Clement Silas Anscombe – British Army in India 2

The 9th Lancers moved to Manchester in April 1888. There is no evidence that Clement Silas moved with them. What we do know is that by October 1889 the family were back in India as their daughter Gwendoline Winifred Elaine was born in Sialkot on 18th October.



So it is likely that at some point in late 1888 or early 1889 Clement Silas transferred to the 2nd Dragoon Guards as they had been based in Sialkot since 1885. This also ties in with the fact that when he was awarded his Long Service and Good Conduct medal in 1893 the inscription reads "3384 Tp S Maj C.S. Anscombe. 2nd Dgn Gds". So at some point in the intervening period he had been promoted from sergeant to sergeant major.

| 1751.07.01 | 2nd (The Queen's) Regiment o | f Dragoon Guards |
|------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------|
| 1756 | England? | |
| 1760? | <u>Germany</u> | |
| 1763 | England? | |
| 1793 | <u>Flanders</u> | |
| 1796 | England | |
| 1815 | Belgium | |
| 1815 | France | Army of Occupation |
| 1818.11 | UK | |
| 1857.07 | at sea | |
| 1857 | India | |
| 1857 | Sepoy rebellion | |
| 1859 | India | |
| 1870 | England | |
| <1881> | Longford | |
| 1882 | Aldershot | |
| 1884 | Shorncliffe | |
| 1885 | India: Sialkot | |
| 1893 | Rawalpindi | |
| 1895 | Egypt | |
| 1896 | England: Shorncliffe | |
| 1897 | Leeds | |
| 1899 | York | |
| 1901.11.18 | at sea (embarked at Southampton) | ship: Orotava |
| 1901.12 | South Africa | |
| 1902 | South Africa | |
| 1908 | England: Hounslow | |
| 1910 | Aldershot | |
| 1914 | Ireland: Dublin | |
| 1914 | England: Aldershot | |
| 1914.08.16 | France and Flanders | 1 Cay Bde 1 Cay Div BEF |

2nd Dragoon Guards Postings

In 1893 the 2nd Dragoon Guards moved from Sialkot to Rawalpindi. There is no further record that Clement Silas was in Rawalpindi but after his death in 1898 Amelia Agnes probably remained there with her children because it was at Rawalpindi that she remarried in 1903.

Clement Silas Anscombe – British Army in India 2

However, it is almost certain that he remained in India and didn't transfer to Egypt with the 2nd Dragoon Guards in 1895. The main evidence for this is that, according to the probate record for his will, he died at the military hospital in Cawnpore. By this time the 2nd Dragoon Guards were based back in England.

1923.

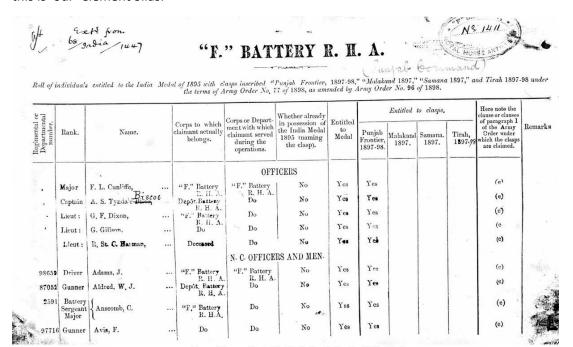
ANN Harold of Alveston Gloucestershire builder died 28 February 1923 Probate Gloucester 16 May to Eliza Sarah Ann widow. Effects £2430 IIs. 9d.

ANNING Arthur Richard of 4 Glenside Mannamead Plymouth died 17 August 1923 Probate London 27 September to Percival John Nicholls Taylor draper. Effects £9996 15s. 11d.

ANNANDALE Arthur Burnett of Forest Hill Stonehaven died 25
March 1923 Confirmation of Martha Napier or Annandale
widow. Sealed London 15 June.

ANSCOMBE Clement Silas of The Cavalry Depot Canterbury died 21 August 1898 at the Military Hospital Cawnpore India Probate London 15 September to Amelia Agnes Baldwin (wife of Frederick William Baldwin). Effects £5.

There is also a Battery Sergeant Major C Anscomb in F Battery of the Royal Horse Artillery who was awarded the India Medal for action in Punjab Frontier 1897 – 98. I believe it is very probable that this is 'our' Clement Silas.



Clement Anscomb India Medal with Punjab Frontier 1897 - 98 clasp

It's also very likely that the cause of his death in August 1898 was either illness or injury sustained in the fighting on the Punjab Frontier. Cawnpore is a long way from Rawalpindi but maybe that was the best hospital to treat him at the time.

Another piece of supporting evidence is that Frederick William Henry Baldwin was also involved in the Punjab Frontier and also received the India Medal with Punjab Frontier 1897 -98 clasp. Frederick became Amelia Agnes's second husband in 1903 and was a Sergeant in the Commissariat Transport Department. It's quite likely that Clement Silas and Frederick knew each other and it is possible that Frederick was instrumental in getting Clement to hospital in Cawnpore.

Clement Silas Anscombe – British Army in India 2

| 100 | er of concount | | lal of 1005 mith C | COMMISSARIAT TRANSPORT DEPARTMENT. | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|-------------------|---|--|--|--------------------|-----------------------------|----------------|--------------|----------------|--|----------|--|--|--|--|
| | Roll of individuals entitled to the India Medal of 1895 with Clasps inscribed "Punjab Frontier 1897-98," "Malakand 1897," "Samana I and "Tirah 1897-98" under the terms of Army Order No. 77 of 1898, as amended by Army Order No. 96 of 1898. (PUNJAB COMMAND). | | | | | | | | | | 1697 | | | | | |
| Regimental or Depart- mental number. | | | | | I pos- | - | Entitled to Clasps. | | | s | or o | | | | | |
| | Rauk. | Names. | Corps to which the claimant actually belongs. | Corps or Department with which claimant served during the operations. | Whether already in possession of the India Archal 1895 (naming the clasp). | Entitled to Medal. | Punjab Frontier 1897-98. | Malakand 1897. | Samana 1897. | Tirah 1897-98. | Here note the clause or clauses of paragraph 1 of the Army Order under which the clasps are claimed. | REMARKS. | | | | |
| | 0 | Warrant Officers. | | | | | | | | | P | | | | | |
| | Conductor | A. Denton | Comt. Transport Department, | Comt. Transport Department. | No | Yes | Yes | Yes | | | Clauses (b) & (i). | | | | | |
| | Conductor | S. F. W. Mathews | Do | . Do | Yes (Chitral Relief 1895). | No | Yes | | | | Clause (b). | | | | | |
| | Sub-Conductor, | J. W. L. Young | . Do | . Do | No | Yes | Yes | Yes | | | Clauses (b) & (i). | | | | | |
| | Sub-Conductor, | G. H. Pulleyn | Do | . Do | No | Yes | Yes | Yes | | | Clauses (b) & (i). | | | | | |

Frederick William Henry Baldwin India Medal Award

So far I can find no evidence of where Clement Silas was buried. It's quite likely for health and logistical reasons he was buried in Cawnpore, but there is no evidence for that.