 V4 V5 V6 V7 V8 V9 V10
## 1 0 0 1 3 1 2 4 7 8
## 2 0 1 2 1 2 1 3 2 2
                              6
## 3 0 1 1 3 3 2 6 2 5
## 4 0 0 2 0 4 2 2 1 6
#How do we select the first ten columns of rows 5 to 10?
data01[c(5:10), c(1:10)]
     V1 V2 V3 V4 V5 V6 V7 V8 V9 V10
##
## 5
     0 1 1 3 3 1 3 5 2
     0 0 1 2 2 4 2 1 6
## 6
     0 0 2 2 4 2 2 5 5
## 7
                3 1
                      2 3 5
## 8
      0 0 1 2
                               3
## 9 0 0 0 3 1 5 6 5 5 8
## 10 0 1 1 2 1 3 5 3 5 8
step 8D
data01[, 'V16']
## [1] 4 4 15 8 10 15 13 9 11 6 3 8 12 3 5 10 11 4 11 13 15 5 14 13 4
## [26] 9 13 6 7 6 14 3 15 4 15 11 7 10 15 6 5 6 15 11 15 6 11 15 14 4
## [51] 10 15 11 6 13 8 4 13 12 9
data01$V16
## [1] 4 4 15 8 10 15 13 9 11 6 3 8 12 3 5 10 11 4 11 13 15 5 14 13 4
## [26] 9 13 6 7 6 14 3 15 4 15 11 7 10 15 6 5 6 15 11 15 6 11 15 14 4
## [51] 10 15 11 6 13 8 4 13 12 9
# first row, all of the columns
patient_1 <- data01[1, ]</pre>
# max inflammation for patient 1
max(patient_1)
## [1] 18
# sum inflammation for patient 1
sum(patient_1)
```

```
## [1] 218
```

### step 8E

```
# max inflammation for patient 1
max(data01[1, ])

## [1] 18

# the minimum inflammation for patient 2 on day 7
min(data01[2,"V7"]) #or min(data01[2,7])

## [1] 3

# The minimum inflammation can be found using the code min(). The result is 3.
```

## step 8F

```
max(data01[1, ])

## [1] 18

mean(data01[1, ])

## Warning in mean.default(data01[1, ]): argument is not numeric or logical:
## returning NA

## [1] NA

mean(as.numeric(data01[1, ]))

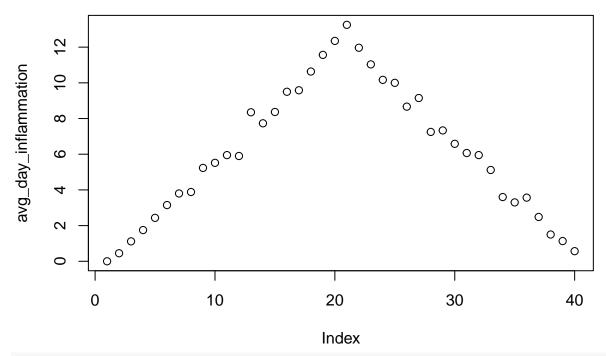
## [1] 5.45
```

# step 8G

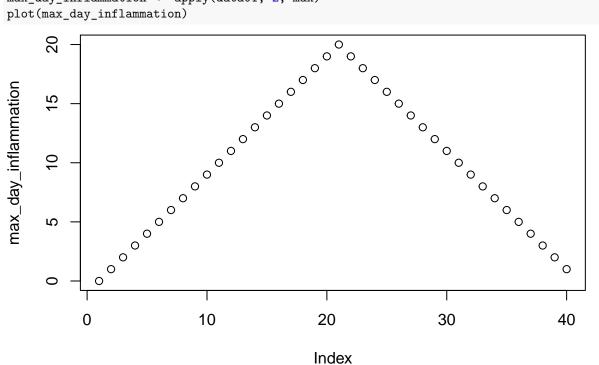
```
avg_patient_inflammation <- apply(data01, 1, mean)
avg_day_inflammation <- apply(data01, 2, mean)</pre>
```

## step 9

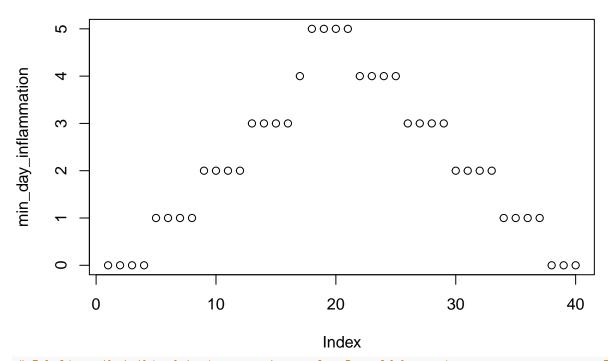
```
plot(avg_day_inflammation)
```



# the maximum inflammation per day
max\_day\_inflammation <- apply(data01, 2, max)
plot(max\_day\_inflammation)</pre>



# The data looks this way because it's only taking one variable (max day inflammation) vs the average.
# the minimum inflammation per day
min\_day\_inflammation <- apply(data01, 2, min)
plot(min\_day\_inflammation)</pre>



# I believe that this data is correct, or else R would have given an error message. The reason this is