### **CPE301 - SPRING 2018**

# Design Assignment MIDTERM 2

## **DO NOT REMOVE THIS PAGE DURING SUBMISSION:**

The student understands that all required components should be submitted in complete for grading of this assignment.

NO	SUBMISSION ITEM	COMPLETED (Y/N)	MARKS (/MAX)
1	COMPONENTS LIST AND CONNECTION BLOCK DIAGRAM w/ PINS		
2.	INITIAL CODE OF TASK 1/A		
3.	INCREMENTAL / DIFFERENTIAL CODE OF TASK 2/B		
3.	INCREMENTAL / DIFFERENTIAL CODE OF TASK 3/C		
3.	INCREMENTAL / DIFFERENTIAL CODE OF TASK 4/D		
3.	INCREMENTAL / DIFFERENTIAL CODE OF TASK 5/E		
4.	SCHEMATICS		
5.	SCREENSHOTS OF EACH TASK OUTPUT		
5.	SCREENSHOT OF EACH DEMO		
6.	VIDEO LINKS OF EACH DEMO		
7.	GOOGLECODE LINK OF THE DA		

**Task 1/A**. Using the nRF24L01/+ transceiver provided establish a receiver and transmitter node using the ATMEGA328p. Communicate to the nRF24L01 using SPI interface.

**Task 2/B**. The temperature data (just the whole number) should transmitter from TX node to the RX node and should be displayed on the UART terminal. Both TX and RX should display the temperature data on the UART terminal to validate the transmission.

#### **Full Code (Transmit):**

```
// CPU Speed for delay
 #define F_CPU 16000000UL
 #define FOSC 16000000
                                   // Clock speed
 #define BAUD 115200
                                 // Desire baud rate
 #define MYUBRR FOSC/8/BAUD-1 // Formula to set the baud rate [Double Transmission Rate]
 #include <avr/io.h>
 #include <avr/interrupt.h>
 #include <stdlib.h>
 #include <stdint.h>
 #include <stdbool.h>
 #include <string.h>
 #include "nrf24101-mnemonics.h"
 #include "nrf24101.h"
 void setup_timer(void);
 void UART_TX(char *data);
 nRF24L01 *setup_rf(void);
 volatile bool rf_interrupt = false;
 volatile bool send_message = false;
 volatile char ADCvalue;
□int main(void)
     // Variables
                               // Iterative variable
     uint8_t i = 0;
                                // Temperature string buffer
     char temp[5];
                                  // Line feed
     char LF = '\n';
     DDRC = (1 << 5);
     // NRF Settings
     uint8_t to_address[5] = {0x02, 0x04, 0x06, 0x08, 0x0A};
                                                                     // Device address
                                // Global interrupt enabled
     nRF24L01 *rf = setup_rf(); // Initialize the NRF
     setup_timer();
     // ADC Settings
     ADMUX = 0; // Use ADC0

ADMUX |= (1 << REFS0); // AVcc is reference with ARef connected to external capacitor
     ADCSRA |= (1 << ADPS2) | (1 << ADPS1) | (1 << ADPS0); // 16 MHz with prescalar of 128
     ADCSRA |= (1 << ADATE); // Enable auto trigger
     ADCSRB = 0;
                                  // Free running settings for auto trigger
     ADCSRA |= (1 << ADEN); // Enable ADC
ADCSRA |= (1 << ADSC); // Start conversion
     // UART Settings
     UBRROH = ((MYUBRR) >> 8); // Set baud rate for UPPER Register
     USRRØL = MYUBRR; // Set baud rate for LOWER Register
UCSRØA |= (1 << U2X0); // Double UART transmission speed
UCSRØB |= (1 << TXEN0); // Enable transmitter
     UCSR0C |= (1 << UCSZ01) | (1 << UCSZ00); // Frame: 8-bit Data and 1 Stop bit
```

```
while (1)
    {
        // ADC Conversion
        while((ADCSRA & (1 << ADIF)) == 0);</pre>
                                              // Wait for ADC conversion
       ADCvalue = (ADC >> 1);
                                                   // Assign the temperature
        // Check if the message has been successfully transmitted
        if(rf_interrupt)
            rf_interrupt = false;
            int success = nRF24L01_transmit_success(rf);
            if(success != 0)
            nRF24L01_flush_transmit_message(rf);
        if(send_message)
            send_message = false;
                                               // Reset message flag
            nRF24L01Message msg;
                                               // Message structure to be transmitted
            i = 0;
                                               // Reset iterative variable
            itoa(ADCvalue, temp, 10);
                                               // Convert integer value into ASCII
            // Transmit the temperature to terminal [NULL terminated]
            while(temp[i] != 0)
                UART_TX(&temp[i]);
                                               // Sends temperature to terminal
                                               // Size of the temperature string
                i++;
            UART_TX(&LF);
                                               // Line feed
            // NRF Transmission
                                                       // Save the length of the temperature string
            msg.length = i + 1;
            memcpy(msg.data, temp, msg.length);
                                                       // Copy the string into the struct
            nRF24L01_transmit(rf, to_address, &msg);
                                                     // Transmit the temperature
       }
    3
    return 0;
□ nRF24L01 *setup_rf(void)
     nRF24L01 *rf = nRF24L01_init();
     rf->ss.port = &PORTB;
     rf->ss.pin = PB2;
     rf->ce.port = &PORTB;
     rf->ce.pin = PB1;
     rf->sck.port = &PORTB;
     rf->sck.pin = PB5;
     rf->mosi.port = &PORTB;
     rf->mosi.pin = PB3;
     rf->miso.port = &PORTB;
     rf->miso.pin = PB4;
     EICRA |= _BV(ISC01);
EIMSK |= _BV(INT0);
     nRF24L01_begin(rf);
     return rf;
 }
```

