Python

Introduction

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août 2019

scikit-learn

Datasets (1)

```
import sklearn as sk
from sklearn import datasets
iris = datasets.load_iris() digits = datasets.load_digits()
```

Look at

- iris.data.size
- iris.data.shape

Datasets (2)

```
load_diabetes
load_boston
load_linnerud
load_wine
load breast cancer
```

Datasets (3)

- data:n_samples,n_features
- target: response variables
- target_names
- DESCR: try print()

Classification

```
from sklearn import svm
clf = svm.SVC(gamma=0.001, C=100.)
clf.fit(digits.data[:-1], digits.target[:-1])
clf.predict(digits.data[-1:])
```

matplotlib

```
import numpy as np
%matplotlib inline # Optional: Jupyter notebook
from matplotlib import pyplot as plt
x = np.arange(1, 11)
v = 2 * x + 5
plt.title("Matplotlib demo")
plt.xlabel("x axis caption")
plt.vlabel("v axis caption")
plt.plot(x, v)
plt.show()
```

matplotlib

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import numpy as np
%matplotlib inline # Optional: Jupyter notebook
from matplotlib import pyplot as plt
x = np.arange(1, 11)
v = 2 * x + 5
plt.title("Matplotlib demo")
plt.xlabel("x axis caption")
plt.vlabel("v axis caption")
plt.plot(x, v, 'dr')
plt.show()
```

```
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

x = np.arange(0, 3 * np.pi, 0.1)
y = np.sin(x)
plt.title("sine wave form")
plt.plot(x, y, 'g')
plt.show()
```

```
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
x = np.arange(0, 3 * np.pi, 0.1)
y \sin = np.sin(x)
y \cos = np.\cos(x)
# Set up a subplot grid that has height 2 and width 1,
# and set the first such subplot as active.
plt.subplot(2, 1, 1)
# Make the first plot
plt.plot(x, v sin)
plt.title('Sine')
# Set the second subplot as active, and make the second plot.
plt.subplot(2, 1, 2)
plt.plot(x, y cos)
plt.title('Cosine')
plt.show()
```

```
x = [5, 8, 10]
v = [12, 16, 6]
x2 = [6, 9, 11]
v2 = [6.15.7]
plt.bar(x, y, align = 'center')
plt.bar(x2, y2, color = 'q', align = 'center')
plt.title('Bar graph')
plt.vlabel('Y axis')
plt.xlabel('X axis')
plt.show()
```

https://matplotlib.org/tutorials/introductory/sample_
plots.html

matplotlib

https://matplotlib.org/gallery/

```
import seaborn as sns

tips = sns.load_dataset("tips") sns.relplot(x="total_bill",
y="tip", data=tips)

plt.show()
```

```
sns.relplot(x="total_bill", y="tip",
hue="smoker", data=tips)
```

```
sns.relplot(x="total_bill", y="tip",
hue="smoker", style="smoker", data=tips);
```

seaborn and random walks

More random walks

More seaborn examples

https://seaborn.pydata.org/tutorial/relational.html

Seaborn and categorical data

https://seaborn.pydata.org/tutorial/categorical.html

Seaborn and distributions

https://seaborn.pydata.org/tutorial/distributions.html

Pour la prochaine fois

travail-pour-la-prochaine-fois.txt

N'oubliez pas le tutoriel d'Addfor.

