Probabilistic Matrix Factorization

Group 7

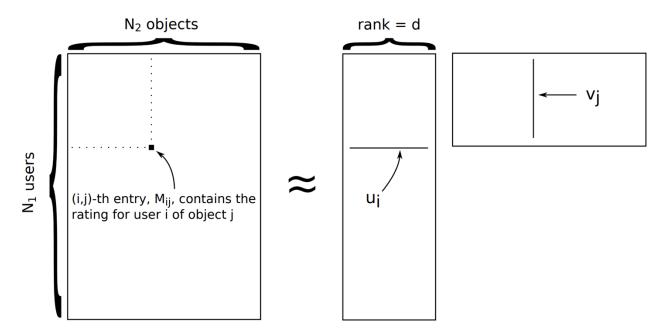
Sim, Young js5134@columbia.edu Sohn, Jongyoon js5342@columbia.edu Gao, Xin xg2298@columbia.edu Yang, Siyu sy2796@columbia.edu Meng, Yang ym2696@columbia.edu

Collaborative Filtering

Use previous user inputs to make future recommendations

Model-based approach (matrix factorization)

Matrix Factorization



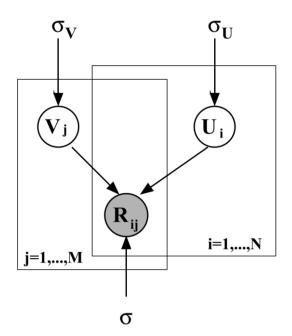
Probabilistic Matrix Factorization

- Assumptions
- 1. Conditional distribution over the observed ratings:

$$r_{ij}|U_i, V_j, \sigma^2 \sim N(\widehat{r_{ij}}|U_i, V_j, \sigma^2)$$

- 2. $V_i \sim N(0, \sigma_V^2)$
- 3. $U_i \sim N(0, \sigma_U^2)$

Probabilistic Matrix Factorization Continued



Probabilistic Matrix Factorization Continued

$$E = \frac{1}{2} \sum_{i=1}^{N} \sum_{j=1}^{M} I_{ij} (R_{ij} - U_i^T V_j)^2 + \frac{\lambda_U}{2} \sum_{j=1}^{N} ||U_i||_{Fro}^2 + \frac{\lambda_V}{2} \sum_{j=1}^{M} ||V_j||_{Fro}^2$$

Post-Processing(KNN)

Define similarity as cosine similarity obtained from

$$s(v_j, v_{j_2}) = rac{v_j^T v_{j_2}}{||v_j|| ||v_{j_2}||}$$

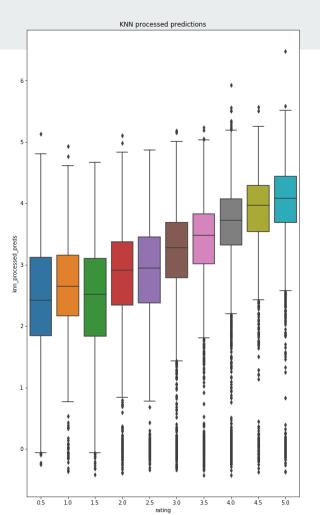
Post-Processing(Kernel Ridge)

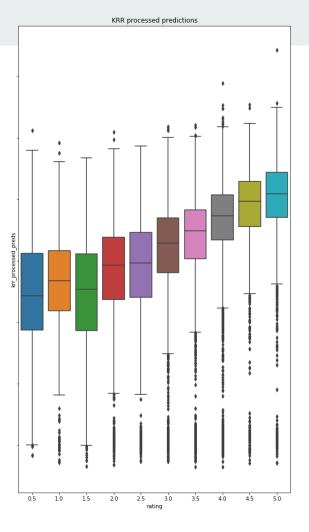
- Discard all weights from U
- 2. Define y as vector of user specific ratings
- 3. X consists of normalized vector of factors for movies rated by the user in each row.
- 4. Solve Kernel Ridge Regression

Post-Processing(Kernel Ridge) Continued

Prediction can be obtained by the equation

$$\hat{y}_i = K(x_i^{\mathrm{T}}, X)(K(X, X) + \lambda I)^{-1}y$$





Result

Result

Post-processing Method	RMSE
PMF	1.1536
PMF with KNN	1.1541
PMF with KRR	1.1433

Questions?

Thank you!