

ML Week

Feature Extraction

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One of K , one-hot encoding

```
>>> from sklearn.feature_extraction import \
    DictVectorizer
>>> onehot_encoder = DictVectorizer()
>>> instances = [
    {'city': 'New York'},
    {'city': 'San Francisco'},
    {'city': 'Chapel Hill'} ]
>>> print onehot_encoder.fit_transform(instances) \
    .toarray()
[[ 0.  1.  0.] [ 0.  0.  1.] [ 1.  0.  0.] ]
```

Text features

Bag of words

- Corpus
- Vocabulary
- Words

CountVectorizer

$$TF_{td} = \frac{f_{td}}{\max_k f_{kd}} \quad IDF_t = \log_2 \left(\frac{N}{n_t} \right)$$

$$TF-IDF_{td} = TF_{td} \cdot IDF_t$$

with

f_{td} = frequency of word (term) t in document d

N = number of documents

n_t = number of documents containing term t

SIFT = Scale-Invariant Feature Transformation

D. Lowe, UBC, Distinctive Image Features from Scale-Invariant Keypoints, 2004

SURF = Speeded-Up Robust Features

H. Bay, T. Tuytelaars, and L. Van Gool, SURF: Speeded Up Robust Features, 2006

Questions?

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