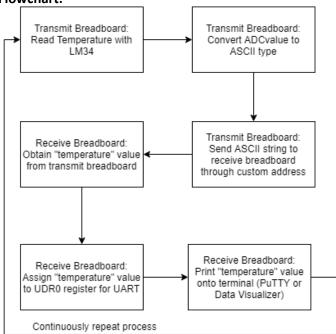
```
pvoid setup_timer(void)
   {
                                         // CTC Mode
       TCCR1B |= _BV(WGM12);
                                          // COMP Interrupt
       TIMSK1 |= _BV(OCIE1A);
       OCR1A = 15624;
                                          // 16 MHz/1024
       TCCR1B |= _BV(CS10) | _BV(CS12); // Prescalar 1024
  1
   // UART transmission function
 □void UART_TX(char *data)
       while(!(UCSR0A & (1 << UDRE0)));
                                          // Wait for UART to be available
                                           // Send the data
       UDR0 = *data;
 ∃ISR(TIMER1_COMPA_vect)
       send_message = true;
       PORTC ^= (1 << 5);
  }

∃ISR(INT0_vect)
       rf_interrupt = true;
  }
Full Code (Receive):
  #define F_CPU 16000000UL
                                // CPU Speed for delay
  #define FOSC 16000000
                                // Clock speed
  #define BAUD 115200
                                // Desire baud rate
  #define MYUBRR FOSC/8/BAUD-1 // Formula to set the baud rate [Double Transmission]
  #include <avr/io.h>
  #include <avr/interrupt.h>
  #include <stdlib.h>
  #include <stdint.h>
  #include <stdbool.h>
  #include <string.h>
  #include "nrf24101-mnemonics.h"
  #include "nrf24101.h"
  nRF24L01 *setup_rf(void);
  void process_message(char *message, uint8_t len);
  void UART_TX(char *data);
```

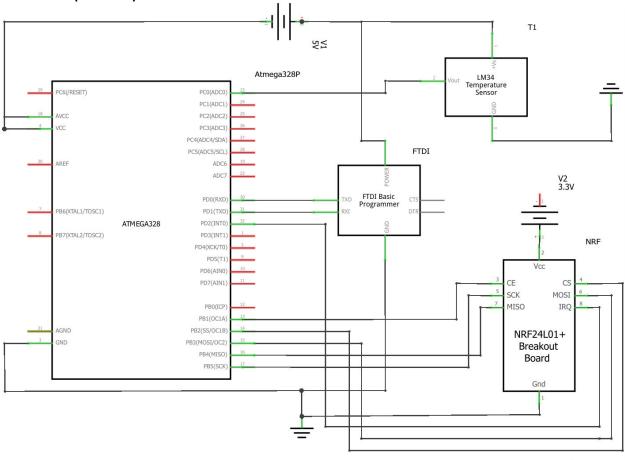
```
volatile bool rf_interrupt = false;
∃int main(void)
 {
     // NRF Settings
     uint8_t address[5] = {0x02, 0x04, 0x06, 0x08, 0x0A};
     //prepare_led_pin();
     sei();
     nRF24L01 *rf = setup_rf();
     nRF24L01_listen(rf, 0, address);
     uint8_t addr[5];
     nRF24L01_read_register(rf, CONFIG, addr, 1);
     // USART Settings
     UBRROH = ((MYUBRR) >> 8); // Set baud rate for UPPER Register
                               // Set baud rate for LOWER Register
     UBRRØL = MYUBRR;
     UCSRØA |= (1 << U2XØ); // Double UART transmission speed UCSRØB |= (1 << TXENØ); // Enable transmitter
     UCSROC |= (1 << UCSZ01) | (1 << UCSZ00); // Frame: 8-bit Data and 1 Stop bit
```

```
while (1)
         if(rf_interrupt)
             rf_interrupt = false;
             while(nRF24L01_data_received(rf))
                nRF24L01Message msg;
                nRF24L01_read_received_data(rf, &msg);
                process_message((char *)msg.data, msg.length);
            nRF24L01_listen(rf, 0, address);
         }
     }
     return 0;
}
□nRF24L01 *setup_rf(void)
 {
     nRF24L01 *rf = nRF24L01_init();
     rf->ss.port = &PORTB;
     rf->ss.pin = PB2;
    rf->ce.port = &PORTB;
     rf->ce.pin = PB1;
     rf->sck.port = &PORTB;
     rf->sck.pin = PB5;
     rf->mosi.port = &PORTB;
     rf->mosi.pin = PB3;
     rf->miso.port = &PORTB;
     rf->miso.pin = PB4;
     EICRA |= _BV(ISC01);
     EIMSK |= _BV(INT0);
     nRF24L01 begin(rf);
     return rf;
 }
∃void process_message(char *message, uint8_t len)
                         // Iterative variable
      uint8_t i = 0;
      char LF = '\n';
                          // Line Feed
      // Process the temperature and display to UART
      for(i = 0; i < len; i++)
          UART_TX(&message[i]);
      UART_TX(&LF);
 }
∃ISR(INT0_vect)
      rf_interrupt = true;
 }
 // UART transmission function
□void UART_TX(char *data)
 {
      while(!(UCSROA & (1 << UDREO))); // Wait for UART to be available
     UDR0 = *data;
                                          // Send the data
 }
```

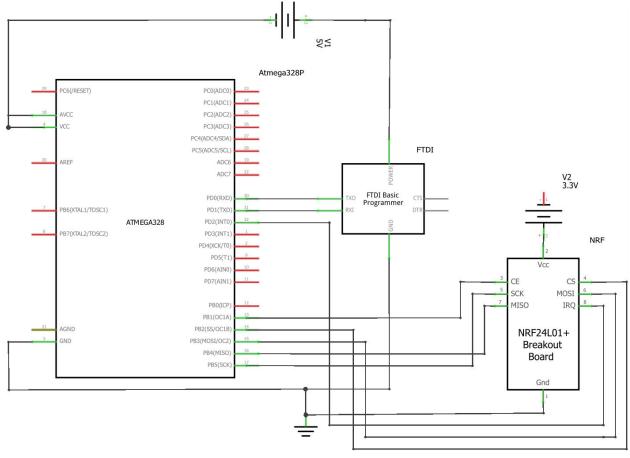
#### Flowchart:



## **Schematics (Transmit):**

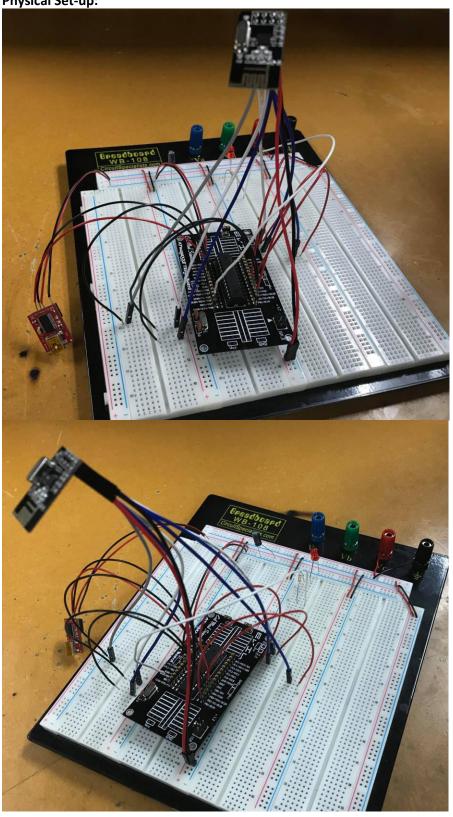


# Schematics (Receive):



fritzing

Physical Set-up:



**GITHUB LINK:** https://github.com/JeffinVegas/EmbSys.git

YOUTUBE LINK: In the videos\_DA\_MIDTERM2.txt file Group:
Jeffrey R.
Argenis J.
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# **Student Academic Misconduct Policy**

http://studentconduct.unlv.edu/misconduct/policy.html

"This assignment submission is my own, original work".

Jeffrey Razon